H.264 • Rack Mount Design VS8801/8401

VIDEO SERVER User's Manual







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Revision History

- 1. Rev. 1.0: Initial release.
- 2. Rev. 1.1: Most modifications are made to reflect functional changes on the user interface.
 - * Modified the description for the expandable/Collapsible functional menus.
 - * Added the Recording to SD/SDHC details. (SD local storage is now available on VS8401)
 - * Added Local Storage options.
 - * Added the Quad View setting options.
 - * Added the joystick configuration options.
- 3. Rev. 1.2: Added description for VS8801 stating that it does not support the SD card local storage.

Overview

VIVOTEK VS8801/8401, the new milestone in video server security performing 8-CH or 4-CH high resolution with high frame rate in H.264, are able to convert analog video into digital video with the highest quality. The H.264 compression format drastically reduces the file sizes and conserves valuable bandwidth and storage space. The VS8401 supports simultaneous dual streams, while the VS8801 supports single stream to be transmitted in H.264, MPEG-4 and MJPEG formats for versatile applications. The stream

can also be individually configured with frame rates, resolution, and image quality so as to meet different platforms or bandwidth constraints.

Featured with intelligent video functions, such as motion detection & tamper detection, the VS8801/8401 are capable of upgrading analog cameras into intelligent cameras. The tamper detection feature can detect events such as blockage, redirection, defocus, and spray-painting of camera lens, making it an intelligent solution to possible camera obstruction. Furthermore, the video server also upgrades the security level of the IP surveillance system with the network security protocols, HTTPS and 802.1x. It is also designed with Giga LAN for large transmission need and DC 12V / AC 24V compatible power input design. These features make VS8801/8401 easy to install and integrate with the existing analog system.

Monitoring with VIVOTEK's ST7501 as the video management software for better scalability and easy-to-use operation is another delightful benefit. Most importantly, it is designed for rack mount solution for easy installation. The solution for video server is a pioneering idea in the world. The innovative vision of video server, VS8801/8401, help you easily upgrade to a full-featured, high-end IP surveillance solution!

Read Before Use

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The video server is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but can also be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package Contents listed below. Take note of the warnings in the Quick Installation Guide before the video server is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damage due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

The video server is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic networking knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/ surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the video server and ensure proper operations. For creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the video server section serves as a helpful reference to customizing existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

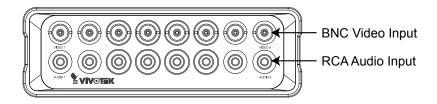
Package Contents

- VS8801/8401
- Power Adapter
- Software CD
- Warranty Card
- Quick Installation Guide
- Terminal blocks

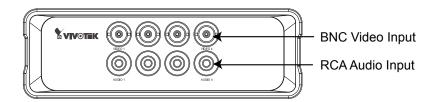
Physical Description

Front Panel

■ VS8801

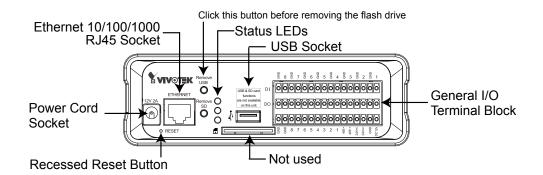


■ VS8401

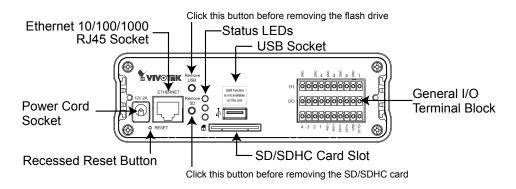


Back Panel

■ VS8801



■ VS8401





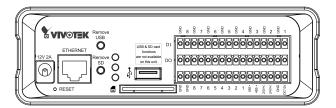
NOTE:

The USB socket is for maintenance purposes only.

General I/O Terminal Block

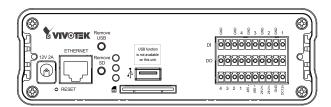
This video server provides a general I/O terminal block which is used to connect external input / output devices. The pin definitions are described below.

■ VS8801



CH 8	CH 8	CH 7	CH 7	CH 6	CH 6	CH 5	CH 5	CH 4	CH 4	CH 3	CH 3	CH 2	CH 2	CH 1	CH 1
GND	DI	GND	DI	GND	DI	GND	DI	GND	DI	GND	DI	GND	DI	GND	DI
CH 8	CH 8	CH 7	CH 7	CH 6	CH 6	CH 5	CH 5	CH 4	CH 4	CH 3	CH 3	CH 2	CH 2	CH 1	CH 1
GND	DO	GND	DO	GND	DO	GND	DO	GND	DO	GND	DO	GND	DO	GND	DO
GND	GND	CH 8 Audio out	CH 7 Audio out	CH 6 Audio out	CH 5 Audio out	CH 4 Audio out	CH 3 Audio out	CH 2 Audio out	CH 1 Audio out	RS 485-	RS 485+	24V AC	24V AC	GND	DC 12V

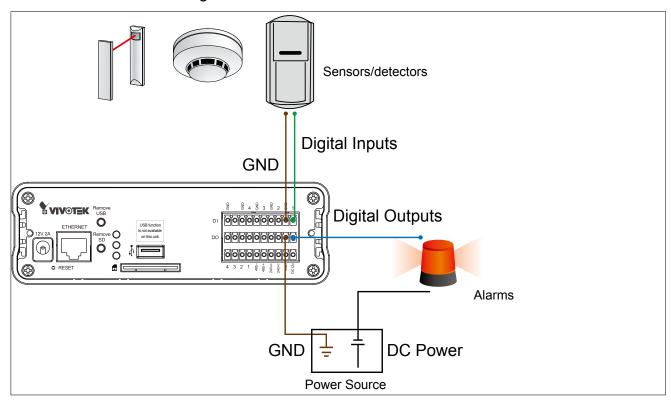
■ VS8401



GND	N/A	CH 4 GND	CH 4 DI	CH 3 GND	CH 3 DI	CH 2 GND	CH 2 DI	CH 1 GND	CH 1 DI
GND	N/A	CH 4 GND	CH 4 DO	CH 3 GND	CH 3 DO	CH 2 GND	CH 2 DO	CH 1 GND	CH 1 DO
CH 4 Audio out	CH 3 Audio out	CH 2 Audio out	CH 1 Audio out	RS 485-	RS 485+	24V AC	24V AC	GND	DC 12V

DI/DO Diagram

Please refer to the following illustration for the connection method.





NOTE:

- ► External alarms or other devices that connect to the digital outputs require external power supply, e.g., DC power from a power adapter.
- ▶ 12V Ground should connect to Video Server ground termail block. For detailed pin definition, please refer to page 7.
- ▶ It is recommended to keep the current running through each of the DO lines under 1A.

Status LED

The LED indicates the status of the video server. The table below shows the statuses of the Yellow (SD), Green (Network), and Red (Power) LEDs.

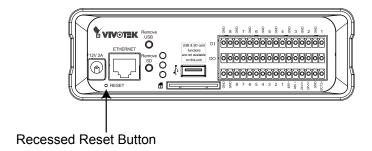
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LED Name	Item	LED status	Description
	1	Steady Yellow	SD card is present and functioning normally
SD	2	Blinking Yellow	SD card is present yet problems occurred with data access
	3	LED Off	No SD card in the socket
Network	1	Blinking Green every 1 sec.	Network activity (heartbeat)
Metwork	2	Green LED Off	Network failed
Dower	1	Steady Red	Power on and during system boot
Power	2	Red LED Off	Power off

Below are the definitions for other combinations of LEDs:

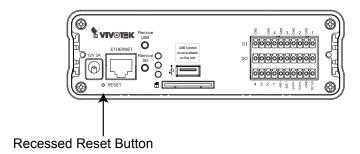
Ite	em	LED status	Description
1	1	Blinking Green every 2 sec.	Audio mute (heartbeat)
2	2	Blinking Red every 0.15 sec. + Blinking Green every 1 sec.	Upgrading Firmware
3	3	Blinking Red every 0.15 sec. + Blinking Green every 0.15 sec.	Restoring default

Hardware Reset

■ VS8801



■ VS8401



The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the video server to normal operation. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.

<u>Reset</u>: Press and release the recessed reset button using a straightened paper clip. Wait for the video server to reboot.

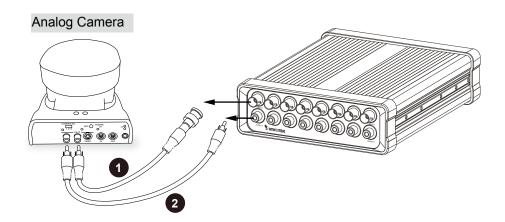
<u>Restore</u>: Press and hold the reset button down until the status LED rapidly blinks. It takes about 30 seconds. Note that all settings will be restored to factory default. Upon successful restore, the status LED will blink green and red during normal operation.

Network Deployment

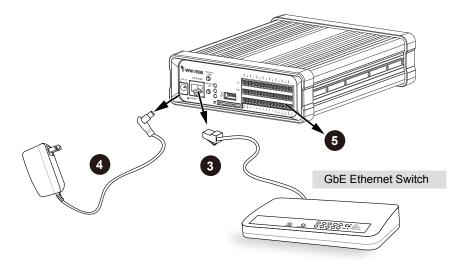
Setting up the Video Server over the Internet

This section explains how to configure the video server to an Internet connection.

- 1. Make video connection from the camera to the BNC video input.
- 2. Make audio connection from the Line-Out audio source to the RCA audio input.



- 3. Connect the Video Server to a switch via Ethernet cable.
- 4. Connect the power cable from the Video Server to a power outlet.
- 5. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, connect them to the general I/O terminal block. For detailed pin definition, please refer to the next page.

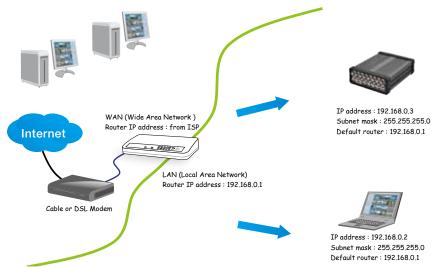


There are several ways to set up the video server over the Internet. The first way is to set up the video server behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the video server over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

Connect your video server behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated below.
 Regarding how to obtain your IP address, please refer to Software Installation on page 12 for details.



- 2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Video server is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Video server on the router.
 - HTTP port
 - RTSP port
 - RTP port for audio
 - RTCP port for audio
 - RTP port for video
 - RTCP port for video

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to your router's user's manual.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Video server from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 35 for details.

Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Video server. Please refer to LAN on page 35 for details.

Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 36 for details.

Software Installation

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software included on the product CD, helps you set up your video server on the LAN.

- 1. Install IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD. Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.
- 2. The program will conduct an analysis of your network environment.

 After your network environment is analyzed, please click **Next** to continue the program.





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Installation Wizard 2

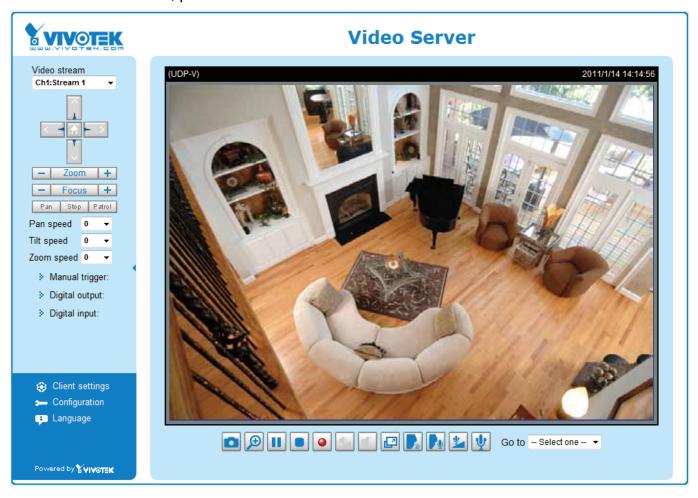
- 3. The program will search for all VIVOTEK network devices on the same LAN.
- 4. After a brief search, the main installer window will prompt. Double-click on the MAC and model name which matches the product label on your device to connect to the Network Camera via a web browser.





Ready to Use

- 1. A browser session with the Video Server should prompt as shown below.
- 2. You should be able to see live video from your camera. You may also install the 32-channel recording software from the software CD in a deployment consisting of multiple cameras. For its installation details, please refer to its related documents.



Accessing the Video Server

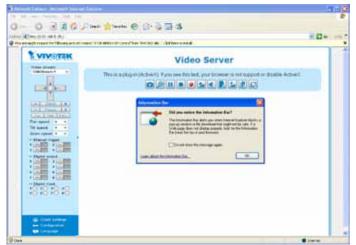
This chapter explains how to access the video server through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

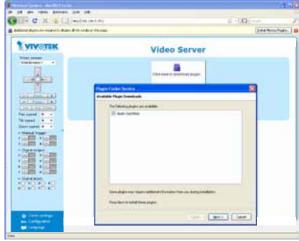
Using Web Browsers

Use Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the video servers on the LAN.

If your network environment is not a LAN, follow these steps to access the Network Camera:

- 1. Launch your web browser (ex. Microsoft® Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, or Netscape).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the video server in the address field. Press **Enter**.
- 3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
- 4. If it is the first time installing the VIVOTEK video server, an information bar will pop up as shown below. Follow the instructions to install the required plug-ins on your computer.







NOTE:

- By default, the video server is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to set a password for the video server. For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 28.
- ► If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX® Controls, please enable the ActiveX® Controls for your browser.
- 1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



2. Look for Download signed ActiveX® controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click OK.



3. Refresh your web browser, then install the Active X[®] control. Follow the instructions to complete installation.

Using RTSP Players

To view the MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.



Quick Time Player

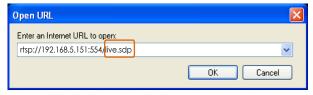


Real Player

- 1. Launch the RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. The address format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>

As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 48.

For example:



4. The live video will be displayed in your player.

For more information on how to configure the RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 48 for details.

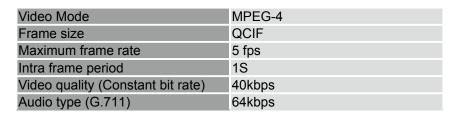


Using 3GPP-compatible Mobile Devices

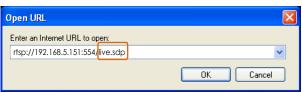
To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the video server can be accessed over the Internet. For more information on how to set up the video server over the Internet, please refer to Setup the video server over the Internet on page 10.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your video server:

- 1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 48.
- 2. As the the bandwidth on 3G networks is limited, you will not be able to use a large video size. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below.



- 3. As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 48.
- 4. Launch the player on the 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (ex. Real Player).
- 5. Type the following URL commands into the player. The address format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream 3>. For example:



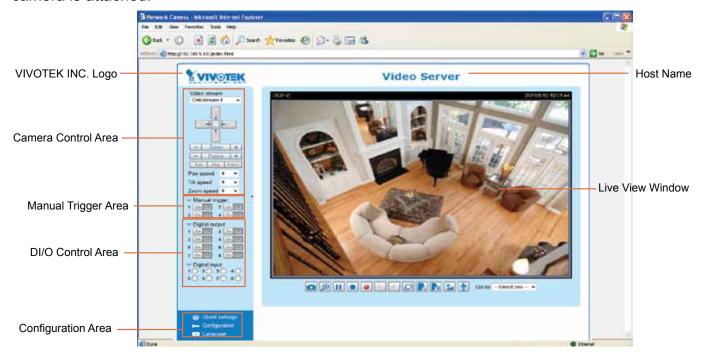
Using VIVOTEK Recording Software

The product software CD also contains recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple video servers. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the video server to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it from http://www.vivotek.com.



Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: VIVOTEK INC. Logo, Host Name, Camera Control Area, Configuration Area, Menu, and Live Video Window. The Manual Trigger and Digital Input/Digital Output control menus are expandable and collapsible, while the PTZ navigation panel is available only when a PTZ camera is attached.



VIVOTEK INC. Logo

Click this logo to visit the VIVOTEK website.

Host Name

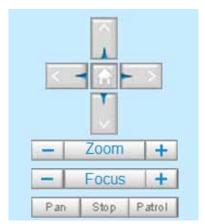
The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System settings on page 26.

Camera Control Area

<u>Video Stream</u>: VS8401 supports 4 channels for video live viewing, as VS8801 supports 8 channels. Each channel allows you to view only one stream. There are channel1,2,3,4,(5,6,7,8),and Quad View for you to choose. For more information about video settings, please refer to page 56 for detailed information.

PTZ Control Area: The up/down/left/right/zoom/focus/pan buttons allow you to adjust the video in the viewing window to the spot you wish to watch. Home button allows you to resume the center of the screen. Click Patrol to move from one point to another; click it again to stop patroling. Click Stop to stop the pan movement. Please refer to Configuration > Camera Control on page 68 for more information.

Pan/Tilt/Zoom Speed: In the drop-down list, the speed ranges from -5~5 (slow/fast).



Manual Trigger Area

Click to enable/disable an event trigger manually. Please configure an event setting on Application page before enable this function. A total of 4 event settings can be configured. For more information about event settings, please refer to page 79.

If you want to hide this item on the homepage, please go to the Homepage layout page to uncheck "show manual trigger button". Please refer to page 75 for detail.

DI/O Control Area

<u>Digital output</u>: There are 4 (VS8401) or 8 (VS8801) digital output switches; click to turn the digital output device on or off. Switch 1 is for channel 1 digital output control, switch 2 is for channel 2 digital output control, and so on.

<u>Digital input</u>: There are 4 (VS8401) or 8 (VS8801) digital input status indicators. A Red indicator shows the digital input status is active, while the white indicator shows inactive. Digital input:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

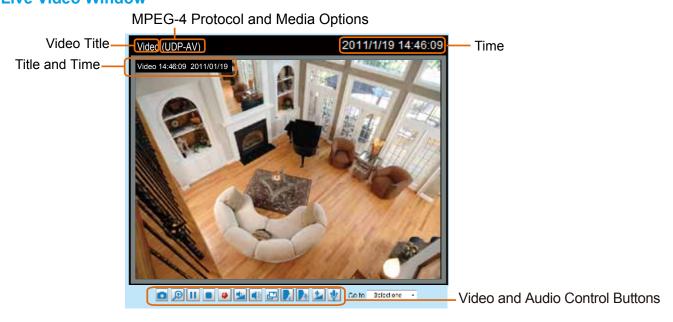
Configuration Area

<u>Client Settings</u>: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 22.

<u>Configuration</u>: Click this button to access the configuration page of the video server. It is suggested that a password be applied to the video server so that only the administrator can configure the video server. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 25.

<u>Language</u>: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

Live Video Window



<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 56.

<u>MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options</u>: The transmission protocol and media options for MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client settings on page 22.

<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Video settings on page 56.

<u>Title and Time</u>: The video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Video settings on page 56.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the video server model and video server configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

<u>Digital Zoom</u>: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.



Pause: Pause the transmission of the streaming media. The button becomes the Resume button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of the streaming media. Click the Resume button to continue transmission.

Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 saving options on page 23 for details.

Volume: When the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume on the local computer.

Mute: Turn off the volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Audio On button after clicking the Mute button.

Talk: Click this button to talk to people around the video server. Audio will project from the external speaker connected to the video server. Click this button again to end talking transmission.

Broadcast: Click this button to broadcast to all channels.

Mic Volume: When the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume on the local computer.

Mute: Turn off the Mic volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Mic On button after clicking the Mute button.

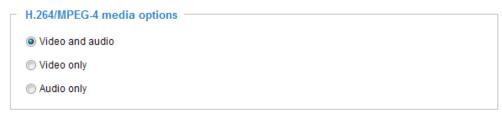
Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

Go to: The drop-down menu enables you to locate and move to a preset location instantly on the viewing window.

Client settings

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options on the local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to enable the settings.

H.264 / MPEG-4 media options



Select to stream video or audio data or both. This is enabled only when the video mode is set to H.264 or MPEG-4.

H.264 / MPEG-4 protocol options

Γ	H.264/MPEG-4 protocol options
	O UDP unicast
	O UDP multicast
	⊚ TCP
	○ HTTP

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes of H.264 or MPEG-4 streaming:

<u>UDP unicast</u>: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the video server allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

<u>UDP multicast</u>: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the video server while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the video server must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 48.

<u>TCP</u>: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. The downside of this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

<u>HTTP</u>: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data through.

MP4 saving options



Users can record live video as they are watching it by clicking Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

<u>Folder</u>: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

<u>File name prefix</u>: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to append the date and time to the end of the file name.



Quadview settings



Here is where you configure which video streams will be displayed in the Quad View window. The default is the stream 2 with a lower resolution.

Local Streaming Buffer Time

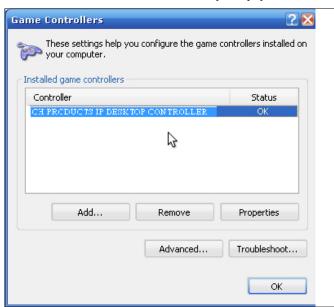


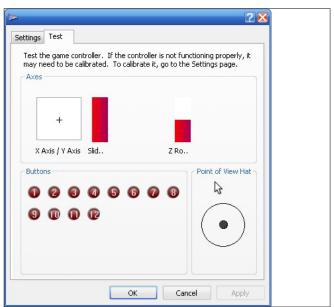
Due to the unsteady bandwidth flow, the live streaming may lag and not be very smoothly. If you enable this option, the live streaming will be stored on the camera's buffer area for a few seconds before playing on the live viewing window. This will help you see the streaming more smoothly. If you enter 3000 Millisecond, the streaming will delay 3 seconds.

Joystick settings

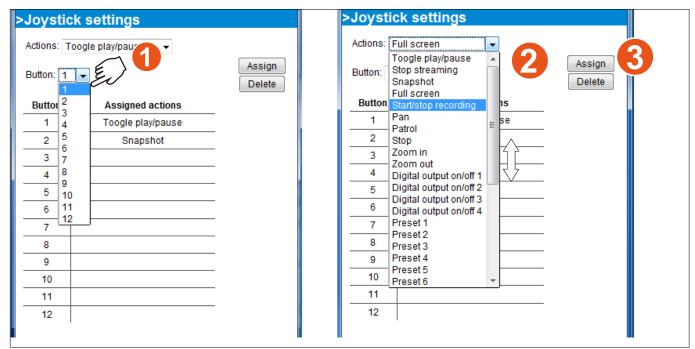


<u>Calibrate</u>: Make sure a joystick is already attached to your COM port or USB port on your client computer. Click on the Calibrate button and the Windows Game Controller function will be started. If properly connected, your operating system should have already detected the joystick. Follow the onscreen instructions to calibrate your joystick.





<u>Configure buttons</u>: You can define individual joystick buttons using this function. Click to open a configuration window and assign functions to joystick buttons using the following steps: 1. Select a button uing the pull-down menu. 2. Select an Action to be toggled by the button. 3. Click on the Assign button, and then repeat the process to define other buttons.



Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

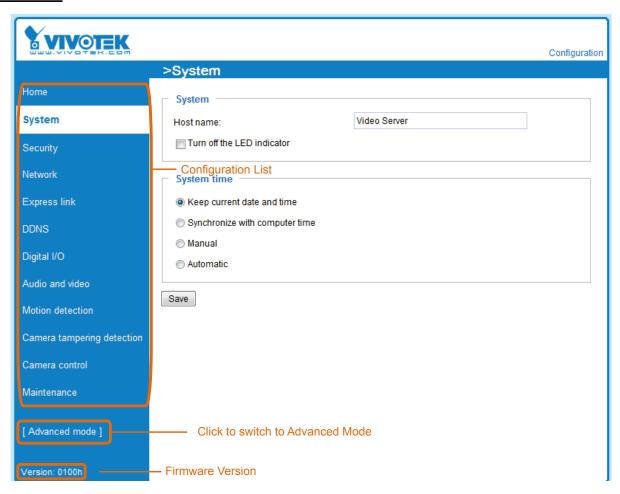
VIVOTEK offers an easy-to-use user interface that helps you set up your video server with minimal effort. To simplify the setting procedure, two types of user interfaces are available: Advanced Mode for professional users and Basic Mode for entry-level users. Some advanced functions (HTTPS/ SNMP/ Access list/ Homepage layout/ Application/ System log/ View parameters) are not displayed in Basic Mode.

If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced mode] on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced Mode.

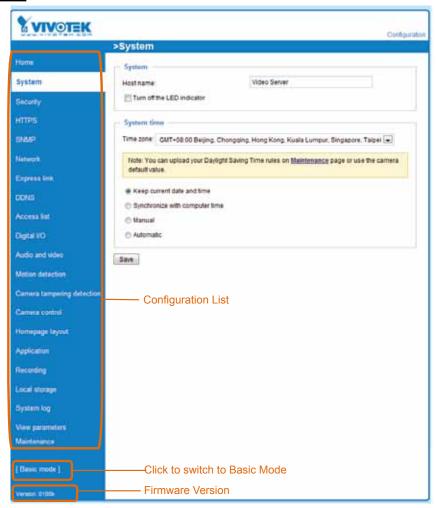
In order to simplify the user interface, the detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first sub-item, the detailed information for the first sub-item will be displayed; when you click on the second sub-item, the detailed information for the second sub-item will be displayed and that of the first sub-item will be hidden.

The following is the interface of the Basic mode and the Advanced mode:

Basic mode



Advanced mode

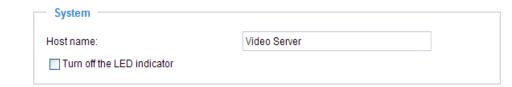


Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections. Those functions that are displayed only in Advanced Mode are marked with Advanced mode. If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced Mode] at the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch over.

System

This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the video server, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following three columns: System, System Time and DI and DO. When finished with the settings on this page, click **Save** at the bottom of the page to enable the settings.

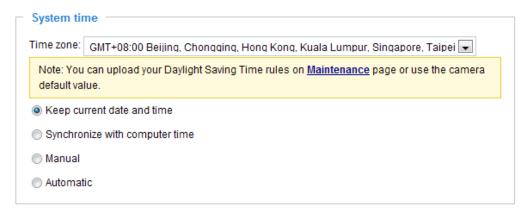
System



<u>Host name</u>: Enter a desired name for the video server. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page.

<u>Turn off the LED indicators</u>: If you do not want to let others know that the video server is in operation, you can select this option to turn off the LED indicators.

System time



<u>Keep current date and time</u>: Select this option to preserve the current date and time of the Video server. The video server's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

<u>Sync with computer time</u>: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the video server with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

<u>Manual</u>: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

<u>Automatic</u>: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol which synchronizes computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

<u>NTP server</u>: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the video server to the default time servers.

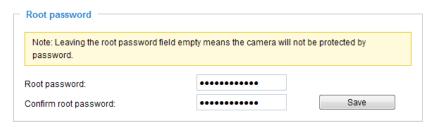
<u>Update interval</u>: Select to update the time using the NTP server on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

<u>Time zone</u> Advanced Mode: Select the appropriate time zone from the list. If you want to upload Daylight Savings Time rules on the Maintenance page, please refer to Upload / Export daylight saving time configuration file on page 102 for details.

Security

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Root password



The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in the Manage User column, please apply the password for the "root" account first.

- 1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, then click **Save** to enable password protection.
- 2. A window will be prompted for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in their respective fields to access the video server.

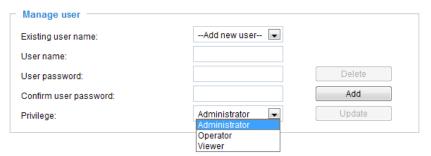
Manage privilege Advanced Mode

Manage privilege			
	Operator	Viewer	
Digital output:	✓		
PTZ control:	✓	V	
Allow anonymous viewing			Save

<u>Digital Output & PTZ control</u>: You can modify the manage privilege of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the item, then click **Save** to enable the settings. If you give Viewers the privilege, Operators will also have the ability to control the video server through the main page. (Please refer to Main Page on page 19.)

Allow anonymous viewing: If you check this item, any client can access the live stream without entering a User ID and Password.

Manage user



Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.

- 1. Input the new user's name and password.
- 2. Select the privilege level for the new user account. Click **Add** to enable the setting.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Though operators cannot access the Configuration page, they can use the URL Commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the video server on page 105. Viewers access only the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change a user's access rights or delete user accounts.

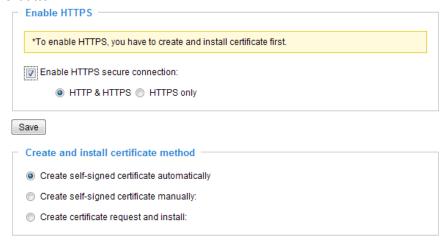
- 1. Select an existing account to modify.
- 2. Make necessary changes and click **Update** or **Delete** to enable the setting.

HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL) Advanced Mode

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

Enable HTTPS

Check this item to enable HTTPS communication, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Note that you have to create and install a certificate first in the second column before clicking the **Save** button.

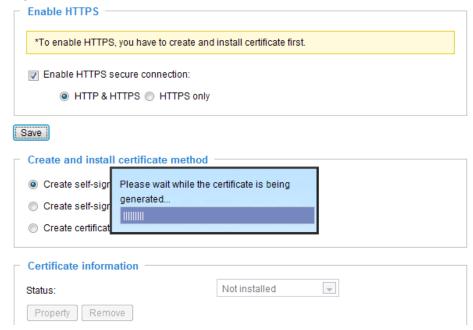


Create and install certificate method

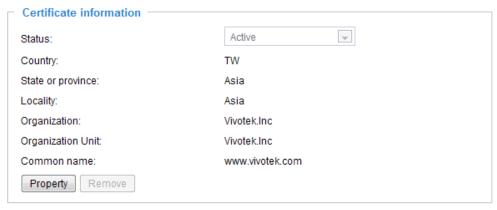
Before using HTTPS for communication with the video server, a **Certificate** must be created first. There are three ways to create and install a certificate:

Create self-signed certificate automatically

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. In the first column, check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
- 3. Click **Save** to generate a certificate.

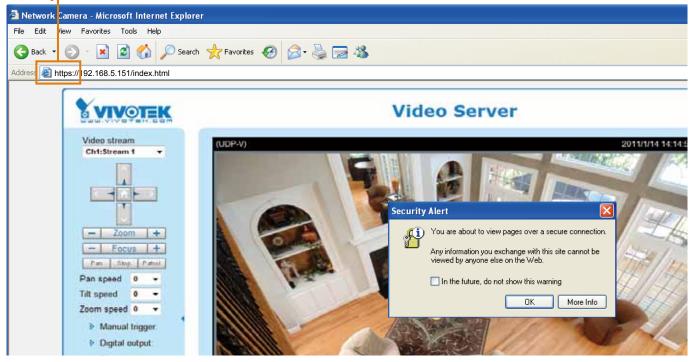


4. The Certificate Information will automatically de displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to view detailed information about the certificate.

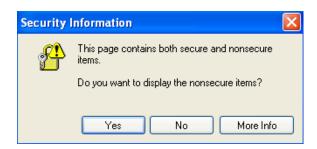


5. Click **Home** to return to the main page. Change the address from "<a href="http://" to "https://" in the address bar and press **Enter** on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click **OK** or **Yes** to enable HTTPS.

https://

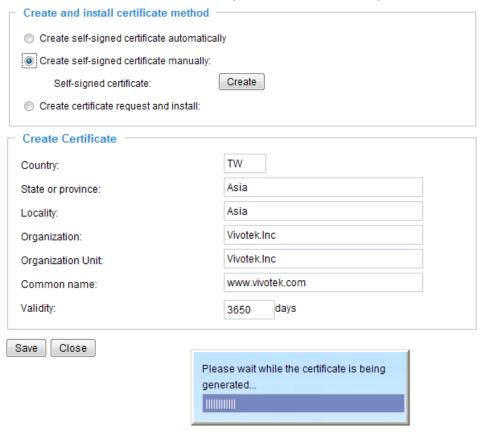




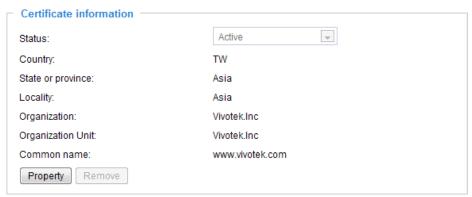


Create self-signed certificate manually

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

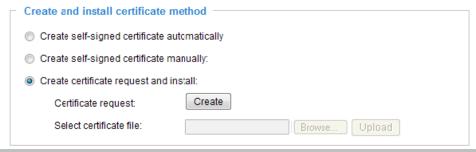


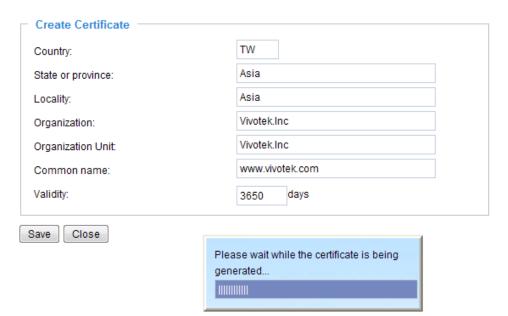
3. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to see detailed information about the certificate.



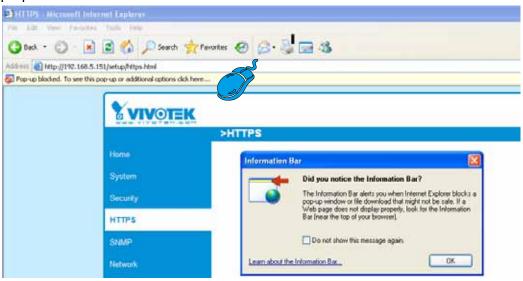
<u>Create certificate and install</u>: Select this option if you want to create a certificate from a certificate authority.

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

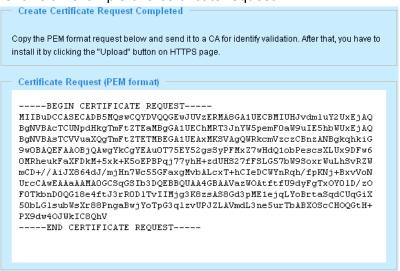




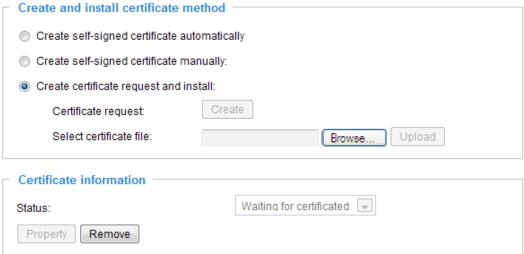
3. If you see the following Information bar, click **OK** and click on the Information bar at the top of the page to allow pop-ups.

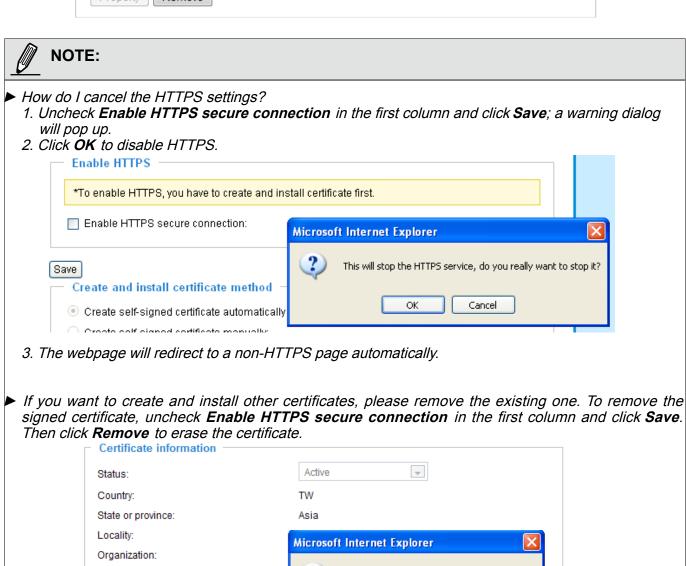


4. The pop-up window shows an example of a certificate request.



5. Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the video server. Wait for the certificate authority to issue a SSL certificate; click **Browse...** to search for the issued certificate, then click Upload in the second column.





Are you sure you want to delete the certificate?

Cancel

Organization Unit:

Common name:

Remove

Property

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) Advanced Mode

This section explains how to use the SNMP on the video server. The Simple Network Management Protocol is an application layer protocol that facilitates the exchange of management information between network devices. It helps network administrators to remotely manage network devices and find, solve network problems with ease.

- The SNMP consists of the following three key components:
- 1. Manager: Network-management station (NMS), a server which executes applications that monitor and control managed devices.
- 2. Agent: A network-management software module on a managed device which transfers the status of managed devices to the NMS.
- 3. Managed device: A network node on a managed network. For example: routers, switches, bridges, hubs, computer hosts, printers, IP telephones, video servers, web server, and database.

Before configuring SNMP settings on the this page, please enable your NMS first.

SNMP Configuration

Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

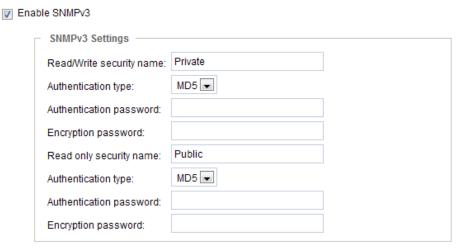
Select this option and enter the names of Read/Write community and Read Only community according to your NMS settings.



Enable SNMPv3

This option contains cryptographic security, a higher security level, which allows you to set the Authentication password and the Encryption password.

- Security name: According to your NMS settings, choose Read/Write or Read Only and enter the community name.
- Authentication type: Select MD5 or SHA as the authentication method.
- Authentication password: Enter the password for authenrication (at least 8 characters).
- Encryption password: Enter a password for ecryption (at least 8 characters).



Network

This section explains how to configure a wired network connection for the video server.

Network type

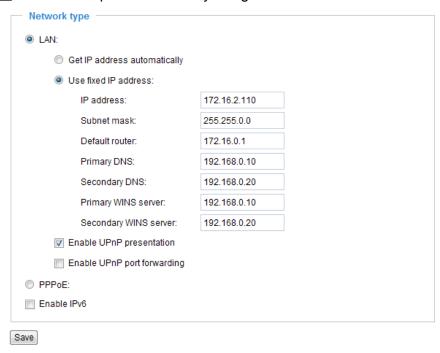


LAN

Select this option when the video server is deployed on a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting for the Network Type is LAN. Rememer to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

Get IP address automatically: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

Use fixed IP address: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the video server.



- 1. You can make use of VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera on LAN. Please refer to Software Installation on page 12 for details.
- 2. Enter the Static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, and Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

<u>Subnet mask</u>: This is used to determine if the destination is in the same subnet. The default value is "255.255.25.0".

<u>Default router</u>: This is the gateway used to forward frames to destinations in a different subnet. Invalid router setting will fail the transmission to destinations in different subnet.

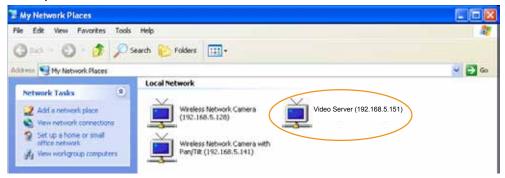
<u>Primary DNS</u>: The primary domain name server that translates hostnames into IP addresses.

Secondary DNS: Secondary domain name server that backups the Primary DNS.

<u>Primary WINS server</u>: The primary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

<u>Secondary WINS server</u>: The secondary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

Enable UPnP presentation: Select this option to enable UPnPTM presentation for your video server so that whenever a video server is presented to the LAN, shortcuts of connected video servers will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnPTM is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnPTM component is installed on your computer.



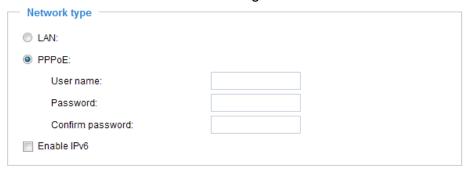
Enable UPnP port forwarding: To access the video server from the Internet, select this option to allow the video server to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnPTM and it is activated.

PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your video server to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your video server's public IP address.

- 1. Set up the video server on the LAN.
- 2. Go to Home > Configuration > Application > Server Settings (please refer to Server settings on page 85) to add a new email or FTP server.
- 3. Go to Configuration > Application > Media Settings (please refer to Media Settings on page 88). Select System log so that you will receive the system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.
- 4. Go to Configuration > Network > Network Type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to enable the setting.

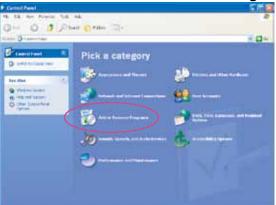


- 5. The video server will reboot.
- 6. Disconnect the power to the video server; remove it from the LAN environment.

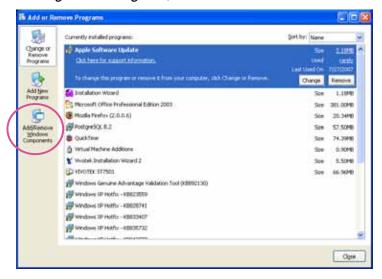


NOTE:

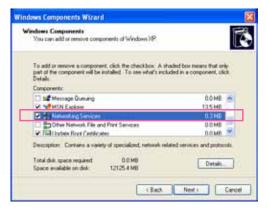
- If the default ports are already used by other devices connected to the same router, the video server will select other ports for the video server.
- ► If UPnP[™] is not supported by your router, you will see the following message: Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.
- ► Steps to enable the UPnP[™] user interface on your computer: Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnP[™] components.
 - 1. Go to Start, click Control Panel, then click Add or Remove Programs.

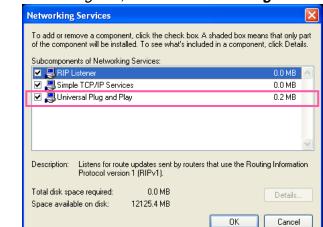


2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click Add/Remove Windows Components.



3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select **Networking Services** and click **Details**.





4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select Universal Plug and Play and click OK.

5. Click Next in the following window.



- 6. Click **Finish**. $UPnP^{TM}$ is enabled.
- ► How does UPnP[™] work?

 UPnP[™] networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without the need for cumbersome network configuration. In the case of video servers, you will see video server shortcuts under My Network Places.
- ▶ Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the video server to open a secondary HTTP port on the routernot HTTP port-meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number to the video server's public address in order to access the video server from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the video server's IP address.

From the Internet	In LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the video server to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 101 for details. After the video server is reset to factory default, it will be accessible on the LAN.

Enable IPv6

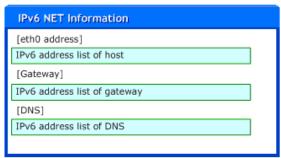
Select this option and click **Save** to enable IPv6 settings.

Please note that this only works if your network environment and hardware equipment support IPv6. The browser should be Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer 6.5, Mozilla Firefox 3.0 or above.



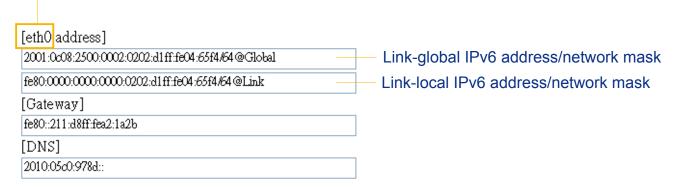
When IPv6 is enabled, by default, the video server will listen to router advertisements and be assigned with a link-local IPv6 address accordingly.

IPv6 Information: Click this button to obtain the IPv6 information as shown below.



If your IPv6 settings are successful, the IPv6 address list will be listed in the pop-up window. The IPv6 address will be displayed as follows:

Refers to Ethernet



Please follow the steps below to link to an IPv6 address:

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. Enter the link-global or link-local IPv6 address in the address bar of your web browser.
- 3. The format should be:



4. Press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Refresh** button to refresh the webpage. For example:



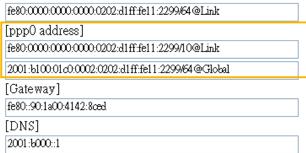


NOTE:

▶ If you have a Secondary HTTP port (the default value is 8080), you can also link to the webpage in the following address format: (Please refer to **HTTP** on page 46 for detailed information.)



▶ If you choose PPPoE as the Network Type, the [PPP0 address] will be displayed in the IPv6 information column as shown below. [eth0 address]



Manually setup the IP address: Select this option to manually set up IPv6 settings if your network environment does not have DHCPv6 server and router advertisements-enabled routers.

If you check this item, the following blanks will be displayed for you to enter the corresponding information:

riable IPvo		
IPv6 information		
Manually setup the IP address		
Optional IP address / Prefix length	/ 6	64
Optional default router		
Optional primary DNS		

IEEE 802.1x Advanced Mode

Enable this function if your network environment uses IEEE 802.1x, which is a port-based network access control. The network devices, intermediary switch/access point/hub, and RADIUS server must support and enable 802.1x settings.

The 802.1x standard is designed to enhance the security of local area networks, which provides authentication to network devices (clients) attached to a network port (wired or wireless). If all certificates between client and server are verified, a point-to-point connection will be enabled; if authentication fails, access on that port will be prohibited. 802.1x utilizes an existing protocol, the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP), to facilitate communication.

■ The components of a protected network with 802.1x authentication:

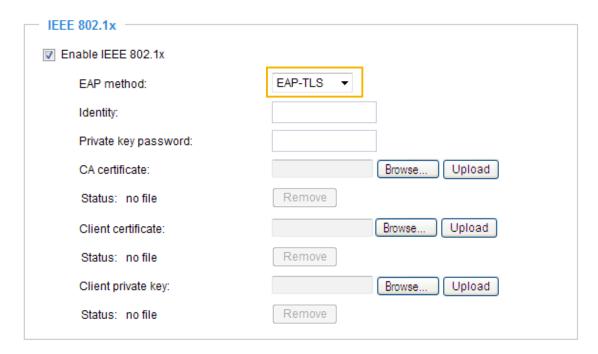


- 1. Supplicant: A client end user (video server), which requests authentication.
- 2. Authenticator (an access point or a switch): A "go between" which restricts unauthorized end users from communicating with the authentication server.
- 3. Authentication server (usually a RADIUS server): Checks the client certificate and decides whether to accept the end user's access request.
- VIVOTEK video servers support two types of EAP methods to perform authentication: **EAP-PEAP** and **EAP-TLS**.

Please follow the steps below to enable 802.1x settings:

- 1. Before connecting the video server to the protected network with 802.1x, please apply a digital certificate from a Certificate Authority (ie. MIS of your company) which can be validated by a RADIUS server.
- 2. Connect the video server to a PC or notebook outside of the protected LAN. Open the configuration page of the video server as shown below. Select **EAP-PEAP** or **EAP-TLS** as the EAP method. In the following blanks, enter your ID and password issued by the CA, then upload related certificate(s).



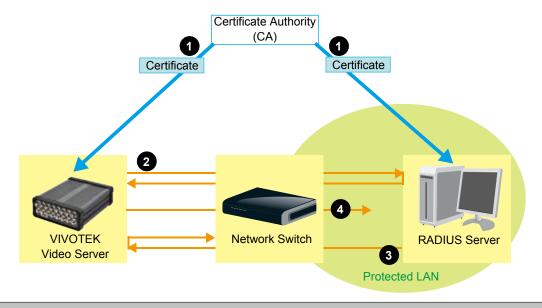


3. When all settings are complete, move the video server to the protected LAN by connecting it to an 802.1x enabled switch. The devices will then start the authentication automatically.



NOTE:

- ► The authentication process for 802.1x:
- 1. The Certificate Authority (CA) provides the required signed certificates to the video server (the supplicant) and the RADIUS Server (the authentication server).
- 2. A video server requests access to the protected LAN using 802.1X via a switch (the authenticator). The client offers its identity and client certificate, which is then forwarded by the switch to the RADIUS Server, which uses an algorithm to authenticate the video server and returns an acceptance or rejection back to the switch.
- 3. The switch also forwards the RADIUS Server's certificate to the video server.
- 4. Assuming all certificates are validated, the switch then changes the video server's state to authorized and is allowed access to the protected network via a pre-configured port.



QoS (Quality of Service) Advanced Mode

Quality of Service refers to a resource reservation control mechanism, which guarantees a certain quality to different services on the network. Quality of service guarantees are important if the network capacity is insufficient, especially for real-time streaming multimedia applications. Quality can be defined as, for instance, a maintained level of bit rate, low latency, no packet dropping, etc.

The following are the main benefits of a QoS-aware network:

- The ability to prioritize traffic and guarantee a certain level of performance to the data flow.
- The ability to control the amount of bandwidth each application may use, and thus provide higher reliability and stability on the network.

Requirements for QoS

To utilize QoS in a network environment, the following requirements must be met:

- All network switches and routers in the network must include support for QoS.
- The network video devices used in the network must be QoS-enabled.

QoS models

CoS (the VLAN 802.1p model)

IEEE802.1p defines a QoS model at OSI Layer 2 (Data Link Layer), which is called CoS, Class of Service. It adds a 3-bit value to the VLAN MAC header, which indicates prioritization from 0~7 (Eight different classes of service are available). The priority is set up on the network switches, which then use different queuing disciplines to forward the packets.

Below is the setting column for CoS. Enter the **VLAN ID** of your switch $(0\sim4095)$ and choose the priority for each application $(0\sim7)$.



If you assign Video the highest level, the switch will handle video packets first.



NOTE:

- The web browsing may fail if the CoS setting is incorrect.
- ► Class of Service technologies do not guarantee a level of service in terms of bandwidth and delivery time; they offer a "best-effort." Users can think of CoS as "coarsely-grained" traffic control and QoS as "finely-grained" traffic control.
- ▶ Although CoS is simple to manage, it lacks scalability and does not offer end-to-end quarantees since it is based on L2 protocol.

QoS/DSCP (the DiffServ model)

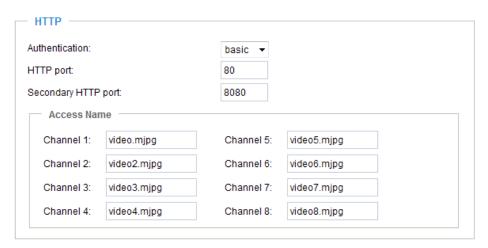
DSCP-ECN defines QoS at Layer 3 (Network Layer). The Differentiated Services (DiffServ) model is based on packet marking and router queuing disciplines. The marking is done by adding a field to the IP header, called the DSCP (Differentiated Services Codepoint). This is a 6-bit field that provides 64 different class IDs. It gives an indication of how a given packet is to be forwarded, known as the Per Hop Behavior (PHB). The PHB describes a particular service level in terms of bandwidth, queueing theory, and dropping (discarding the packet) decisions. Routers at each network node classify packets according to their DSCP value and give them a particular forwarding treatment; for example, how much bandwidth to reserve for it.

Below are the setting options of DSCP (DiffServ Codepoint). Specify the DSCP value for each application (0~63).



HTTP Advanced Mode

To utilize HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the video server first; please refer to Security on page 28 for details.



<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the video server provides two types of security settings for an HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

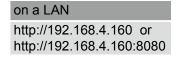
If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format and there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. They can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:





To access the video server on the LAN, both the HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the video server. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the video server's IP address.

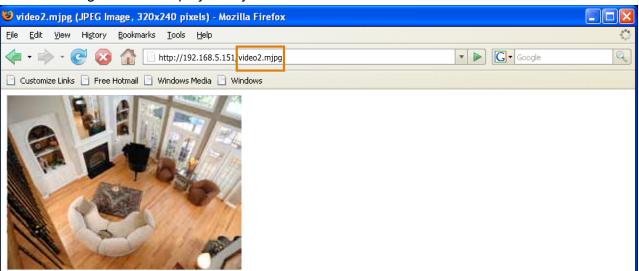


Access name for channel 1~4/8: VS8401 supports 4 channels for video live viewing, as VS8801 supports 8 channels. Each channel allows you to view only one stream. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source. Users can go to **Configuration > Audio and video > Video settings** to set up the video quality of linked streams.

When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the video server and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive video comprised of continuous JPEG images. This technology, known as "server push", allows the video server to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for channel 1 ~ 4/8> For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:

- 1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
- 2. Type the above URL command in the address bar. Press **Enter**.
- 3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.





NOTE:

Microsoft® Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for channel 1 ~ 4/8> will fail to access the video server.

HTTPS



By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

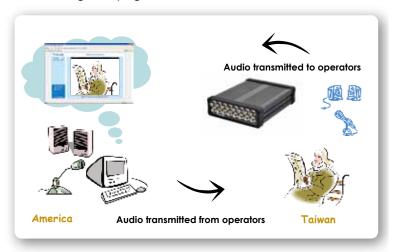
Two way audio



By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The video server supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the video server's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the video server.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable the two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" on the Audio and Video Settings page and the media option is set to "Video and Audio" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client settings on page 22 and Audio and video settings on page 56.



Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera



Click to enable audio transmission to the video server; click to broadcast; click to adjust the volume of microphone; click to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click again.

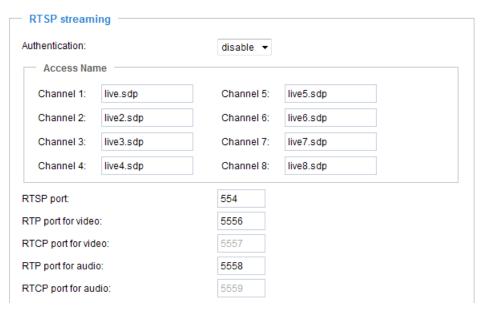
FTP



The FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. You can utilize VIVOTEK's Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade the firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

RTSP streaming

To utilize RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that you have set a password for the video server first; please refer to Security on page 28 for details.



<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the video server provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic, and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, but there can be potential risks of it being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, thus providing better protection against unauthorized access.

The availability of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes is listed in the following table:

	Quick Time player	Real Player
Disable	0	0
Basic	0	0
Digest	0	X

Access name for channel 1 \sim 4/8: VS8401 supports 4 channels for video live viewing, as VS8801 supports 8 channels. Each channel allows you to view only one stream. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use an RTSP player to access the video server, you have to set the video mode to MPEG-4 and use the following RTSP URL command to request transmission of the streaming data.

rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 ~ channel 1 ~4/8>

For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:

@@@@@

- 1. Launch an RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the above URL command in the text box. -

4. The live video will be displayed in your player as shown below.



RTSP port /RTP port for video, audio/ RTCP port for video, audio

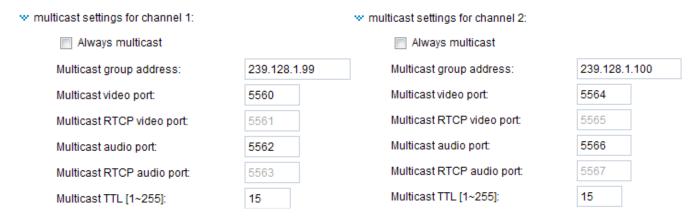
- RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.
- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the video server to transmit the data by monitoring the Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is the RTP port number plus one, and thus is always an odd number. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



Multicast settings channel 1 ~4/8: Click the items to display the detailed configuration information. Select the Always multicast option to enable multicast for channel 1~4/8.



Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, enabling multicast can effectively save Internet bandwith.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and thus is always odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

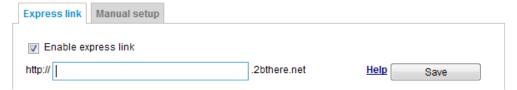
If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:

<u>Multicast TTL [1~255]</u>: The multicast TTL (Time To Live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

Express link

Express link is a free service provided by VIVOTEK server, which allows users to register an domain name for a network device. One URL can only be mapped to one Mac address. This service will check out if the host name is valid and automatically open a port on your router. Unlike DDNS, the user has to manually check out UPnP port forwarding, Express link is more convenient and easy to set up.

Host name assignment



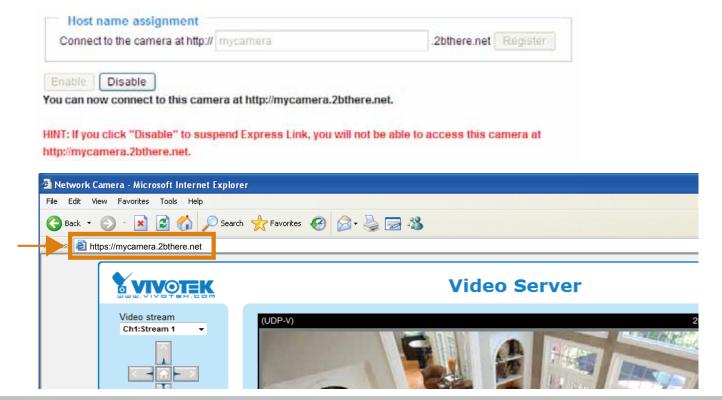
Please follow the steps below to enable Express link:

- 1. Make sure that your router supports UPnP port forwarding and it is activated.
- 2. Enter a host name for the network device and click **Register**. If the host name has been used by another device, a warning message will show up. If the host name is valid, it will show an error message.



HINT: This is a valid host name. Click "Enable" to assign http://mycamera.2bthere.net to this camera.

3. Click **Enable** to validate your setting. To access the camera, enter its express link address in a browser's URL field.



DDNS

This section explains how to configure the dynamic domain name service for the video server. DDNS is a service that allows your video server, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

DDNS: Dynamic domain	ame service
Enable DDNS:	
Provider:	Dyndns.org(Dynamic) ▼
Host name:	
User name:	
Password:	
Save	

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

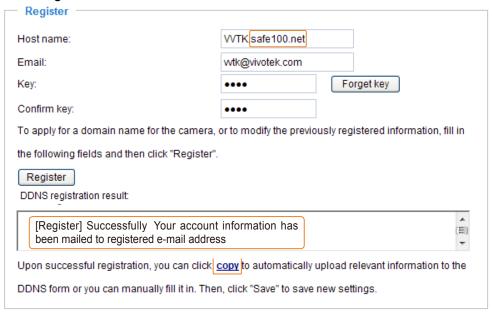
Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service, to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's video servers from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns.org(Custom), TZO. com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.

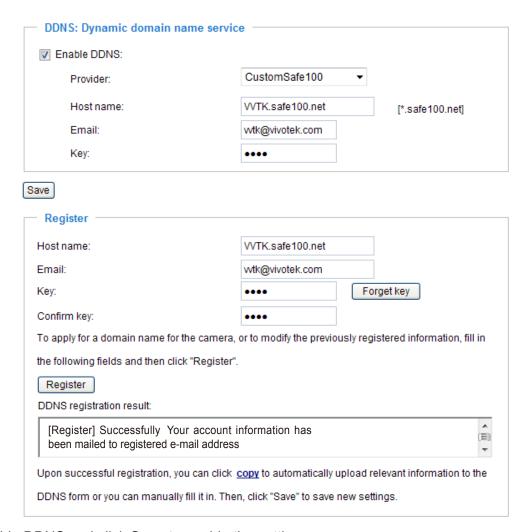
Note that before utilizing this function, please apply for a dynamic domain account first.

■ Safe100.net

- 1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key, and Confirm Key, and click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a success message will be displayed in the DDNS Registration Result column.



3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column at the top of the page as seen in the picture.



4. Select Enable DDNS and click Save to enable the setting.

■ CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish a CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

- 1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from the drop-down list.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Email, Key, and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a success message in the DDNS Registration Result column.
- 3. Click **Copy** and all for the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
- 4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

<u>Forget key</u>: Click this button if you have forgotten the key to Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply for a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

- Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/
- TZO.com: visit http://www.tzo.com/
- DHS.org: visit http://www.dhs.org/
- dyn-interfree.it: visit http://dyn-interfree.it/

Access list Advanced Mode

This section explains how to control access permission by verifying the client PC's IP address.

General settings

Г	General settings
	Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to: 10 ▼ View information
	Enable access list filtering
	Save

Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to: Simultaneous live viewing for 1~10 clients (including stream 1 and stream 2). The default value is 10. If you modify the value and click **Save**, all current connections will be disconnected and automatically attempt to re-link (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>View Information</u>: Click this button to display the connection status window showing a list of the current connections.

For example:

Connec	Connection status		
	IP address	Elapsed time	UserID
	192.168.1.147	12:20:34	root
	61.22.15.3	00:10:09	-
	192.168.3.25	45:00:34	greg
Re	Refresh Add to deny list Disconnect		

- IP address: Current connections to the Video server.
- Elapsed time: How much time the client has been at the webpage.
- User ID: If the administrator has set a password for the webpage, the clients have to enter a user name and password to access the live video. The user name will be displayed in the User ID column. If the administrator allows clients to link to the webpage without a user name and password, the User ID column will be empty.

There are some situations which allow clients access to the live video without a user name and password:

- 1. The administrator does not set up a root password. For more information about how to set up a root password and manage user accounts, please refer to Security on page 28.
- 2. The administrator has set up a root password, but set **RTSP authentication** to "disable". For more information about **RTSP authentication**, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 48.
- 3. The administrator has set up a root password, but allows anonymous viewing. For more information about **Allow Anonymous Viewing**, please refer to Security on page 28.

- Refresh: Click this button to refresh all current connections.
- Add to deny list: You can select entries from the Connection Status list and add them to the Deny List to deny access. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player). If you want to enable the denied list, please check **Enable access list filtering** and click **Save** in the first column.
- Disconnect: If you want to break off the current connections, please select them and click this button. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>Enable access list filtering</u>: Check this item and click **Save** if you want to enable the access list filtering function.

Filter type

Select **Allow** or **Deny** as the filter type. If you choose **Allow Type**, only those clients whose IP addresses are on the Access List below can access the Network Camera, and the others cannot access. On the contrary, if you choose **Deny Type**, those clients whose IP addresses are on the Access List below will not be allowed to access the Network Camera, and the others can access.

Filter

Then you can add a rule to the following Access List. Please note that the IPv6 access list column will not be displayed unless you enable IPv6 on the Network page. For more information about **IPv6 Settings**, please refer to page 39 for detailed information.



■ Add a rule to Allowed/Denied list: Click Add to add a rule to Allowed/Denied list.

There are three types of rules:

<u>Single</u>: This rule allows the user to add an IP address to the Allowed/Denied list. For example:



Digital I/O

This section explains how to change digital input and digital output settings.

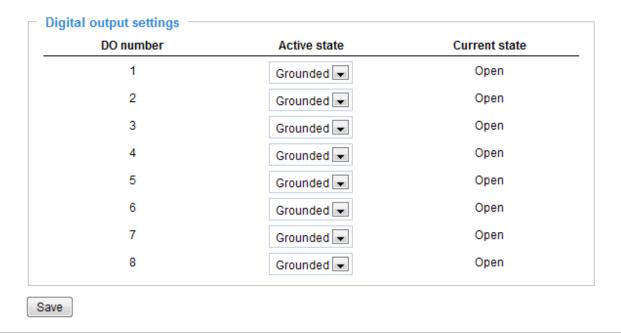
Digital input settings

You can select **High** or **Low** to define normal status for the digital input. The video server will report the current status.



Digital output settings

You can select **Grounded** or **Open** to define normal status for the digital output. The video server will show the trigger is activated or not.

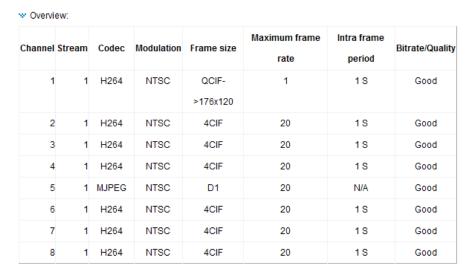


Audio and video

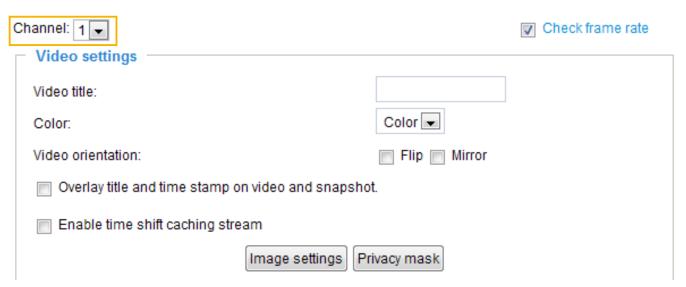
This section explains how to cofigure the audio and video settings of the video server.

Overview

This table shows all stream settings of each channel.



Video settings



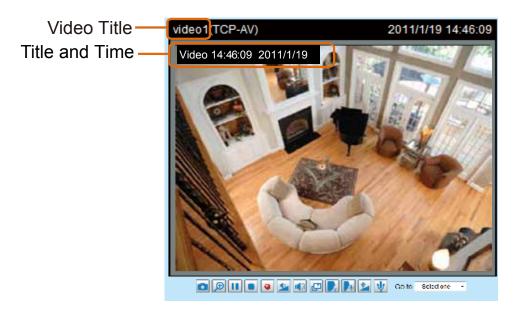
<u>Channel</u>: In the drop-down list, there are channel 1~4/8, select one to set video settings on it in the column below.

<u>Check frame rate</u>: Check **Check frame rate** to display the current available frame rate status for all frame sizes. Please refer to page 63 for details.

<u>Video title</u>: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video.

<u>Color</u>: Select to display color or black/white video streams.

<u>Video orientation</u>: Flip--vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror--horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the linked device is installed upside-down (e.g., on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation.

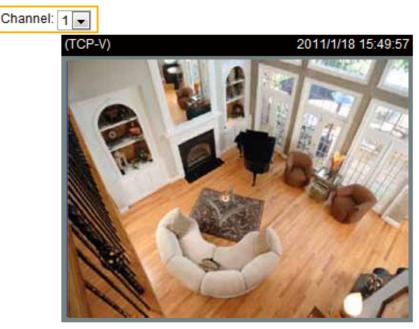


Overlay title and time stamp on video and snapshot: Select this option to place the video title and time on the video streams.

Enable time shift caching stream Advanced Mode: Check this item to enable the time shift cache stream on the video server, which will stores video in the video server's embedded memory for a period of time depending on the cache memory size of each video server. This function can work seamlessly with VIVOTEK's ST7501 recording software. When an event occurs, the recording software can request time shift cache stream from the camera, which allows the user to retrieve pre-event video data.

Image settings Advanced Mode

Click **Image Settings** to open the Image Settings page. On this page, you can tune the White balance, Brightness, Saturation, Contrast, and Sharpness settings for the video. Please choose the **Channel** first.



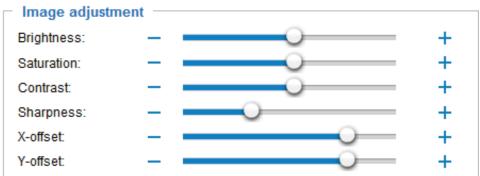
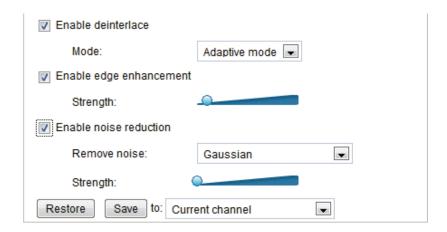


Image adjustment

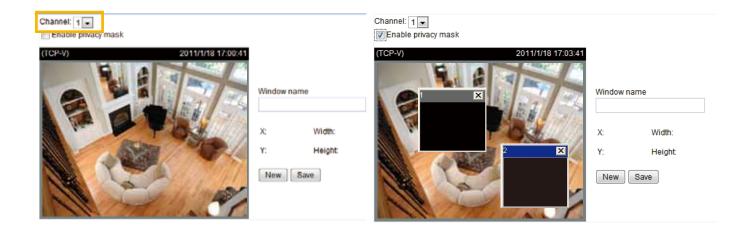
- Brightness: To adjust the image brightness level, please drag the slider bar to the right (+) to increase the effect, or to the left (-) to reduce the effect.
- Saturation: To adjust the image saturation level, please drag the slider bar to the right (+) to increase the effect, or to the left(-) to reduce the effect.
- Contrast: To adjust the image contrast level, please drag the slider bar to the right (+) to increase the effect, or to the left(-) to reduce the effect.
- Sharpness: To adjust the image sharpness level, please drag the slider bar to the right (+) to increase the effect, or to the left(-) to reduce the effect.
- X-offset: Adjust the image to the proper position horizontally.
- Y-offset: Adjust the image to the proper position vertically.



- Enable deinterlace: Check to enable deinterlace, and choose **Adaptive mode** or **Blend mode** in the drop-down list. Adaptive mode provides the best image quality, while Blend mode provides better image quality (than not using the deinterlace function at all). Note that applying this function to all channels at the same time will consume quite a lot computing power.
- Enable edge enhancement: Check to enable edge enhancement, and drag the slider bar to adjust the strength. Note that applying this function to all channels at the same time will consume quite a lot of computing power.
- Enable noise reduction: Check to enable noise reduction, and you can also choose to reduce **Gaussian** noise, **impulse** noise, or **Gaussian** and **impulse** noise in the drop-down list. Drag the slide bar to adjust the strength. Noted that applying this function to all channels at the same time will consume quite a lot of computing power.
- Restore: Click to restore the default setting.
- Save: When finished with the setting, you can choose to apply the settings to Current channel, All channels, Current channel and channel 2, etc. in the drop-down list. Then click Save to enable the settings.

Privacy Mask Advanced Mode

Click **Privacy Mask** to open the settings page. On this page, you can block out sensitive zones to address privacy concerns. Please choose the **Channel** first.



- To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:
- 1. Click **New** to add a new window.
- 2. Use the mouse to size and drag-drop the window, which is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) you want to cover.
- 3. Enter a Window Name and click **Save** to enable the setting.
- 4. Select **Enable privacy mask** to enable this function.



NOTE:

- ▶ Up to 5 privacy mask windows can be set up on the same screen.
- ► If you want to delete a privacy mask window, please click on the 'x' mark at the upper right corner of the window.

Video quality settings for stream 1

Advanced Mode

Click the items to display the detailed video quality settings.

Video quality settings for stream 1:

Enable aspect ratio correction			
⊚ MPEG-4:		Availa	able FPS
H.264:		D1:	56 FPS
Frame size:	4CIF -> 640x480 ▼	4CIF: CIF:	65 FPS 260 FPS
Maximum frame rate:	3 fps ▼	QCIF:	1041 FPS
Intra frame period:	1/2 S 🔻		
Video quality:			
Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 💌		
Fixed quality:	Good		
O JPEG:			

■ Enable aspect ratio correction:

In the default settings, the size of the video window will change according to the layout of the live viewing window you choose. However, the frame size may be distorted. If you check **Enable aspect ratio correction**, the video window will be adjusted to the same frame size as the preview window. This function is disabled as default.



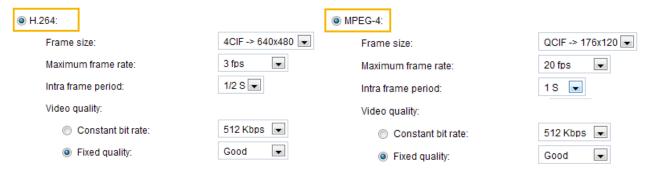


NOTE:

- Aspect ratio correction doesn't support QCIF.
- ► When aspect ratio correction takes effect, the frame size for D1 will be adjusted to 640x480.

This video server offers real-time H.264, MPEG-4, and MJPEG compression standards (Triple Codec) for real-time viewing.

If H.264 / MPEG-4 mode is selected, the video is streamed via RTSP protocol. There are four parameters for you to adjust the video performance:



■ Frame size

You can set up different video resolution for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: QCIF, CIF, 4CIF, and D1.

■ Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value. The frame rate will decrease if you select a higher resolution.

■ Intra frame period

Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following durations: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds, and 4 seconds.

■ Video quality

A complex scene generally produces a larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. Therefore, if **Constant bit rate** is selected, the bandwidth utilization is fixed at a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performance. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps, and 4Mbps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

On the other hand, if **Fixed quality** is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually adjust the slider bar. You may adjust the slider bar to the right to have better video quality.



If JPEG mode is selected, the video server continuously sends JPEG images to the client, producing a moving effect similar to a filmstrip. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. Because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the client. There are three parameters provided in MJPEG mode to control the video performance:



■ Frame size

You can set up different video resolution for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: QCIF, CIF, 4CIF, and D1.

■ Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value. The frame rate will decrease if you select a higher resolution.

■ Video quality

The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

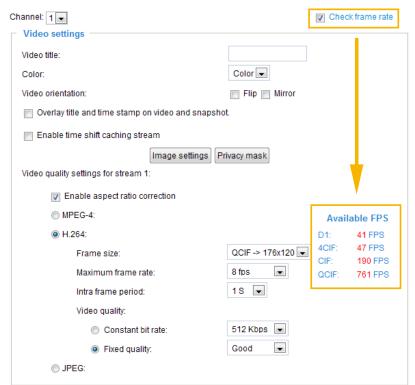


NOTE:

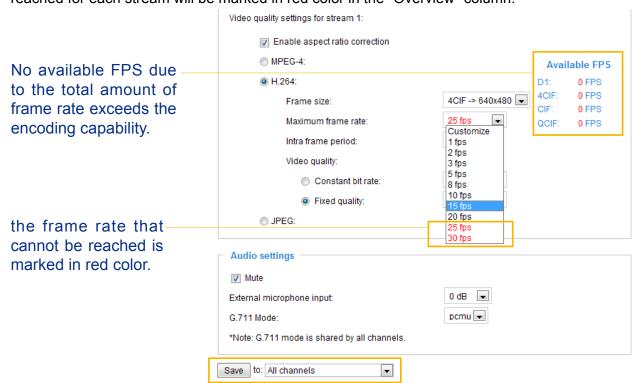
- Video quality and fixed quality refers to the compression rate, so a lower value will produce higher quality.
- Converting high-quality video may significantly increase the CPU loading, and you may encounter streaming disconnection or video loss while capturing a complicated scene. In the event of occurance, we suggest you customize a lower video resolution or reduce the frame rate to obtain smooth video.

■ Available FPS

Check **Check frame rate** to display the current available frame rate status **(Available FPS).** Available FPS provides the information of the unused encoding capability with available frame rate in different frame size.



The embedded Soc (System-on-Chip) has limited encoding capability, so you may set the video quality according to the available FPS. Due to the limited encoding capability, the maximum frame rate for 4CIF in H.264 or MPEG-4 codec can only support up to 23 FPS when all channels are applied to this setting and being used. If the total amount of frame rate exceeds encoding capability, a warning message "Frame rate is not guaranteed" will show up in a pop-up window. Also the frame rate that cannot be reached for each stream will be marked in red color in the "Overview" column.



Overview:

Intra frame Channel Stream Codec Modulation Frame size Frame rate Bitrate/Quality period 1 H264 NTSC 4CIF->640x480 1 S Good *25 2 H264 NTSC 4CIF->640x480 *30 1 S Good 4CIF->640x480 3 H264 NTSC *20 1 S Good H264 4CIF->640x480 *25 4 NTSC 1 S Good 5 H264 NTSC 4CIF->640x480 *20 Good 1 1 S 4CIF->640x480 6 1 H264 NTSC *20 18 Good H264 NTSC 4CIF->640x480 *20 7 18 Good *30 8 H264 NTSC 4CIF->640x480 1.8 Good

the frame rate that cannot be reached is marked in red color.

* Note: Frame rates are not guranteed when all red-marked streams are used.

Audio settings



<u>Mute</u>: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the video server to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted even if audio transmission is enabled on the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed:

External microphone input: Select the gain of the internal audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +9 db (most sensitive) \sim -12 db (least sensitive).

<u>G.711 Mode</u>: G.711 also provides good sound quality and requires about 64Kbps. Select pcmu (Pulse code Modulation μ -Law) or pcma (A-Law) mode.

<u>Save</u>: When finishing the setting, you can choose to apply the settings to **Current channel, All channels, Current channel and channel 2**, etc. in the drop-down list. Then click **Save** to enable the settings.

Motion detection

This section explains how to configure the Video Server to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured for each channel.



Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

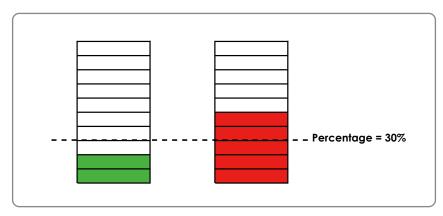
- 1. Select Channel.
- 2. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
- 3. In the Window Name text box, enter a name for the motion detection window.
 - To move and resize the window, drag and drop your mouse on the window.
 - To delete window, click X on the upper right corner of the window.
- 4. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slider bar.
- 5. Click **Save** to enable the settings.
- 6. Check **Enable motion detection** to enable this function.

For example:



The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the variation between sequential images. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, the red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to be sent to a remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information on how to set an event, please refer to Application on page 78.

A green bar indicates that even though motions have been detected, the event has not been triggered because the image variations still fall under the defined threshold.

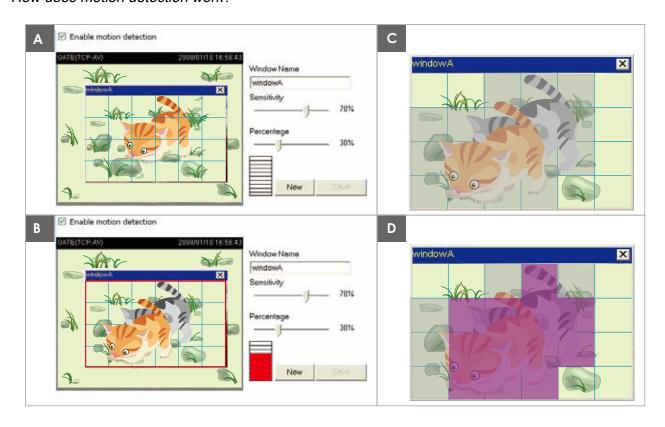


This motion detection window will also be displayed on the Event Settings page. You can go to Application > Event Settings > Trigger to choose it as a trigger source. Please refer to page 79 for detailed information.



NOTE:

► How does motion detection work?



There are two motion detection parameters: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C) and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to detect slight movements while smaller sensitivity settings will neglect them. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require a high level of security management, it is suggested to use higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

Camera tampering detection

This section explains how to set up camera tempering detection. With tampering detection, the camera is capable of detecting incidents such as **redirection**, **blocking or defocusing**, or even **spray paint**.

Enable	Channel	Trigger duration [10~600 seconds]
	1	10 seconds
	2	10 seconds
	3	10 seconds
	4	10 seconds
	5	10 seconds
	6	10 seconds
	7	10 seconds
	8	10 seconds

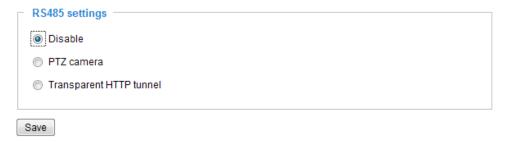
Please follow the steps below to set up the camera tampering detection function:

- 1. Check Enable camera tampering detection.
- 2. Enter the trigger duration. (10 sec. ~ 10 min.) The alarm will be triggered only when the tampering factor (the difference between current frame and pre-saved background) exceeds the trigger threshold.
- 3. Set up the event source as Camera tampering detection on **Application** > **Event settings** > **Trigger**. Please refer to page 79 for detailed information.
- 4. Click on Save to take effect.

Camera control

This section explains how to control the Network Camera's Pan/Tilt/Zoom operation by connecting to a PTZ driver or scanner via RS485 interface.

RS485 settings



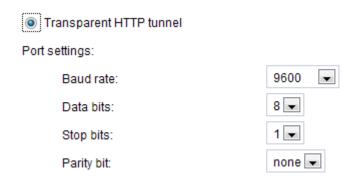
Disable: Select this option to disable this function.

PTZ camera: Select this option to enable PTZ operation.

To utilize this feature, please connect the Network Camera to a PTZ driver or scanner via RS485 interface first. Then you can configure the PTZ driver and RS485 port with the following settings.



<u>Transparent HTTP Tunnel</u>: If you want to use your own RS-485 device, you can use UART commands to build a Transparent HTTP Tunnel. The UART commands will be sent through HTTP tunnel established between the RS-485 device and the linked camera. For detailed application notes, please refer to URL Commands on page 105 or https://www.vivotek.com/downloadfiles/support/faq/172_document_2.pdf.



Preset positions

3

Remove

Save

If you select DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, or Pelco D, Pelco P protocol, Samsung scc643 protocol protocol as the PTZ driver and click the **Save** button, the **Preset Position** button will be enabled. Click Preset Position to open the settings page. You can also select preset positions for the camera to patrol. A total of 20 preset positions can be configured.

Please follow the steps below to preset a position:

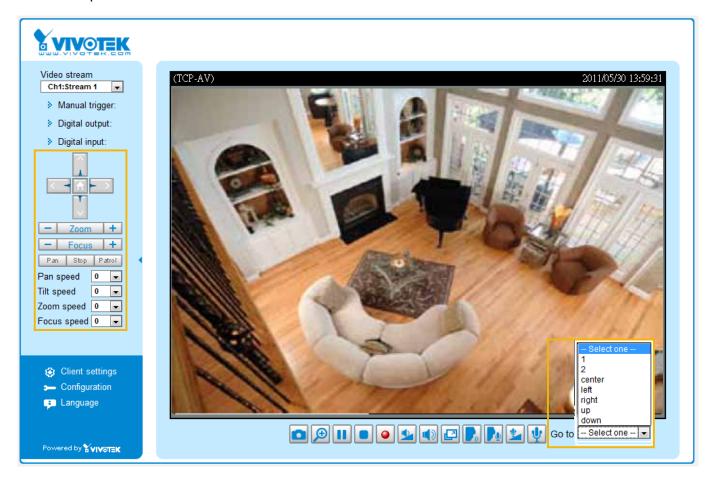
- 1. Select **Channel** in the drop-down list.
- 2. Adjust the shooting area to the desired position by using the buttons on the right. The default **Home** position is set as the center position.
- 3. Enter a name for the preset position, which allows up to forty characters. Click Add to enable the settings. The preset positions will be displayed under **User preset locations**.
- 4. To add additional preset positions, please repeat steps 1~2.
- 5. Select the preset positions and click on **Save** to enable the settings.
- 6. The positions saved will show up in Go to drop down list on the Home page. See next page
- 7. To remove a preset position from the list, select it and click **Remove**.

Functions are the same as the Control Panel on Channel: 1 ▼ the home page (TCP-V) 2011/05/18 17:27:36 Home Zoom Focus Pan speed Tilt speed Zoom speed Focus speed Auto pan/patrol speed Go to: 6 -- Select one --Home location settings Set current position as home Restore home position to default Preset and patrol settings Add preset location Dwell time User preset locations Patrol locations (sec) **V** 1 **1** 5 √ 2 2 5 √ 3 >> 5 **3 V** 4 **4** 5

Remove



■ Home location settings: You can configure the Home location by clicking on **Set current position** as home. Click on **Restore home position to default**, and the Home position will be set as the center position.



- The Camera Control Panel and Preset positions will be displayed on the home page:
- Click Go to: Select one from the drop-down list, and the Network Camera will move to the selected preset position.

Camera ID settings

VIVOTEK offers five PTZ drivers: DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, Pelco D protocol, Pelco P protocol, and Samsung scc643 protocol. If none of the above PTZ drivers is supported by your PTZ scanner, please select **Custom camera** (scanner). Please refer to the user's manual of your PTZ scanner to determine the Camera ID, PTZ driver, and Port settings. The Camera ID is necessary to control multiple cameras. If you click **Save** to enable this function, the camera control panel will be displayed on the main page. Please refer to the illustration on page 70.

Camera ID settings	
Channel number	Camera ID
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8

Patrol settings

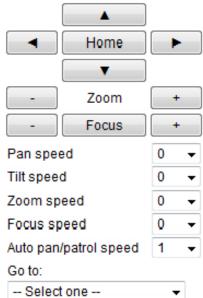
You can select some preset positions for the Network Camera to patrol.

Please follow the steps below to set up a patrol schedule:

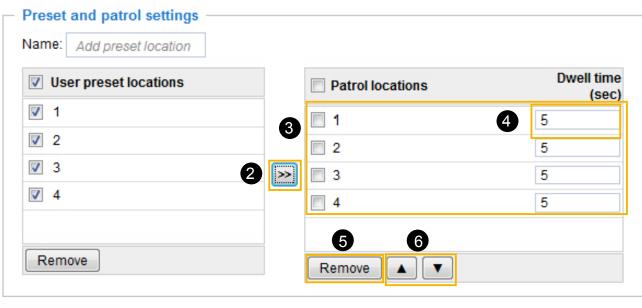
- 1. Select **Channel** in the drop-down list.
- 3. The selected preset locations will be displayed on the Patrol locations list.
- 4. Set the **Dwelling time** for the preset location during auto patrol.
- 5. If you want to delete a preset location from the Patrol locations list, select it and click **Remove**.
- 6. Select a location and click
 to rearrange the patrol order.
- 7. Select patrol locations you want to save in the list and click **Save** to enable the patrol settings.
- 8. To implement the patrol schedule, please go to homepage and click on **Patrol** button.











Custom Command

If Custom Camera (scanner) is selected as the PTZ driver, the Preset Position and PTZ Control Panel on the main page will be disabled. You will need to configure command buttons to control the PTZ scanner. Click Custom Command to open the Custom Command page to set the commands in the Control Settings session. Please refer to your PTZ scanner user's manual to enter the commands in the following fields. Click Save to enable the settings and click Close to exit the page.

ontrol settir	igs ———		
Up			
Down			
Left			
Right			
Home			
Zoom in	1		
Zoom o	ut		
Focus c	loser		
Focus fu	ırther		
Auto foc	us		
		y means the command butto	n will
	Dutton nome	Command	
	Button name	Command	

Custom command			
Leaving the "Button name" field empty means the command button wi be displayed in the homepage.			
Button name	Command		
Command 1:			
Command 2:			
Command 3:			
Command 4:			
Command 5:			
Command 6:			
Command 7:			
Command 8:			
Command 9:			
Command 10:			
Command 11:			
Command 12:			
Command 13:			
Command 14:			
Command 15:			
Command 16:			



NOTE:

- ► If you select DynaDome/ SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, or Pelco D protocol as the PTZ driver, the Control Settings column will not be displayed.
- ► For all PTZ drivers, a total of five additional command buttons can be configured.

▶ The command buttons will be displayed on the main page:



Homepage layout Advanced Mode

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

Preview

This column shows the settings of your homepage layout. You can manually select the background and font colors in Theme Options (the third column on this page). The settings will be displayed automatically in this Preview field. The following shows the homepage using the default settings:

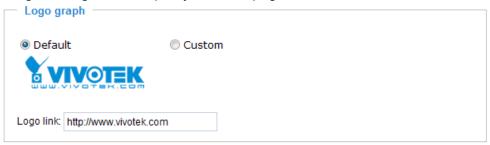


Hide Powered by VIVOTEK

■ Hide Powered by VIVOTEK: If you check this item, it will be removed from the homepage.

Logo

Here you can change the logo at the top of your homepage.



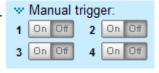
Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

- 1. Click **Custom** and the Browse field will appear.
- 2. Select a logo from your files.
- 3. Click **Upload** to replace the existing logo with a new one.
- 4. Enter a website link if necessary.
- 5. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Customized button

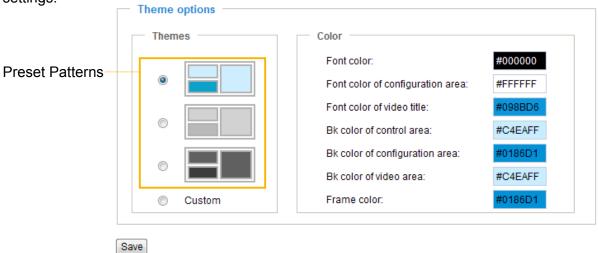


Check **Show manual trigger button**, and it will be displayed on the Home page. Uncheck **Show manual trigger button** to hide this function on the Home page.

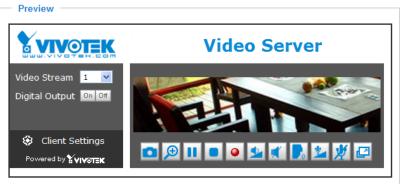


Theme options

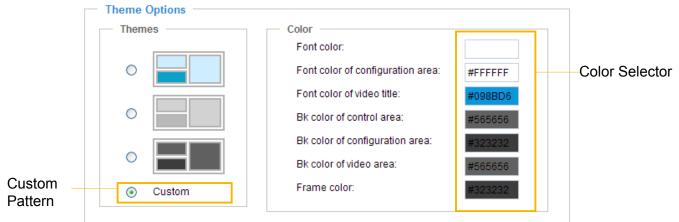
Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three types of preset patterns for you to choose from. The new layout will simultaneously appear in the **Preview** filed. Click **Save** to enable the settings.



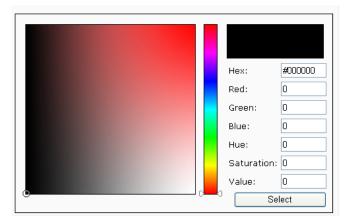


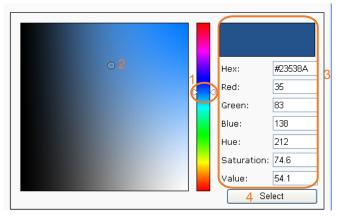


- Follow the steps below to set up the customed homepage:
- 1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
- 2. Click the field where you want to change the color on the right column.



3. The palette window will pop up as shown below.



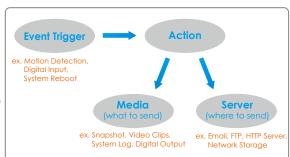


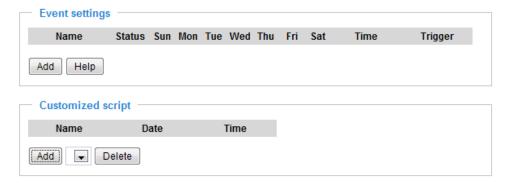
- 4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
- 5. The selected color will be displayed in the corresponding fields and in the **Preview** column.
- 6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Application Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the video server to respond to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the video server sends buffered images to an FTP server or e-mail address as notifications.

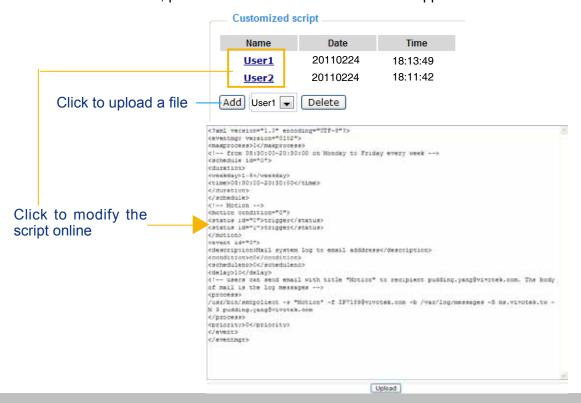
As illustrated on the right, an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what type of action that will be performed. You can configure the video server to send snapshots or videos to your email address or FTP site.





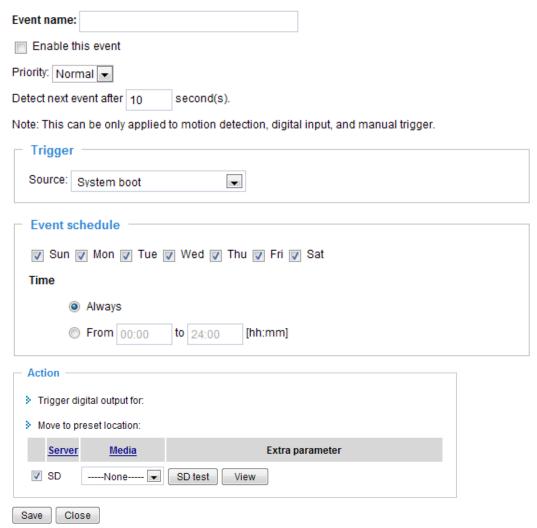
Customized script

This function allows you to upload a sample script (.xml file) to the webpage, which will save your time on configuring the settings. Please note that there is a limited number of customized scripts you can upload; if the current amount of customized scripts has reached the limit, an alert message will pop up. If you need more information, please contact VIVOTEK's technical support.



Event settings

In the **Event settings** column, click **Add** to open the **Event settings** page. On this page, you can arrange three elements -- Trigger, Schedule, and Action to set an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.



Event name: Enter a name for the event setting.

Enable this event: Select this option to enable the event setting.

<u>Priority</u>: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with a higher priority setting will be executed first.

<u>Detect next event after \(\square \) seconds:</u> Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected.

An event is an action initiated by a user-defined trigger source; it is the causal arrangement of the following three elements: Trigger, Event Schedule, and Action.

Trigger

This is the cause or stimulus which defines when to trigger the video server. The trigger source can be configured to use the video server's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices. There are several choices of trigger sources as shown below. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options.

■ System boot

This option triggers the video server when the power to the video server is disconnected.

■ Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure a Motion Detection Window first. For more information, please refer to **Motion detection** on page 65 for details.



■ Camera tampering detection

This option allows the video server to trigger when the camera detects that is is being tampered with. To enable this function, you need to configure the Camera tampering detection option first. Please refer to page 67 for detailed information.



■ Video loss

This option triggers the video server when the transmitted media files are missing. Check to enable the trigger source.

– Trigger		
Source:	Video loss	
	Channel 1 Channel 2 Channel 3 Channel 4	
	Channel 5 Channel 6 Channel 7 Channel 8	

■ Video restore

This option triggers the video server when the camera starts to transmit video files.

■ Periodically

This option allows the video server to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. Up to 999 minutes are allowed.



■ Digital input

This option allows the video server to use an external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your application, there are many choices of digital input devices on the market which helps to detect changes in temperature, vibration, sound, and light, etc.



■ Recording notify

This option allows the video server to trigger when the recording disk is full or when recording starts to rewrite older data.

■ Manual trigger

This option allows user to enable event triggers manually by clicking the on/off button on the homepage. Please configure $1 \sim 3$ events before using this function.



Event Schedule

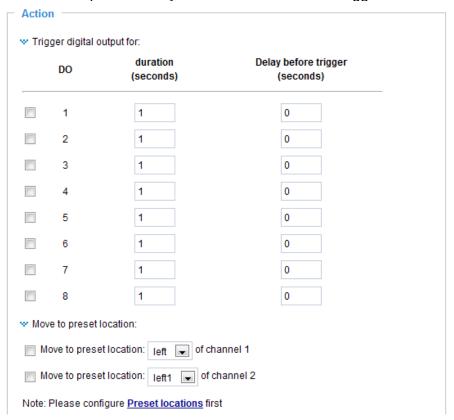
Specify the period for the event.



- Select the days of the week.
- Select the recording schedule in 24-hr time format.

Action

Define the actions to be performed by the video server when a trigger is activated.



- Trigger digital output for ☐ seconds Check the desired DO to turn on the external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length (seconds) of the trigger interval in the text box.
- Delay the trigger for

 seconds

 Check the desired DO to turn on the external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length (seconds) of the delay for the trigger after the event has been detected.
- Move to preset location Select this option, the Network Camera will move to the preset location when a trigger is activated. Please setup the preset locations first. You can setup more preset locations for each channel (Network Camera) by clicking on **Preset locations**. To know more details about preset locations settings please refer to page 69.

To set an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings so that the video server will know what action to take (such as which server to send the media files to) when a trigger is activated.

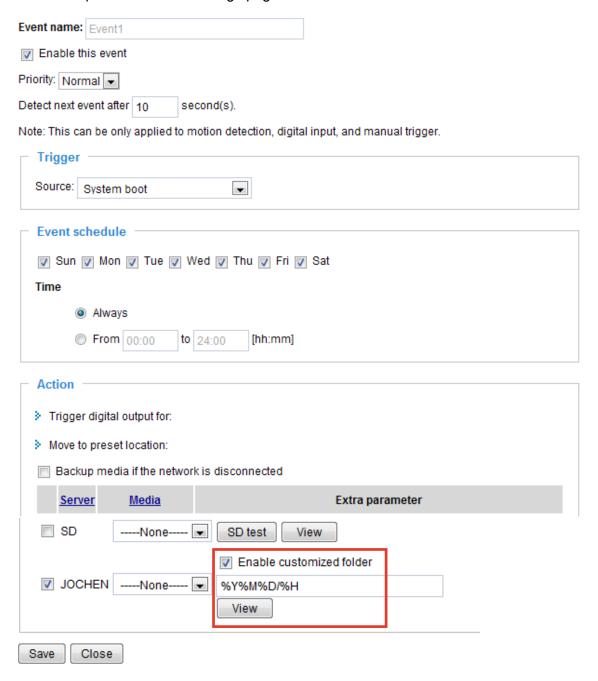
■ Server / Media

Click **Server** to configure Server settings. For more information, please refer to Server settings on page 85.

Click **Media** to configure Media settings. For more information, please refer to Media settings on page 88.



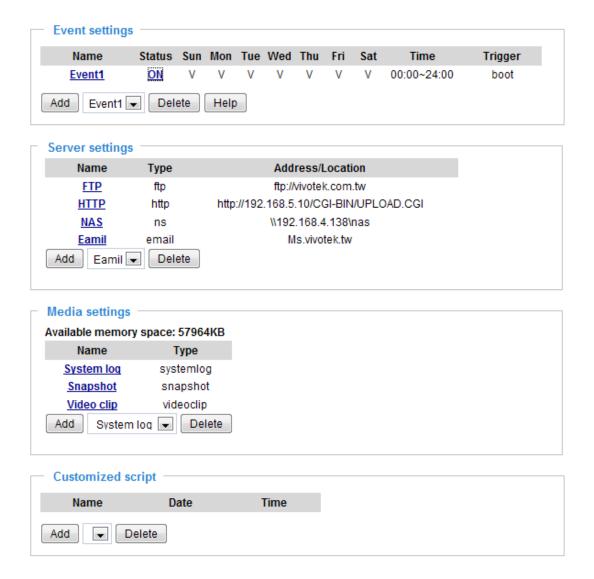
Here is an example of the Event settings page:



When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit Event Settings page. The new Event settings / Server settings / Media settings will appear in the event drop-down list on the Application page.

SD Test: If you have an SD card, click the button to test the availability. Your camera will display a message indicating a success or failure. If you want to use your SD card for local storage, please format it before use. Please refer to page 109 for more information.

Here is an example of the Application page with an event setting:



When the Event Status is **ON**, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the video server will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click \underline{ON} to turn it to \underline{OFF} status or click \underline{Delete} to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

Server settings

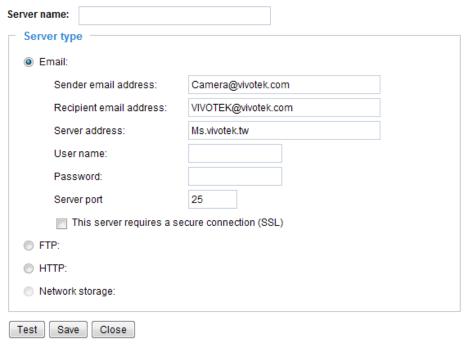
Click **Server** on Event Settings page to open the Server Setting page. On this page, you can specify where the notification messages are sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.

Server type

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Email: Select to send the media files via email when a trigger is activated.



- Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.
- Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.
- Server port: The default mail server port is set to 25. You can also manually set another port.

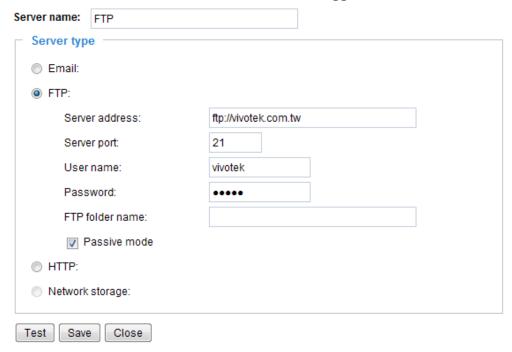
If your SMTP server requires a secure connection (SSL), check **This server requires a secure** connection (SSL).

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If successful, you will also receive an email indicating the result.



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

FTP: Select to send the media files to an FTP server when a trigger is activated.



- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port

 By default, the FTP server port is set to 21. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.
- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- FTP folder name Enter the folder where the media file will be placed. If the folder name does not exist, the video server will create one on the FTP server.
- Passive mode

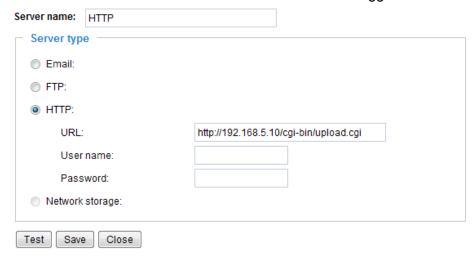
 Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as shown below. If successful, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

HTTP: Select to send the media files to an HTTP server when a trigger is activated.



- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

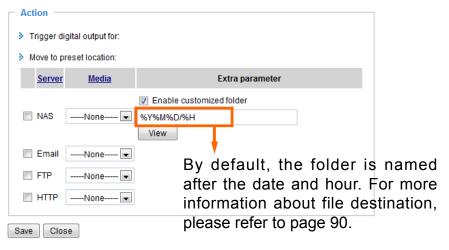
To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

When completed, the new server settings will automatically be displayed on the Event Settings page.

For example:





NOTE:

▶ By default, the folder is named after the date and hour; " %Y%M%D%H" refers to Year/
Month/Date/Hour. Your saved media files will be automatically classified in folders named
after the date and hour, if you keep the default setting. You may also create the customized
folder by any other desired name, but all media files will be saved in the same folder.

Media settings

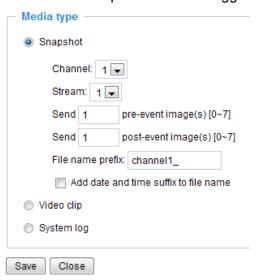
Click **Media** on the Event Settings page to open the Media Settings page. On this page, you can specify the type of media that will be sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured.

Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.

Media type

There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Snapshot: Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.



- Channel: Select to take snapshots from stream 1 ~ 4.
- Send ☐ pre-event images

The video server has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to capture before a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

■ Send □ post-event images

Enter a number to decide how many images to capture after a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to 7, a total of 15 images are generated after a trigger is activated.



■ File name prefix

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

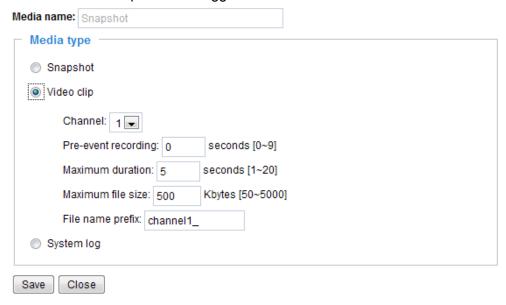
■ Add date and time suffix to the file name Select this option to add a date/time suffix to the file name.

For example:



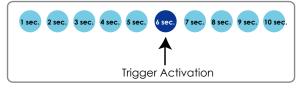
Click Save to enable the settings, then click Close to exit the page.

Video clip: Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.



- Channel: The video source. The stream source will be identical to the preset time shift caching stream. For more information about time shift caching stream, please refer to page 57.
- Pre-event recording

 The video server has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before a trigger is activated. Up to 9 seconds can be set.
- Maximum duration Specify the maximum recording duration in seconds. Up to 10 seconds can be set. For example, if pre-event recording is set to five seconds and the maximum duration is set to ten seconds, the video server continues to record for another 4 seconds after a trigger is activated.



- Maximum file size Specify the maximum file size allowed.
- File name prefix Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

For example:

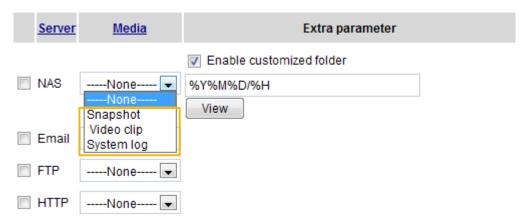


Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>System log</u>: Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated. Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit this page. The new media settings will appear on the Event settings page.

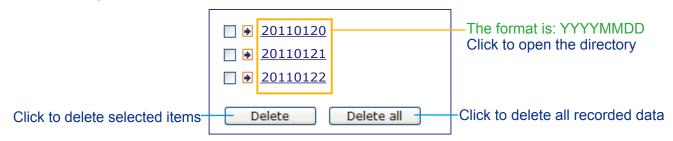
You can continue to select a server and media type for the event. Please go back to page 79 for detailed information.



- Enable customized folder: Create folders by date, time, and hour automatically: If you check this item, the system will generate folders automatically by date.
- View: Click this button to open a file list window. This function is only for **Network Storage (NAS)** and **SD/SDHC** card.

If you click the **View** button of Network storage, a **file directory window** will pop up for you to view recorded data on Network storage.

The following is an example of a file destination with video clips:



Click **20110120** to open the directory:

The format is: HH (24r)
Click to open the file list for that hour

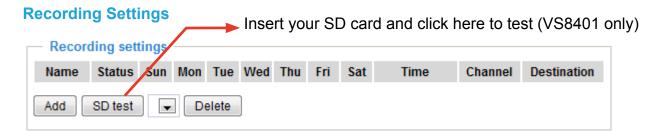
< 0	7 <u>08</u> <u>09</u>	<u>10</u> <u>11</u>	12 13 14 1	<u>5</u> <u>16</u> <u>17</u> ≥	
	file na	ime	size	date	time
	Recording1	58.mp4	2526004	2011/01/20	07 <mark>:</mark> 58:28
	Recording1	59.mp4	2563536	2011/01/20	07: <mark>59:</mark> 28
Delete Delete all Back					
Click to delete Click to go back to the previous selected items level of the directory			e previous		
Click to delete all recorded data					

< 07 <u>08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 ≥</u>				
file na	me	size	date	time
Recording 1	58 _{.mp4}	2526004	2011/01/20	07:58:28
Recording 1	59.mp4	2563536	2011/01/20	07:59:28
Delete all Back				

The format is: File name prefix + Minute (mm)
You can set up the file name prefix on Media Settings page.
Please refer to page 88 for detailed information.

Recording > Recording settings | Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Video Server.



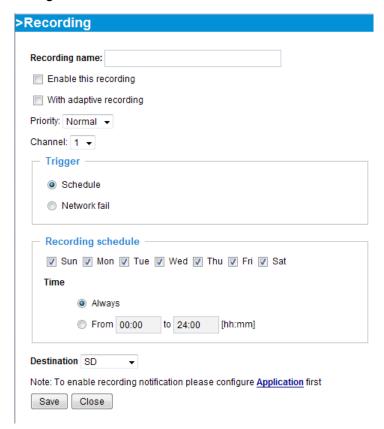


NOTE:

- Please remember to format your SD card when using it for the first time. Please refer to page 109 for detailed information.
- ► The SD card storage option is only available on the VS8401.

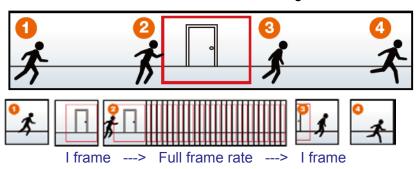
Recording Settings

Click **Add** to open the recording setting window. On this page, you can define the adaptive recording, recording sources, recording schedule, and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

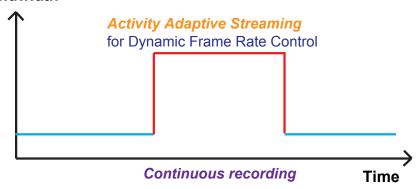


- Recording name: Enter a name for the recording setting.
- Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.
- With adaptive recording:
 Selecting this option will activate the frame rate control according to alarm trigger. The frame rate control means that when there is a triggered alarm, the frame rate will raise up to the value you've set on Stream setting page. Please refer to page 53 for more information.

If you enalbe the **adaptive recording** and enable time-shift cache stream on Camera A, only when an event takes place on Camera A will the server records the streaming data at the full frame rate. This methodology only requires transferring the Intra frame data during normal operation, and full-frame-rate videos in the occurrences of events, and thus saving users of network bandwidth and storage space.



Bandwidth



The alarm trigger includes: motion detection and DI dection. Please refer to Event settings on page 87.

- Pre-event recording and post-event recording:

 The Video Server has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before and after a trigger is activated.
- Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording (High, Normal, or Low). Recording with a higher priority setting will be executed first.
- Source: Select a stream as the recording source.



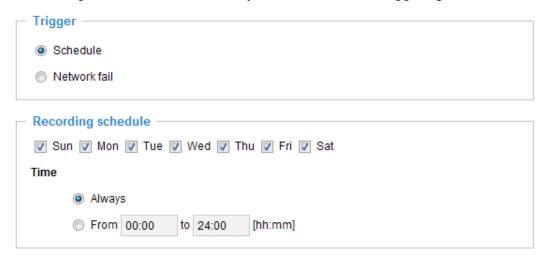
NOTE:

- ► To enable adaptive recording, please make sure you have setup the triggering sources such as Motion Detection, DI devices, or Manual Triggers.
- ► When there is no alarm trigger:
 - JPEG mode: records 1 frame per second.
 - H.264 mode: record one I frame only.
 - MPEG-4mation.
- ▶ When the I frame period is <1s on Video settings page, it should be forced to make the I frame period to 1s when adaptive recording is activated.
- ► To enable adaptive recording, please also enable time shift caching stream and select a caching stream on page 56, Audio and Video settings.
- ▶ To enable recording notification please configure Event Settings first. Please refer to page 79.

Please follow steps 1 to 2 below to set up a recording setting:

1. Trigger

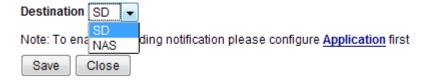
Select a triggering condition: For example, event triggers might not make sense in a place full of human traffic during the office hours. You may want to enable the triggering conditions during the night.



- Schedule: The server to start recording files onto local storage or networked storage (NAS).
- Network fail: Starts recording to the local storage (SD card) in the event of network failures.

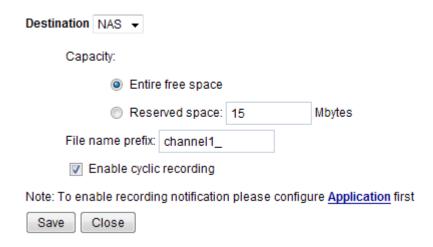
2. Destination

You can either select an SD card or a networked storage (NAS) to store the recorded videos.



To add a NAS server, move to the Application > Event > and Add Event setting page. Please note that only one NAS server can be configured as the recording destination.

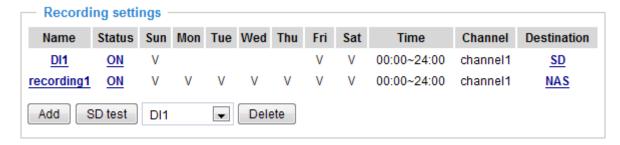
If you have selected a NAS server as the recording destination, you should configure the following options: Capacity, File name prefix, and Cyclic recording.



- Capacity: You can select either the entire storage space available or specify a reserved space. The recording size limit must be larger than the reserved space for cyclic recording. The reserved space is used for cyclic recording to prevent malfunctions that might occur during the transaction stage when the video feeds are about to fill up the storage space. This value must be larger than 15 MBytes.
- File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.
- Enable cyclic recording: If your check this item, when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest ones.

If you want to enable recording notification, please refer to **Event > Event Settings** on page 79 for more details.

When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit. When the system begins recording, it will send the recorded files to the networked storage or SD card. The new recording configuration will appear on the recording page as shown below. To move a configured setting, click on the **Delete** button.



Below are legends on the Recording Settings page:

Name: Click to open and edit an existing configuration.

ON (Status): Click to enable or disable the recording task.

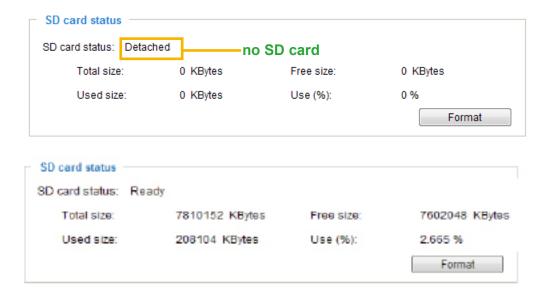
NAS or **SD**: Click to open the file list produced by the recording tasks. For more information about folder naming, please refer to page 90 for details. A file list window will prompt showing previously recorded files.

Local storage > SD card management (for VS8401 only)

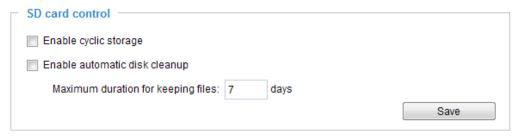
This section explains how to manage the local storage on the Network Camera. Here you can view SD card status, and implement SD card control.

SD card staus

This column shows the status and reserved space of your SD card. Please remember to format the SD card when using for the first time.



SD card control



- Enable cyclic storage: Check this item if you want to enable cyclic recording. When the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.
- Enable automatic disk cleanup: Check this item and enter the number of days you wish to retain a file. For example, if you enter "7 days", the recorded files will be stored on the SD card for 7 days.

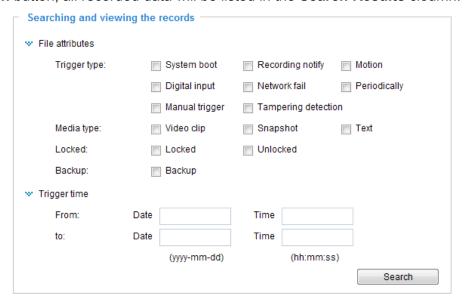
When all settings are completed, click **Save** to enable your settings.

Local storage > Content management

This section explains how to manage the content of recorded videos on the Network Camera. Here you can search and view the records and view the searched results.

Searching and Viewing the Records

This column allows the user to set up search criteria for recorded data. If you do not select any criteria and click **Search** button, all recorded data will be listed in the **Search Results** cloumn.

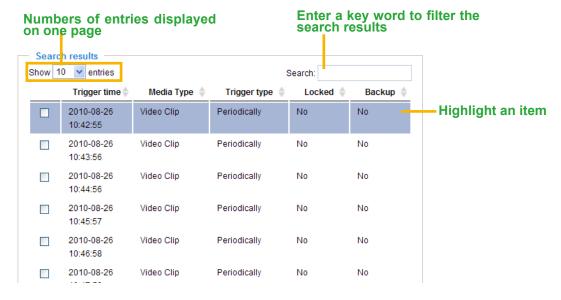


- File attributes: Select one or more items as your search criteria.
- Trigger time: Manually enter the time range you want to search.

Click **Search** and the recorded data corresponding to the search criteria will be listed in **Search Results** window.

Search Results

The following is an example of search results. There are four columns: Trigger time, Media type, Trigger type, and Locked. Click ϕ to sort the search results in either direction.



■ View: Click on a search result which will highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Click the **View** button and a media window will pop up to play back the selected file.

For example:

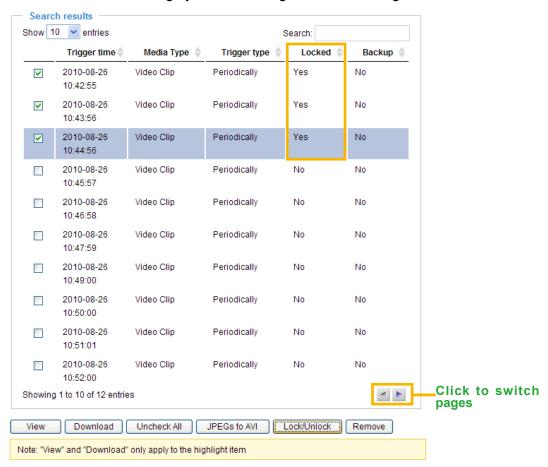


Click to adjust the image size

- Download: Click on a search result to highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Then click the **Download** button and a file download window will pop up for you to save the file.
- JPEGs to AVI: This functions only applies to "JPEG" format files such as snapshots. You can select several snapshots from the list, then click this button. Those snapshots will be converted into an AVI file.

■ Lock/Unlock: Select the desired search results, then click this button. The selected items will become Locked, which will not be deleted during cyclic recoroding. You can click again to unlock the selections.

For example:

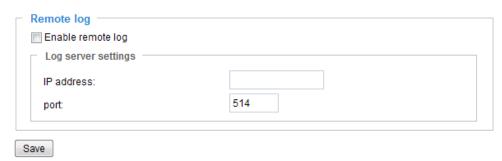


■ Remove: Select the desired search results, then click this button to delete the files.

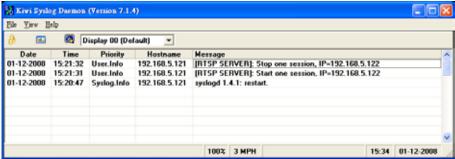
System log Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the video server to send the system log to the remote server as backup.

Remote log



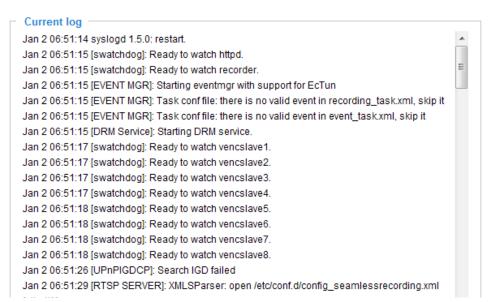
You can configure the video server to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested that the user install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the video server. An example is Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog.com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.



Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

- 1. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
- 2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
- 3. When completed, select **Enable remote log** and click **Save** to enable the setting.

Current log



This column displays the system log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the video server's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain limit.

View parameters Advanced Mode

The View Parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed on this page.

```
Parameter list
system hostname='VS zone1'
system ledoff='0'
system lowlight='1'
system date='2011/06/08'
system time='13:29:18'
system datetime=''
system ntp=''
system timezoneindex='320'
system daylight enable='0'
system_daylight_dstactualmode='1'
system daylight auto begintime='NONE'
system_daylight_auto_endtime='NONE'
system_daylight_timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,
system_updateinterval='0'
system info modelname='VS8401'
system_info_extendedmodelname='VS8401'
system_info_serialnumber='00ABCDABCDEF'
system_info_firmwareversion='VS8401-VVTK-0100b'
system_info_language_count='9'
system_info_language_i0='English'
system_info_language_i1='Deutsch'
system_info_language_i2='Español'
system_info_language_i3='FranASais'
system_info_language_i4='Italiano'
system_info_language_i6='PortuguÃas'
system_info_language_i7='简ä½"䏿-‡'
system_info_language_i8='ç¹é«"ä,æ-‡'
system_info_language_i9=''
system_info_language_i10=''
system_info_language_i11=''
system_info_language_i12=''
system_info_language_i13=''
```

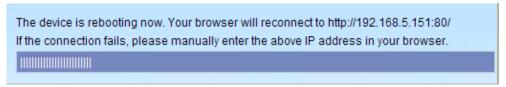
Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the video server to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

Reboot

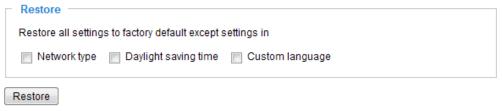


This feature allows you to reboot the video server, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will be displayed during the reboot process.



If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the video server in the address field to resume the connection.

Restore



This feature allows you to restore the video server to factory default settings.

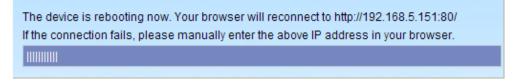
<u>Network type</u>: Select this option to retain the Network type settings (please refer to Network type on page 35).

<u>Daylight saving time</u>: Select this option to retain the Daylight saving time settings (please refer to System on page 26)

<u>Custom language</u>: Select this option to retain the Custom Language settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default.

The following message is displayed during the restoring process.



Export / Upload Files Advanced Mode

This feature allows you to Export / Upload daylight saving time rules, custom language files, and setting backup files.

Export files	
Exportinos	
Export daylight saving time configuration file	Export
Export language file	Export
Export setting backup file	Export
Upload files	
Update daylight saving time rules	Browse Upload
Update custom language file	Browse Upload
Upload setting backup file	Browse Upload

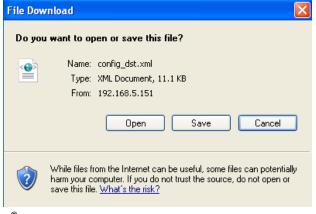
Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the start and end time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:

1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export the daylight saving time configuration file from the video server.

2. A file download dialog will pop up as shown below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to

store the file for editing.

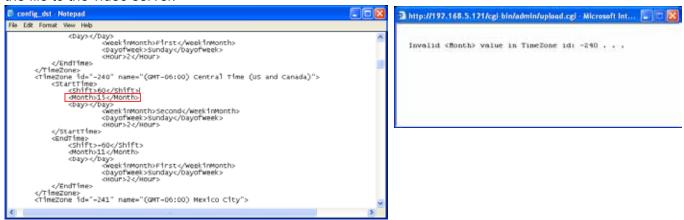


3. Open the file with Microsoft® Notepad and locate your time zone; set the start and end time of DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

Upload daylight saving time rule: Click **Browse...** and specify the XML file to upload.

If the incorrect date and time are assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the video server.



The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.



Export language file: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

<u>Upload custom language file</u>: Click **Browse...** and specify your own custom language file to upload.

Export setting backup file: Click to export all parameters for the device and user-defined scripts.

<u>Upload setting backup file</u>: Click **Browse...** to upload a setting backup file. Please note that the model and firmware version of the device should be the same as the setting backup file. If you have set up a fixed IP or other special settings for your device, it is not suggested to upload a settings backup file.

Upgrade firmware

Upgrade firmware
Select firmware file Browse
Upgrade

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware of your video server. It takes a few minutes to complete the process.

Note: Do not power off the video server during the upgrade!

Follow the steps below to upgrade the firmware:

- 1. Download the latest firmware file from the VIVOTEK website. The file is in .pkg file format.
- 2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
- 3. Click **Upgrade**. The video server starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

If the upgrade is successful, you will see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, reaccess the video server.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade has succeeded.

Reboot system now!!
This connection will close.

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

Starting firmware upgrade...

Do not power down the server during the upgrade. The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed.

This will take about 1 - 5 minutes.

Wrong PKG file format

Unpack fail

Appendix

URL Commands for the Network Camera/Video Server

1. Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Network Camera/Video Server can be easily integrated through URL syntax. This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

2. Style Convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text within angle brackets denotes content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets should also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example further down in the page.

URL syntax is denoted with the word "Syntax:" written in bold face followed by a box with the referenced syntax as shown below. For example, name of the server is written as <servername> and is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "Return:" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data is returned in HTTP format, i.e., each line is separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example**:" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

3. General CGI URL Syntax and Parameters

When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, these parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in functionally-related directories under the egi-bin directory. The file extension .egi is required. Syntax:

```
http://<servername>lcgi-bin/<subdir>[/<subdir>...]/<cgi>.<ent>
[?<panameter>==<value>[dc<panameter>===value>_]]
```

Example: Set digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

4. Security Level

SECURITY	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
LEVEL		
0	апопупина	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera.
	dido, cametri	2. Can control DI/DO, PTZ of the camera.
4 [operator]	anonymus, viewer,	Operator access rights can modify most of the camera's
	dido, cametri, operator	parameters except some privileges and network
		options.
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer,	Administrator access rights can fully control the
	dido, cametri, operator,	camera's operations.
	admin	
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any
		external interfaces.

5. Get Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/accoymons/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[dc<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[dc<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operates/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[dc<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/accoin/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[dc<parameter>...]
```

Where the creamster> should be <group>[_<nams>]. If you do not specify any parameters, all
the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only <group>, the parameters of the
related group will be returned.

When querying parameter values, the current parameter values are returned.

A successful control request returns parameter pairs as follows:

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OKv\n
Content-Type: text/html/v\n
Context-Length: <length>\r\n
\r\n
<parameter pair>
```

```
where cparameter pair> is
cparameter>=cvalue>\r\n
[cparameter pair>]
```

dength> is the actual length of content.

Example: Request IP address and its response

Request:

http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n

\r\n

network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

6. Set Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/aconymons/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[dr<parameter>==value>...][dreturn==return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <parameter>==value>
[dr<parameter>==value>...][dreturn==return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operatus/setparam.cgi? <parameter>==<value>
[dr<parameter>==value>...][dreturn==return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <parameter>==<value>
[dr<parameter>==value>...][dreturn==return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
< <u>ktomb</u> >_< same >	value to assigned	Assign <value> to the parameter <group>_<name>.</name></group></value>
return	<reinn page=""></reinn>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is
		assigned. The <rehra page=""> can be a full URL path or</rehra>
		relative path according to the current path. If you coult this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.
		(Note: The return page can be a general HTML file
		(.htm, .html). It cannot be a CGI command or have any
		extra parameters. This parameter must be placed at the end
		of the parameter list

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OKv/a

Content-Type: text/htmfv\n Context-Length: <lengtb>\r\n

\u-\u

parameter pair>

where parameter pair> is

cparameter>=<value>\r\n

[parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and are readable will be returned.

Example: Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123:

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n

\r\n

network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

7. Available parameters on the server

This chapter defines all the parameters which can be configured or retrieved from VIVOTEK network camera or video server. The general format of description is listed in the table below Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION
श्रामष्ट्र[<1>]	Text strings shorter than 'n' characters. The characters ",', <,>,& are
	invalid.
string[n-m]	Text strings longer than 'n' characters and shorter than 'm' characters.
	The characters ",", <,>,& are invalid.
passward[<n>]</n>	The same as string but displays *** instead.
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31}-1)$ and $(2^{31}-1)$.
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32}-1)$.
du⊳ di>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'.
domain name[<n>]</n>	A string limited to a domain name shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	www.ibm.com).
email address [<n>]</n>	A string limited to an email address shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	joe@www.ihm.com).
ip address	A string limited to an IP address (eg. 192.168.1.1).
mac address	A string limited to contain a MAC address without hyphens or colons.
boolean	A boolean value of 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False],
	[Enable or Disable].
<pre><value1>,</value1></pre>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.
<pre><value2>,</value2></pre>	
<pre><value3>,</value3></pre>	
blank	A blank string
everything inside <>	A description
integer primary key	SQLite data type. A 32-bit signed integer. The value is assigned a unique
	integer by the server
text	SQLite data type. The value is a text string, stored using the database
	encoding (UTF-8, UTF-16BE or UTF-16-LE).
condinate	х, у сониdinate (eg. 0,0)
window size	window width and height (eg. 800x600)

NOTE: The camera should not be restarted when parameters are changed.

7.1 System

Group: system.

споир. зумен.				
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
hostuame.	string[40]	"Video Server"	1/6	Host name of server (Network Camera,
				Wireless Network Camera,
				Video Server,
				Wireless Video Server).
ledoff	<hodesn></hodesn>	0	6/6	Turn on (0) or tern off (1) all
				led indirators.
date	<yyyy <="" mm="" td=""><td><current date=""></current></td><td>6/6</td><td>Correst date of system. Set to</td></yyyy>	<current date=""></current>	6/6	Correst date of system. Set to
	DD>,			"keep" to keep date
	keep,			unchanged. Set to 'auto' to
	andro			was NTP to synchronize date.
time	<hh></hh> h::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	<pre><rurent time=""></rurent></pre>	6/6	Current time of the system.
	keep,			Set to "keep" to keep time
	andro			wachinged. Set to 'auto' to
				was NTP to synchronize time.
datetime	<mmddhhm< td=""><td><nument time=""></nument></td><td>6/6</td><td>Another current time fixmat</td></mmddhhm<>	<nument time=""></nument>	6/6	Another current time fixmat
	mYYYY.ss>			of the system.
щр	<denzin< td=""><td><hlark></hlark></td><td>6/6</td><td>NTP server</td></denzin<>	<hlark></hlark>	6/6	NTP server
	name>,			*Do not use "skip to invoke
	<ip>addres>,</ip>			default server" for default
	 blank>			value.
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	0	6/6	Indicate timescare and area.
				-480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetck,
				Kwajalein
				-440: GMT-11:00 Midway
				Island, Samoa
				-400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii
				-360: GMT-09:00 Alaska
				-320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas,
				San_Francisco,
				Vancouver
				-280: GMT-07:00 Mountain
				Time, Denser
				-281: GMT-07:00 Arizona

		-240: GMT-06:00 Central
		America, Central Time,
		Mexico City, Sækatchewan
		-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern
		Tone, New York, Toronto
		-201: GMT-05:00 Bogota,
		Lima, Quito, Indiana
		-180: GMT-04:30 Caracas
		-160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic
		Time, Canada, La Paz,
		Santingo
		-140: GMT-03:30
		Newfoundland
		-120: GMT-03:00 Branilia,
		Buence Aires,
		Georgetown, Greenland
		-80: GMT-02:00
		Mid-Atlantie
		-40: GMT-01:00 Azznes,
		Cape_Verde_IS.
		0: GMT Casablanca,
		Greenwich Mean Time:
		Duhlin,
		Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
		40: GMT 01:00 Ameterdam,
		Berlin, Rume, Stockholm,
		Vienna, Madrid, Paris
		41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw,
		Budapert, Bern
		80: GMT 02:00 Athens,
		Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga
		81: GMT 02:00 Caim
		82: GMT 02:00 Lebanou,
		Minek
		83: GMT 02:00 Israel
		120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad,
		Kawait, Riyadh, Mosxow, St.
		Petersburg Nairohi
		121: GMT 03:00 Iraq
		140: GMT 03:30 Tehran

		ı	T	[
				160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhahi,
				Moseat, Bako,
				Talini, Yerevan
				180: GMT 04:30 Kabul
				200: GMT 05:00
				Eksterisburg, Islamabad,
				Kararhi, Tashkent
				220: GMT 05:30 Calentia,
				Chennai, Mambai, New
				Delki
				230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu
				240: GMT 06:00 Almaty,
				Novosbirsk, Astana, Dhaka,
				Sri Jayawardenepura
				260: GMT 06:30 Ranguan
				280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok,
				Hanoi, Jakanta, Krænoyarsk
				120: GMT 08:00 Beijing.
				Changging Hong Kong
				Kuala Lumpur, Singapore,
				Taipei
				360: GMT 09:00 Osaka,
				Sappero, Tokyu, Senul,
				Yakutak
				380: GMT 09:30 Arlebide,
				Darwin
				400: GMT 10:00 Brishane,
				Canberra, Melbourne,
				Sydney, Gram, Vladivostok
				440: GMT 11:00 Magadan,
				Solomon Is., New Caledonia
				480: GMT 12:00 Anekland,
				Wellington, Fiji, Kamehatka,
				Marshall Is.
				520: GMT 13:00 Nolou'alota
daylight_enable	 boolean>	0	6/6	Enable automatic daylight
				saving time in time zone.
daylight_auto_begi	string[19]	NONE	6/7	Display the current daylight
ntime				saving start time.
daylight_auto_endii	string[19]	NONE	6/7	Display the current daylight

me				saving end time.
daylight_timezas=	string	,-360,-320,	6/6	List time zone index which
		-280,-240,		support daylight saving time.
		-241,-200,		
		-201,-160,		
		-140,-120,		
		-80,-40,0,		
		40,41,80,		
		B1,B2,83,		
		120,140,		
		380,400,480		
updateinterval	O,	0	6/6	O to Disable automatic time
	3600,			adjustment, otherwise, it
	86400,			indicates the seconds
	604800,			between NTP automatic
	2592000			apdate intervals.
restore	0,	N/A	7/6	Restore the system.
	<pre><pre>cproitive</pre></pre>			parameters to default values
	integer>			after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0,	N/A	7/6	Restart the server after
	<pre><pre>cproitive</pre></pre>			<value> seconds if <value></value></value>
	integer>			is non-negative.
restauresceptnet.	<any value=""></any>	N/A	7/6	Resture the system
				parameters to default values
				except (ipaidress, subset,
				router, dual, dua2, pppoe).
				This command can enoperate
				with other
				"nesture-resptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to the default value
				except for a union of the
				combined results.
restoressceptifet	<any value=""></any>	N/A	7/6	Resture the system
				parameters to default values
				except all daylight saving
				time settings.
				This command can enoperate

				with other
				"restones coeptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				nestered to default values
				except for a minor of
				combined results.
restorescepting	<any value=""></any>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
				parameters to default values
				except the custom language
				file the user has uploaded.
				This command can enoperate
				with other
				"restancesceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to the default value
				except for a union of the
				combined results.

7.1.1 system.info

Subgroup of system: info (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
modeluame	string[40]	VS8401	0/7	Internal model name of the
				server (e.g. IP7139)
extendedmodelname	string[40]	VS8401	0/7	ODM specific model name of
				server (e.g. DCS-5610). If it is
				not an ODM model, this field
				will be equal to "modelname"
serialnumber	्याकः	<pre>quoduct</pre>	0/7	12 characters MAC address
	address>	mac.		(without hyphens).
		address>		
finner repealm	string[40]		0/7	Firmware version, including
				model, company, and version
				number in the format

				<model-brand-versio N></model-brand-versio
language_count	<integer></integer>	9	0/7	Number of webpage languages available on the server.
banguage_i<0-(count-1)>	string[16]	English, Dentsch, Español, Français, Italiane, 日本語, Pertuguès, 首体中文。 繁整中文	G /7	Available language lists.
ensimilarguage maximit	Sinteger?	0	0/6	Maximum number of custom languages supported on the nerver. Number of custom languages
Cleanina guage_count	- American			which have been uploaded to the server.
costombarguage_i<0-{max count-1}>	string	NA	0/6	Custom language name.

7.2 Status

Group: status

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
nignal_c<0-(nvideoin-1)>	<boolsm></boolsm>	0	1/7	0⇒ No signal.
				l⇒ Signal detected.
videamode_c<0-(nvideain-1)>	ntse,	ntsc	1/7	Video modulation type
	pal			
di_i<0-(ndi-1)>	 boolesm>	0	1/7	0 ⇒ Inactive, normal
				l ⇒ Active, triggered
				(capability.ndi > 0)
do_i< 0-(ndo- 1)>	 boolesm>	0	1/7	0 ⇒ Inactive, normal
				l ⇒ Active, triggered
				(capability.ndo > 0)
colineaso_rtsp	integer	0	6/7	Current number of RTSP
				emmediam.
culineram_httppseh	integra	0	6/7	Couvent number of HTTP

				push server connections.
eth_i0	<string></string>	<hbody></hbody>	1/7	Get network information
				from mii-toal.
vi_i< 0-(mvi-l)>	 boolesm>	0	1/7	Virtual input
				0 ⇒ Inactive
] ⇒ Active
				(capability.nvi > 0)

7.3 Digital input behavior define

Group: di_i<0-(adi-1)> (capability.ndi > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
normalsiale.	high,	high	И	Indicates open circuit or
	low			closed circuit (inactive
				states)

7.4 Digital output behavior define

Group: do i=0-(ade-1)> (capability ndo > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
normalsiais.	open,	open	1/1	Indicate open circuit or
	grounded			closed circuit (martive
			l	status)

7.5 Security

Group: security

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
privilege_do	view, operator,	geralar	6/6	Indicate which privileges and
	admin			above can control digital
				culput
				(capability.ado > 0)
privilege_cametrl	view, operator,	View	6/6	Indicate which privileges and
	admin			above can control PTZ
				(expobility ptercobled > 0 or
				capability.eptz > 0)
nser_i0_name	string[64]	roet	6/7	User name of mot

11928_j<1-20>_11200e	string[64]	 delando	6/7	User name
user_i0_pass	paesward[64]	 delamic>	6/6	Root personal
11587_j<1-20>_pass	panward[64]	 delande>	7/6	User password
usar_i0_privilege	viewe,	admin	6/7	Root privilege
	operator,			
	admin.			
nser_i<1-20>_	viewer,	 dolamic>	6/6	User privilege
privilege	operator,			
	admin.			

7.6 Network

Group: network

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
THEFT	VALUE	DLINGLI		Description
			(get/set)	
broken cen	-positive	NULL	7/6	An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately
	integra>			as follows:
				Bit 0 ⇒ HTTP service,
				Bit 1⇒ HTTPS service;
				Bit 2⇒ PTP service;
				Bit 3 => Two way audio and RTSP Streaming
				service;
				To stop service before changing its port
				settings. It's recommended to set this
				parameter when change a service port to the
				port occupied by another service correstly.
				Otherwise, the service may fail.
				Stopped service will auto-start after changing
				part settings.
				Exc
				Change HTTP post from 80 to 5556, and
				change RTP port for video from 5556 to 20480.
				Then, set preprocess=9 to stop both service
				fest.
				"/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?
				network_preprocess=9&network_http_port=55
				56& network_stp_videsquat=20480**
type	ban,	Lam	6/6	Network connection type.
	bibos			

restip	 boolesm>]	6/6	1 ⇒ Get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2
				from DHCP server at next rebout.
				0⇒ Use preset ipaddress, subnet, counter,
				dos 1, and dos 2.
ipaddress	Сфр	192.168.0.9	6/6	IP address of server.
	aldres>	9		
submet	Сф	 damic>	6/6	Sobret mark
	aldres>			
runter	Сфр	dank>	6/6	Default gateway.
	aldres>			
donal	Сфр	dalanko	6/6	Primary DNS server.
	aldres>			
dm2	Сф	dalank>	6/6	Secondary DNS server.
	aldres>			
winsl	<ip>óp</ip>	dalank>	6/6	Primary WINS server.
	aldress>			
wins2	α i p	dank>	5/6	Secondary WINS server.
	aldres>			

7.6.1 802.1x

Subgroup of network: ieee8021x (capability protocol ieee8021x > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<hookan></hookan>	0	6/6	Enable/disable IEEE 802.1x
expusehod	eap-peap,	eab-licali	6/6	Selected EAP method
	esap-tis			
identity_peap	String[64]	<hbody< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>PEAP identity</td></hbody<>	6/6	PEAP identity
identity_tls	String[64]	<hbak></hbak>	6/6	TLS identity
personal	String[254]	<hbody< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Paesword for TLS</td></hbody<>	6/6	Paesword for TLS
privatekeypassword	String[254]	<hbody></hbody>	6/6	Password for PEAP
ca_exist	<hookan></hookan>	0	6/6	CA installed flag
ca_time	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	CA installed time. Represented
				in EPOCH
[2]_Size	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	CA file size (in bytes)
certificate_exist	 houkan>	0	6/6	Certificate installed flag (for
				TLS)
certificate_time	<integer></integer>	0	67	Certificate installed time.
				Represented in EPOCH

certificate_size	<integer></integer>	0	6 /7	Certificate file size (in bytes)
privatekey_exist	<huolean></huolean>	0	6/6	Private key installed flag (fin
				TLS)
privatekey_time	ंतिस्तुम:>	0	6/7	Private key installed time.
				Represented in EPOCH
privatekey_size	ंतिस्तुवः	0	6/7	Private key file size (in bytes)

7.6.2 QOS

Subgroup of network: qos_cos (capability protocol.qos.cos > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	 boolesm>	0	6/6	Enable/disable CoS (IEEE 802.1p)
vlamid	1-4095	1	6/6	VLAN ID
video	0-7	0	6/6	Video channel for CoS
andio	0-7	0	6/6	Andio channel for CoS
				(capability nandio > 0)
eventalarm.	0-7	0	6/6	Event/alarm channel for CoS
management	0-7	0	6/6	Management channel for CoS
eventionnel	0-7	0	6/6	Event/Control channel for CoS

Subgroup of network: qos_dscp (capability.protocol.qos.dscp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	 boolesn>	0	6/6	Enable/disable DSCP
video	0-63	0	6/6	Vuleo channel for DSCP
andio	0-63	0	6/6	Audio channel for DSCP
				(capability nandio > 0)
eventalarm.	0-63	0	6/6	Event/alarm channel for DSCP
management	0-63	0	6/6	Management channel for DSCP
eventionnel	0-63	0	6/6	Event/Control channel for DSCP

7.6.3 IPV6

Subgroup of network: ipv6 (capability.protocol.ipv6 > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	 hoolean>	0	6/6	Enable IPv6.
addonipadduses	<ip>dip address></ip>	<hbody></hbody>	6/6	IPv6 IP address.

aldagavlisles	0-128	6 4	6/6	Pré prefix length.
addomenter	<ip>address></ip>	<hbody></hbody>	6/6	IPv6 router address.
addondna	<ip>address></ip>	<hbody></hbody>	6/6	IPv6 DNS address.
allowoptimal	<hoolean></hoolean>	0	6/6	Allow manually setup of IP
				address setting.

7.6.4 FTP

Subgroup of network: fip

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	21, 1025-65535	21	6/6	Local flp server port.

7.6.5 HTTP

Subgroup of network: http

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	50 , 1025 ~	RO	6/6	HTTP pert.
	65535			
alternateport	1025-65535	BOBO	6/6	Alternate HTTP post.
authmode.	bæie,	bæie	1/6	HTTP authentication mode.
	digest			
anonymousviewing	 doolsm>	0	1/6	Enable annymous streaming
				viewing.

Subgroup of network: http_c<0-(n-1)> for n channel products and c is channel count[1-n]

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
s0_астение	string[32]	"video.mjpg"	1/6	HTTP server push ærress name
		foerc=1.		fur channel c stream 1.
		"video2 mjpg"		(capability_protocol_speek_mipe
		forc=2.		g=l and
		°gqim.Eosbiv°		capability.nmediastream > 0)
		for c = 3, and so		
		on.		
sl_accessione	string[32]	"video l-2 mjpg	1/6	HTTP saver push access name
		™foore=1.		fur channel c stown 2.
		°video2-2.mjpg		(capability_protocol_speeb_mjpe
		" for c=2, and		g=l and

Γ		90 CM.	canability amedizatesm > 1)
- 1	l .		

For compatibility, network_http_s<0-(t-1)>_accessname are reserved, t = n*m for n channel products, and m is stream number per channel.

Besides, we map the first stream of each channel: network_http_c<0-(n-1)>_s0_accessname to network_http_s<0-(n-1)>_accessname and map the second stream of each channel: network_http_c<0-(n-1)>_s1_accessname to network_http_s<n-(n+2-1)>_accessname and so on.

Take VS8401 as an example, channel 1 stream 1: network_http_c0_s0_accessname is mapped to network_http_c0_accessname and channel 1 stream 2: network_http_c0_s1_accessname is mapped to network_http_s0_accessname.

7.6.6 HTTPS port

Subgroup of network: https://port/(capability.protocol.https > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	443, 1025 ~	443	6/6	HITPS port.
	65535			

7.6.7 RTSP

Subgroup of network: risp (capability protocol risp > 0)

	1 1 11			
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 -	554	1/6	RTSP port.
	65535			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
anonymousviewing	<pre>choolean></pre>	0	1/6	Enable annymous streaming
				viewing.
authmode	disable,	disable	1/6	RTSP authentication mode.
	haric,			(capability protocol resp=1)
	digest			

Subgroup of network: rtsp_c<0-(n-1)> for a channel products and c is channel count[1-n] (capability.protocol.rtsp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
s0_астениале	string[32]	"qive sdp"	1/6	RTSP acress name for channel
		forc=1.		c stream l.

^{*}Note: We can get u by (capability avideoin), and get m by (capability amediastream).

		"live2 sdp"		(equability protocol rtsp=1 and
		£ax c = 2.		capability.mediantesm > 0)
		"live1.sdp"		
		£ π c = 3,		
		मार्थ का का		
sl_accessane	string[32]	"livel-2.sdp"	1/6	RTSP access name for channel
		Enc∈1.		c stream 2.
		"live2-2 sdp"		(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
		£x c = 2,		capability.umediantusum > 1)
		मर्थ का can.		

For compatibility, network_rtsp_s<0-(t-1)>_accessname are reserved, t = n*m for n channel products, and m is stream number per channel.

Besides, we map the first stream of each channel: network_rtsp_c<0-(n-1)>_s0_accessname to network_rtsp_s<0-(n-1)>_accessname and map the second stream of each channel: network_rtsp_c<0-(n-1)>_s1_accessname to network_rtsp_s<n-(n*2-1)>_accessname and so on.

Take VS8401 as an example, channel 1 stream 1: network_rtsp_c0_s0_accessname is mapped to network_rtsp_s0_accessname and channel 1 stream 2: network_rtsp_c0_s1_accessname is mapped to network_rtsp_s4_accessname.

7.6.7.1 RTSP analticast

Subgroup of network_rtsp_c<0-(n-1)>_s<0-(m-1)>_multicast for n channel products, and m is stream number per channel, c is channel count[1-n], s is stream count[1-m]

(capability_protocol_rtp_multicast > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
		_	-	77 . 77
al-ayson timet	 booksm>	0	4/4	Enable always multicast.
ipaddress	<ip>oip address></ip>	For stream 1 of all	4/4	Multicast IP address.
		channels:		
		239.128.1.99 for		
		channel I stream I.		
		239.128.1.100 fm		
		channe 2 stream 1, and		
		50 OEL		

^{*}Note: We can get n by (capability avideoin), and get m by (capability amediastream).

		For stream 2 of all		
		channels:		
		239.128.1.(99+n) for		
		channel 1 stream 2.		
		239.128.1.(100+n) for		
		channel 2 stream 2, and		
		50 OIL		
		For stream 3 of all		
		channels:		
		239.128.1.(99+n*2) for		
		channel 1 stream 3.		
		239.128.1.(100+a*2) for		
		channel 2 stream 3, and		
		50 OO.		
videoport	1025 - 65535	For stream 1 of all	4/4	Multicast video port.
		channels:		
		5560+(c-1)*4		
		For stream 2 of all		
		channels:		
		5560+a*4*(s-1)+(c-1)*4		
		And so on.		
adiquat	1025 - 65535	For stream 1 of all	4/4	Multicast andin port.
		channels:		(capability nandio > 0)
		5562+(c-1)*4		
		For stream 2 of all		
		channels:		
		5562+n*4+(c-1)*4		
		And so on.		
tfl	1~255	15	4/4	Matheast time to live
				value.
T .1.72		and it is multipart on	•	

For compatibility, network_rtsp_s=0-(t-1)>_multicast are reserved, t = n*m for n channel products, and m is stream number per channel.

Besides, we map the first stream of each channel: network_rtsp_c<0-(n-1)>_s0_multicast to network_rtsp_s<0-(n-1)>_multicast and map the second stream of each channel: network_rtsp_c<0-(n-1)>_s1_multicast to network_rtsp_s<n-(n+2-1)>_multicast and so on.

^{*}Note: We can get n by (capability nvidenin), and get m by (capability nmediastream).

Take VS8401 as an example, channel 1 stream 1 is mapped to network_rtsp_s0_multicast and channel 1 stream 2 is mapped to network_rtsp_s4_multicast.

7.6.8 SIP port

Subgroup of network: sip (capability protocol sip> 0)

port	1025 ~ 65535	5060	1/6	SIP port.
			(get/set)	
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION

7.6.9 RTP part

Subgroup of network: rtp

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
videoport	1025 - 65535	5556	6/6	Video channel port for RIP.
				(capability_motocol_stp_unicast=1)
andiopert	1025 - 65535	555B	6/6	Andio channel port for RTP.
1		l		(capability protocol rip unicart=1)

7.6.10 PPPoE

Subgroup of network: pppoe (capability.protocol.pppoe > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
11997	string[128]	<hbody></hbody>	6/6	PPPoE account wer name.
pass.	paesword[64]	 dank>	6/6	PPPoE account password.

7.7 Ipfilter for ONVIF

Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<hr/> duolem>	0	6/6	Enable access list
				filtering.
admin_enable	 heelen>	0	6/6	Enable administratur IP
				address.
admin_ip	String[44]	dalanko	6/6	Administratur IP
				aldrea.

maxismection	1–10	10	6/6	Maximum number of
				consument sharming
				connection(s).
type	0, 1	1	6/6	Infilter policy:
				0 ⇒ allow
				1 => deary
iprellist_i<0-9>	Single address:	 delanic>	6/6	IPv4 address list.
	<ip>address></ip>			
	Network			
	address: <ip< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th></ip<>			
	address /			
	network mask>			
	Range			
	address:≪atart.ip			
	address - end ip			
	address>			
ipv6list_i<0-9>	String[44]	 delamic>	6/6	IPv6 address list.

7.8 Video input setting per channel

Group: videoin_c<0-(n-1)> for a channel products, and m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
whitebalance	auto, manual	anto	4/4	"auto" indicates auto
	_			white habace.
				"manual" indicates keep
				convent value.
color	0, 1	1	4/4	0=>monochrome
				l ⇒ enker
flip	 boolesm>	0	4/4	Flip the image
minus	 boolean>	0	4/4	Minor the image.
plestatus	<integer></integer>	2	1/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit
				can be set separately as
				follows:
				Bit 0⇒ Support camera
				central function; O(not
				support), l(support)
				Bit l⇒ Balkin er
				external camera; O
				(external), l(built-in)

				Bit 2⇒ Support pan
				operation; O(not support),
				l(support)
				Bit 3⇒ Support tillt
				operation; 0(not support),
				l(support)
				Bit 4 ⇒ Support seem.
				operation, 0(not support),
				l(support)
				Bit 5⇒ Support focus
				operation; 0(not support),
				l(support)
text	string[16]	 delande>	1/4	Enclose exption.
impintlimestamp	 boolesm>	0	4/4	Overlay time stamp and
				enclase caption on video.
s<0-(m-1)>_endectype	mpeg4,	h264	1/4	Vuleo codec type.
	mjpeg,			
	h264			
s<0-(m-l)>_resolution	D1,	4CIF	1/4	Video resolution in
	4CIF,			pinels.
	CIF,			
	QCIF			
s<0-(m-1)>_ratioeurect	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/4	Change resolution to fit
				4:3 ratio.
				For PAL:
				D1/4CIP(720/704±576)
				-> (768x576)
				CIF(352x288)->(384x288
)
				For NTSC:
				D1/4CIF(720/704±480)
				-> (640x480)
				CIP(352x240)->(320x240
)
				ľ
s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_intraperi	250, 500, 1000,	1000	4/4	Intra frame period in
od	2000, 3000,	-		miliseconds.
	4000			
s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_raterunt	clac, vlu	vlx	4/4	clar, constant bitrate
rulmode	, 7	"	••	vbr, fix quality
tunika:				va, ix quality

	T	Ι_	T	I
s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_quant	0–5	3	4/4	Quality of video when
	99,			choosing vbr in
	100			"rateroutrolmode".
				0, 99,100 is the
				certamized manual input
				setting.
				1 = worst quality, 5 = best
				quality.
s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_qvalue	1-31	7	4/4	Manual video quality
				level input.
				(s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_qua
				nt = 0, 99)
				*Note: This is reserved
				for compatibility, and we
				recommend changing to
				1250
				"s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_ape
				uest".
s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_apercent	1-100	29	4/4	Set quality by percentage.
				1: Worst quality
				100: Best quality
				(s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_qua
				nt= 100)
s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_bitrate	1000-400000	51200	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when
' ' - ' - ' - '				choosing chr in
				"rateroutrolmode".
s<0-(m-1)>_mpeg4_maxfra	1-30	20	1/4	Set maximum frame rate.
me.				in far (for MPEG-4).
s<0-(m-1)> h264 intraperio	250, 500, 1000,	1000	4/4	Intra frame period in
d	2000, 3000,			milliseconds.
	4000			
s<0-(m-1)>_h264_rate:matro	cbs, vlu	vbr	4/4	clar, constant bitrate
lmode	-			vbr, fix quality
s<0-(m-1)> h264 quant	0-5,99,100	3	4/4	Quality of video when
		_		choosing vbr in
				"rateroutrolmode".
				0,99 and 100 is the
				centamized manual input
				setting.
				1 -
				1 = worst quality, 5 = best

				quality.
s<0-(m-1)> h264 qvalue	0-51	26	4/4	Manual video quality
' '				level input.
				(s<0-(m-1)> h264 quant
				=0,99)
				*Note: This is reserved
				for compatibility, and we
				recommend changing to
				1286
				"s<0-(m-1)>_h264_qpen:
				est".
s<0-(m-1)>_h264_apercent	1-100	45	4/4	Set quality by percentage.
				1: Worst quality
				100: Best quality
				(s<0-(m-1)>_h264_quant
				= 100)
s<0-(m-1)>_h264_bitrate	1000-4000000	512000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when
				choosing chr in
				"ratermatrolmode".
s<0-(m-1)>_h264_maxframe	1-30	20	1/4	Set maximum frame rate
				in fps (for 1/264).
s<0-(m-1)>_h264_profile	0-2	1	1/4	Indicate H264 profiles
				0: baseline
				1: main profile
				2: high profile
s<0-(m-1)>_mipeg_quant	0~5,99, 100	3	4/4	Quality of JPEG video.
				0,99 and 100 is the
				customized manual input
				selling.
				1 = worst quality, 5 = best.
				quality.
s<0-(m-1)>_mjpeg_qvalue	0-200	50	4/4	Manual video quality
				level input.
				(s<0-(m-1)>_mjpeg_qua
				nt=0,99)
				*Note: This is reserved
				for compatibility, we
				recommend changing to
				1250
				"s<0-(m-1)>_mijneg_qpe

				uent".
s<0-(m-1)>_mjpeg_upercent	1-100	49	4/4	Set quality by percentage.
				1: Worst quality
				100: Best quality
				(s<0-(m-1)>_mipeg_qua
				nt= 100)
s<0-(m-1)>_mjpeg_maxfram	1-30	20	1/4	Set maximum frame rate
e				in fps (for IPEG).

7.9 Image setting per channel

Group: image_c<0-(a-1)> for a channel products

	- 1,- 101 11 12 12 12	1		
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
brightness	-5 - 5, 100	100	4/4	Adjust brightness of image
				according to mode settings.
				100 means using
				"brightnesquercent".
				*Note: This is reserved for
				campatibility, and we recommend
				changing to use
				"brightnesquercent".
salaration.	-5 = 5, 100	100	4/4	Adjust saturation of image
				according to mode settings.
				100 means using
				"salvratinopercent".
				*Note: This is reserved for
				campatibility, and we recommend
				changing to use
				"salurationpercent".
contrast.	-5 - 5, 100	100	4/4	Adjust contrast of image
				according to mode settings.
				100 means using
				"contrastpercent".
				*Note: This is reserved for
				campatibility, and we recommend
				changing to use "contrastpensent".

	6 5 100	100	ara .	43' 41 6'-
sharpness	-5 - 5, 100	100	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image
				according to mode settings.
				100 means using
				" skajuespeceni ".
				*Note: This is neverved for
				campatibility, and we recommend
				changing to use
				"sharpnesspercent".
brightsempercent	0 ~ 100	50	4/4	Adjust brightness of image by
				peceriage.
				Darker 0 <> 100 Brighter
salurationprocest	0 ~ 100	50	4/4	Adjust saturation of image by
				percentage.
				Less 0 <>> 100 Move saturation
contrasipercent	0 ~ 100	50	4/4	Adjust contrast of image by
				percentage.
				Less 0 <> 100 More contrast.
skapaesparent	0~100	30	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image by
				percentage.
				Softer 0 <⇒ 100 Shæper
moffset	4-4	2	4/4	Change start point of input image
				in harizontal.
yoffset	4-4	2	4/4	Change start point of input image
				in vertical.
deinterlace_enable	 booksn>	1	4/4	Enable de-interluce
deinterlace_mode	adaptive,	adaptive	4/4	Adaptive: Detect moving area and
	blend			perform de-interlare on it. This
				mode leads to better image quality,
				but consumes more resource.
				Blend: Use blend method to
				perform de-interlare.
IBPE_edgeenable	 boolem>	0	4/4	Enable edge enhancement.
IBPE_edgestrength	1 ~ 12B	14	4/4	Adjust edge enhancement
				strength. I is minimum and 123 is.
				пежінин
IBPE_neoable	<pre>doculean></pre>	0	4/4	Enable noise reduction.
IBPE_nemode	1~3	1	4/4	Adjust noise reduction mode.
				l ⇒ DeGanesian
				2=> DeImpulse

				3=> DeGansian + DeImpulse
IBPE_nestrength	1~63	1	4/4	Adjust noise reduction strength. 1
				is minimum and 63 is maximum.

^{*}Note: Saving value between -5-+5 to "brightness" will save its corresponding value to

7.10 Audio input per channel

Group: audinia c<0-(a-1)> for n channel products (capability.audioin>0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
mute	0, 1	1	1/4	Enable andio mote.
gain	0~ 15	8	4/4	Gain of imput.
s0_g711_mode	perma,	решня	4/4	Set G711 mode.
	perso			

7.11 Time Shift settings

Group: timeshift, c for a channel products, m is stream number (capability.timeshift > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION			
			(get/set)				
enable	 boolesn>	0	4/4	Enable time shift streaming.			
c<0-(a-1)>_s<0-(boolesn>	0	4/4	Enable time shift streaming for			
m-l)>_allow				specific stream.			

7.12 Motion detection settings

Group: motion c<0-(n-1)> fax n channel product

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	 hookan>	0	4/4	Enable motion detection.
win_i<0~2>_enable	 honkan>	0	4/4	Enable motion window 1~3.
win_i<0-2>_name	string[40]	dalank>	4/4	Name of motion window 1-3.
win_i<0~2>_left	0 – 320	0	4/4	Left coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~2>_top	0-240	0	4/4	Top coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~2>_width	0 - 320	0	4/4	Width of motion detection

[&]quot;brightnessporent" automatically, and then the value of "brightness" will be set back to 100 to take effect.

Saving value to "saturation", "contrast", or "sharpness" has the same behavior.

				window.
win_i<0-2>_height	0-240	0	4/4	Height of motion detection
				window.
win_i<0~2>_objaize	0-100	0	4/4	Percent of motion detection
				window.
win_i<0-2>_sensitivity	0-100	0	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection
				window.

7.13 Tampering detection settings

Group: tampering c<0-(n-1)> for a channel product (capability tampering > 0)

				1 1 0 1
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	 booken>	0	4/4	Enable or disable tamper detection.
threshold	0~255	32	1/99	Threshold of tamper detection.
duration	10-600	10	4/4	If tampering value exceeds the 'threshold'
				for more than 'duration' second(s), then
				tamper detection is triggered.

7.14 DDNS

Group: Adas (capability.ddes > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULI		DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	 boolesn>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic
				DNS.
provider	Safe100,	DyndraDy	6/6	Safe100 ⇒ safe100 net
	DyndusDynamic,	namic		DyndusDynamic ⇒ dyndus cag
	DyndusCustom,			(dynamic)
	120 ,			DyndusCustom ⇒ dyndus.cag
	DHS,			(custom)
	DynInterfree,			1ZO ⇒ tzo.com
	CustomSafe100			DHS=> dbs.crg
				DynInterface =>dyn-interfree it
				CustomSafe100 ⇒
				Custom server using safe100
				mefled
<pre><pre>cprovides>_h</pre></pre>	string[128]	 dolarate>	6/6	Your DDNS hostname.
ostname				
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	string[64]	 dolarate>	6/6	Your user name or email to login

mamesmai)				to the DONS service provider
<pre><pre>cprovides>_pas</pre></pre>	string[64]	4) James	6/6	Your presword or key to login to
swardkey				the DDNS service provider.
<pre><pre><pre>cprovides>_ser</pre></pre></pre>	string[128]	 delando	6/6	The server name for safe100.
VERSIDE				(This field only exists if the
				provider is customente 100)

7.15 UPnP presentation

Group: apappresentation

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<hookan></hookan>	1	6/6	Enable or disable the UPnP
				presentation service.

7.16 UPnP port forwarding

Group: upapportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	 boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the UPnP port.
				forwarding service.
upopoalstatus.	0-3	0	6/7	The status of UPnP port
	1			forwarding, used internally.
	1			0 = OK, 1 = FAIL, 2 = m KGD
	1			router, 3 = no need for part.
	1			forwarding

7.17 Express link

Group:expresslink

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
state	anlytheck,	dalank>	6/6	"onlycheck" : You have to input
	anlyaffline,			the host name of your camera and
	checkunline,			presa "Register" button to register
	barbetwork			it.
				"onlyaffline" : Express link is
				active, you can now connect to
				this camera at expressible_ud.

				"checkunline" : Express link is not
				active.
				"bahatwuk" : Espaces Link is
				not supported under this network
				environment.
ші	string[64]	dalank>	6/6	The URL to connect to this
				camera by express link.

7.18 System log

Group: syslog

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enablesenutskog	 boolean>	0	6/6	Enable remote log.
seveip	<paddres></paddres>	dank>	6/6	Log server IP address.
serverport	514, 1025-65535	514	6/6	Server part weed for log.
level	0-7	6	6/6	Levels weed to distinguish
				the importance of the
				information:
				0: LOG_EMERG
				1: LOG_ALERT
				2: LOG_CRIT
				3: LOG_ERE
				4: LOG_WAKNING
				5: LOG_NOTICE
				6: LOG_INFO
				7: LOG_DEBUG

7.19 Carnera PTZ control

Group: caractel (capability.caractel httptunnel > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enablehtiptumel	 boolem>	0	4/4	Enable HTTP tunnel for
				ramera control.

Group: caractrl_c<0-(n-1)> for a channel product (capability.ptzenabled)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
pumpeed	-5∼5	0	1/4	Pan speed

tilisperi	-5~5	0	1/4	Tilt speed
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Zoam speed
focumpeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Anto focus speed
preset_i<0-(spreset-1)	string[40]	<hbank></hbank>	1/4	Name of the preset location.
>_name				
uart	0-(m-1), m	0	1/4	Select corresponding wart
	is UART			(capability.mart>0).
	count			
vameraid	0-255	1	1/4	Camera ID controlling external
				FIZ camera.
homelype	 boolesm>	0	1/4	The attribute defines whether
				the HOME command
				emulation is enabled.
				0: Use the preset position 0 as
				the home position
				1: Use HOME command (if
				the camera supports it.)
isptz	0-2	0	1/4	0: disable PTZ commands.
				1: eachle PTZ commands with
				PTZ driver.
				2: eachle PTZ commands with
				UART tunnel
disahlemdonptz	 doolesn>	0	1/4	Disable motion detection on
				PTZ operation.
patrolen	string[120]	<hbank></hbank>	1/4	(For external device)
				The indexes of patrol points,
				separated by ","
patroldwelling	string[160]	<hbody></hbody>	1/4	(For external device)
				The dwelling time of each
				patrol point, separated by ","
				ı

7.20 UART control

Group: wart (capability mart > 0)

—- 					
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION	
			(get/set)		
ptzikiwa _i<0–19,	string[40]	delando	1/4	Name of the PTZ driver.	
127>_name					
ptzikivers _i<0−19,	string[128]	 delando	1/4	Full path of the PTZ driver.	
127>_location					

enablehtiptminel	 boolesm>	0	4/4	Enable HTTP tunnel channel
				to control UART.

Group: wart_i<0-(u-1)> n is part port count (capability must > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
bandrate	110,300,600,120	9600	44	Set hand rate of COM port.
	0,2400,3600,480			
	0,7200,9600,192			
	00,38400,57600,			
	115200			
databit.	5,6,7,B	2	4/4	Data bits in a character
				frame.
parityhit	nme,	0006	4/4	For error checking.
	odd,			
	even			
stopbit.	1,2	1	4/4	1
				2-1.5 , data bit is 5
				2-2
nartmode	r=485,	rs485	4/4	RS485 nr RS232.
	rs232			
enstmidsemd_i<0-9	string[128]	 delando	1/4	PTZ command for custom
>				MATTER.
speedlink_i<0-15>_n	string[40]	 dolarelc>	1/4	Additional PTZ command
ame.				name.
speedlink_i<0-15>_c	string[40]	 delando	1/4	Additional PTZ command
md				liest.
ptakiver	0-19,	128	4/4	The PTZ driver is used by
	127 (custum),	(no driver)		this COM part.
	125 (no driver)			

7.21 SNMP

Group: samp (capability.samp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
v2	0-1	0	6/6	SNMP v2 enabled. O for disable,
				1 for enable
₹3	0-1	0	6/6	SNMP v3 enabled. 0 for disable,

				l for enable
sectament	string[31]	Private	6/6	Read/write security name
Securities	string[31]	Public.	6/6	Read only security name
adipwre	string[R~128]	 blank>	6/6	Read/write authentication password
anlipwo	string[6~128]	<hbody< th=""><th>6/6</th><th>Read only authentication. password</th></hbody<>	6/6	Read only authentication. password
aulityperw	MD5,SHA	MD5	6/6	Read/write authentication type
authtyperu	MD5,SHA	MD5	6/6	Read only authentication type
encrypipere	string[B~128]	<hbody< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Read/write password</td></hbody<>	6/6	Read/write password
encrypipero	string[B~128]	<hbox< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Read only password</td></hbox<>	6/6	Read only password
encryptlyperw	DES	<hbody></hbody>	6/6	Read/write encryption type
encryptiypero	DES	<hbody></hbody>	6/6	Read only encryption type
r wronna ity	string[31]	Private.	6/6	Read/write community
rocommunity	string[31]	Public.	6/6	Ready only community

7.22 Layout configuration

Group: layout

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURIT	DESCRIPTION
			Y	
			(get/set)	
logo_default	 boolesm>	1	1/6	0 ⇒ Custum logo
				l ⇒ Default logo
logo_link	string[40]	http://www.	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
		vivotek en		
		m .		
logo_powerbyvvtk_hidden	 boolean>	0	1/6	0 ⇒ display the power by
				vivotek logo
				l ⇒ hide the power by
				vivotek logo
theme_option	1-4	1	1/6	1-3: One of the default
				theme.
				4: Custum definition.
theme_color_funt	string[7]	# !!!!!	1/6	Fant color

theme_color_configiont	string[7]	# !!!!!	1/6	Feat color of configuration
				2002
theme_colm_titlefant	string[7]	#098686	1/6	Fant color of video title.
theme_color_controllackgroun.	string[7]	#565656	1/6	Background color of control
d				2062.
theme_color_confighackground	string[7]	#323232	1/6	Background color of
				configuration area.
theme_color_videobackground	string[7]	#565656	1/6	Background color of video
				area.
theme_color_case	string[7]	#323232	1/6	Frame color
costombutton_manualtrigger_s	 boolesm>	1	1/6	Show or hide manual trigger
how				(VI) button in homepage
				0-> Hidden
				1-> Verible

7.23 Privacy mask

Group: privacymask_c<0-(n-1)> for a channel product

	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<hookan></hookan>	0	4/4	Enable privacy mask.
win_i<0-4>_enable	<hoolean></hoolean>	0	4/4	Enable privacy mask window.
win_i<0-4>_name	string[14]	<hlark></hlark>	4/4	Name of the privacy mask
				window.
win_i<0-4>_left	0 - 320/352	0	4/4	Left condinate of window
				position.
win_i<0-4>_top	0 - 240/2RS	0	4/4	Top coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0-4>_width	0 - 320/352	0	4/4	Width of privacy mask window.
win_i<0-4>_height	0 - 240/288	0	4/4	Height of privacy mask
				window.

7.24 Capability

Group: capability

api_httpversion	0200a	0200 <u>a</u>	0/7	The HTTP API version.
			(get/set)	
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION

bootoptime	<pre><pre>cpreative</pre></pre>	60	0/7	Server bootsp time.
	integer>		-	
nir		0	0/7	Number of IR interfaces.
mr .	0,	ľ	" '	
	<pre><pre>cpreative</pre></pre>			(Recommend to use it for
	intege>			built-in IR and extir for
				extensel IR)
aju	O,	0	0/7	Number of PIRs.
	<pre><pre>cpositive</pre></pre>			
	integer>			
ndi	0,	4	0/7	Number of digital inputs.
	<pre>cpositive</pre>			
	integer>			
nvi	0,	4	0/7	Number of virtual inputs
	<pre><pre>cpositive</pre></pre>			(manual trigger)
	intege>			
ndo	0,	4	0/7	Number of digital outputs.
_	<pre><pre>cpreation</pre></pre>	l ·	l - ·	
	integer>			
nandisin	0,	4	0/7	Number of audio inputs
natura)	l -	•	' "'	Manner or small infert
	<pre><pre>cpositive</pre></pre>			
	integer>	l .	l	
nandicout.	0,	4	0/7	Number of audio outputs.
	<pre>cpositive</pre>			
	integes>			
avideoin.	<pre><pre>cpreative</pre></pre>	4	0/7	Number of video inputs.
	integer>			
avideoinprofile	<pre><pre>cpreative</pre></pre>	0	0/7	Number of video input
	integer>			profiles.
nnediastream	<pre><pre>cpesitive</pre></pre>	2	0/7	Number of media stream per
	integes>			channels.
nvideosetting	<pre><pre>cpositive</pre></pre>	1	0/7	Number of video settings per
	intege>	ļ -		channel
nandiesetting	<pre>cpositive</pre>	1	0/7	Number of audio settings per
	integer>	l [*]	-	channel.
<u> </u>		1	0/7	Number of UAKT interfaces.
nuart	O,	*	 " "	Manager of UALL INDICAS.
	<pre><pre>cpositive</pre></pre>			
	integer>	<u> </u>		
ametinquefile	0, <pre>chive</pre>	0	0/7	Number of motion profiles.
	intege>			

ptzenshled	0, <positive< th=""><th>129</th><th>0/7</th><th>An 32-bit integer, each bit can</th></positive<>	129	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each bit can
рилини	^ -	145	١٠,	I
	integer>			be set separately as follows:
				Hit 0 ⇒ Support camera
				control function;
				O(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 1 ⇒ Built-in or external
				camera,
				O(external), l(built-in)
				Hit 2=> Support pan
				operation, O(not support),
				l(support)
				Bit 3 => Support tilt operation,
				O(not support), 1(support)
				Hit 4 => Support zoum
				operation;
				O(not support), 1(support)
				Hit 5⇒ Support focus
				operation;
				O(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 6=> Support iris
				operation;
				O(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 7=> External or built-in
				PT; O(built-in), 1(external)
				Bit B=> Invalidate bit 1 ~ 7;
				O(bit 1 ~ 7 are valid),
				1(bit 1 ~ 7 are invalid)
				Bit 9⇒ Reserved bit;
				Invalidate lens pan, lens tilt,
				kna_zom, kna_focus,
				ka_iris.
				O(fields are valid),
				l(fields are invalid)
windowless	<huolean></huolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
		•	•	windowless plug-in.
eptz	0, <positive< th=""><th>0</th><th>0/7</th><th>A 32-bit integer, each hit can</th></positive<>	0	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each hit can
	integes>]	be set separately as follows:
				Bit 0=> stream 1 supports
				ePTZ or not.
				Bit 1 ⇒ stream 2 supports

	ı	Г	ı	eFTZ or not.
				The rest may be deduced by
_		_		analogy
kms_pan	0, <positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>0/7</td><td>A 32-bit integer, each bit can</td></positive<>	0	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can
	integer>			be set separately as follows:
				Hit 0 ⇒ Support pan.
				Hit 1 ⇒ Support pan in UL
				Bit 2=> External or built-in
				pan function; O(bnilt-in),
				l(external).
kens_tilt	0, <positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>0/7</td><td>A 32-bit integer, each bit can</td></positive<>	0	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can
	integes>			be set separately as follows:
				Hit 0 ⇒ Support tilt.
				Hit 1 ⇒ Support tilt in UI.
				Bit 2⇒ External or built-in
				tilt finetien; O(bailt-in),
				l(external).
kns_zoum	0, <positive< td=""><td>o</td><td>0/7</td><td>A 32-bit integer, each bit can</td></positive<>	o	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can
	integes>			be set separately as follows:
				Hit 0 ⇒ Support zoum
				Bit 1 ⇒ Support zoum in UI
				Bit 2⇒ External or built-in
				zoom finaction; O(built-in),
				l(extensi).
lens_focus	0, <positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>0/7</td><td>A 32-bit integer, each bit can</td></positive<>	0	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can
_	integes>			be set separately as follows:
	-			Hit 0 ⇒ Support fixers.
				Bit 1 ⇒ Support fixers in UL
				Bit 2=> External or built-in
				focus function; O(built-in),
				l(external).
				Bit 3 => Support auto focus in
				UL
kens_iris	0, <positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>0/7</td><td>A 32-bit integer, each bit can</td></positive<>	0	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can
-au_ua	integer>]	be set separately as follows:
				Bit 0⇒ Support iris.
				Bit 1 => Support inis in UL
				Bit 2=> External or build-in
				iris function; O(build-in),
				l(extensi).

	I	T	T	Bit 3 ⇒ Support auto iris in
		1		UL
		 	l	
opreset.	0, <positive< td=""><td>20</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of purset locations.</td></positive<>	20	0/7	Number of purset locations.
	integer>			
protocol_lattps	< boolean >	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				HTTP over SSL.
protocol_stap	< boolean >	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
		1		RTSP.
protocol sip	 hoolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
		1		SIP
protocol maximument	<pre><pre>cpusitive</pre></pre>	10	0/7	The maximum allowed
ion.	integer>	"	۱ <i>- ۱</i>	similarese conections.
	<u> </u>	10	0/7	
protocol_margement	qualitie	"	,	The maximum general
nection.	integer>	<u> </u>		shearing connections .
protocol_maxmegam	<pre><pre>cprofire</pre></pre>	0	0/7	The maximum megapixel
median	integer>			shoming connections.
protocol_stp_multica	 honkan>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
st_		1		scalable multicast.
scalable.		1		
protocol_stp_multica	 booken>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
st_		1		backelounel multicet
backrisannel		1		
protocol stp trp	 hoolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support.
		I -	l - ·	RTP over TCP.
protocol rip hitp	<huolean></huolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
broncor_ub_unh	< DEGREEATE P	l*	۱۳,	l
		 . 		RIP over HTTP.
protocol_sposh_mipe	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
g		<u> </u>		server punk MOPEG
protocol_samp	 boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				SNMP.
protocol_ipv6	 boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				IP•6.
protocol_pppoe	 boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
		1		PPP&E.
protocol ieee\$021x	 hoolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support.
		1	-	IFFESOZ 1x
	4.1.	 	007	
protocol_que_cue	<hr/> duolem>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
		 		CeS.
brotocol_dus_qazh	 boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
	<u> </u>	1	L	l .

				QoS/DSCP:
protocol_drins	 boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
		-	-'	DDNS.
videsin type	0,1,2	0	0/7	0 ⇒ Interlaced CCD
				1 ⇒ Progressive CCD
				2⇒CMOS
videsin_resolution	<a list="" of<="" th=""><th>QCIF,</th><th>0/7</th><th>Available resolutions list.</th>	QCIF,	0/7	Available resolutions list.
	available	CIF,		
	resolution	4CIF,		
	separated by	Dl		
	 			
videsin_maxliamerat	<a list="" of<="" th=""><th>30,</th><th>0/7</th><th>Available maximum frame list.</th>	30,	0/7	Available maximum frame list.
e	available	30,		
	maximum frame	30,		
	rate separated	30		
	by commas>			
videoin_codec	пред піред	пред4,	0/7	Available ender list
	h264	шіред,		
		h264		
timeshift	<hoolean></hoolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support.
				time shift eaching stream.
andio_aa-	 boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				assertic exho carcellation.
andio_extmic	<huolean></huolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support.
				external microphone input.
andio_linein	 boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				external line input.
				(It will be replaced by
				andio_mir and andio_extmic.)
andio_lineout	<hoolean></hoolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				line output.
andio_headphoneout	<huolean></huolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				headphone output.
andioin_codec	аас4, даше,	g711	0/7	Available ender list for andio
	g711			ingreat.
nant_httptomel	<huolean></huolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support.
				HTTP tunnel for UART
				क्रिक्डिंग.
cametr]_httptumel	<hoolean></hoolean>	1	0/7	The attribute indicates whether

				sending camera control
				commands through HTTP
				ternel is supported.
				0: Not supported
				1: Supported
cametd_privilege	<hoolean></hoolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support.
				"Manage Privilege" of PTZ
				control in the Security page.
				1: support both
				/egi-bin/eametrl/eametrl.egi
				and
				/egi-bin/viewe/cametd.egi
				O: support only
				/cgi-bin/viewe/canctrl.cgi
transmission mode	Tx,	Τx	0/7	Indicate transmission mode of
	Rx.		l	the markine: TX = server, Rx
	Both			= receiver box, Both = DVR.
network wire	 booken>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
PETMOCE MILE	- Ionnean		` "'	Ethernet
network wireless	 honkan>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
BEIWOOK_WINNESS	<0000EAU>	ľ	l‴′	wielen.
		 		
derivative_brand	 honken>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support the
				upgrade function for the
				derivative brand. For example,
				if the value is true, the VVIK
				product can be upgraded to
				VVXX. (TCVV<>TCXX is
				क्टक्सि)
evetrichannel	 hookan>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support.
				HTTP turnel for event/control
				धक्कि.
joystick	 honkan>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				joystick control
storage_dbeaabled	 boolean>	0	0/7	Media files are indexed in
				database.
nanyahaam	0, <positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>0/7</td><td>number of any media stream</td></positive<>	0	0/7	number of any media stream
	integer>			per channel
iva	<hookan></hookan>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				Intelligent Video analysis
			<u> </u>	

	_		I	
version_considerants	<string></string>	<hbox< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate ONVIF daemon</td></hbox<>	0/7	Indicate ONVIF daemon
п				vecim
version_considerent	<string></string>	<hbr></hbr> hbmlo	0/7	Indicate ONVIF event version
media_totalspane	<pre><pre><pre>cpeaine</pre></pre></pre>	60000	0/7	Available memory space (KB)
	integer>			for media.
media_snapshot_size	<pre><pre>qualine</pre></pre>	512	0/7	Maximum size (KB) of one
persecond	integer>			suspshot image.
media_snapshot_max.	<pre>cpeakine</pre>	7	0/7	Maximum snapskot number
preevent	integes>			before event occurred.
media_snapshot_max.	<pre>qualine</pre>	7	0/7	Maximum snapshot number
poslevent	integes>			aller event occurred.
media_videoclip_ma	<pre><pre>cpositive</pre></pre>	5000	0/7	Maximum size (KB) of a
7502	integes>			videoclip.
media_videoclip_ma	<pre><pre>cpeakine</pre></pre>	20	0/7	Maximum length (second) of a
xleigth	integes>			videoclip.
media_videoclip_ma	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	9	0/7	Maximum duration (second)
xpreevent	integer>			after event occurred in a
				videoclip.

7.25 Customized event script

Group: event_customtaskfile_i<0-2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[41]	NULL.	6 7	Custom script identification of this
				entry.
date.	string[17]	NULL.	67	Date of custom script.
time	string[17]	NULL.	ଣୀ	Time of custom script.

7.26 Event setting

Group: event i<0-2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL.	646	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this event.

	6.1.5	٦,	2.00	T F . A
priority	0, 1, 2	1	646	Indicate the primity of this event
				"O" = low priority
				"1" = normal priority
				"2" = high priority
delay	1-999	20	6/6	Delay in seconds before detecting
				the next event.
trigger	boot,	boot	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition:
	đi,			"boot" = System boot
	motion,			"di"= Digital input
	seq,			"motion" = Video motion
	recostify,			detection.
	tamparing,			"seq" = Periodic condition
	visignal,			"recruitfy" = Recording
	viredore,			notification.
	vi			"tampering" = Tamper detection.
				"visignal" = Video input signal
				lom.
				"vicetore" = Video input signal
				restore
				"vi"= Virtual input (Manual
				trigger)
triggestatus.	Ostring>		6/6	The states for event trigger
		trigger		
di	Cinteger>	0	6/6	Indicate the source id of di trigger.
				This field is required when trigger
				condition is "di".
				One bit represents one digital
				input. The LSB indicates DI 0.
vi	<ir><integer></integer></ir>	0	6/6	Indicate the source id of vi trigger.
				This field is required when trigger
				condition is "vi".
				One bit represents me digital
				input. The LSB indicates VI 0.
tampaing	0~255	0	6/6	Indicate the source of the
				tampering detection. Each bit
				represents one channel, and the
				LSB indicates channel 1.
I	1	1	1	

visignal	0~255	0	646	Indicate the source of viden input signal loss. Each bit represents one channel, and the LSB indicates channel 1.
vineskere	0-255	0	646	Indicate the source of video input signal restore. Each bit represents one channel, and the LSB indicates channel 1.
mderin.	©initeg er⊅	0	6/6	Indicate the source window id of motion detection. This field is required when trigger condition is "mil". One bit represents one window. The LSB indicates the 1 st window. For example, to detect the 1 st and 3 st windows, set milwin as 5.
inter	1-999	1	646	Interval of mapshots in minutes. This field is used when trigger condition is "seq".
weekstry.	0-127	127	646	Indicate which weekday is scheduled. One bit represents one weekday. bit((LSB) = Saturday bit1 = Friday bit3 = Thursday bit3 = Wednesday bit4 = Thesday bit6 = Sunday bit6 = Sunday bit6 = Sunday For example, to detect events on Friday and Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh mm	00:00	6/6	Begin time of the weekly schedule.
endime	hl i mm	24:00	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule. (00:00 – 24:00 sets schedule as always on)
action_do_j<0-(ndo-1)> _enable	0, 1	0	646	Enable or disable trigger digital output

	I	I_	T	
action_do_i<0-(ndo-l)>	1-999	1	6/6	Duration of the digital output
dustion				trigger in seconds.
action do i<0-(ndo-1)>	0-999	0	6/6	The delay time needed before
delay				triggering the digital output (in
,				seconds)
	<u> </u>	_		
action_gate_c<0-(nvideo	 doolesm>	0	6/6	Indicate whether recalling the
in-l)>_enable				preset position is eachled.
				0: Disabled
				1: Enabled
action_goto_c<0-(nvideo	string[40]	 delamic>	6/6	The preset position same used for
in-l)> name				recalling.
action of enable	0.1	o	6/6	Enable media write on CF or other
	[local strage media
action_cf_folder	string[128]	NULL.	6/6	Path to store media.
action_cf_media	0-7, 101	NULL.	6/6	Index of the attached media.
action_cf_datelokler	 boolesn>	1	6/6	Enable this to create folders by
				date, time, and hour automatically.
action of backup	 boolem>	o	6/6	Enable the capability of backing
				up recorded files to the SD card
				when network is lost.
				0: Disabled
				1: Enabled
action_server_i<0−4>_en	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this server
able				action.
adian_seve_i<0-4>_m	0-7, 101	NULL.	6/6	Index of the attached media.
edia	-			
action_server_i<0-4>_tb	 boolesm>	0	6/6	Enable this to create folders by
tefol de r				date, time, and hour automatically.
				0: Disabled
				1: Enabled
	-4-iF401	XYXMXD%	6/6	The template of the folder name to
action_server_i<0-4>_fo	30.002.40]		G-0	l -
Merame		H		be created. Slashes can be used in
				the template, and following
				placeholders can also be used:
				%Y: Year (e.g. 2010)
				%M: Mouth
				%D: Date
				%H: Hour
				/=

7.27 Server setting for event action

Group: server_i<0-4>

PARAMETER VALU	JE I	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DECCRIPTION
			(get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name string	[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry
type email,	, E	ma il	6/6	Indicate the server type:
ftp,				"email" = email server
http.,				[∞] flp" = FTP server
ns				"http" = HTTP sæver
				"ns" = अर्थक पाद्रे शंकरसूर
http_wd string	[128] E	ttp://	6/6	URL of the HITP server to
				upload.
http_warname string	[64]	NULL	646	Username to log in to the server.
http_passed string	[64]	NULL	646	Password of the user.
<u>fip_address</u> string	[128]	NULL	646	FTP server address.
<u>fip_username</u> string	[64]	NULL	6/6	Usename to log in to the server.
in passed string	[64]	NULL.	6/6	Password of the user
<u>fip_peart</u> 0–655	35 2	21	646	Post to connect to the server.
fip_lecation string	[128]	NULL.	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
fi <u>n passi</u> ve 0, 1]	ı	6/6	Enable or disable passive mode.
				0 = disable passive mode
				l = enable passive mode
email_address string	[128]	NULL	6/6	Email server address.
emzil_sahnode 0, 1	C	•	646	Brable support SSL.
email_post 0-655	35 2	25	646	Port to connect to the server.
ental_username string	[64]	NULL	646	Username to log in to the server.
ental present string	[64]	NULL	646	Password of the user.
enzil_senderenzil string	[128]	NULL	6/6	Email address of the sender.
enal_recipientenal string	[128]	NULL	6/6	Board address of the recipient.
ns_location string	[128]	NULL.	6/6	Location to upload or store the
				media.
rs_usersome string	[64]	NULL.	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ns_passed string	[64]	NULL.	6/6	Password of the user.
	[64] 1	NULL.	6/6	Workgroup for network storage

7.28 Media setting for event action

Group: media_i<0-4> (media_freespace is used internally.)

PARAMETER VALUE DEFAULT SECURITY (get/set) name string[40] NULL 6/6 type snapshot, snapshot 6/6 systemlog, videoclip, recording snapshot_source cinteger> 0 6/6	Identification of this entry Media type to send to the server or store on the server. Indicate the source of media stream. O means the first stream. I means the second stream and etc. 2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the first stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
name string[40] NULL 6/6 type snapshot, snapshot 6/6 systemlog, videoclip, recording	Media type to send to the server or store on the server. Indicate the source of media stream. O means the first stream. I means the second stream and etc. Z means the fixeth stream and etc. S means the fixeth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filesame. Add date and time suffix to
type snapshot, snapshot 6/6 systemlog, videoclip, recordosg	Media type to send to the server or store on the server. Indicate the source of media stream. O means the first stream. I means the second stream and etc. Z means the fixeth stream and etc. S means the fixeth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filesame. Add date and time suffix to
systemlog, videoclip, recordneg	store on the server. Indicate the source of media stream. O means the first stream. I means the second stream and etc. Z means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
videsclip, recordneg	Indicate the source of media stream. O means the first stream. I means the second stream and etc. Z means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filesame. Add date and time suffix to
recordineg	stream. O means the first stream. I means the second stream and etc. Z means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
	stream. O means the first stream. I means the second stream and etc. Z means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
snapshot_source <integer> 0 6/6</integer>	stream. O means the first stream. I means the second stream and etc. Z means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
	O means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and etc. 2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
	I means the second stream and etc. 2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
	2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fixeth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
	3 means the fixeth stream and etc. Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
	Indicate the prefix of the filename. Add date and time suffix to
	Add date and time suffix to
snapshot_prefix string[16] 6/6	1
snapshot_datesetfix 0, 1 0 6/6	F1
	filmane
	l = Add date and time suffix.
	0 = Do not add.
suspelled_preservent 0~7 1 6/6	Indicates the number of pre-event
	images.
sazpakot_postevent 0~7 1 6/6	The number of post-event images.
snapshot_channel 0~7 0 6/6	Indicates the channel of media
	source. 0–7 for B channels.
	0 = channel 1,
	1 = channel 2,
	7 = channel 8, etc.
videnclip_source <integer> 0 6/6</integer>	Indicate the source of media
	stuzen.
	0 means the first stream.
	I means the second stream and etc.
	2 means the third stream and etc.
	3 means the fourth stream and etc.
videoclip_prefix string[16] 6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.

videoclip_presvent	0~9	0	6/6	Indicates the time for pre-event.
				recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1-20	5	6/6	Maximum duration of one video
				clip in seemds.
videoclip_maxize	50 ~ 5000	1000	6/6	Maximum size of one video clip
				file in Khytes.
videoclip_channel	0~7	0	6/6	Indicates the channel of media
				source. 0–7 for 8 channels.
				0=channel 1,
				1 = channel 2,
				7 = channel 8, etc.

7.29 Recording

Group: recording_i<0-1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL.	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this recording.
priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the primity of this
				recording.
				"O" indicates low priority.
				"1" indicates normal primity.
				"7" indicates high priority.
channel	0-4	0	6/6	Indicate which channel is used for
				recording.
SARCE	0	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media
				stuzan.
				0 means the first stream.
				I means the second stream and so
				can.
limitsize	0,1	O	6/6	O: Entire five space mechanism
				1: Limit recording size merhanism
ryclic	0,1	0	6/6	0: Disable cyclic recording
				1: Enable cyclic recording
notify	0,1	1	6/6	0: Disable recording notification
				1: Enable recording notification

notifyserver	0-31	0	6/6	Indicate which notification server is scheduled. One bit represents one application server (server_i0~i4). bit0 (LSB) = server_i0. bit1 = server_i1. bit2 = server_i2. bit3 = server_i3. bit4 = server_i4. For example, enable server_i0,
				server_i2, and server_i4 as notification servers; the notifyserver value is 21.
weekday	0-127	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled. One bit represents one weekday. bit0 (LSB) = Saturday bit1 = Friday bit2 = Thresday bit3 = Wednesday bit4 = Thesday bit5 = Munday bit6 = Sunday For example, to detect events on Friday and Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	հի ւտ ու	00:00	6/6	Start time of the weekly schedule.
endlime	hh mm	24:00	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule. (00:00-24:00 indicates schedule always on)
prefix	string[16]	 delante	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
ryclesize	16~	100	6/6	The maximum size for cycle recording in Kbytes when choosing to limit neoding size.
reservesuummit	0-15000000	15	6/6	The reserved amount in Mhytes when choosing cyclic recording mechanism.

dest	cf, 0–4	e f	6/6	The destination to store the recorded data. "cf" means local storage (CF or SD card). "O" means the index of the network storage.
effolder	string[128]	NULL.	6/6	Folder name.
tripge	schedule, networkfail	schedule	6/6	The event trigger type schedule: The event is triggered by schedule networkfail: The event is triggered by the failure of network examents.
adaptive_eaable	0,1	0	6/6	Indicate whether the adaptive recording is enabled
adaptive_presvent	0-9	5	646	Indicate when is the adaptive recording started before the event trigger point (seconds)
adaptive_postevent	0–10	5	646	Indicate when is the adaptive recording stopped after the event trigger point (seconds)

7.30 HTTPS

Group: lattps (capability.protocol.https > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	 boolesm>	0	6/6	To enable or disable secure
				HTTP.
policy	<boolsm></boolsm>	0	646	If the value is 1, it will force
				HTTP connection redirect to
				HTTPS connection
method	anto,	Ande	6/6	auto => Cusate self-signed
method	auto, mannal,	Ante	6/6	auto => Create self-signed certificate automatically.
method	1 -	Anto	6/6	_
method	mannal,	Anio	6/6	certificate automatically.
method	mannal,	Anto	6/6	certificate automatically. manual ⇒ Create
method	mannal,	Anto	6/6	certificate automatically. manual => Create self-signed certificate

	7 1		40	5 - 15 0 1m - 44 -
states	-3~1	0	67	Specify the https status.
				-3 = Certificate not installed
				-2 = Invalid public key
				-l = Waiting for certificate
				0 = Not installed
				1=Artive
countryname	string[2]	TW	6/6	Country name in the
				certificate information.
statecajauvincename	string[128]	Asia	6/6	State or province name in the
				certificate information.
localitysame	string[128]	Asia	6/6	The locality name in the
				certificate information.
uganisalismame	string[64]	Vivotek Inc.	6/6	Organization name in the
				certificate information.
uuit	string[32]	Vivotek Inc	6/6	Organizational unit name in
				the certificate information.
Sent of Source of S	string[64]	www.vivotek	6/6	Common name in the
		.com		certificate information.
validdays	0 - 3650	3650	6/6	Valid period for the
				certification.

7.31 Storage management setting

Currently it's for local storage (SD, CF card)

Group: disk_i<0-(n-1)> a is the total number of starage devices. (capability starage dhenabled > 0)

				1 1 M
cyclic_enabled	 boolem>	0	6/6	Enable cyclic sturage method.
antocksnap_enabled	 boolesm>	0	6/6	Enable automatic clean up method.
				Expired and not locked media files
				will be deleted.
anjac jesneši Tuesselie	<pre>positive</pre>	7	6/6	To specify the expired days for
	integer>			automatic elean up.

8. Useful Functions

8.1 Drive the Digital Output (capability.ndo > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=<state>[&do2=<state>]
[&do3=<state>][&do4=<state>]
```

Where state is 0 or 1; "0" means inactive or normal state, while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
do≈num>	0, 1	0 – Inactive, normal state	
		1 – Active, triggered state	

Example: Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and reducet to an empty page.

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

8.2 Query Status of the Digital Input (capability.ndi > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<s*ervername*>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all of the digital input statuses will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OKvin

Content-Type: text/plain/vin

Content-Length: <langth>/vin

vin

[di0=<state>]/vin

[di1=<state>]/vin

[di2=<state>]/vin

[di2=<state>]/vin

where <state> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital input 1.

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?di1

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: 7\r\n

\r\n

di1=1\r\n

8.3 Query Status of the Digital Output (capability.ndo > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the digital output statuses will be rehaned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK v/m

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <*langth*>\r\n

Vr\m

[doll=<state>]\r\n

[doI=<sinin>]\r\n

[do2=<state>]\r\n

[do3=<sinia>]\r\n

where <state> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital output 1.

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n

Content-Length: 7\r\n

8.4 Capture Single Snapshot

Note: This request requires Normal User privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<survername>/cgi-bin/viewes/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>]
[&quality=<value>][&streamid=<value>]
```

If the user requests a size larger than all stream settings on the server, this request will fail.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0-(n-1)	0	The channel number of the video source.
resolution.	<available< th=""><th>0</th><th>The resolution of the image.</th></available<>	0	The resolution of the image.
	resolution>		
quality	1-5	3	The quality of the image.
streamed	0-(m-1)	0	The stream number.

The server will return the most up-to-date suspished of the selected channel and stream in IPEG format. The size and quality of the image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\v\a

Content-Type: image/jpeg/r/m

[Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

<hr/>
<hr/>hinary IPEG image data>

8.5 Account Management

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<savvenene>/cgi-bin/admin/editaceount.cgi?
method==value>&usemame=<nome>[&userpass=<value>][&privilege=<value>]
[&privilege==value>][...]&uctum=<raturn page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	Add	Add an account to the server. When using this method, the
		"username" field is necessary. It will use the default value
		of other fields if not specified.
	D. L.	•
	Delete	Remove an account from the server. When using this
		method, the "username" field is necessary, and others are
		ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using
		this method, the "username" field is necessary, and other
		fields are optional. If not specified, it will keep the original
		settings.
utername	<nume></nume>	The name of the user to add, delete, or edit.
userpæss	<pre><value></value></pre>	The password of the new user to add or that of the old user
		to modify. The default value is an empty string.
Privilege	<pre><value></value></pre>	The privilege of the user to add or to modify.
	viewa	Viewer privilege.
	operator	Operator privilege.
	admin	Administrator privilege.
Return	<re>tum page></re>	Redirect to the page < return page> after the parameter is
		assigned. The < return page> can be a full URL path or
		relative path according to the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.6 System Logs

Note: This request require Administrator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<serversens>/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the most up-to-date system log.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OKv/a

Content-Type: text/plain\r\u

Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n.

w/m

<system log information>\r\u

8.7 Upgrade Firmware

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgj-bin/admin/upgrade.cgj

Post data:

```
fimage==file name>[&return=<return page>]/r/n
\r/n
<multipart encoded form data>
```

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upgrade the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

8.8 Camera Control (capability.ptzenabled)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<survername>/cgi-bin/viewer/canactal.cgi?[channel=value>][&cannid=value>]
[danove=value>] - Move bome, up, down, left, right
[danove=value>] - Focus operation
[daniv=value>] - Iris operation
[daniv=value>] - Auto pan, patrol
[danove=value>] - Zoom in, out
[danom=value>] - Zoom in, out
[danom=value>&canove=value>] - Zoom without stopping, used for joystick
[dax=value>&cy=value>&canove=value>] - Shift without stopping, used for joystick
[dax=value>&y=value>&coideosize=value>&cesolution=value>&strekh=value>] - Click on image
(Move the center of image to the coordination (x,y) based on resolution or videosize.)
[[daspeedpan=value>][&speedfilt=value>][&speedzoon=value>][&speedapp=<value>][&speedfilt=value>][&speedzoon=value>][&speedapp=<value>][&speedfilt=value>][daspeeddint=value>][daspeedapp=<value>][daspeeddint=value>]] - Set speeds
[dareturn=<return page>]
```

Example:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&move=right
http://myserver/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&zoom=tele
http://myserver/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&x=300&y=200&resolution=704x
480&videosize=704x480&strech=1

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0-(a-1)>	Channel of video source.
ramid	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	Camera ID.
move	home	Move to camera to bome position.
	щ	Моче сашета пр.
	down	Move camera down.
	left	Move camera left
	right	Move camera right.
speedpan	-5~5	Set the pass speed.
speedtilt	-5~5	Set the tilt speed.
speedzoum	-5~5	Set the zoom speed.
speedfocus	-5~5	Set the focus speed.
speedapp	-5~5	Set the auto pan/pairol speed.
مند	ban	Auto pan.
	patrol	Auto partrol.
	stop	Stop camera.
200M	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.
	stop	Stop zoom.
zooming	wide or tele	Zoom without stopping for larger view or further view with
		zs speed, used for joystick control.
25.	0~6	Set the speed of zooming, "0" means stop.
	0~15 <sd81x1></sd81x1>	
vx	<pre><integer ,="" excluding<="" pre=""></integer></pre>	The slope of movement = vy/vx, used for joystick control.
vy	ो ग्रह्म ः	
er <u>t</u>	0~7 0~15 <sd81x1></sd81x1>	Set the speed of nurvement, "0" means stop.
x	ंत्रां कुन्	x-coordinate clicked by user.
		It will be the x-coordinate of center after movement.

y	ां तरप्रद े	y-coordinate clicked by user.
		It will be the y-coordinate of center after movement.
videosize	<window size=""></window>	The size of plug-in (ActiveX) window in web page
resolution.	>window size>	The resolution of streaming.
streich.	<pre> hoolean></pre>	O indicates that it uses resolution (streaming size) as the
		range of the coordinate system.
		I indicates that it uses videosize (plug-in size) as the range
		of the coordinate system.
focus	auto	Auto focus.
	fac	Focus on further distance.
	near	Focus on closer distance.
iris	mi to	Let the Network Camera control iris size.
	open	Manually control the iris for bigger size.
	close	Manually control the iris for smaller size.
speedlink	0~4	Issue speed link command.
gaptime	0-32768	The gaptime between two consecutive ptz cummands for
		device. (unit ms)
retum	<pre><pre>cretum page></pre></pre>	Redirect to the page < return page> after the parameter is
		assigned. The <restorn page=""> can be a full URL path or</restorn>
		relative path according to the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.9 Recall (capability.ptzenabled)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET

Syntax:

http://<s*urvemane>l*cgi-bin/viewer/recall.cgi? recall==value>[&channel==value>][&return=<*return pagu>*]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
recall	Text string less than	One of the present positions to recall.
	30 characters	

channel	<0-(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
return	<pre><netum page=""></netum></pre>	Redirect to the page < return page> after the parameter is
		astigned. The <rshra page=""> can be a full URL path or</rshra>
		relative path according to the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.10 Preset Locations (capability.ptzenabled)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<s*ervername>/cgi-bin/operator/preset.cgi?[channel==*value>] [&addpos==value>][&delpos==value>][&zeturn=*<return page>*]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
addpos	Text string less than 30 characters>	Add one preset location to the preset list.
channel	<0-(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
delpos	<text less="" p="" string="" than<=""> 30 characters></text>	Delete preset location from preset list.
retum		Redirect to the page <pre><pre>return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <pre><pre>relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.</pre></pre></pre></pre>

8.11 IP Filtering

Note: This request requires Administrator access privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<s*ervername>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter cgi?* method==value>&[start=<*ipaddress>&end=<ipaddress>*[&index==value>] [&return===return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	addallow	Add allowed IP address range to the server. Start and end
		parameters must be specified. If the index parameter is
		specified, it will try to add starting from the index position.
	adddeny	Add denied IP address range to the server. Start and end
		parameters must be specified. If the index parameter is
		specified, it will try to add starting from the index position.
	deleteallow	Remove allowed IP address range from server. If start and
		end parameters are specified, it will try to remove the
		matched IP address. If index is specified, it will try to
		remove the address from given index position. [start, end]
		parameters have higher priority then the [index] parameter.
	deletedeny	Remove denied IP address range from server. If start and
		end parameters are specified, it will try to remove the
		matched IP address. If index is specified, it will try to
		remove the address from given index position. [start, end]
		parameters have higher priority then the [index] parameter.
simt	<ip>address></ip>	The starting IP address to add or to delete.
end	<ip>address></ip>	The ending IP address to add or to delete.
index	<pre><value></value></pre>	The start position to add or to delete.
retun	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Redirect to the page < return page> after the parameter is
		astigned. The <rethorn page=""> can be a full URL path or</rethorn>
		relative path according to the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.11.1 IP Filtering for ONVIF

Syntax: quoduct dependent>

http://<s*ervername>l*cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?type[=<value>] http://<s*ervername>/cgi_bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?metbod=add<v4/v6>drip=<ipadd/ess>[&index==val]* ne>][&neturn=>raturn page>] http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?method=del<v4/v6>&index=<value>[&return=<retx rn page>] PARAMETER VALUE DESCRIPTION NULL Get IP filter type type allow, deny Set IP filter type Add IPv4 address into access list. method addv4 addy6 Add IPv6 address into access list.

	delv4	Delete IPv4 address from access list.
	delv6	Delete IPv6 address from access list.
ip	<ip address=""></ip>	Single address: <ip address=""></ip>
		Network address: <ip address="" mask="" network=""></ip>
		Range address: <start -="" address="" end="" ip=""></start>
index	<pre><value></value></pre>	The start position to add or to delete.
retum	<reium page=""></reium>	Redirect to the page < return page> after the parameter is
		assigned. The <pre>return page> can be a full URL path or</pre>
		relative path according to the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.12 UART HTTP Tunnel Channel (capability.nuart > 0)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<s*ervername*>/cgi-bin/operator/tantchannel.cgi?[channel=<value>]

GET /cgi-bin/operator/matchaonel.cgi?[channel==value>]

x-sessioncookie: string [22]

accept: application/x-vvtk-transelled

pragma: no-carbe

cache-control: no-cache

POST /cgi-bin/operator/nartchannel.cgi

x-sessioncookie: string [22]

content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled.

pragma : no-carbe

cache-control : no-cache content-length: 32767

expires: Sun, 9 Jam 1972 00:00:00 GMT

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through a proxy server.

This channel will help to transfer the raw data of UART over the network.

Please see UART tunnel spec for detail information.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	The channel number of UART.

8.13 Event/Control HTTP Tunnel Channel (capability.

evctrichannel > 0)

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi

GET /cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

accept: application/x-vvtk-transelled

pragma: no-carbe

cache-control: no-cache

POST /cgi-bin/admin/ ctrlevent cgi

x-sessioncookie: string[22]

content-type: application/x-vvfk-tunnelled

pragma : no-cache

cache-control : no-cache content-length: 32767

expires: Sun, 9 Jam 1972 00:00:00 GMT

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through the proxy server.

This channel will help perform real-time event subscription and notification as well as camera control more efficiently. The event and control formats are described in another document.

See Event/control tunnel spec for detail information.

8.14 Get SDP of Streams

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<s*ervername>/*<network_risp_s<0--m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

"network_accessname_<0-(m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the "subgroup of network: risp" for setting the accessname of SDP.

You can get the SDP by HTTP GET.

When using scalable multicast, Get SDP file which contains the multicast information via HTTP.

8.15 Open the Network Stream

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MIPEG):

http://<servername>/<network http s<0-m-1> accessname>

For RTSP (MP4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<servername>/<network_rtsp_t<0-m-1> accestname>

"m" is the stream number.

For details on streaming protocol, please refer to the "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

8.16 Senddata (capability.nuart > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Symbox:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/senddata.cgi?

[con==value>][&data==value>][&flush==value>] [&wait==value>] [&zread==value>]

PARAMETER VALUE DESCRIPTION

com	l ~ <max. com="" port<br="">number></max.>	The target COM/RS485 port munber.
data	<hex decimal<="" th=""><th>The <hex data="" decimal=""> is a series of digits from 0 ~ 9, A ~</hex></th></hex>	The <hex data="" decimal=""> is a series of digits from 0 ~ 9, A ~</hex>
	data>[, <hex decimal<="" th=""><th>F. Each comma separates the commands by 200</th></hex>	F. Each comma separates the commands by 200
	data>]	millisecands.
flash	yes,no	yes: Receive data buffer of the COM port will be cleared
		before read.
		no: Do not clear the receive data buffer.
wait	1 ~ 65535	Wait time in millisecands before read data.
read	1 ~ 128	The data length in bytes to read. The read data will be in the
		return page.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OKv/a

Content-Type: text/plain\r\n.

Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n.

Ver\u_

<hex decimal data>\r\n

Where hexadecimal data is digits from 0 - 9, A - F.

8.17 Storage managements (capability.storage.dbenabled > 0)

Note: This request requires administrator privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<s*ervername>l*cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=<cmd_type>[&<psrameter>==value>...]

The commands usage and their input arguments are as follows.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
cmd_type	<string></string>	Required.
		Command to be executed, including search, insert,
		delete, update, and queryStatus.

Command: search

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Optional.
		The integer primary key column will automatically be

		assigned a unique integer
triggerType	⊲= :	Optional_
		Indicate the event trigger type.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. mediaType='motion'
		Support trigger types are product dependent.
mediaType	ाटा>	Optional.
		Indicate the file media type.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. mediaType='videoclip'
		Support trigger types are product dependent.
destPath	ाट्यां >	Optional
		Indicate the file location in camera.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. destPath = '/mmt/auto/CF/NCMF/abc.mp4'
resolution	⊴est >	Optional
		Indicate the media file resolution.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. resolution='800x600'
isLocked	 boolem>	Optional.
		Indicate if the file is locked or not.
		0: file is not locked.
		1: file is locked.
		A locked file would not be removed from UI or cyclic
		Storage.
triggerTime	ाट्यां >	Optional
		Indicate the event trigger time. (not the file created
		time)
		Format is "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS"
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'
		If you want to search for a time period, please apply
		"TO" operation.
		Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01
		00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01 23:59:59' is to search for
		records from the start of Jan. 1st 2008 to the end of Jan.
		1 st 2008.
limit	<pre><pre>cpositive integer></pre></pre>	Optional
		Limit the maximum number of returned search records.
offset	<pre><pre>cpositive integer></pre></pre>	Optional.

	Specifies how many rows to skip at the beginning of
	the matched records.
	Note that the offset keyword is used after limit
	keyword.

To increase the flexibility of search command, you may use "OR" connectors for logical "OR" search operations. Moreover, to search for a specific time period, you can use "TO" connector. Ex. To search records triggered by motion or di or sequential and also triggered between 2008-01-01 00:00:00 and 2008-01-01 23:59:59.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=search&triggerType='motion'+OR+'di'+OR+'s eq'&triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01 23:59:59'

Command: delete

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Required.
		Identify the designated record.
		Ex. label=1

Ex. Delete records whose key numbers are 1, 4, and 8.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=delete&label=1&label=4&label=8

Command: update

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Required
		Identify the designated record.
		Ex. label=1
isLocked	 boolean>	Required
		Indicate if the file is locked or not.

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 1 and 5 to be locked status.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=1&label=1&label=5

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 2 and 3 to be unlocked status.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=0&label=2&label=3

Command: queryStatus

retType	aml or javascript	Optional.
PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION

	Ex. retype—javascript
	The default return message is in XML format.

Ex. Query local storage status and call for javascript format return message.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=queryStatus&retType=javascript

8.18 Virtual input (capability.nvi > 0)

Note: Change virtual input (manual trigger) status.

Method: GET

Syntax:

http://<eervername>/cgi-bin/admin/setvi.cgi?vi0=<value>[&vi1=<value>][&vi2=<value>] [&return==:return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
vi <num></num>	state[(duration)nstate] Where "state" is 0, 1. "0" means inactive or normal state while "1" means active or triggered state. Where "nstate" is next state after duration.	Ex: vi0=1 Setting virtual input 0 to trigger state Ex: vi0=0(200)1 Setting virtual input 0 to normal state, waiting 200 milliseconds, setting it to trigger state. Note that when the virtual input is waiting for next state, it cannot accept new requests.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page> after the request is completely assigned. The < return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

Return Code	Description
200	The request is successfully executed.
400	The request cannot be assigned, ex. incorrect parameters.
	Examples:
	1. setvi.cgi?vi0=0(10000)1(15000)0(20000)1

	No multiple duration.
	2. setvi.cgi?vi3=0
	VI index is out of range.
	3. setvi.cgi?vi=1
	No VI index is specified.
503	The resource is unavailable, ex. Virtual input is waiting for next state.
	Examples:
	1. setvi.cgi?vif)=0(15000)1
	2. setvi.cgi?vif)=1
	Request 2 will not be accepted during the execution time(15 seconds).

8.19 Open Timeshift Stream (capability.timeshift > 0,

timeshift_enable=1, timeshift_c<n>_s<m>_allow=1}

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MIPEG):

http://<a:rvername>/<network_http_s<m>_accessname>?maxsft=<value>{&tsmode=<value>&zefti me=<value>&forcechk&minsft==value>]

For RTSP (MP4 and H264), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<servername>/<network_rtsp_8<m>_accessname>?maxsfl==value>[&tsmode==<value>&refti me=<value>&cforcechk&minsfl==value>]

For details on timeshift stream, please refer to the "TimeshiftCaching" documents.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
muselt	<positive< p=""></positive<>	0	Request cached stream at most how many seconds
	inte ga >		ago.
tsmode	normal,	nermal	Streaming mode:
	adaptive		normal => Full FPS all the time.
			adaptive => Default send only I-frame for MP4 and
			H 264, and send 1 FPS for MJPEG. If DI , VI or
			motion window are triggered, the streaming is
			changed to send full FPS for 10 seconds.
			(*Note: this parameter also works on non-timeshift

[&]quot;n" is the channel index.

[&]quot;m" is the timeshift stream index.

			streams.)
reflime	mm:88	The time	Reference time for markft and minsft.
		emes.	(This provides more precise time control to eliminate
		receives the	the inaccuracy due to network latency.)
		request.	Ex: Request the streaming from 12:20
			rtsp://10.0.0.1/live.sdp?maxsft=10&zeftime=12:30
forcechk	N/A	N/A	Check if the requested stream enables timeshift,
			feature and if minsft is achievable.
			If false, return "415 Unsupported Media Type".
minsft	<pre>positive</pre>	0	How many seconds of cached stream client can
	integer>		accept at least.
			(Used by forcechk)

Return Code	Description
400 Bad Request	Request is rejected because some parameter values are illegal.
415 Unsupported Media Type	Returned, if faccechk appears, when minsft is not achievable or
	the timeshift feature of the target stream is not enabled.

<End of document>

Technical Specifications

Specifications

Approvals

Operating Temperature: -10° C ~ 50° C

OS: Microsoft Windows 2000/XP/Vista/Win7 Viewing System Requirements Browser: Internet Explorer 6 or above

Cell phone: 3GPP player Real Player: 10.5 or above Quick Time: 6.5 or above

Installation, Management, and Maintenance

Installation Wizard 2 32-CH ST7501 recording software Supports firmware upgrade

· CE, LVD, FCC, VCCI, C-Tick

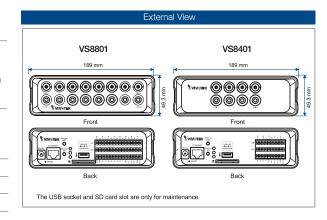
RS-485: Half Duplex Interface

Applications SDK available for application development and system integration

Warranty

System	- CPU: Mozart 380 SoC - Flash: 32MB - RAM: 512MB - Embedded OS: Linux 2.6
Camera Control	PTZ camera control through RS-485 Supported devices and protocols: DynaDome/ SmartDome Pelco D LiLin Pelco P Samsung scc643 and customized types Supports CGI command serial driver
Video	Compression: H.264/MJPEG/MPEG-4 Streaming: Single Stream (VS8801) or Dual Streams (VS8401) H.264 streaming over UDP, TCP, HTTP or HTTPS MPEG-4 streaming over UDP, TCP, HTTP or HTTPS H.264/MPEG-4 multicast streaming MJPEG streaming over HTTP or HTTPS Supports activity adaptive streaming for dynamic frame rate control Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance Frame rates: H.264: Up tp 180 fps at D1 MJPEG- Up to 240 fps at D1 MPEG-4: Up to 80 fps at D1 Interface: BNC connector for video output
Image Settings	Adjustable image size, quality and bit rate Time stamp and text caption overlay Flip & mirror Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness Supports privacy masks
Audio	Compression: G.711 audio encoding, bit rate: 64 kbps, µ-Law, or A-Law mode selectable Interface: Audio input, up to 1Vrms, 3.5 mm Phone Jack Audio output, Terminal block x 8 Supports two-way audio (Per channel) Supports audio mute
Networking	10/100/1000 Mbps Gigabit Ethernet, RJ-45 Onvif support Protocols: IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS, PPPoE, CoS, QoS, SNMP and 802.1X
Alarm and Event Management	Triple-window video motion detection Tamper detection Four D/I and four D/O for external sensor and alarm (VS8401) Eight D/I and eight D/O for external sensor and alarm (VS8801)

System Overview Rack Mount Design



Event notification using HTTP, SMTP or FTP

Local recording of MP4 file

Multi-level user access with password protection

HTTPS encrypted data transmission 802.1X port-based authentication for network protection

Live viewing for up to 10 clients

System power and status indicator

Weiaht

Dimension 189 mm (L) x 153 mm (W) x 49.3 mm (H)

LED Indicator System activity and network link indicator

Power input: 12V DC/24V AC Power consumption: Max. 24 W

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Distributed by:

Power

Security

Users













VIVOTEK USA, INC. 470 Lakeside Drive Suite C, Sunnyvale, CA 94085 USA |T: 408-773-8686 |F: 408-773-8298 | E: salesusa@vivotek.com

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Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

FCC Statement

This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the installation manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

CE Mark Warning CE

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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