



User Manual

Wireless AC1200 Dual Band Cloud Router

DIR-850L

Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

Manual Revisions

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	April 19, 2013	• Initial release for Revision A1

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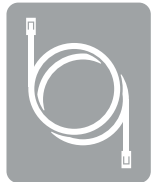
Package Contents



DIR-850L Wireless AC1200 Dual Band Cloud Router



Power Adapter



Ethernet Cable



Wi-Fi Configuration Card



Quick Install Guide

If any of the above items are missing, please contact your reseller.

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-850L will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

System Requirements

Network Requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• An Ethernet-based broadband modem
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	<p>Computer with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Windows®, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system• An installed Ethernet adapter or wireless adapter <p>Supported Browsers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Internet Explorer 7 or higher• Firefox• Safari 4 or higher• Chrome <p>Windows® Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.</p>
mydlink Requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• iPhone/iPad/iPod Touch (iOS 3.0 or higher)• Android device (1.6 or higher)• Computer with the following browser requirements:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Internet Explorer 7 or higher• Firefox• Safari 5 or higher• Chrome <p><small>iPhone, iPad, and iPod touch are registered trademarks of Apple Inc. Android is a trademark of Google, Inc.</small></p>

Introduction

The D-Link® DIR-850L Wireless AC1200 Dual Band Cloud Router provides revolutionary Gigabit 802.11ac wireless speed - up to 1200Mbps – for flawless HD video streaming to multiple devices.

With ground-breaking mydlink Cloud Services, you can monitor your home network from anywhere on your iPhone, iPad, and Android device. See websites that are being visited, block unwanted devices and receive automatic email alerts when unauthorized connections are attempted.

With SharePort Mobile, wirelessly access your media on your iPhone, iPad or Android device from any connected USB drive. Best of all, the apps for network management and file access are free.

* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11ac (draft), 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

Hardware Overview

Connections



1	USB Port	Connect a USB flash drive to share content throughout your network.
2	WPS Button	Press to start the WPS process. The Power LED will blink during this process.
3	LAN Ports (1-4)	Connect 10/100/1000 Ethernet devices such as computers, switches, storage (NAS) devices, and game consoles.
4	Internet Port	Using an Ethernet cable, connect your broadband modem to this port.
5	Power Button	Press the power button to power on and off.
6	Power Receptor	Receptor for the supplied power adapter.
7	Reset Button	Press and hold until the Power LED turns orange to reset the device back to the default factory settings.

Hardware Overview

LEDs



1	Power LED	A solid green light indicates a proper connection to the power supply. The light will be solid orange during boot-up and will blink green during the WPS process.
2	Internet LED	A solid light indicates a connection to the Internet port. If the LED is orange, the connection is good but the router cannot connect to the Internet. If this LED is blinking orange, this indicates that the “on demand” connection type is set and the Internet connection is idle.

Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in the attic or garage.

Before you Begin

- Please configure the router with the computer that was last connected directly to your modem.
- **Users with DSL providers** - If you are using a PPPoE connection, you will need your PPPoE user name and password. If you do not have this information, contact your Internet provider. Do not proceed until you have this information.
- **Users with Cable providers** - Make sure you unplug the power to your modem. In some cases, you may need to turn it off for up to 5 minutes.
- **Advanced Users** - If your ISP provided you with a modem/router combo, you will need to set it to “bridge” mode so the DIR-850L router can work properly. Please contact your ISP or refer to the user manual for your modem/router device.

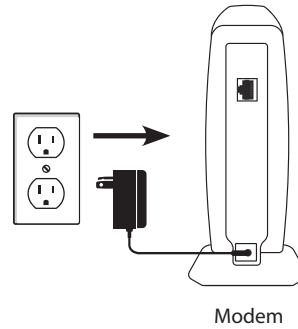
Wireless Installation Considerations

The D-Link wireless router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

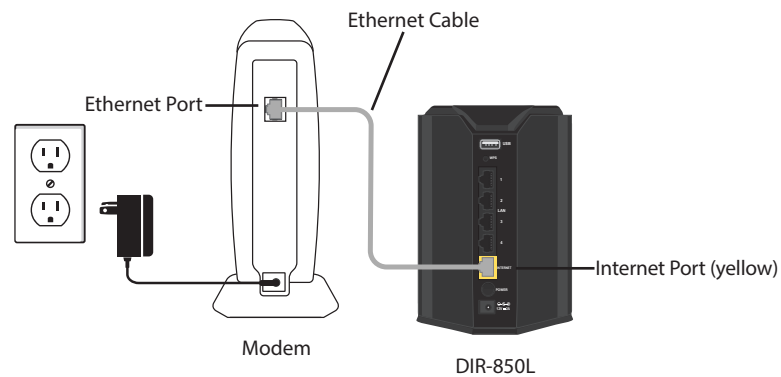
1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum - each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
3. Building Materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
4. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
5. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use.

Connect to your Network

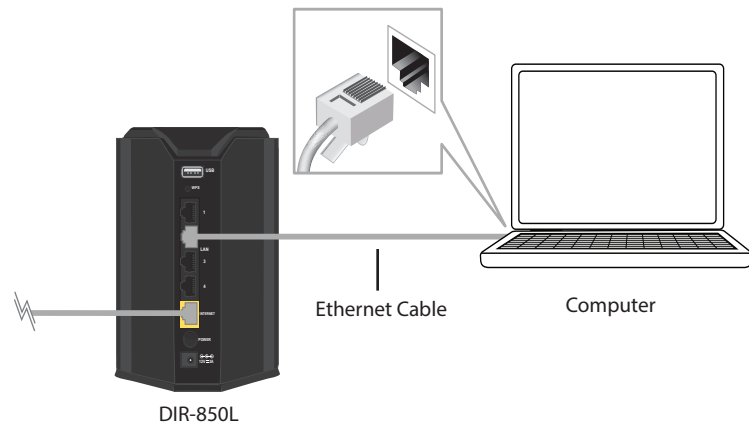
1. Turn off and unplug your DSL or Cable modem. This is required.



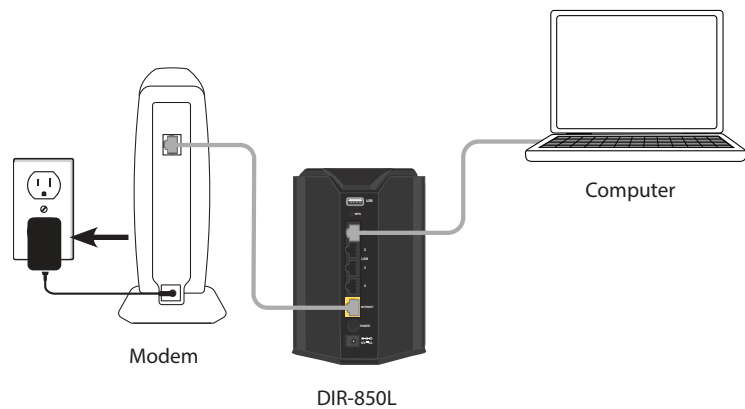
2. Connect an Ethernet cable from the Internet port of the router to the Ethernet port on your DSL or Cable modem.



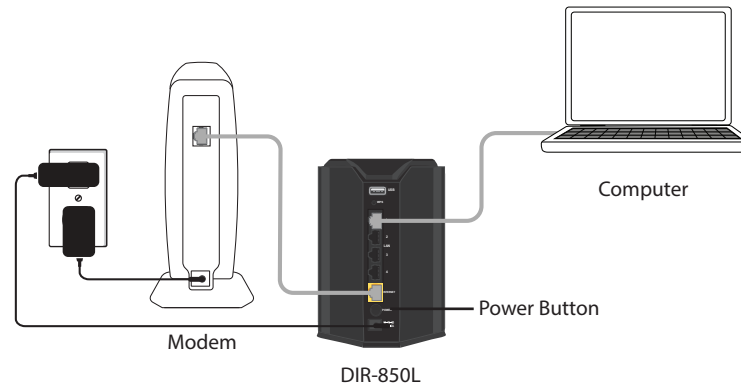
3. Connect another Ethernet cable from the Ethernet port on your computer to one of the LAN ports on the router.



4. Plug the power back into your DSL or Cable modem. Please wait about one minute before continuing.



5. Plug the power adapter into your router and connect to an available power outlet or surge protector. If the Power LED does not light up, press the Power button on the back of the router.



6. After the router has powered up, verify that the power (green) and Internet (orange or green) LEDs are both lit. Please skip to page 13 to configure your router and use the manual setup procedure to configure your network and wireless settings. If you did not connect to the Internet, use the D-Link Setup Wizard (refer to page 14).

Connect to an Existing Router

Note: *It is strongly recommended to replace your existing router with the DIR-850L instead of using both. If your modem is a combo router, you may want to contact your ISP or manufacturer's user guide to put the router into Bridge mode, which will 'turn off' the router (NAT) functions.*

If you are connecting the DIR-850L router to an existing router to use as a wireless access point and/or switch, you will have to do the following to the DIR-850L before connecting it to your network:

- Disable UPnP™
- Disable DHCP
- Change the LAN IP address to an available address on your network. The LAN ports on the router cannot accept a DHCP address from your other router.

To connect to another router, please follow the steps below:

1. Plug the power into the router. Connect one of your computers to the router (LAN port) using an Ethernet cable. Make sure your IP address on the computer is 192.168.0.xxx (where xxx is between 2 and 254). Please see the **Networking Basics** section for more information. If you need to change the settings, write down your existing settings before making any changes. In most cases, your computer should be set to receive an IP address automatically in which case you will not have to do anything to your computer.
2. Open a web browser, enter **http://192.168.0.1** (or **http://dlinkrouter.local./**) and press **Enter**. When the login window appears, set the user name to **Admin** and leave the password box empty. Click **Log In** to continue.
3. Click on **Advanced** and then click **Advanced Network**. Uncheck the **Enable UPnP** checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
4. Click **Setup** and then click **Network Settings**. Uncheck the **Enable DHCP Server** checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.

5. Under Router Settings, enter an available IP address and the subnet mask of your network. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Use this new IP address to access the configuration utility of the router in the future. Close the browser and change your computer's IP settings back to the original values as in Step 1.
6. Disconnect the Ethernet cable from the router and reconnect your computer to your network.
7. Connect an Ethernet cable in one of the **LAN** ports of the router and connect it to your other router. Do not plug anything into the Internet (WAN) port of the D-Link router.
8. You may now use the other 3 LAN ports to connect other Ethernet devices and computers. To configure your wireless network, open a web browser and enter the IP address you assigned to the router. Refer to the **Configuration** and **Wireless Security** sections for more information on setting up your wireless network.

Configuration

There are several different ways you can configure your router to connect to the Internet and connect to your clients:

- **QRS Mobile App** - Use your iPhone, iPad, or Android device to configure your router. Refer to page 21
- **D-Link Setup Wizard** - This wizard will launch when you log into the router for the first time. Refer to page 14.
- **Manual Setup** - Log into the router and manually configure your router (advanced users only). Refer to page 27.

Quick Setup Wizard

If this is your first time installing the router, launch your web browser (e.g., Internet Explorer), and you will automatically be directed to the **Wizard Setup Screen**.

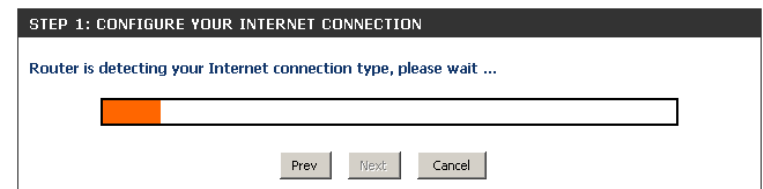
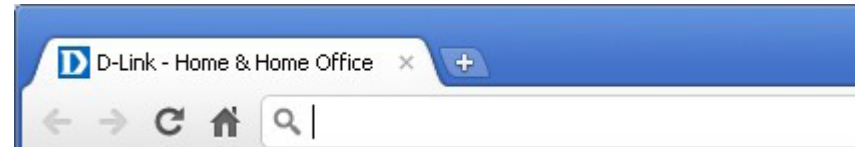
If you have already configured your settings and you would like to access the configuration utility, please refer to page 26.

If this is your first time logging into the router, this wizard will start automatically.

This wizard is designed to guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

Click **Next** to continue.

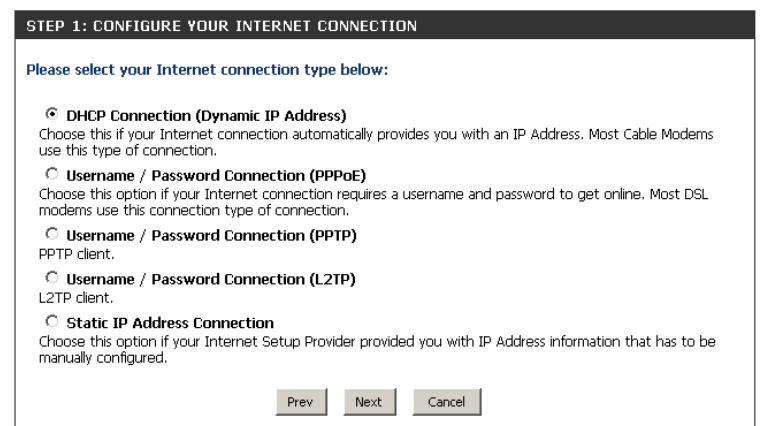
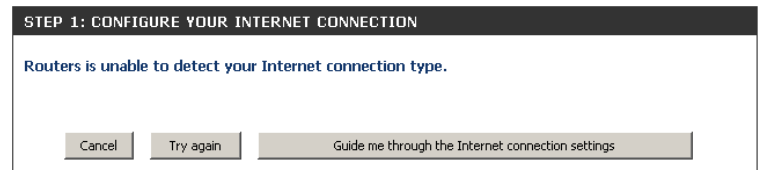
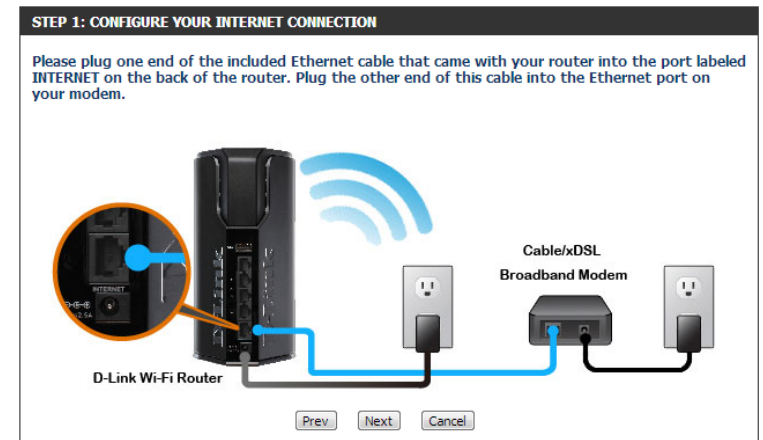
Please wait while your router detects your internet connection type. If the router detects your Internet connection, you may need to enter your ISP information such as username and password (PPPoE).



If the router does not detect a valid Ethernet connection from the Internet port, this screen will appear. Connect your broadband modem to the Internet port and then click **Next**.

If the router detects an Ethernet connection but does not detect the type of Internet connection you have, this screen will appear. Click **Guide me through the Internet Connection Settings** to display a list of connection types to choose from.

Select your Internet connection type. You can select **DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)** if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. This option is commonly used for cable modem services. Click **Next** to continue.



If the router detected or you selected **PPPoE**, enter your PPPoE username and password and click **Next** to continue.

Note: Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

If the router detected or you selected **PPTP**, enter your PPTP username, password, and other information supplied by your ISP. Click **Next** to continue.

If the router detected or you selected **L2TP**, enter your L2TP username, password, and other information supplied by your ISP. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPPoE)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

User Name :

Password :

Prev Next Cancel

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need PPTP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : ☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address (may be same as gateway) :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

DNS SETTINGS

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address :

Prev Next Cancel

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (L2TP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need L2TP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : ☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

L2TP IP Address :

L2TP Subnet Mask :

L2TP Gateway IP Address :

L2TP Server IP Address (may be same as gateway) :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

DNS SETTINGS

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address :

Prev Next Cancel

If the router detected or you selected **Static**, enter the IP and DNS settings supplied by your ISP. Click **Next** to continue.

For both the 2.4GHz and 5GHz segments, create a wireless network name (SSID) using up to 32 characters.

Create a wireless security passphrase or key (between 8-63 characters). Your wireless clients will need to have this passphrase or key entered to be able to connect to your wireless network.

Click **Next** to continue.

In order to secure your router, please enter a new password. Check the **Enable Graphical Authentication** box to enable CAPTCHA authentication for added security. Click **Next** to continue.

SET STATIC IP ADDRESS CONNECTION

To set up this connection you will need to have a complete list of IP information provided by your Internet Service Provider. If you have a Static IP connection and do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Gateway Address :

DNS SETTINGS

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address :

Prev

Next

Cancel

STEP 2: CONFIGURE YOUR WI-FI SECURITY

Give your Wi-Fi network a name and a password. (2.4GHz Band)

Wi-Fi Network Name (SSID) : (Using up to 32 characters)

Wi-Fi Password : (Between 8 and 63 characters)

Give your Wi-Fi network a name and a password. (5GHz Band)

Wi-Fi Network Name (SSID) : (Using up to 32 characters)

Wi-Fi Password : (Between 8 and 63 characters)

Prev

Next

Cancel

STEP 3: SET YOUR PASSWORD

By default, your new D-Link Router does not have a password configured for administrator access to the Web-based configuration pages. To secure your new networking device, please set and verify a password below, and enabling CAPTCHA Graphical Authentication provides added security protection to prevent unauthorized online users and hacker software from accessing your network settings.

Password:

Verify Password :

Enable Graphical Authentication : ☐

Prev

Next

Cancel

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and click **Next** to continue.

The *Confirm Wi-Fi Settings* window will display your wireless settings. Click **Save** to continue.

If you want to create a bookmark to the router, click **OK**. Click **Cancel** if you do not want to create a bookmark.

If you clicked **Yes**, a window may appear (depending on what web browser you are using) to create a bookmark.

STEP 4: SELECT YOUR TIME ZONE

Select the appropriate time zone for your location. This information is required to configure the time-based options for the router.

(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US/Canada), Tijuana

Prev Next Cancel

STEP 5: CONFIRM WI-FI SETTINGS

Below is a detailed summary of your Wi-Fi security settings. Please print this page out, or write the information on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your Wi-Fi devices.

Wi-Fi Network Name (SSID) 2.4GHz Band: dlink
Wi-Fi Password : mywifi password

Wi-Fi Network Name (SSID) 5GHz Band: dlink_media
Wi-Fi Password : mywifi password

The Setup Wizard has completed. Click the save button to save your settings and reboot the router.

Prev Save Cancel

The page at dlinkrouter.local says:

Do you want to bookmark "D-Link Router Web Management"?

OK Cancel

The page at dlinkrouter.local says:

Please press CTRL-D to bookmark.

☐ Prevent this page from creating additional dialogs.

OK

To use the mydlink service (mydlink.com or the mydlink Lite app), you must have an account. Select if you do have a mydlink account or if you need to create one. Click **Next** to continue.

If you do not want to register at this time, click **Cancel**.

If you clicked **Yes, I have a mydlink account** enter your mydlink account name (E-mail address) and password. Click **Login** to register your router.

If you clicked **No, I want to register and login with a new mydlink account** fill out the requested information and click **Next** to create your mydlink account. This is a free service. Refer to www.mydlink.com for more information.

MYDLINK REGISTRATION

To use the features of mydlink.com and the mydlink Lite app, you will need an account with mydlink.com. If you already have an account, select Yes, I have a mydlink account and click Next to register the router with mydlink.com. If you do not have an account, select No, I want to register and login with a new mydlink account and click Next to create an account. If you do not wish to sign up for the mydlink service, please click Cancel.

Do you have mydlink account?

☐ Yes, I have a mydlink account.

☒ No, I want to register and login with a new mydlink account.

STEP 6: MYDLINK REGISTRATION

E-mail Address (Account Name):

Password:

STEP 6: MYDLINK REGISTRATION

Please full the options to complete the registration.

E-mail Address (Account Name) :

Password :

Confirm Password :

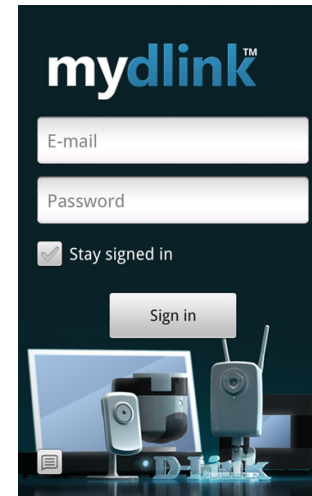
Last name :

First Name :

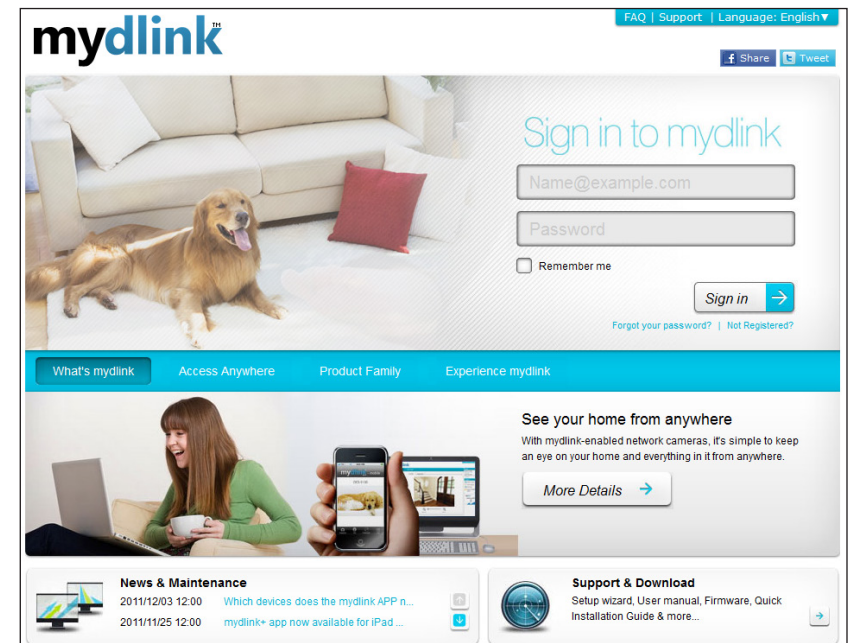
☐ [I Accept the mydlink terms and conditions.](#)

The mydlink App will allow you to receive notices, browse network users, and configure your router from an iPhone/iPad/iPod Touch (iOS 3.0 or higher), or Android device (1.6 or higher).

To download the "mydlink lite" app, visit the Apple Store, Google Play or **<http://mydlink.com/Lite>**.



PC and Mac users can use the mydlink portal at **<http://mydlink.com>**.



QRS Mobile App

D-Link offers an app for your iPad, iPhone (iOS 4.3 or higher) or Android device to install and configure your router.

Step 1

From your iOS device, go to App Store, or from your Android device, go to Google Play and search for 'D-Link'. Select **QRS Mobile** and then download it.

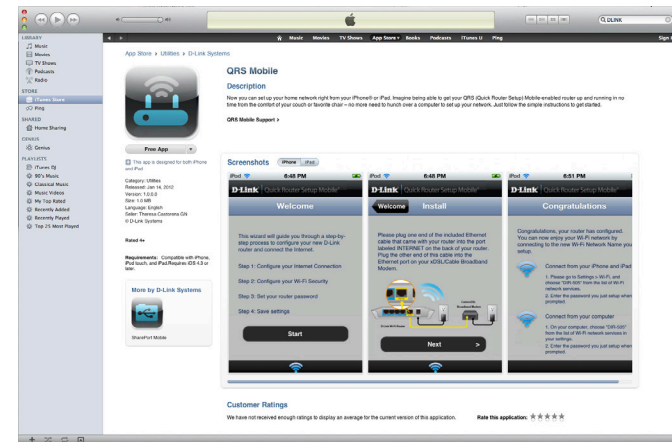
You may also scan this code to download.



iOS



Android



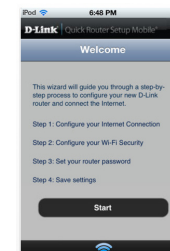
Step 2

Once your app is installed, you may now configure your router. Connect to the router wirelessly by going to your wireless utility on your device. Scan for the wireless network name (SSID) as listed on the supplied info card. Select and then enter your security password (Wi-Fi Password).

D-Link Wi-Fi Configuration Card	
Default Configuration	
Wi-Fi Name(SSID) 2.4Ghz:	Wi-Fi Name(SSID) 2.4Ghz:
dlink-2c19	Wi-Fi Password:
Wi-Fi Name(SSID) 5Ghz:	Wi-Fi Name(SSID) 5Ghz *:
dlink-2c18-media	Wi-Fi Password *:
Password:gccnu80856	
To configure your router, go to:	
http://dlinkrouter.local.	
Or http://192.168.0.1	
Username: "Admin"	
Password: " " (leave the field blank)	
Your configuration	
Username: "Admin"	
Password:	
*For applicable models	
DCW1900P010	

Step 3

Once you connect to the router, launch the QRS mobile app and it will guide you through the installation of your router.



SharePort Mobile App

The SharePort Mobile app will allow you to access files from a USB thumb drive that is plugged into your router. You must enable file sharing from the **Setup > Storage** page (refer to page 51) for this app to work properly.

1. Insert your USB flash drive into DIR-850L.
2. Scan the bar code to download the **SharePort Mobile** app from the app store to your iPhone, iPad, or Android device.



iOS



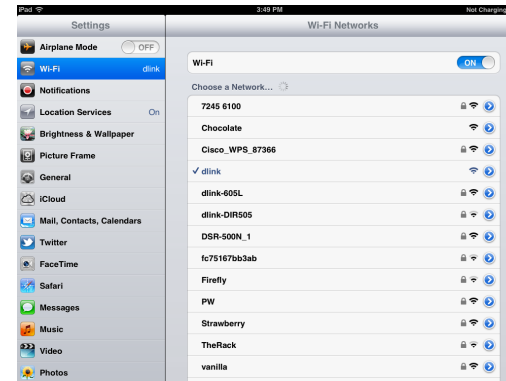
Android

3. From your iOS mobile device, click **Settings**.



Settings

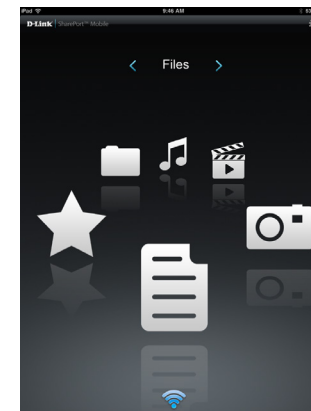
- Click **Wi-Fi**, select the wireless network (SSID) that you created in the setup and then enter your Wi-Fi password.



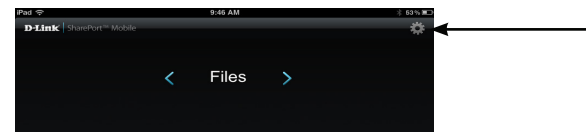
- Once connected, click on the **SharePort Mobile** icon.



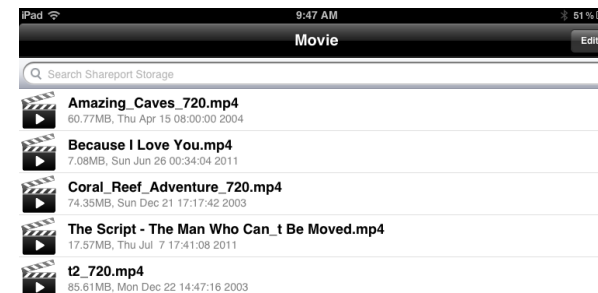
- The following screen will appear.



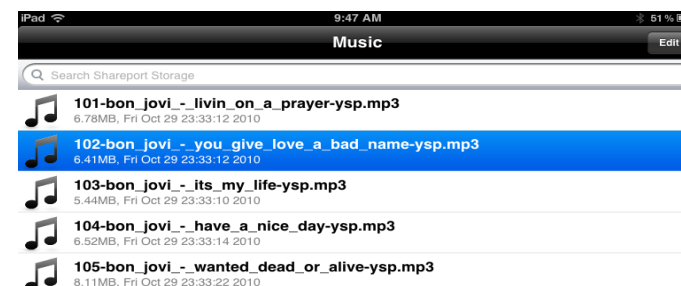
- Click on **Settings** icon located on the right top corner of the screen. Click **Edit** to enter your User Name and Password. Once you finish, click **Done** to continue.



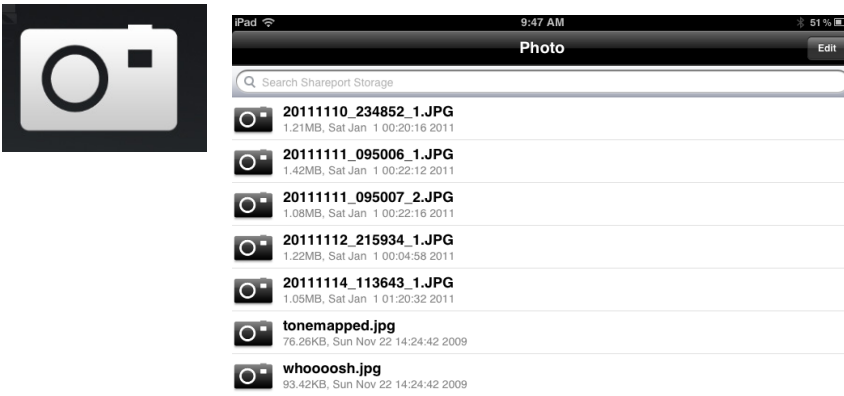
- For the Movie section, click the movie icon to play your movie from your USB flash drive.



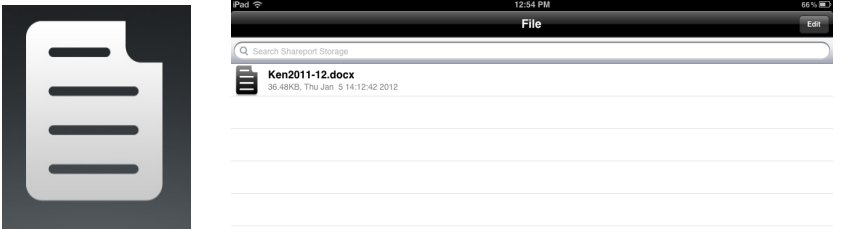
- For the Music section, click the music icon to play your music from your USB flash drive.



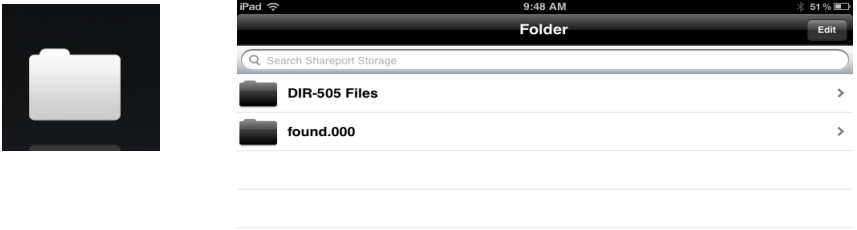
10. For the Photo section, click the photo icon to view your photos from your USB flash drive.



11. For the Files section, click on the files icon to view your files from your USB flash drive.

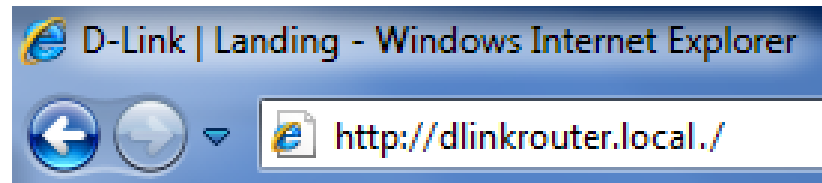


12. For the Folder section, click the folder icon to view your folders from your USB flash drive.



Web-based Configuration Utility

Open a web browser (e.g., Internet Explorer, Chrome, Firefox , or Safari) and enter **http://dlinkrouter.local./** or **http://192.168.0.1**.



Enter your password and click **Login**.

Note: *If you did not create a password with the Setup Wizard, leave the password blank by default.*

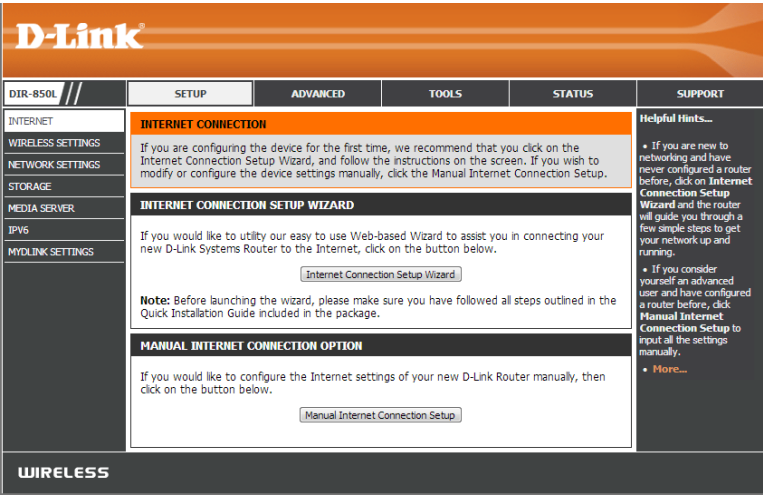
A screenshot of the D-Link router's login page. The page has an orange header with the word 'LOGIN' in white. Below the header, it says 'Login to the router :'. There are two input fields: 'User Name' which is pre-filled with 'Admin', and 'Password' which is empty. To the right of the password field is a 'Login' button.

Internet Connection Setup

If you want to configure your router to connect to the Internet using the wizard, click **Internet Connection Setup Wizard**. Refer to page 36.

If you consider yourself an advanced user, click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** to configure your connection manually. (Instructions for manual setup begin below.)

The next few pages will explain each of the ISP connection types. You can select the type from the **My Internet Connection** is drop-down menu.



Manual Internet Setup

Static (assigned by ISP)

Select **Static IP** if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

My Internet Connection: Select **Static IP** to manually enter the IP settings supplied by your ISP.

IP Address: Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.

Default Gateway: Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.

DNS Servers: The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is :

STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the static address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Default Gateway :

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU :

MAC Address :

Internet Setup

Dynamic (Cable)

My Internet Connection: Select **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. Select this option if your ISP does not give you any IP numbers to use. This option is commonly used for cable modem services.

Host Name: The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. Leave blank if you are not sure.

Use Unicasting: Check the box if you are having problems obtaining an IP address from your ISP.

Primary/Secondary DNS Server: Enter the Primary and secondary DNS server IP addresses assigned by your ISP. These addresses are usually obtained automatically from your ISP. Leave blank if you did not specifically receive these from your ISP.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

The screenshot shows the 'INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE' configuration page. At the top, it says 'Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.' Below this, 'My Internet Connection is' is set to 'Dynamic IP (DHCP)' in a dropdown menu. The next section is titled 'DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :'. It contains the following fields: 'Host Name' with the value 'linkrouter', 'Use Unicasting' with an unchecked checkbox and the text '(compatibility for some DHCP Servers)', 'Primary DNS Server' and 'Secondary DNS Server' as empty text boxes with '(optional)' next to the latter, 'MTU' set to '1500', and 'MAC Address' as an empty text box. Below the MAC Address field is a button labeled 'Clone Your PC's MAC Address'. At the bottom of the form are two buttons: 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings'.

Internet Setup

PPPoE (DSL)

Choose PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

My Internet Connection: Select **PPPoE (Username/Password)** from the drop-down menu.

Address Mode: Select **Static IP** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

DNS Mode: Select **Receive DNS from ISP** to automatically use your ISP's DNS servers or select **Enter DNS Manually** and enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses of your choice.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L Web UI. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: INTERNET, WIRELESS SETTINGS, NETWORK SETTINGS, STORAGE, MEDIA SERVER, IPv6, and MYDLINK SETTINGS. The main content area is titled 'WAN' and contains the following sections:

- WAN:** A note explaining that this section is for configuring the Internet Connection type (Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, PPTP, and L2TP). It includes a 'Note' about removing PPPoE client software and 'Save Settings' / 'Don't Save Settings' buttons.
- INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE:** A section where the user chooses the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet. The 'My Internet Connection is' dropdown is set to 'PPPoE (Username / Password)'.
- PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE:** A section for entering information provided by the Internet Service Provider (ISP). It includes fields for:
 - Address Mode:** Radio buttons for Dynamic IP (selected) and Static IP.
 - IP Address:** A text input field.
 - Username:** A text input field.
 - Password:** A text input field.
 - Verify Password:** A text input field.
 - Service Name:** A text input field with '(optional)' next to it.
 - Reconnect Mode:** Radio buttons for Always-on (selected), On demand, and Manual. There is also a 'New Schedule' button.
 - Maximum Idle Time:** A text input field with '5' entered and '(minutes, 0=Infinite)' next to it.
 - DNS Mode:** Radio buttons for Receive DNS from ISP (selected) and Enter DNS Manually.
 - Primary DNS Server:** A text input field.
 - Secondary DNS Server:** A text input field with '(optional)' next to it.
 - MTU:** A text input field with '1492' entered.
 - MAC Address:** A text input field with a 'Clone Your PC's MAC Address' button next to it.

At the bottom of the main content area, there are 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings' buttons. The bottom navigation bar includes a 'WIRELESS' tab.

Internet Setup

PPTP

Choose PPTP (Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

My Internet Connection: Select **PPTP (Username/Password)** from the drop-down menu.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Gateway IP Address: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

PPTP Server IP Address: Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

Username: Enter your PPTP username.

Password: Enter your PPTP password and then retype the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L Web UI. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: INTERNET, WIRELESS SETTINGS, NETWORK SETTINGS, STORAGE, MEDIA SERVER, IPV6, and MYLINK SETTINGS. The main content area is titled 'WAN' and contains the 'INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE' section. This section prompts the user to 'Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.' and shows 'My Internet Connection is : PPTP (Username / Password)' selected in a dropdown menu. Below this, the 'PPTP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE' section asks the user to 'Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP)'. It includes fields for Address Mode (Dynamic IP selected), PPTP IP Address, PPTP Subnet Mask, PPTP Gateway IP Address, PPTP Server IP Address, Username, Password, Verify Password, Reconnect Mode (Always selected), Maximum Idle Time (5 minutes), Primary DNS Server, Secondary DNS Server (optional), MTU (1400), and MAC Address. There are 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings' buttons at the bottom of the form. A 'Helpful Hints...' sidebar on the right provides additional guidance on selecting the correct connection type and contacting the ISP for support.

DNS Servers: The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Internet Setup

L2TP

Choose L2TP (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

My Internet Connection: Select **L2TP (Username/Password)** from the drop-down menu.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

L2TP IP Address: Enter the L2TP IP address supplied by your ISP (Static only).

L2TP Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP (Static only).

L2TP Gateway IP Address: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

L2TP Server IP Address: Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

Username: Enter your L2TP username.

Password: Enter your L2TP password and then retype the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

D-Link

DIR-850L // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

WAN

Use this section to configure your Internet Connection type. There are several connection types to choose from: Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, PPTP, and L2TP. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your Internet Service Provider.

Note : If using the PPPoE option, you will need to remove or disable any PPPoE client software on your computers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : L2TP (Username / Password)

L2TP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : ☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

L2TP IP Address :

L2TP Subnet Mask :

L2TP Gateway IP Address :

L2TP Server IP Address :

Username :

Password :

Verify Password :

Reconnect Mode : ☐ Always ☒ On demand ☐ Manual

Maximum Idle Time : 5 (minutes, 0=infinite)

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server : (optional)

MTU : 1400

MAC Address :

Clone Your PC's MAC Address

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- Internet Connection:** When configuring the router to access the Internet, be sure to choose the correct Internet Connection Type from the drop down menu. If you are unsure of which option to choose, please contact your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
- Support:** If you are having trouble accessing the Internet through the router, double check any settings you have entered on this page and verify them with your ISP if needed.
- More...**

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static L2TP only).

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Internet Setup

DS-Lite

DS-Lite is an IPv6 connection type. After selecting DS-Lite, the following parameters will be available for configuration:

My Internet Connection is: Select **DS-Lite** from the drop-down menu.

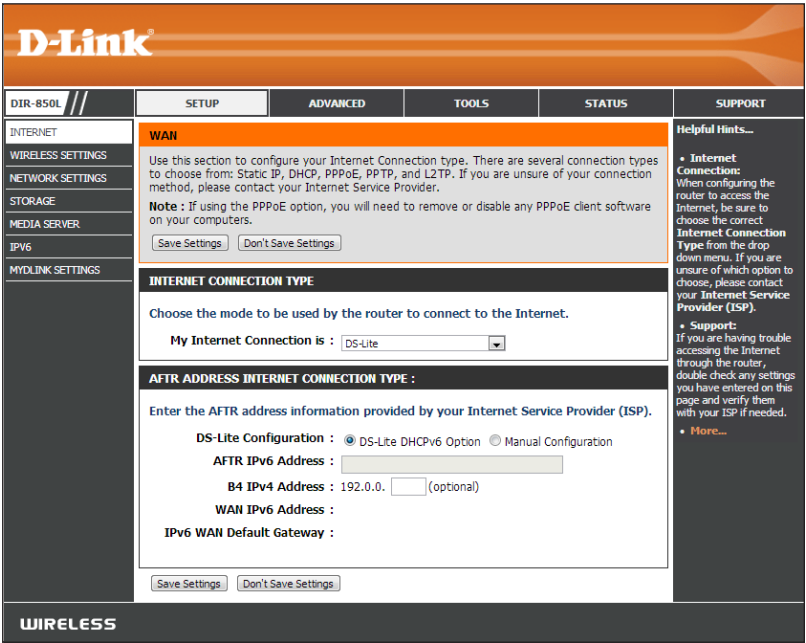
DS-Lite Configuration: Select the **DS-Lite DHCPv6 Option** to let the router allocate the AFTR IPv6 address automatically. Select the **Manual Configuration** option to enter the AFTR IPv6 address in manually.

AFTR IPv6 Address: After selecting the **Manual Configuration** option above, enter the AFTR IPv6 address used here.

B4 IPv4 Address: Enter the B4 IPv4 address value used here (optional).

WAN IPv6 Address: Once connected, the WAN IPv6 address will be displayed here.

IPv6 WAN Default Gateway Once connected, the IPv6 WAN Default Gateway address will be displayed here.



Internet Connection Setup Wizard

If you did not initially choose to install your router with the *Quick Setup Wizard*, you can click on **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** from the **Setup > Internet** screen.

This wizard is designed to guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

Click **Next** to continue.

INTERNET CONNECTION

If you are configuring the device for the first time, we recommend that you click on the Internet Connection Setup Wizard, and follow the instructions on the screen. If you wish to modify or configure the device settings manually, click the Manual Internet Connection Setup.

INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

If you would like to utilize our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in connecting your new D-Link Systems Router to the Internet, click on the button below.

Internet Connection Setup Wizard

Note: Before launching the wizard, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.

MANUAL INTERNET CONNECTION OPTION

If you would like to configure the Internet settings of your new D-Link Router manually, then click on the button below.

Manual Internet Connection Setup

WELCOME TO THE D-LINK INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

- Step 1: Set your Password
- Step 2: Select your Time Zone
- Step 3: Configure your Internet Connection
- Step 4: Save Settings and Connect

Prev

Next

Cancel

Connect

In order to secure your router, enter a new password. Click **Next** to continue.

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and click **Next** to continue.

Select your Internet connection type. You can select **DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)** if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. This option is commonly used for cable modem services. Click **Next** to continue.

STEP 1: SET YOUR PASSWORD

By default, your new D-Link Router does not have a password configured for administrator access to the Web-based configuration pages. To secure your new networking device, please set and verify a password below:

Password :

Verify Password :

STEP 2: SELECT YOUR TIME ZONE

Select the appropriate time zone for your location. This information is required to configure the time-based options for the router.

Time Zone :

STEP 3: CONFIGURE YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION

Your Internet Connection could not be detected, please select your Internet Service Provider (ISP) from the list below. If your ISP is not listed; select the 'Not Listed or Don't Know' option to manually configure your connection.

If your Internet Service Provider was not listed or you don't know who it is, please select the Internet connection type below:

☒ **DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)**

Choose this if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Username / Password Connection (PPPoE)**

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Username / Password Connection (PPTP)**

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Username / Password Connection (L2TP)**

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Static IP Address Connection**

Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be manually configured.

If you selected **DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)** you can click on **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** to copy your computer's MAC address to your router. Click **Next** to continue.

DHCP CONNECTION (DYNAMIC IP ADDRESS)

To set up this connection, please make sure that you are connected to the D-Link Router with the PC that was originally connected to your broadband connection. If you are, then click the Clone MAC button to copy your computer's MAC Address to the D-Link Router.

MAC Address : (optional)

Host Name :

Note: You may also need to provide a Host Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.

DNS SETTINGS

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

If you selected **PPPoE**, enter your PPPoE username and password and click **Next** to continue.

Note: Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPPOE)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

User Name :

Password :

If you selected **PPTP**, enter your PPTP username, password, and other information supplied by your ISP. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need PPTP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : ☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address : (may be same as gateway)

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

DNS SETTINGS

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

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Next

Cancel

Connect

If you selected **L2TP**, enter your L2TP username, password, and other information supplied by your ISP. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (L2TP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need L2TP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : ☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

L2TP IP Address :

L2TP Subnet Mask :

L2TP Gateway IP Address :

L2TP Server IP Address : (may be same as gateway)

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

DNS SETTINGS

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

Prev

Next

Cancel

Connect

If you selected **Static**, enter the IP and DNS settings supplied by your ISP. Click **Next** to continue.

SET STATIC IP ADDRESS CONNECTION

To set up this connection you will need to have a complete list of IP information provided by your Internet Service Provider. If you have a Static IP connection and do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Default Gateway :

DNS SETTINGS

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

When the setup process is completed, you will see this screen. Click on **Connect** to save your settings.

SETUP COMPLETE!

The Internet Connection Setup Wizard has completed. Click the Connect button to save your settings.

Wireless Settings

If you want to configure the wireless settings on your router using the wizard, click **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard** and refer to the next page.

Click **Add Wireless Device with WPS** if you want to add a wireless device using Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) and refer to page 44.

If you want to manually configure the wireless settings on your router click **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** and refer to page 46.

D-Link

DIR-850L //

SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
INTERNET	WIRELESS SETTINGS			Helpful Hints... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you already have a wireless network setup with Wi-Fi Protected Setup, click on Add Wireless Device with WPS to add new device to your wireless network. • If you are new to wireless networking and have never configured a wireless router before, click on Wireless Connection Setup Wizard and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your wireless network up and running. • If you consider yourself an advanced user and have configured a wireless router before, click Manual Wireless Connection Setup to input all the settings manually. • More...
WIRELESS SETTINGS	<p>The following Web-based wizards are designed to assist you in your wireless network setup and wireless device connection.</p> <p>Before launching these wizards, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.</p>			
NETWORK SETTINGS	<p>WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP WIZARD</p> <p>This wizard is designed to assist you in your wireless network setup. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to set up your wireless network and how to make it secure.</p> <p>Wireless Connection Setup Wizard</p> <p>Note: Some changes made using this Setup Wizard may require you to change some settings on your wireless client adapters so they can still connect to the D-Link Router.</p>			
STORAGE	<p>ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD</p> <p>This wizard is designed to assist you in connecting your wireless device to your wireless router. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to get your wireless device connected. Click the button below to begin.</p> <p>Add Wireless Device with WPS</p>			
MEDIA SERVER	<p>MANUAL WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP</p> <p>If your wireless network is already set up with Wi-Fi Protected Setup, manual configuration of the wireless network will destroy the existing wireless network. If you would like to configure the wireless settings of your new D-Link Systems Router manually, then click on the Manual Wireless Network Setup button below.</p> <p>Manual Wireless Connection Setup</p>			
IPv6				
MYDLINK SETTINGS				

WIRELESS

Wireless Connection Setup Wizard

To run the security wizard, click on **Setup > Wireless Settings**. Click on the **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard** button.

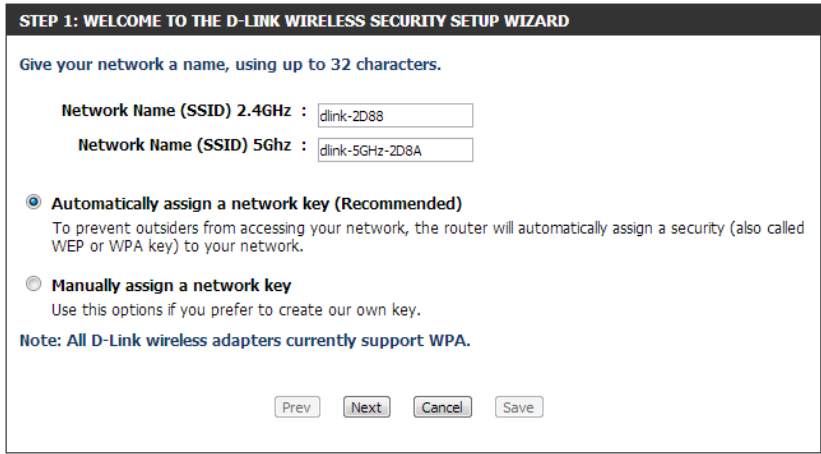


Enter a name for your wireless network (SSID), one for the 2.4GHz frequency and another for the 5GHz frequency. Do not use personal information as your SSID since users with wireless devices within range of your router will be able to see this information.

Then select one of the following options:

Automatically: Select this option to automatically generate the router’s network key and click **Next**.

Manually: Select this option to manually enter your network key and click **Next**.



If you selected **Automatically**, the summary window will display your settings. Write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients. Click **Save** to save your settings.

SETUP COMPLETE!

Below is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the information on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client adapters.

Wireless Band : 2.4GHz Band

Wireless Network Name (SSID) : dlink-2D88

Security Mode : Auto (WPA or WPA2) - Personal

Cipher Type : TKIP and AES

Pre-Shared Key : 71dd80c7af

Wireless Band : 5GHz Band

Wireless Network Name (SSID) : dlink-5GHz-2D8A

Security Mode : Auto (WPA or WPA2) - Personal

Cipher Type : TKIP and AES

Pre-Shared Key : 71dd80c7af

Prev

Next

Cancel

Save

If you selected **Manually**, the following screen will appear.

Create a passphrase for your *Wireless Security Password*. Click **Next** to continue.

Note: The security password/passphrase must be between 8 and 63 characters and is case-sensitive. You will need to enter this passphrase on your wireless clients exactly or it will not connect.

STEP 2: SET YOUR WIRELESS SECURITY PASSWORD

You have selected your security level - you will need to set a wireless security password.

The WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) key must meet one of following guidelines:

- Between 8 and 63 characters (A longer WPA key is more secure than a short one)
- Exactly 64 characters using 0-9 and A-F

☒ Use the same Wireless Security Password on both 2.4GHz and 5GHz band

Wireless Security Password :

Note: You will need to enter the same password as keys in this step into your wireless clients in order to enable proper wireless communication.

Prev

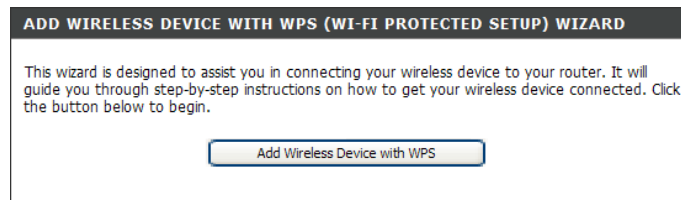
Next

Cancel

Save

Add Wireless Device with WPS Wizard

From the **Setup > Wireless Settings** screen, click **Add Wireless Device with WPS**.



ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in connecting your wireless device to your router. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to get your wireless device connected. Click the button below to begin.

[Add Wireless Device with WPS](#)

Select **Auto** to add a wireless client using WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) and then click **Next**. Skip to the next page.



STEP 1: SELECT CONFIGURATION METHOD FOR YOUR WIRELESS NETWORK

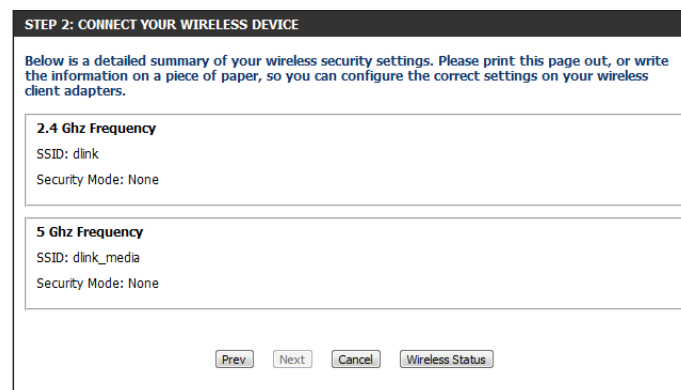
Please select one of following configuration methods and click next to continue.

Auto ☒ Select this option if your wireless device supports WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

Manual ☐ Select this option will display the current wireless settings for you to configure the wireless device manually

[Prev](#) [Next](#) [Cancel](#) [Connect](#)

If you select **Manual**, a settings summary screen will appear. Write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients. Click **Wireless Status** to finish. This will take you to the *Wireless Status* screen.



STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE

Below is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the information on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client adapters.

2.4 Ghz Frequency
SSID: dlink
Security Mode: None

5 Ghz Frequency
SSID: dlink_media
Security Mode: None

[Prev](#) [Next](#) [Cancel](#) [Wireless Status](#)

PIN: Select this option to use PIN method. In order to use this method you must know the wireless client's 8 digit PIN and click **Connect**.

PBC: Select this option to use PBC (Push Button) method to add a wireless client. Click **Connect**.

Once you click **Connect**, you will have a 120 second time limit to apply the settings to your wireless client(s) and successfully establish a connection.

Click **Wireless Status** to finish. This will take you to *Wireless Status* screen.

STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE

There are two ways to add wireless device to your wireless network:
 -PIN (Personal Identification Number)
 -PBC (Push Button Configuration)

☒ **PIN** :

please enter the PIN from your wireless device and click the below "Connect" Button within 120 seconds

☐ **PBC**

please press the push button on your wireless device and click the below "Connect" Button within 120 seconds

Prev Next Cancel Connect

STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE

Please press down the Push Button (physical or virtual) on the wireless device you are adding to your wireless network.
 Remain time in second: 117

Adding wireless device: Started.

Prev Next Cancel Connect

STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE

Adding wireless device: Succeeded. To add another device click on the Cancel button below or click on the Wireless Status button to check wireless status.

Prev Next Cancel Wireless Status

Manual Wireless Settings

802.11n/g (2.4GHz)

Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions.

Schedule: Select the time frame that you would like your wireless network enabled. The schedule may be set to **Always**. Any schedule you create will be available in the drop-down menu. Click **New Schedule** to create a schedule.

Wireless Network Name: Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name for your wireless network using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

802.11 Mode: Select one of the following:

802.11b Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11b.

802.11g Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11g.

802.11n Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.

Mixed 802.11g and 802.11b - Select if you are using both 802.11g and 802.11b wireless clients.

Mixed 802.11n and 802.11g - Select if you are using both 802.11n and 802.11g wireless clients.

Mixed 802.11n, 11g, and 11b - Select if you are using a mix of 802.11n, 802.11g, and 802.11b wireless clients.

Enable Auto Channel Scan: The **Auto Channel Scan** setting can be selected to allow the DIR-850L to choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-850L. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you check **Enable Auto Channel Scan**, this option will be greyed out.

Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:

20/40MHz(Auto) - This is the default setting. Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.

20MHz - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.

Visibility Status: Select **Invisible** if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-850L. If Invisible is selected, the SSID of the DIR-850L will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-850L in order to connect to it.

Wireless Security: Refer to page 48 for more information regarding wireless security.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Wireless Band : 2.4GHz Band

Enable Wireless : ☒

Always

New Schedule

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

802.11 Mode :

Enable Auto Channel Scan : ☒

Wireless Channel :

Transmission Rate : (Mbit/s)

Channel Width :

Visibility Status : ☒ Visible ☐ Invisible

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode :

802.11ac/n/a (5GHz)

Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions.

Schedule: Select the time frame that you would like your wireless network enabled. The schedule may be set to **Always**. Any schedule you create will be available in the drop-down menu. Click **New Schedule** to create a schedule.

Wireless Network Name: Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name for your wireless network using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

802.11 Mode: Select one of the following:
802.11a Only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11a.
802.11n Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.
Mixed 802.11a and 802.11n - Select if you are using both 802.11n and 802.11a wireless clients.
Mixed 802.11ac - Select if you are using 802.11ac, 802.11n and 802.11a wireless clients.

Enable Auto Channel Scan: The **Auto Channel Scan** setting can be selected to allow the DIR-850L to choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-850L. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you check **Enable Auto Channel Scan**, this option will be greyed out.

Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:
20MHz - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.
20/40MHz(Auto) - This is the default setting. Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.
20/40/80MHz(Auto) - Select if you are using 802.11ac, 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices. This option is only available when the 802.11 Mode is set to Mixed 802.11ac.

Visibility Status: Select **Invisible** if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-850L. If Invisible is selected, the SSID of the DIR-850L will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-850L in order to connect to it.

Wireless Security: Refer to page 48 for more information regarding wireless security.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Wireless Band : 5GHz Band

Enable Wireless : ☒ Always

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

802.11 Mode :

Enable Auto Channel Scan : ☒

Wireless Channel :

Transmission Rate : (Mbit/s)

Channel Width :

Visibility Status : ☒ Visible ☐ Invisible

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode :

Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The DIR-850L offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

What is WPA?

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA/WPA2-Personal (PSK)

It is recommended to enable wireless security on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
2. Next to *Security Mode*, select **WPA-Personal**.
3. Next to *WPA Mode*, select **Auto(WPA or WPA2)**, **WPA2 Only**, or **WPA Only**. Use **Auto** if you have wireless clients using both WPA and WPA2.
4. Next to *Cypher Type*, select **TKIP and AES**, **TKIP**, or **AES**.
5. Next to *Group Key Update Interval*, enter the amount of time before the group key used for broadcast and multicast data is changed (3600 is default).
6. Next to *Pre-Shared Key*, enter a key (passphrase). The key is entered as a pass-phrase in ASCII format at both ends of the wireless connection. The pass-phrase must be between 8-63 characters.
7. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-PSK on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the router.

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE
Security Mode : <input type="text" value="WPA-Personal"/>
WPA Use WPA or WPA2 mode to achieve a balance of strong security and best compatibility. This mode uses WPA for legacy clients while maintaining higher security with stations that are WPA2 capable. Also the strongest cipher that the client supports will be used. For best security, use WPA2 Only mode. This mode uses AES(CCMP) cipher and legacy stations are not allowed access with WPA security. For maximum compatibility, use WPA Only . This mode uses TKIP cipher. Some gaming and legacy devices work only in this mode. To achieve better wireless performance use WPA2 Only security mode (or in other words AES cipher). WPA Mode : <input type="text" value="Auto(WPA or WPA2)"/> Cipher Type : <input type="text" value="TKIP and AES"/> Group Key Update Interval : <input type="text" value="3600"/> (seconds)
PRE-SHARED KEY Enter an 8- to 63-character alphanumeric pass-phrase. For good security it should be of ample length and should not be a commonly known phrase. Pre-Shared Key : <input type="text" value="sidei69508"/>

Configure WPA/WPA2-Enterprise (RADIUS)

It is recommended to enable wireless security on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Settings** on the left side.
2. Next to *Security Mode*, select **WPA-Enterprise**.
3. Next to *WPA Mode*, select **Auto(WPA or WPA2)**, **WPA2 Only**, or **WPA Only**. Use **Auto** if you have wireless clients using both WPA and WPA2.
4. Next to *Cypher Type*, select **TKIP and AES**, **TKIP**, or **AES**.
5. Next to *Group Key Update Interval*, enter the amount of time before the group key used for broadcast and multicast data is changed (3600 is default).
6. Next to *RADIUS Server IP Address* enter the IP Address of your RADIUS server.

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode :

WPA

Use **WPA** or **WPA2** mode to achieve a balance of strong security and best compatibility. This mode uses WPA for legacy clients while maintaining higher security with stations that are WPA2 capable. Also the strongest cipher that the client supports will be used. For best security, use **WPA2 Only** mode. This mode uses AES(CCMP) cipher and legacy stations are not allowed access with WPA security. For maximum compatibility, use **WPA Only**. This mode uses TKIP cipher. Some gaming and legacy devices work only in this mode.

To achieve better wireless performance use **WPA2 Only** security mode (or in other words AES cipher).

WPA Mode :

Cipher Type :

Group Key Update Interval : (seconds)

EAP (802.1X)

When WPA enterprise is enabled, the router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS server.

RADIUS server IP Address :

RADIUS server Port :

RADIUS server Shared Secret :

7. Next to *RADIUS Server Port*, enter the port you are using with your RADIUS server. 1812 is the default port.
8. Next to *RADIUS Server Shared Secret*, enter the security key.
9. Click **Advanced** to enter settings for a secondary RADIUS Server.
10. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings.

EAP (802.1X)

When WPA enterprise is enabled, the router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS server.

RADIUS server IP Address :

RADIUS server Port :

RADIUS server Shared Secret :

Optional backup RADIUS server

**Second RADIUS server IP :
Address**

Second RADIUS server Port :

**Second RADIUS server Shared :
Secret**

Network Settings

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

Router Settings

Router IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click **Save Settings**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

Default Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Host Name: Enter a name for the router.

Local Domain Name: Enter the Domain name (Optional).

Enable DNS Relay: Uncheck the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If checked, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

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NETWORK SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router and also to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP addresses to computers on your network. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address in this section, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

Please note that this section is optional and you do not need to change any of the settings here to get your network up and running.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ROUTER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

Router IP Address : 192.168.0.1

Default Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0

Host Name : dlinkrouter

Local Domain Name : (optional)

Enable DNS Relay : ☒

Helpful Hints...

- If you already have a DHCP server on your network or are using static IP addresses on all the devices on your network, uncheck **Enable DHCP Server** to disable this feature.
- If you have devices on your network that should always have fixed IP addresses, add a **DHCP Reservation** for each such device.

More...

DHCP Server Settings

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DIR-850L has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to "Obtain an IP Address Automatically." When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DIR-850L. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

Enable DHCP Check this box to enable the DHCP server on your router.
Server: Uncheck to disable this function.

DHCP IP Address Range: Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP server's IP assignment.

Note: If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside of this range or you may have an IP conflict.

DHCP Lease Time: The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease time in minutes.

Always Broadcast: Enable this feature to broadcast your DHCP server to LAN/WLAN clients.

NetBIOS Announcement: NetBIOS allows LAN hosts to discover all other computers within the network, enable this feature to allow the DHCP Server to offer NetBIOS configuration settings.

Learn NetBIOS from WAN: Enable this feature to allow WINS information to be learned from the WAN side; disable to allow manual configuration.

NetBIOS Scope: This feature allows the configuration of a NetBIOS 'domain' name under which network hosts operates. This setting has no effect if the 'Learn NetBIOS information from WAN' is activated.

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP address to the computers on your network.

Enable DHCP Server : ☒

DHCP IP Address Range : to (addresses within the LAN subnet)

DHCP Lease Time : (minutes)

Always broadcast : ☐ (compatibility for some DHCP Clients)

NetBIOS announcement : ☐

Learn NetBIOS from WAN : ☐

NetBIOS Scope : (optional)

NetBIOS node type :

- ☐ Broadcast only (use when no WINS servers configured)
- ☐ Point-to-Point (no broadcast)
- ☒ Mixed-mode (Broadcast then Point-to-Point)
- ☐ Hybrid (Point-to-Point then Broadcast)

Primary WINS IP Address :

Secondary WINS IP Address :

NetBIOS Node Type: Select the different type of NetBIOS node; **Broadcast only, Point-to-Point, Mixed-mode**, and **Hybrid**.

WINS IP Address: Enter your WINS Server IP address(es).

DHCP Reservation

If you want a computer or device to always have the same IP address assigned, you can create a DHCP reservation. The router will assign the IP address only to that computer or device.

Note: This IP address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

Enable: Check this box to enable the reservation.

Computer Name: Enter the computer name or select from the drop-down menu and click <<.

IP Address: Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.

Clone Your PC's MAC Address: You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Save: Click **Save** to save your entry. You must click **Save Settings** at the top to activate your reservations.

DHCP Reservations List

DHCP Reservations List: Displays any reservation entries. Displays the host name (name of your computer or device), MAC Address, and IP address.

Enable: Check to enable the reservation.

Edit: Click the edit icon to make changes to the reservation entry.

Delete: Click to remove the reservation from the list.

ADD DHCP RESERVATION

Enable : ☒

Computer Name : PM_test01 << PM_test01

IP Address : 192.168.0.112

MAC Address : 00:04:23:2c:51:a3

[Clone Your PC's MAC Address](#)

[Save](#) [Clear](#)

DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST				
Enable	Host Name	MAC Address	IP Address	

NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS : 1				
Hardware Address	Assigned IP	Hostname	Expires	
00:04:23:2c:51:a3	192.168.0.112	PM_test01	Thu Sep 1 19:49:06 2011	Revoke Reserve

DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST				
Enable	Host Name	MAC Address	IP Address	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PM_test01	00:04:23:2c:51:a3	192.168.0.112	Edit Delete

NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS : 1				
Hardware Address	Assigned IP	Hostname	Expires	
00:04:23:2c:51:a3	192.168.0.112	PM_test01	Thu Sep 1 19:49:06 2011	Revoke Reserve

Storage

This page will allow you to access files from a USB external hard drive or thumb drive that is plugged into the router from your local network or from the Internet using either a web browser or an app for your smartphone or tablet. You can create users to be allowed to access these files.

Enable SharePort Check to enable sharing files on your USB storage device
Web Access: that is plugged in your router.

HTTP Access Port: Enter a port (8181 is default). You will have to enter this port in the URL when connecting to the shared files. For example: (**http://192.168.0.1:8181**).

HTTPS Access Enter a port (4433 is default). You will have to enter this port in the URL when connecting to the shared files. For example: (**https://192.168.0.1:4433**).

Allow Remote Access: Check this option the allow remote access to this router.

User Name: To create a new user, enter a user name.

Password: Enter a password for this account.

Verify Password: Re-enter the password. Click **Add/Edit** to create the user.

User List: Displays the accounts. The Admin and Guest accounts are built-in to the router.

Number of Devices: Displays the USB device plugged into the router.

D-Link

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STORAGE

Web File Access allows you to use a web browser to remotely access files stored on an SD card or USB storage drive plugged into the router. To use this feature, check the Enable Web File Access checkbox, then use the Admin account or create user accounts to manage access to your storage devices. After plugging in an SD card or USB storage drive, the new device will appear in the list with a link to it. You can then use this link to connect to the drive and log in with a user account.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

SHAREPORT WEB ACCESS

Enable SharePort Web Access : ☒

HTTP Access Port : 8181

HTTPS Access Port : 4433

Allow Remote Access : ☒

USER CREATION

User Name : << User Name

Password :

Verify Password : Add/Edit

USER LIST

No.	User Name	Access Path	Permission	Edit	Delete
1	Admin	/	Read/Write		

NUMBER DEVICES:1

Device	Total Space	Free Space
Kingston_DataTraveler_02160	489.3 MB	430.4 MB

SHAREPORT ACCESS LINK

You can then use this link to connect to the drive and log in with a user account.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- The Storage page contains information about the USB storage drives or SD cards currently plugged into the device.
- [More...](#)

Access Files from the Internet

Below are step-by-step instructions on how to access files that are on your USB thumb drive or external hard drive that is connected to your router:

Step 1 - Enable SharePort Web Access

Check the **Enable SharePort Web Access** checkbox to enable. Then select if you want to use HTTP or HTTPS (secure) and enter the port(s) you want to use. The default for HTTP is 8181 and HTTPS is 4433.

Step 2 - Create a User Account

Under *User Creation*, enter a username and password, and then click **Add/Edit**.

Step 3 - Configure your Access Path

Under *User List*, click the **Modify** icon for the user you just created. Here you can browse to the folder on your USB storage device you want to assign the Access Path to.

Step 4 - Save Settings

If you want to add more users, repeat steps 2 and 3. Once you are finished, click the **Save Settings** button at the top to save your settings.

Note that under the HTTP Storage Link (at the bottom) will display the URL(s) you can use to connect. Also if you selected HTTPS, you must type in **HTTPS://** instead of **HTTP://** to get a secure connection.

For example, if you selected HTTPS and changed the port to 3200, and your WAN IP address is 1.2.3.4, then you would enter **HTTPS://1.2.3.4:3200** to connect.

10 -- USER CREATION

User Name :

<< User Name ▼

Password :

Verify Password :

Add/Edit

Delete

USER LIST

✎ : Modify

🗑 : Delete

No.	User Name	Access Path	Permission
1	admin	/	Read/Write
2	guest	None	Read Only ✎
3	d-link	(1) /Storage(B0)/	Read/Write ✎ 🗑

NUMBER OF DEVICES : 1

Device	Total Space	Free Space
Storage(B0)	15.04 GB	14.65 GB

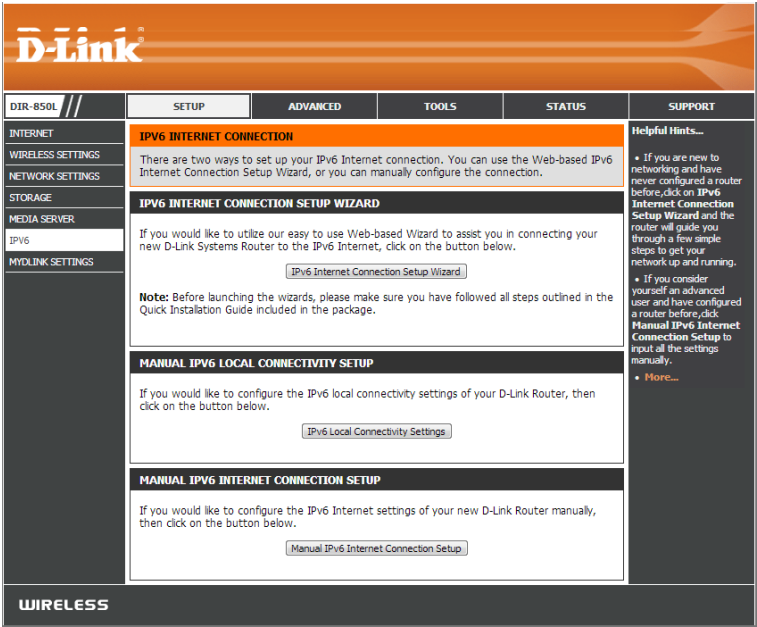
IPv6

On this page, the user can configure the IPv6 Connection type. There are three ways to set up the IPv6 Internet connection.

For the beginner user that has not configured a router before, click on the **IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard** button and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running. (Refer to page 60.)

For the advanced user that has configured a router before, click on the **Manual IPv6 Internet Connection Setup** button to input all the settings manually. (Refer to page 65.)

If you would like to manually configure the IPv6 local connectivity settings of your router, click on **IPv6 Local Connectivity Settings**.



Click on **Enable ULA**. You can check **Use default ULA prefix**, or you can leave the box unchecked and enter the prefix manually in the **ULA Prefix** text box.

IPv6 LOCAL CONNECTIVITY SETTINGS

Use this section to configure Unique Local IPv6 Unicast Address (ULA) settings for your router. ULA is intended for local communications and not expected to be routable on the global Internet.

Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

IPv6 ULA SETTINGS

Enable ULA : ☐

Use default ULA prefix : ☒

ULA Prefix : /64

CURRENT IPV6 ULA SETTINGS

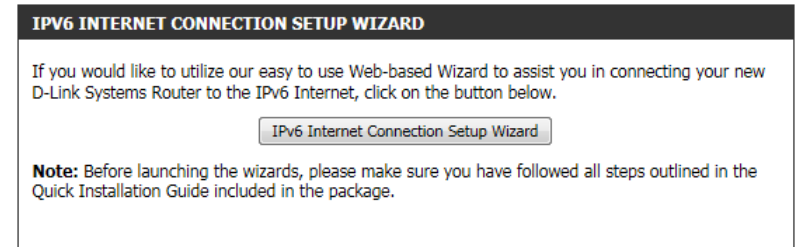
Current ULA Prefix : /64

LAN IPv6 ULA : /64

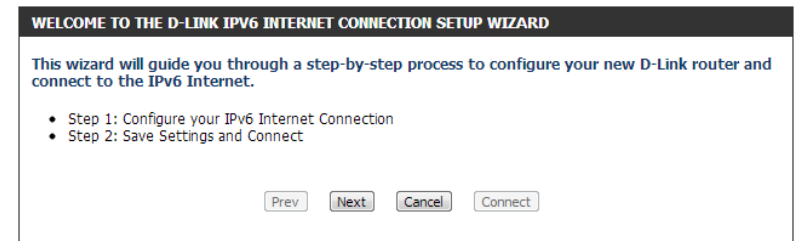
IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard

On this page, the user can configure the IPv6 Connection type using the IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard.

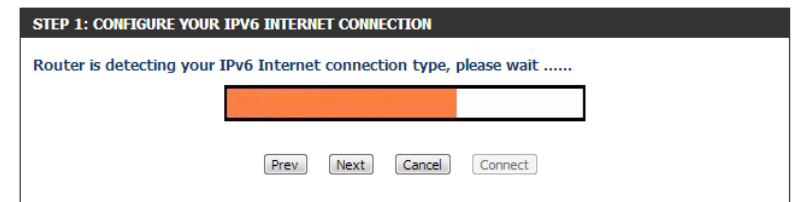
Click the **IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard** button and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running.



Click **Next** to continue to the next page. Click **Cancel** to discard the changes made and return to the main page.



The router will try to detect whether its possible to obtain the IPv6 Internet connection type automatically. If this succeeds then the user will be guided through the input of the appropriate parameters for the connection type found.



However, if the automatic detection fails, the user will be prompt to either **Try again** or to click on the **Guide me through the IPv6 settings** button to initiate the manual continual of the wizard.

There are several connection types to choose from. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your IPv6 Internet Service Provider.

Note: If using the PPPoE option, you will need to ensure that any PPPoE client software on your computers has been removed or disabled. The three options available on this page are **IPv6 over PPPoE**, **Static IPv6 address and Route**, and **Tunneling Connection (6rd)**.

Choose the required IPv6 Internet Connection type and click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR IPV6 INTERENT CONNECTION

Router is unable detect your IPv6 Internet connection type

STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR IPV6 INTERENT CONNECTION

Please select your IPv6 Interent Connection type

☒ **IPv6 over PPPoE**
Choose this option if your IPv6 Interent connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Static IPv6 address and Route**
Choose this option if your Interent Service Provider (ISP) provided you with IPv6 address information that has to be manually configured.

☐ **Tunneling Connection (6rd)**
Choose this option if your Interent Service Provider (ISP) provided you a IPv6 Internet connection by using 6rd automatic tunneling mechanism.

IPv6 over PPPoE

After selecting the IPv6 over PPPoE option, the user will be able to configure the IPv6 Internet connection that requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

PPPoE Session: Select the PPPoE Session value used here. This option will state that this connection shares it's information with the already configured IPv6 PPPoE connection, or the user can create a new PPPoE connection here.

User Name: Enter the PPPoE username used here. If you do not know your user name, please contact your ISP.

Password: Enter the PPPoE password used here. If you do not know your password, please contact your ISP.

Verify Password: Re-enter the PPPoE password used here.

Service Name: Enter the service name for this connection here. This option is optional.

Static IPv6 Address Connection

This mode is used when your ISP provides you with a set IPv6 addresses that does not change. The IPv6 information is manually entered in your IPv6 configuration settings. You must enter the IPv6 address, Subnet Prefix Length, Default Gateway, Primary DNS Server, and Secondary DNS Server. Your ISP provides you with all this information.

Use Link-Local Address: The Link-local address is used by nodes and routers when communicating with neighboring nodes on the same link. This mode enables IPv6-capable devices to communicate with each other on the LAN side.

IPv6 Address: Enter the WAN IPv6 address for the router here.

Subnet Prefix Length: Enter the WAN subnet prefix length value used here.

Default Gateway: Enter the WAN default gateway IPv6 address used here.

Primary DNS Address: Enter the WAN primary DNS Server address used here.

Secondary DNS Address: Enter the WAN secondary DNS Server address used here.

LAN IPv6 Address: These are the settings of the LAN (Local Area Network) IPv6 interface for the router. The router's LAN IPv6 Address configuration is based on the IPv6 Address and Subnet assigned by your ISP. (A subnet with prefix /64 is supported in LAN.)

SET STATIC IPV6 ADDRESS CONNECTION

To set up this connection you will need to have a complete list of IPv6 information provided by your IPv6 Internet Service Provider. If you have a Static IPv6 connection and do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Use Link-Local Address : ☒

IPv6 Address : FE80::218:E7FF:FE95:689F

Subnet Prefix Length : 64

Default Gateway :

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address :

LAN IPv6 Address : /64

Prev

Next

Cancel

Connect

Tunneling Connection (6rd)

After selecting the Tunneling Connection (6rd) option, the user can configure the IPv6 6rd connection settings.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

6rd IPv6 Prefix: Enter the 6rd IPv6 address and prefix value used here.

IPv4 Address: Enter the IPv4 address used here.

Mask Length: Enter the IPv4 mask length used here.

Assigned IPv6 Prefix: Displays the IPv6 assigned prefix value here.

6rd Border Relay IPv4 Address: Enter the 6rd border relay IPv4 address used here.

IPv6 DNS Server: Enter the primary DNS Server address used here.

SET UP 6RD TUNNELING CONNECTION

To set up this 6rd tunneling connection you will need to have the following information from your IPv6 Internet Service Provider. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

6rd IPv6 Prefix : /

IPv4 Address : Mask Length :

Assigned IPv6 Prefix :

6rd Border Relay IPv4 Address :

IPv6 DNS Server :

The IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard is complete.

Click on the **Connect** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

SETUP COMPLETE!

The IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard has completed. Click the Connect button to save your settings and reboot the router.

IPv6 Manual Setup

There are several connection types to choose from: **Auto Detection**, **Static IPv6**, **Autoconfiguration (SLAAC/DHCPv6)**, **PPPoE**, **IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel**, **6to4**, **6rd**, and **Local Connectivity Only**. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your IPv6 Internet Service Provider.

Note: If using the PPPoE option, you will need to ensure that any PPPoE client software on your computers has been removed or disabled.

Auto Detection

Select **Auto Detection** to have the router detect and automatically configure your IPv6 setting from your ISP.

Click **Save Settings**.

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is : <input type="text" value="Auto Detection"/>
IPv6 DNS SETTINGS
Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Obtain IPv6 DNS Servers automatically
<input type="radio"/> Use the following IPv6 DNS Servers
Primary DNS Server : <input type="text"/>
Secondary DNS Server : <input type="text"/>
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS
Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.
Enable DHCP-PD : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
LAN IPv6 Address : <input type="text" value="fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88"/> /64
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64
ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.
Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Autoconfiguration Type : <input type="text" value="SLAAC+Stateless DHCP"/>
Router Advertisement Lifetime : <input type="text" value=""/> (minutes)
<input type="button" value="Save Settings"/> <input type="button" value="Don't Save Settings"/>

Static IPv6

My IPv6 Connection is: Select **Static IPv6** from the drop-down menu.

WAN IPv6 Address Settings: Enter the address settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select **Stateful (DHCPv6)**, **SLAAC + RDNSS** or **SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6**.

IPv6 Address Range Start: Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address Range End: Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

Router Advertisement Lifetime: Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).

Click **Save Settings**.

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
<p>Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.</p> <p>My IPv6 Connection is : <input type="text" value="Static IPv6"/></p>
WAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS
<p>Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).</p> <p>Use Link-Local Address : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>IPv6 Address : <input type="text" value="fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d8b"/></p> <p>Subnet Prefix Length : <input type="text" value="64"/></p> <p>Default Gateway : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Primary DNS Server : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Secondary DNS Server : <input type="text"/></p>
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS
<p>Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.</p> <p>LAN IPv6 Address : <input type="text"/> /64</p> <p>LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64</p>
ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
<p>Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.</p> <p>Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Autoconfiguration Type : <input type="text" value="SLAAC+Stateless DHCP"/></p> <p>Router Advertisement Lifetime : <input type="text"/> (minutes)</p> <p> <input type="button" value="Save Settings"/> <input type="button" value="Don't Save Settings"/> </p>

Autoconfiguration

My IPv6 Connection is: Select **Autoconfiguration (Stateless/DHCPv6)** from the drop-down menu.

IPv6 DNS Settings: Select either **Obtain DNS server address automatically** or **Use the following DNS Address.**

Primary/Secondary DNS Server: Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses.

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select **Stateful (DHCPv6)**, **SLAAC + RDNSS** or **SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6.**

IPv6 Address Range Start: Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address Range End: Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

Router Advertisement Lifetime: Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).

Click **Save Settings.**

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.

My IPv6 Connection is : Autoconfiguration(SLAAC/DHCPv6

IPv6 DNS SETTINGS

Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.

☒ Obtain IPv6 DNS Servers automatically

☐ Use the following IPv6 DNS Servers

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server :

LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.

Enable DHCP-PD : ☒

LAN IPv6 Address : /64

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment : ☒

Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN : ☒

Autoconfiguration Type : SLAAC+Stateless DHCP

Router Advertisement Lifetime : (minutes)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

PPPoE

My IPv6 Connection is: Select **PPPoE** from the drop-down menu.

PPPoE Internet Connection Type: Enter the PPPoE account settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).

PPPoE Session: Select **Create a new session** if you have IPv6.

Address Mode: Select **Static IP** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic IP**.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

IPv6 DNS Settings: Select either **Obtain IPv6 DNS servers automatically** or **Use the following IPv6 DNS Servers**

Primary/Secondary DNS Servers: Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses.

<p>IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE</p> <p>Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.</p> <p>My IPv6 Connection is : <input type="text" value="PPPoE"/></p>
<p>PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :</p> <p>Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).</p> <p>PPPoE Session : <input checked="" type="radio"/> Share with IPv4 <input type="radio"/> Create a new session</p> <p>Address Mode : <input checked="" type="radio"/> Dynamic IP <input type="radio"/> Static IP</p> <p>IP Address : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Username : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Password : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Verify Password : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Service Name : <input type="text"/> (optional)</p> <p>Reconnect Mode : <input type="radio"/> Always on <input checked="" type="radio"/> On demand <input type="radio"/> Manual</p> <p>Maximum Idle Time : <input type="text"/> (minutes, 0=infinite)</p> <p>MTU : <input type="text" value="1492"/> (bytes) MTU default = 1492</p>
<p>IPv6 DNS SETTINGS</p> <p>Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Obtain IPv6 DNS Servers automatically</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Use the following IPv6 DNS Servers</p> <p>Primary DNS Server : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Secondary DNS Server : <input type="text"/></p>
<p>LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS</p> <p>Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.</p> <p>Enable DHCP-PD : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>LAN IPv6 Address : <input type="text"/> /64</p> <p>LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64</p>
<p>ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS</p> <p>Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.</p> <p>Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Autoconfiguration Type : <input type="text" value="SLAAC+Stateless DHCP"/></p> <p>Router Advertisement Lifetime : <input type="text"/> (minutes)</p> <p><input type="button" value="Save Settings"/> <input type="button" value="Don't Save Settings"/></p>

Enable DHCP-PD: Check to enable DHCP-PD.

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment: Check to enable the IPv6 Autoconfiguration.

Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN: Check to enable delegation of previxes for router addresses.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select **Stateful (DHCPv6)**, **SLAAC + RDNSS** or **SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6**.

IPv6 Address Range Start: Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address Range End: Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

Router Advertisement Lifetime: Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).

Click **Save Settings**.

The screenshot shows two sections of a web configuration interface. The top section, titled "LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS", contains instructions to configure internal network settings, a checked "Enable DHCP-PD" checkbox, an empty "LAN IPv6 Address" input field followed by "/64", and a "LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address" of fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64. The bottom section, titled "ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS", contains instructions to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration, checked checkboxes for "Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment" and "Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN", an "Autoconfiguration Type" dropdown menu set to "SLAAC+Stateless DHCP", and a "Router Advertisement Lifetime" input field followed by "(minutes)". At the bottom of the interface are "Save Settings" and "Don't Save Settings" buttons.

IPv6 in IPv4 Tunneling

My IPv6 Connection is: Select **IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel** from the drop-down menu.

IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel

Settings: Enter the settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).

IPv6 DNS Settings: Select either **Obtain IPv6 DNS servers automatically** or **Use the following IPv6 DNS Servers**

Primary/Secondary DNS Servers: Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses.

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.

Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN: Check to enable delegation of prefixes for router addresses.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select **Stateful (DHCPv6)**, **SLAAC + RDNSS** or **SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6**.

IPv6 Address Range Start: Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address Range End: Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

Router Advertisement Lifetime: Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).

Click **Save Settings**.

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE
<p>Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.</p> <p>My IPv6 Connection is : IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel</p>
IPv6 IN IPV4 TUNNEL SETTINGS
<p>Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel information provided by your Tunnel Broker.</p> <p>Remote IPv4 Address : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Remote IPv6 Address : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Local IPv4 Address : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Local IPv6 Address : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Subnet Prefix Length : <input type="text"/></p>
IPv6 DNS SETTINGS
<p>Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Obtain IPv6 DNS Servers automatically</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Use the following IPv6 DNS Servers</p> <p>Primary DNS Server : <input type="text"/></p> <p>Secondary DNS Server : <input type="text"/></p>
LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS
<p>Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.</p> <p>Enable DHCP-PD : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>LAN IPv6 Address : <input type="text"/> /64</p> <p>LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64</p>
ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
<p>Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.</p> <p>Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Autoconfiguration Type : SLAAC+Stateless DHCP</p> <p>Router Advertisement Lifetime : <input type="text"/> (minutes)</p> <p><input type="button" value="Save Settings"/> <input type="button" value="Don't Save Settings"/></p>

6 to 4 Tunneling

My IPv6 Connection is: Select **6 to 4** from the drop-down menu.

WAN IPv6 Address Settings: Enter the IPv6 settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).

Primary/Secondary DNS Servers: Enter the primary and secondary DNS server addresses.

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select **Stateful (DHCPv6)**, **SLAAC + RDNSS** or **SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6**.

IPv6 Address Range Start: Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address Range End: Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

Router Advertisement Lifetime: Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).

Click **Save Settings**.

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.	
My IPv6 Connection is :	6to4
WAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS	
Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).	
6to4 Address :	
6to4 Relay :	
Primary DNS Server :	
Secondary DNS Server :	
LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS	
Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.	
LAN IPv6 Address :	xxxx:xxxx:xxxx: [] ::1 /64
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address :	fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64
ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS	
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.	
Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Autoconfiguration Type :	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP
Router Advertisement Lifetime :	(minutes)
<input type="button" value="Save Settings"/> <input type="button" value="Don't Save Settings"/>	

6rd

My IPv6 Connection is: Select **6rd** from the drop-down menu.

WAN IPv6 Address Settings: Enter the address settings supplied by your Internet provider (ISP).

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment: Check to enable the Autoconfiguration feature.

Autoconfiguration Type: Select **Stateful (DHCPv6)**, **SLAAC+RDNSS** or **SLAAC + Stateless DHCPv6**.

Router Advertisement Lifetime: Enter the Router Advertisement Lifetime (in minutes).

Click **Save Settings**.

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.

My IPv6 Connection is : 6rd

WAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Enable Hub and Spoke Mode : ☐

6rd Configuration : ☒ 6rd DHCPv4 option ☐ Manual Configuration

6rd IPv6 Prefix : /

IPv4 Address : Mask Length :

Assigned IPv6 Prefix :

Tunnel Link-Local Address :

6rd Border Relay IPv4 Address :

Primary DNS Server :

Secondary DNS Server :

LAN IPv6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.

LAN IPv6 Address :

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment : ☒

Autoconfiguration Type : SLAAC+Stateless DHCP

Router Advertisement Lifetime : (minutes)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Local Connectivity

My IPv6 Connection is: Select **Local Connectivity Only** from the drop-down menu.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: Displays the IPv6 address of the router.

Click **Save Settings**.

IPv6 CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.

My IPv6 Connection is : Local Connectivity Only

LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::cad3:a3ff:fe23:2d88 /64

Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

mydlink Settings

The DIR-850L features a cloud service that pushes information such as firmware upgrade notifications, user activity, and intrusion alerts to the mydlink™ app on Android and Apple mobile devices. To insure that your router is up-to-date with the latest features, mydlink™ will notify you when an update is available for your router. You can also monitor a user's online activity with real-time website browsing history, maintaining a safe and secure environment, especially for children at home.

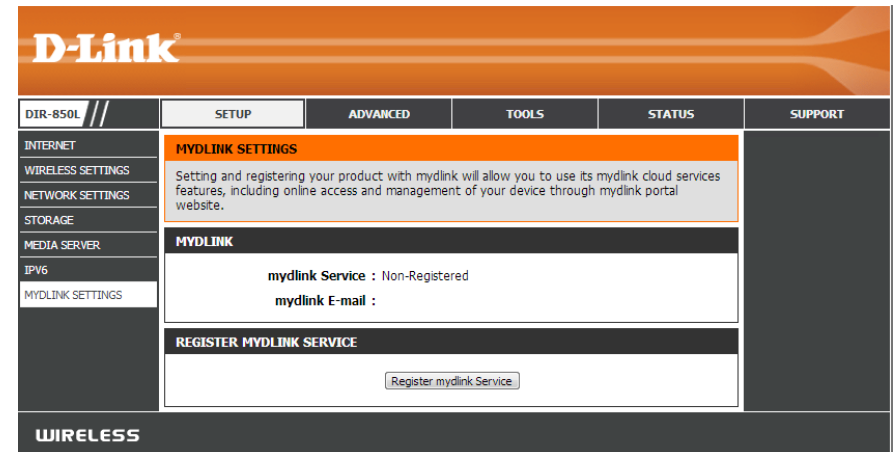
On this page the user can configure the mydlink™ settings for this router. This feature will allow us to use the mydlink cloud services that includes online access and management of this router through the mydlink portal website or portable device applications like iOS apps and Android applications.

In the mydlink section, we can view the registration status of the mydlink account service. The mydlink Service field will either display Registered or Non-Registered. In the Register mydlink Service section, we can register or modify a mydlink account. Click on the **Register mydlink Service** button to initiate this procedure.

mydlink Service: Displays whether your device is registered with a mydlink account or not. If you are registered, your mydlink e-mail address will be displayed.

mydlink E-mail: If you are registered, your mydlink E-mail address will be displayed.

Register mydlink Settings: Click to go to the mydlink website to register or edit your settings. Please refer to page 19 for the registration steps.



Advanced Virtual Server

This will allow you to open a single port. If you would like to open a range of ports, refer to the next page.

Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the "Computer Name" drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

Private Port/ Public Port: Enter the port that you want to open next to Private Port and Public Port. The private and public ports are usually the same. The public port is the port seen from the Internet side, and the private port is the port being used by the application on the computer within your local network.

Protocol Type: Select **TCP**, **UDP**, or **Both** from the drop-down menu.

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools** > **Schedules** section.

Inbound Filter: Select **Allow All** (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the **Advanced** > **Inbound Filter** page.

D-Link

DIR-850L

SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

VIRTUAL SERVER

The Virtual Server option allows you to define a single public port on your router for redirection to an internal LAN IP Address and Private LAN port if required. This feature is useful for hosting online services such as FTP or Web Servers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 - VIRTUAL SERVERS LIST

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

	Name	IP Address	Port	Traffic Type	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> << Application name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/>	Protocol Both	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> << Application name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/>	Protocol Both	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> << Application name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/>	Protocol Both	Schedule Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> << Application name	<input type="text"/> << Computer Name	Public Port <input type="text"/>	Protocol Both	Schedule Always

Helpful Hints...

- Check the **Application Name** drop down menu for a list of predefined server types. If you select one of the predefined server types, click the arrow button next to the drop down menu to fill out the corresponding field.
- You can select a computer from the list of DHCP clients in the **Computer Name** drop down menu, or you can manually enter the IP address of the computer at which you would like to open the specified port.
- Select a schedule for when the virtual server will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the **Tools** > **Schedules** screen and create a new schedule.
- Select a filter that restricts the Internet hosts that can access this virtual server to hosts that you trust. If you do not see the filter you

Port Forwarding

This will allow you to open a single port or a range of ports.

Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), your computer will be listed in the "Computer Name" drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

TCP/UDP: Enter the TCP and/or UDP port or ports that you want to open. You can enter a single port or a range of ports. Separate ports with a comma.

Example: 24,1009,3000-4000

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to **Always**, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

Inbound Filter: Select **Allow All** (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the **Advanced > Inbound Filter** page.

D-Link

DIR-850L

SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

PORT FORWARDING

This option is used to open multiple ports or a range of ports in your router and redirect data through those ports to a single PC on your network. This feature allows you to enter ports in the format, Port Ranges (100-150), Individual Ports (80, 68, 888), or Mixed (1020-5000, 689). This option is only applicable to the INTERNET session.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- PORT FORWARDING RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

Name	IP Address	Application Name	Computer Name	Ports to Open	Schedule	Inbound Filter
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	TCP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	UDP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	TCP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	UDP	Always	Allow All

Helpful Hints...

- Check the **Application Name** drop-down menu for a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop-down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.
- You can select your computer from the list of DHCP clients in the **Computer Name** drop-down menu, or enter the IP address manually if the computer you would like to open the specified port to.
- Select a schedule for when the port forwarding will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the **Tools -> Schedules** screen and create a new schedule.
- You can enter ports in various formats: Range (50-100) Individual (80, 68, 888) Mixed (1020-

Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DIR-850L. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DIR-850L provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

Name: Enter a name for the rule. You may select a pre-defined application from the drop-down menu and click <<.

Trigger: This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.

Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the trigger port (TCP, UDP, or Both).

Firewall: This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or Both).

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Application Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

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DIR-850L // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

APPLICATION RULES

The Application Rules option is used to open single or multiple ports in your firewall when the router senses data sent to the Internet on an outgoing "Trigger" port or port range. Special Application rules apply to all computers on your internal network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- APPLICATION RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

	Name	Application	Trigger	Firewall	Traffic Type	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<< Application Name			All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<< Application Name			All	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>		<< Application Name			All	Always

Helpful Hints...

- Use this feature if you are trying to execute one of the listed network applications and it is not communicating as expected.
- Use the **Application Name** drop-down menu to view a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop-down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.
- Select a schedule for when the service will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the **Tools -> Schedules** screen and create a new schedule.
- [More...](#)

QoS Engine

The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are disabled and application priority is not automatically classified. The QoS section contains a queuing mechanism, traffic shaping and classification. It supports two kinds of queuing mechanisms. Strict Priority Queue (SPQ) and Weighted Fair Queue (WFQ). SPQ will process traffic based on traffic priority. Queue1 has the highest priority and Queue4 has the lowest priority. WFQ will process traffic based on the queue weight. Users can configure each queue's weight. The sum of all the queue's weight must be 100. When surfing the Internet, the system will do traffic shaping based on the uplink and downlink speed. The classification rules can be used to classify traffic to different queues, then SPQ or WFQ will do QoS based on the queue's priority or weight.

Enable QoS: This option is disabled by default. Enable this option for better performance and experience with online games and other interactive applications, such as VoIP.

Uplink Speed: The speed at which data can be transferred from the router to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP.

Downlink Speed: The speed at which data can be transferred from the Internet to your router. This is determined by your ISP.

Queue Type: Select either **Strict Priority Queue** (rank in order) or **Weighted Fair Queue** (percentage).

Queue ID: The Queue ID used will be displayed in the first column.

Queue Priority: When *Strict Priority Queue* is selected, the *Queue Priority* will be displayed in the second column.

Queue Weight: When the *Weighted Fair Queue* option is selected, you will be able to manually enter the *Queue Weight* for each individual Queue ID in the second column.

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

QoS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure D-Link's QoS Engine powered by QoS Engine Technology. This QoS Engine improves your online gaming experience by ensuring that your game traffic is prioritized over other network traffic, such as FTP or Web. For best performance, use the Automatic Classification option to automatically set the priority for your applications.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

QoS SETUP

Enable QoS : ☐

Uplink Speed : 2048 kbps << Select Transmission Rate

Downlink Speed : 8192 kbps << Select Transmission Rate

Queue Type : ☐ Strict Priority Queue ☒ Weighted Fair Queue

Queue ID	Queue Weight
1	40 %
2	30 %
3	20 %
4	10 %

32 -- CLASSIFICATION RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 18

Name: Youtube Queue ID: 1 - Highest Protocol: TCP << ALL

Local IP Range: [] to [] Application Port: YOUTUBE << ALL

Remote IP Range: [] to []

After specifying the QoS framework used, in the QoS setup section, the user can now create individual rules for scenarios that require the use of traffic control and data priority manipulation.

Classification The QoS Engine supports overlaps between rules, where more than one rule can match for a specific message flow. If more than one **Rules:** rule is found to match the rule with the highest priority will be used.

Name: Create a name for the rule that is meaningful to you.

Queue ID: The priority of the message flow is entered here -- 1 receives the highest priority (most urgent) and 255 receives the lowest priority (least urgent).

Protocol: The protocol used by the messages.

Local IP Range: The rule applies to a flow of messages whose LAN-side IP address falls within the range set here.

Local Port Range: The rule applies to a flow of messages whose LAN-side port number is within the range set here.

Remote IP Range: The rule applies to a flow of messages whose WAN-side IP address falls within the range set here.

Remote Port Range: The rule applies to a flow of messages whose WAN-side port number is within the range set here.

Application Port: Select a service or port you want to assign to this rule.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made or click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

Network Filters

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the network. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the Broadband Router.

Configure MAC Filtering: Select **Turn MAC Filtering Off, Allow MAC addresses listed below**, or **Deny MAC addresses listed below** from the drop-down menu.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to filter.

To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the *Networking Basics* section in this manual.

DHCP Client List: Select a DHCP client from the drop-down menu and click << to copy that MAC Address.

Schedule: Select a pre-defined or user created schedule from the drop-down menu, or click **New Schedule** to create a new schedule. You set a specific time frame for the MAC filter rule to be active.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various configuration options: VIRTUAL SERVER, PORT FORWARDING, APPLICATION RULES, QOS ENGINE, NETWORK FILTER (selected), ACCESS CONTROL, WEBSITE FILTER, INBOUND FILTER, FIREWALL SETTINGS, ROUTING, ADVANCED WIRELESS, and WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP. The main content area is titled 'MAC ADDRESS FILTER' and contains the following information:

The MAC (Media Access Controller) Address filter option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to ALLOW or DENY network/Internet access.

Buttons: Save Settings, Don't Save Settings

24 -- MAC FILTERING RULES

Configure MAC Filtering below:
Turn MAC Filtering OFF (selected)

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

	MAC Address		DHCP Client List	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule

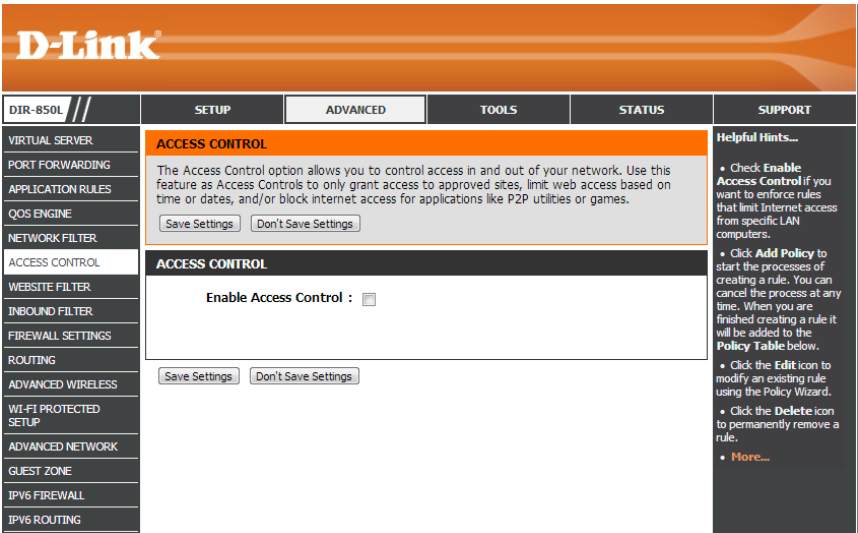
Helpful Hints...

- Create a list of MAC addresses and choose whether to allow or deny them access to your network.
- Computers that have obtained an IP address from the router's DHCP server will be in the DHCP Client List. Select a device from the drop down menu and click the arrow to add that device's MAC to the list.
- Use the check box on the left to either enable or disable a particular entry.
- Use the Always drop

Access Control

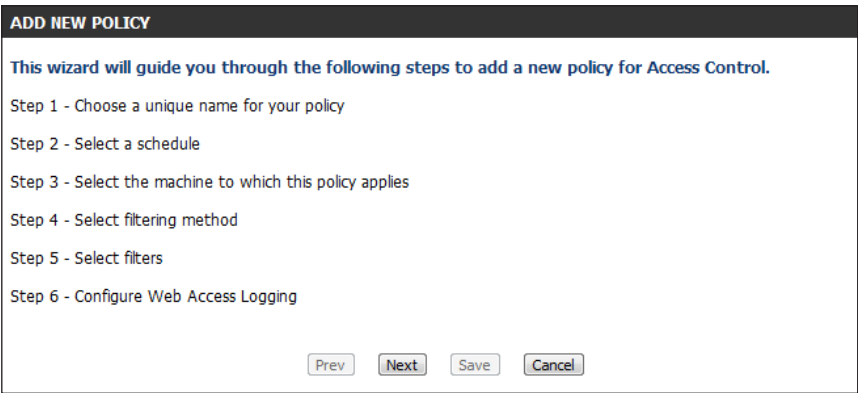
The Access Control section allows you to control access in and out of your network. Use this feature as Parental Controls to only grant access to approved sites, limit web access based on time or dates, and/or block access from applications like P2P utilities or games.

Enable Access Control: Check the **Enable Access Control** box, and then click on **Add Policy** to start the Wizard.



Access Control Wizard

Click **Next** to continue with the wizard.



Enter a name for the policy and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 1: CHOOSE POLICY NAME

Choose a unique name for your policy.

Policy Name :

Select a schedule (i.e., Always) from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 2: SELECT SCHEDULE

Choose a schedule to apply to this policy.

Schedule :

Details :

Enter the following information and then click **Next** to continue.

- **Address Type** - Select IP address, MAC address, or Other Machines.
- **IP Address** - Enter the IP address of the computer you want to apply the rule to.
- **Machine Address** - Enter the PC MAC address or click on **Clone Your PCs MAC Address**.

STEP 3: SELECT MACHINE

Select the machine to which this policy applies.

Specify a machine with its IP or MAC address, or select 'Other Machines' for machines that do not have a policy.

Address Type : ☒ IP ☐ MAC ☐ Other Machines

IP Address : << Computer Name

Machine Address : << Computer Name

Machine

Click **Add** and then click **Next** to continue.

Select the filtering method.

STEP 4: SELECT FILTERING METHOD

Select the method for filtering.

Method : ☐ Log Web Access Only ☐ Block All Access ☒ Block Some Access

Apply Web Filter : ☐

Apply Advanced Port Filters : ☐

If you choose to *Block Some Access*, check **Apply Web Filter** and/or **Apply Advanced Port Filters**.

Click **Next** to continue.

STEP 4: SELECT FILTERING METHOD

Select the method for filtering.

Method : ☐ Log Web Access Only ☐ Block All Access ☒ Block Some Access

Apply Web Filter : ☒

Apply Advanced Port Filters : ☒

Add Port Filter Rules:

- Enable** - Check to enable the rule.
- Name** - Enter a name for your rule.
- Dest IP Start** - Enter the starting IP address.
- Dest IP End** - Enter the ending IP address.
- Protocol** - Select the protocol.
- Dest Port Start** - Enter the starting port number.
- Dest Port End** - Enter the ending port number.

STEP 5: PORT FILTER

Add Port Filters Rules.

Specify rules to prohibit access to specific IP addresses and ports.

Enable	Name	Dest IP Start	Dest IP End	Protocol	Dest Port Start	Dest Port End
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535
<input type="checkbox"/>		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	Any	1	65535

Prev Next Save Cancel

To enable web logging, click **Enabled**.

Click **Save** to save the access control rule.

STEP 6: CONFIGURE WEB ACCESS LOGGING

Web Access Logging : ☐ Disabled ☒ Enabled

Prev Next Save Cancel

Your newly created policy will now show up under *Policy Table*.

ACCESS CONTROL

The Access Control option allows you to control access in and out of your network. Use this feature as Access Controls to only grant access to approved sites, limit web access based on time or dates, and/or block internet access for applications like P2P utilities or games.


Save Settings Don't Save Settings Reboot Now

ENABLE

Enable Access Control : ☒

Add Policy

POLICY TABLE

Enable	Policy	Machine	Filtering	Logged	Schedule	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	dlink	192.168.0.106	Block Some Access	No	Always	

Website Filters

Website Filters are used to allow you to set up a list of Web sites that can be viewed by multiple users through the network. To use this feature select to **Allow** or **Deny**, enter the domain or website and click **Save Settings**. You must also select **Apply Web Filter** under the *Access Control* section (page 81).

Configure Select either **DENY** computers access to **Website Filter: ONLY these sites** or **ALLOW** computers access to **ONLY these sites**.

Website URL/ Domain: Enter the keywords or URLs that you want to allow or block. Click **Save Settings**.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various configuration sections: VIRTUAL SERVER, PORT FORWARDING, APPLICATION RULES, QOS ENGINE, NETWORK FILTER, ACCESS CONTROL, WEBSITE FILTER (highlighted), INBOUND FILTER, FIREWALL SETTINGS, ROUTING, ADVANCED WIRELESS, WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP, ADVANCED NETWORK, GUEST ZONE, IPV6 FIREWALL, and IPV6 ROUTING.

The main content area is titled "WEBSITE FILTER" and contains the following information:

- A description: "The Website Filter option allows you to set up a list of Web sites you would like to allow or deny through your network. To use this feature, you must also select the 'Apply Web Filter' checkbox in the Access Control section." Below this are "Save Settings" and "Don't Save Settings" buttons.
- A section titled "24 -- WEBSITE FILTERING RULES" with the instruction "Configure Website Filter below:". It features a dropdown menu set to "DENY computers access to ONLY these sites" and a "Clear the list below..." button.
- A table for "Website URL/Domain" with 6 rows and 2 columns for entering URLs.
- A status indicator: "Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24".

On the right side, there is a "Helpful Hints..." section with the following bullet points:

- Create a list of Websites that you would like the devices on your network to be allowed or denied access to.
- Keywords can be entered in this list in order to block any URL containing the keyword entered.
- Use with **Advanced - > Access Control**.
- **More...**

Inbound Filters

The Inbound Filter option is an advanced method of controlling data received from the Internet. With this feature you can configure inbound data filtering rules that control data based on an IP address range. Inbound Filters can be used with Virtual Server, Port Forwarding, or Remote Administration features.

Name: Enter a name for the inbound filter rule.

Action: Select **Allow** or **Deny**.

Remote IP Check to enable rule.

Range: Enable:

Remote IP Start: Enter the starting IP address. Enter 0.0.0.0 if you do not want to specify an IP range.

Remote IP End: Enter the ending IP address. Enter 255.255.255.255 if you do not want to specify an IP range.

Add: Click the **Add** button to apply your settings. You must click **Save Settings** at the top to save the settings.

Inbound Filter Rules List: This section will list any rules that are created. You may click the **Edit** icon to change the settings or enable/disable the rule, or click the **Delete** icon to remove the rule.

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

INBOUND FILTER

The Inbound Filter option is an advanced method of controlling data received from the Internet. With this feature you can configure inbound data filtering rules that control data based on an IP address range.

Inbound Filters can be used for limiting access to a server on your network to a system or group of systems. Filter rules can be used with Virtual Server, Port Forwarding, or Remote Administration features.

ADD INBOUND FILTER RULE

Name :

Action :

Remote IP Range : ☐ Enable ☐ Disable

Remote IP Start Remote IP End

☐

☐

☐

☐

☐

☐

☐

INBOUND FILTER RULES LIST

Name	Action	Remote IP Range

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- Give each rule a **Name** that is meaningful to you.
- Each rule can either **Allow** or **Deny** access from the WAN.
- Up to eight ranges of WAN IP addresses can be controlled by each rule. The checkbox by each IP range can be used to disable ranges already defined.
- The starting and ending IP addresses are WAN-side address.
- Click the **Add** button to store a finished rule in the Rules List below.
- Click the **Edit** icon in the Rules List to change a rule.
- Click the **Delete** icon in the Rules List to permanently remove a rule.
- [More...](#)

Firewall Settings

A firewall protects your network from the outside world. The DIR-850L offers a firewall type functionality. The SPI feature helps prevent cyber attacks. Sometimes you may want a computer exposed to the outside world for certain types of applications. If you choose to expose a computer, you can enable DMZ. DMZ is short for Demilitarized Zone. This option will expose the chosen computer completely to the outside world.

Enable SPI: SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.

Anti-Spoof Checking: Enable this feature to protect your network from certain kinds of “spoofing” attacks.

Enable DMZ: If an application has trouble working from behind the router, you can expose one computer to the Internet and run the application on that computer.

Note: *Placing a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.*

DMZ IP Address: Specify the IP address of the computer on the LAN that you want to have unrestricted Internet communication. If this computer obtains its IP address automatically using DHCP, be sure to make a static reservation on the **Setup > Network Settings** page so that the IP address of the DMZ machine does not change.

PPTP: Allows multiple machines on the LAN to connect to their corporate network using PPTP protocol.

IPSEC (VPN): Allows multiple VPN clients to connect to their corporate network using IPsec. Some VPN clients support traversal of IPsec through NAT. This ALG may interfere with the operation of such VPN clients. If you are having trouble connecting with your corporate network, try turning this ALG off. Please check with the system administrator of your corporate network whether your VPN client supports NAT traversal.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various configuration options: VIRTUAL SERVER, PORT FORWARDING, APPLICATION RULES, QOS ENGINE, NETWORK FILTER, ACCESS CONTROL, WEBSITE FILTER, INBOUND FILTER, FIREWALL SETTINGS, ROUTING, ADVANCED WIRELESS, WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP, ADVANCED NETWORK, GUEST ZONE, IPV6 FIREWALL, and IPV6 ROUTING. The main content area is titled "FIREWALL & DMZ SETTINGS" and contains several sections:

- FIREWALL & DMZ SETTINGS:** A brief explanation of DMZ and buttons for "Save Settings" and "Don't Save Settings".
- FIREWALL SETTINGS:** Includes a checkbox for "Enable SPI".
- ANTI-SPOOF CHECKING:** Includes a checkbox for "Enable anti-spoof checking".
- DMZ HOST:** Includes a checkbox for "Enable DMZ", a text field for "DMZ IP Address", and a dropdown for "Computer Name".
- APPLICATION LEVEL GATEWAY (ALG) CONFIGURATION:** Includes checkboxes for "PPTP", "IPSec (VPN)", "RTSP", and "SIP", all of which are currently checked.

Buttons for "Save Settings" and "Don't Save Settings" are located at the bottom of the configuration sections. A "WIRELESS" tab is visible at the bottom of the interface.

RTSP: Allows application that uses Real Time Streaming Protocol to receive streaming media from the Internet. QuickTime and Real Player are some of the common applications using this protocol.

SIP: Allows devices and applications using VoIP (Voice over IP) to communicate across NAT. Some VoIP applications and devices have the ability to discover NAT devices and work around them. This ALG may interfere with the operation of such devices. If you are having trouble making VoIP calls, try turning this ALG off.

Routing

The Routing option is an advanced method of customizing specific routes of data through your network.

Name: Enter a name for your route.

Destination IP: Enter the IP address of packets that will take this route.

Netmask: Enter the netmask of the route, please note that the octets must match your destination IP address.

Gateway: Enter your next hop gateway to be taken if this route is used.

Metric: The route metric is a value from 1 to 16 that indicates the cost of using this route. A value 1 is the lowest cost and 15 is the highest cost.

Interface: Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transit out of the router when this route is used.

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ROUTING

The Routing option allows you to define static routes to specific destinations.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

32 -- ROUTE LIST

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 32

Name	Destination IP	Netmask	Gateway	Metric	Interface
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	1	WAN ()
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	1	WAN ()
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	1	WAN ()

Helpful Hints...

- **Enable:** Specifies whether the entry will be enabled or disabled.
- **Interface:** Specifies the interface -- WAN -- that the IP packet must use to transit out of the router, when this route is used.
- **Destination IP:** The IP address of packets that will take this route.
- **Netmask:** One bit in the mask specifies which bits of the IP address must match.
- **Gateway:** The gateway IP address is the IP address of the router, if any, used to reach the specified destination.
- [More...](#)

Advanced Wireless

Transmit Power: Set the transmit power of the antennas.

WLAN Partition: This enables 802.11d operation. 802.11d is a wireless specification developed to allow implementation of wireless networks in countries that cannot use the 802.11 standard. This feature should only be enabled if you are in a country that requires it.

WMM Enable: WMM is QoS for your wireless network. This will improve the quality of video and voice applications for your wireless clients.

Short GI: Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.

HT20/40 Coexistence: Enable this option to reduce interference from other wireless networks in your area. If the channel width is operating at 40MHz and there is another wireless network's channel over-lapping and causing interference, the router will automatically change to 20MHz.

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DIR-850L // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the behavior of their 802.11n wireless radio from the standard settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from the factory defaults. Incorrect settings may impact the performance of your wireless radio. The default settings should provide the best wireless radio performance in most environments.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

Wireless Band : 2.4GHz Band

Transmit Power : High

WLAN Partition : ☐

WMM Enable : ☒

HT 20/40 Coexistence : ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

Wireless Band : 5GHz Band

Transmit Power : High

WLAN Partition : ☐

WMM Enable : ☒

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- It is recommended that you leave these parameters with their default values. Adjusting them could limit the performance of your wireless network.
- Enabling WMM can help control latency and jitter when transmitting multimedia content over a wireless connection.
- [More...](#)

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) System is a simplified method for securing your wireless network during the “Initial setup” as well as the “Add New Device” processes. The Wi-Fi Alliance (WFA) has certified it across different products as well as manufactures. The process is just as easy as pressing a button for the Push-Button Method or correctly entering the 8-digit code for the Pin Code Method. The time reduction in setup and ease of use are quite beneficial, while the highest wireless Security setting of WPA2 is automatically used.

Enable: Enable the Wi-Fi Protected Setup feature.

Note: if this option is unchecked, the WPS button on the side of the router will be disabled.

WiFi Protected Setup: Displays the current WPS status.

Lock WPS-PIN Setup: Locking the WPS-PIN Method prevents the settings from being changed by any external registrar using its PIN. Devices can still be added to the wireless network using the Wi-Fi Protected Setup Push Button Configuration (WPS-PBC). It is still possible to change wireless networks settings with Manual Wireless Network Setup or Wireless Network Setup Wizard.

PIN Settings: A PIN is a unique number that can be used to add the router to an existing network or to create a new network. Only the Administrator (“admin” account) can change or reset the PIN.

PIN: Shows the current PIN.

Reset PIN to Default: Click to restore the default PIN of the router.

Generate New PIN: Create a random number that is a valid PIN. This becomes the router’s PIN. You can then copy this PIN to the user interface of the wireless client.

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP

Wi-Fi Protected Setup is used to easily add devices to a network using a PIN or button press. Devices must support Wi-Fi Protected Setup in order to be configured by this method. If the PIN changes, the new PIN will be used in following Wi-Fi Protected Setup process. Clicking on "Don't Save Settings" button will not reset the PIN. However, if the new PIN is not saved, it will get lost when the device reboots or loses power.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP

Enable : ☒

WiFi Protected Setup : Enable/Configured

Lock WPS-PIN Setup : ☐

PIN SETTINGS

PIN : 34205969

Reset PIN to Default Generate New PIN

ADD WIRELESS STATION

Connect your Wireless Device

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- Enable if other wireless devices you wish to include in the local network support Wi-Fi Protected Setup.
- Only "Admin" account can change security settings.
- Lock WPS-PIN Setup Locking the WPS-PIN Method prevents the settings from being changed by any new external registrar using its PIN. Devices can still be added to the wireless network using Wi-Fi Protected Setup Push Button Configuration (WPS-PIN).
- Click Connect your Wireless Device to use Wi-Fi Protected Setup to add wireless devices to the wireless network.
- More...

Add Wireless Station: This Wizard helps you add wireless devices to the wireless network.

The wizard will either display the wireless network settings to guide you through manual configuration, prompt you to enter the PIN for the device, or ask you to press the configuration button on the device. If the device supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and has a configuration button, you can add it to the network by pressing the configuration button on the device and then the on the router within 60 seconds. The status LED on the router will flash three times if the device has been successfully added to the network.

There are several ways to add a wireless device to your network. A “registrar” controls access to the wireless network. A registrar only allows devices onto the wireless network if you have entered the PIN, or pressed a special Wi-Fi Protected Setup button on the device. The router acts as a registrar for the network, although other devices may act as a registrar as well.

Connect Your Wireless Device: Click to start the wizard and skip to page 44.

WPS Button

You can also simply press the WPS button on the side of the router, and then press the WPS button on your wireless client to automatically connect without logging into the router.

Refer to page 115 for more information.



Advanced Network Settings

Enable UPnP IGD: To use the Universal Plug and Play (UPnP™) feature check the box. UPnP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals.

Enable WAN Ping Response: Checking the box will allow the DIR-850L to respond to pings. Unchecking the box may provide some extra security from hackers.

WAN Port Speed: You may set the port speed of the Internet port to 10Mbps, 100Mbps, 1000Mbps, or Auto (recommended).

Enable IPV4 Multicast Streams: Check the box to allow multicast traffic to pass through the router from the Internet (IPv4).

Enable IPV6 Multicast Streams: Check the box to allow multicast traffic to pass through the router from the Internet (IPv6).

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADVANCED NETWORK SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the LAN settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from factory default. Changing these settings may affect the behavior of your network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

UPNP

Universal Plug and Play(UPnP) supports peer-to-peer Plug and Play functionality for network devices.

Enable UPnP IGD : ☒

WAN PING

If you enable this feature, the WAN port of your router will respond to ping requests from the Internet that are sent to the WAN IP Address.

Enable WAN Ping Response : ☐

WAN PORT SPEED

WAN Port Speed : Auto 10/100/1000Mbps

IPV4 MULTICAST STREAMS

Enable IPv4 Multicast Streams : ☐

IPV6 MULTICAST STREAMS

Enable IPv6 Multicast Streams : ☒

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- UPnP helps other UPnP LAN hosts interoperate with the router. Leave the UPnP option enabled as long as the LAN has other UPnP applications.
- For added security, it is recommended that you disable the **WAN Ping Response** option. Ping is often used by malicious Internet users to locate active networks or PCs.
- The WAN speed is usually detected automatically. If you are having problems connecting to the WAN, try selecting the speed manually.
- If you are having trouble receiving video on demand type of service from the Internet, make sure the Multicast Stream option is enabled.
- [More...](#)

Guest Zone

The Guest Zone feature will allow you to create temporary zones that can be used by guests to access the Internet. These zones will be separate from your main wireless network. You may configure different zones for the 2.4GHz and 5GHz wireless bands.

Enable Routing Check to allow network connectivity between the **Between Zones:** different zones created.

Enable Guest Zone: Check to enable the Guest Zone feature.

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Guest Zone will be active. The schedule may be set to **Always**, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section or click **New Schedule**.

Wireless Network Name: Enter a wireless network name (SSID) that is different from your main wireless network.

Security Mode: Select the type of security or encryption you would like to enable for the guest zone.

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

GUEST ZONE

Use this section to configure the guest zone settings of your router. The guest zone provide a separate network zone for guest to access Internet.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

GUEST ZONE

Enable Routing Between Zones : ☐

SESSION 2.4GHZ

Enable Guest Zone : ☐ Always

Wireless Band : 2.4GHz Band

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

Security Mode :

SESSION 5GHZ

Enable Guest Zone : ☐ Always

Wireless Band : 5GHz Band

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

Security Mode :

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- Use this section to configure the guest zone settings of your router. The guest zone provide a separate network zone for guests to access Internet.
- [More...](#)

IPv6 Firewall

The DIR-850L's IPv6 Firewall feature allows you to configure which kind of IPv6 traffic is allowed to pass through the device. This feature functions in a similar way to the IP Filters feature.

Enable IPv6 Simple Security: Check the box to enable the IPv6 firewall simple security.

Configure IPv6 Filtering below: Select an action from the drop-down menu.

Name: Enter a name to identify the IPv6 firewall rule.

Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to select the time schedule that the IPv6 Firewall Rule will be enabled on. The schedule may be set to **Always**, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

Source: Use the **Interface** drop-down menu to specify the interface that connects to the source IPv6 addresses of the firewall rule.

IP Address Range: Enter the source IPv6 address range in the adjacent **IP Address Range** field.

Dest: Use the **Interface** drop-down menu to specify the interface that connects to the destination IP addresses of the firewall rule.

Protocol: Select the protocol of the firewall port (**All**, **TCP**, **UDP**, or **ICMP**).

Port Range: Enter the first port of the range that will be used for the firewall rule in the first box and enter the last port in the field in the second box.

IPv6 Routing

This page allows you to specify custom routes that determine how data is moved around your network.

Route List: Check the box next to the route you wish to enable.

Name: Enter a specific name to identify this route.

Destination IP/ Prefix Length: This is the IP address of the router used to reach the specified destination or enter the IPv6 address prefix length of the packets that will take this route.

Metric: Enter the metric value for this rule here.

Interface: Use the drop-down menu to specify if the IP packet must use the WAN or LAN interface to transit out of the Router.

Gateway: Enter the next hop that will be taken if this route is used.

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ROUTING

This Routing page allows you to specify custom routes that determine how data is moved around your network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

10 -- ROUTE LIST

Name	Destination IPv6 / Prefix Length	Metric	Interface	Gateway
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Helpful Hints...

- Each route has a check box next to it, check this box if you want the route to be enabled.
- The name field allows you to specify a name for identification of this route, e.g. 'Network 2'.
- The destination IPv6 address is the address of the host or network you wish to reach.
- The prefix length field identifies the portion of the destination IP in use.
- The gateway IP address is the IP address of the router, if any, used to reach the specified destination.
- [More...](#)

Tools Admin

This page will allow you to change the Administrator password and also enable Remote Management.

Admin Password: Enter a new password for the Admin login name. Enter again to verify password.

Gateway Name: Enter a name for your router.

Enable Graphical Authentication: Enables a challenge-response test to require users to type letters or numbers from a distorted image displayed on the screen to prevent online hackers and unauthorized users from gaining access to your router's network settings.

Enable HTTPS Server: Check to enable HTTPS to connect to the router securely. This means to connect to the router, you must enter **https://192.168.0.1** (for example) instead of **http://192.168.0.1**.

Enable Remote Management: Remote management allows the DIR-850L to be configured from the Internet by a web browser. A username/password is still required to access the Web Management interface.

Remote Admin Port: The port number used to access the DIR-850L is used in the URL. Example: **http://x.x.x.x:8080** whereas x.x.x.x is the Internet IP address of the DIR-850L and 8080 is the port used for the Web Management interface.

If you have enabled **HTTPS Server**, you must enter **https://** as part of the URL to access the router remotely.

Remote Admin Inbound Filter: This section will list any rules that are created. You may click the **Edit** icon to change the settings or enable/disable the rule, or click the **Delete** icon to remove the rule. **Details** will display the current status.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L Web Management interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various configuration sections: ADMIN, TIME, SYSLOG, EMAIL SETTINGS, SYSTEM, FIRMWARE, DYNAMIC DNS, SYSTEM CHECK, and SCHEDULES. The main content area is titled 'ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS' and contains the following sections:

- ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS:** A message states: 'The 'admin' account can access the management interface. The admin has read/write access and can change password. By default there is no password configured. It is highly recommended that you create a password to keep your router secure.' Below this are 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings' buttons.
- ADMIN PASSWORD:** A prompt says 'Please enter the same password into both boxes, for confirmation.' There are two password input fields labeled 'Password' and 'Verify Password'.
- SYSTEM NAME:** A field for 'Gateway Name' with the value 'DIR-850L'.
- ADMINISTRATION:** A section with several checkboxes and fields:
 - 'Enable Graphical Authentication' (unchecked)
 - 'Enable HTTPS Server' (checked)
 - 'Enable Remote Management' (unchecked)
 - 'Remote Admin Port' (8080) and 'Use HTTPS' (unchecked)
 - 'Remote Admin Inbound Filter' (dropdown menu showing 'Allow All')
 - 'Details' (text input field showing 'Allow All')

At the bottom of the main content area are 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings' buttons. The bottom of the page has a 'WIRELESS' section header.

Helpful Hints...

- For security reasons, it is recommended that you change the password for the Admin account. Be sure to write down the new password to avoid having to reset the router in case they are forgotten.
- When enabling Remote Management, you can specify the IP address of the computer on the Internet that you want to have access to your router, or leave it blank to allow access to any computer on the Internet.
- Select a filter that controls access as needed for this admin port. If you do not see the filter you need in the list of filters, go to the **Advanced > Inbound Filter** screen and create a new filter.
- [More...](#)

Time

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in and set the Time Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

Time: Displays the current date and time of the router.

Time Zone: Select your Time Zone from the drop-down menu.

Enable Daylight Saving: To select Daylight Saving time manually, select enabled or disabled, and enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.

Enable NTP Server: NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. A NTP server will sync the time and date with your router. This will only connect to a server on the Internet, not a local server. Check the box to enable this feature.

NTP Server Used: Enter the IP address of a NTP server or select one from the drop-down menu.

Manual: To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second and then click **Set Time**.

You can also click **Copy Your Computer's Time Settings** to synch the date and time with the computer you are currently on.

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TIME AND DATE

The Time and Date Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone you are in and set the NTP (Network Time Protocol) Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to adjust the time when needed.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

Time : 2000/01/02 01:13:22

Time Zone : (GMT+08:00) Taipei

Enable Daylight Saving : ☐

Daylight Saving Offset : +01:00

Daylight Saving Dates :

DST Start	Month	Week	Day of Week	Time
Jan	1st	Sun	12:00 AM	
DST End	Jan	1st	Sun	12:00 AM

AUTOMATIC TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

☒ Automatically synchronize with D-Link's Internet time server

NTP Server Used : ntp1.dlink.com Update Now

SET THE TIME AND DATE MANUALLY

Year	2009	Month	Jan	Day	2
Hour	1	Minute	13	Second	22

Sync. your computer's time settings

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- Either enter the time manually by clicking the **Sync. Your Computers Time Settings** button, or use the **Automatic Time Configuration** option to have your router synchronize with a time server on the Internet.
- [More...](#)

SysLog

The DIR-850L keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the Router. You may send these logs to a SysLog server on your network.

Enable Logging to SysLog Server: Check this box to send the router logs to a SysLog Server.

SysLog Server IP Address: The address of the SysLog server that will be used to send the logs. You may also select your computer from the drop-down menu (only if receiving an IP address from the router via DHCP).

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SYSLOG

The SysLog options allow you to send log information to a Syslog Server.

Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

SYSLOG SETTINGS

Enable Logging To SysLog : ☒ Server

Syslog Server IP Address : << Computer Name

Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- A System Logger (syslog) is a server that collects in one place the logs from different sources. If the LAN includes a syslog server, you can use this option to send the router's logs to that server.
- More...

WIRELESS

Email Settings

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware update notification to your email address.

Enable Email Notification: When this option is enabled, router activity logs are emailed to a designated email address.

From Email Address: This email address will appear as the sender when you receive a log file or firmware upgrade notification via email.

To Email Address: Enter the email address where you want the email sent.

Email Subject: Add a subject line to your email.

SMTP Server Address: Enter the SMTP server address for sending email.

SMTP Server Port: Enter the SMTP port used on the server.

Enable Authentication: Check this box if your SMTP server requires authentication.

Account Name: Enter your account for sending email.

Password: Enter the password associated with the account. Re-type the password associated with the account.

On Log Full: When this option is selected, logs will be sent via email to your account when the log is full.

On Schedule: Selecting this option will send the logs via email according to schedule.

Schedule: This option is enabled when **On Schedule** is selected. You can select a schedule from the list of defined schedules. To create a schedule, go to **Tools > Schedules**.

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

EMAIL SETTINGS

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files and router alert messages to your email address.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

EMAIL NOTIFICATION

Enable Email Notification : ☐

EMAIL SETTINGS

From Email Address :

To Email Address :

Email Subject :

SMTP Server Address :

SMTP Server Port : 25

Enable Authentication : ☐

Account Name :

Password :

Verify Password : Send Mail Now

EMAIL LOG WHEN FULL OR ON SCHEDULE

On Log Full : ☐

On Schedule : ☐

Schedule : Never

Detail :

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- You may want to make the email settings similar to those of your email client program.
- [More...](#)

System

This section allows you to manage the router's configuration settings, reboot the router, and restore the router to the factory default settings. Restoring the unit to the factory default settings will erase all settings, including any rules that you've created.

Save Settings to Local Hard Drive: Use this option to save the current router configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. First, click the **Save** button. A file dialog will appear, allowing you to select a location and file name for the settings.

Load Settings from Local Hard Drive: Use this option to load previously saved router configuration settings. First, use the **Browse** option to find a previously saved file of configuration settings. Then, click the **Load** button to transfer those settings to the router.

Restore to Factory Default Settings: This option will restore all configuration settings back to the settings that were in effect at the time the router was shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you want to save the current router configuration settings, use the **Save** button above.

Reboot the Device: Click to reboot the router.

Clear Language Pack: Click to remove any installed language packs.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various configuration options: ADMIN, TIME, SYSLOG, EMAIL SETTINGS, SYSTEM, FIRMWARE, DYNAMIC DNS, SYSTEM CHECK, and SCHEDULES. The main content area is titled 'SAVE AND RESTORE SETTINGS' and contains the following options:

- Save Settings To Local Hard Drive :**
- Load Settings From Local Hard Drive :** No file chosen
- Restore To Factory Default Settings :**
- Reboot The Device :**
- Clear Language Pack :**

On the right side, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with a bullet point: 'Once your router is configured the way you want it, you can save these settings to a configuration file that can later be loaded in the event that the router's default settings are restored. To do this, click the Save button next to where it says Save Settings to Local Hard Drive.' and a link for 'More...'.

Firmware

You can upgrade the firmware of the router here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer.

Firmware Upgrade

Choose File: After you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Choose File** to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the firmware upgrade.

Upload: Once you have a firmware update on your computer, use this option to browse for the file and then upload the information into the access point.

Language Pack Upgrade

You can change the language of the web UI by uploading available language packs.

Choose File: After you have downloaded the new language pack, click **Choose File** to locate the language pack file on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the language pack upgrade.

Upload: Once you have a language pack update on your computer, use this option to browse for the file and then upload the information into the access point.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for DIR-850L, SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various configuration options: ADMIN, TIME, SYSLOG, EMAIL SETTINGS, SYSTEM, FIRMWARE (selected), DYNAMIC DNS, SYSTEM CHECK, and SCHEDULES. The main content area is titled 'FIRMWARE UPDATE' and contains the following sections:

- FIRMWARE UPDATE:** A message stating that new firmware may be available to improve functionality and performance, with a link to check for updates. It provides instructions on how to upgrade the firmware and the language pack.
- FIRMWARE INFORMATION:** Displays the current firmware version (1.03) and the current firmware time (03/12/2013 21:43:00). It includes a 'Check Now' button to check for the latest firmware version.
- FIRMWARE UPGRADE:** A section with a note that some firmware upgrades reset configuration options to factory defaults. It provides instructions on how to upgrade the firmware and includes an 'Upload' button with a 'Choose File' link.
- LANGUAGE PACK UPGRADE:** A section for upgrading the language pack, also featuring an 'Upload' button with a 'Choose File' link.

The bottom of the interface shows a 'WIRELESS' section.

Dynamic DNS

The Dynamic DNS (DDNS) feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter in your domain name to connect to your server no matter what your IP address is.

Enable Dynamic Domain Name System is a method of **Dynamic DNS:** keeping a domain name linked to a changing IP Address. Check the box to enable DDNS.

Server Select your DDNS provider from the drop-down **Address:** menu or enter the DDNS server address.

Host Name: Enter the Host Name that you registered with your DDNS service provider.

Username or Key: Enter the Username or key for your DDNS account.

Password or Key: Enter the Password or key for your DDNS account.

Timeout: Enter a timeout time (in hours).

Status: Displays the current connection status.

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DYNAMIC DNS

The Dynamic DNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter your host name to connect to your game server no matter what your IP address is.

[Sign up for D-Link's Free DDNS service at www.DLinkDDNS.com.](http://www.DLinkDDNS.com)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

DYNAMIC DNS SETTINGS

Enable Dynamic DNS : ☐

Server Address :

Host Name :

Username or Key :

Password or Key :

Verify Password or Key :

Timeout : 567 (hours)

Status : Disconnected

DYNAMIC DNS FOR IPV6 HOSTS

Enable : ☐

IPv6 Address : << Computer Name

Host Name : (e.g.: ipv6.mydomain.net)

Save Clear

IPV6 DYNAMIC DNS LIST

Enable	Host Name	IPv6 Address
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- To use this feature, you must first have a Dynamic DNS account from one of the providers in the drop down menu.
- We could also use DDNS function for IPv6 with the same account as IPv4.
- More...

DDNS for IPv6 Hosts

Enable: Check the box to enable DDNS for IPv6 Hosts.

IPv6 Address: Enter the IPv6 address of your computer/server in your local network. You can click the << button and select a computer/server from the drop-down list.

Host Name: Enter the IPv6 Host Name that you registered with your DDNS service provider.

IPv6 DDNS List: Once you save your entry, the IPv6 DDNS host information will be displayed here.

Enable: Check to enable the entry.

Host Name: Displays the name of your IPv6 DDNS host.

IPv6 Address: Displays the IPv6 address of your computer/server associated with the IPv6 DDNS host.

Edit/Delete: Click the edit icon to make changes to the entry or click the delete icon to remove the entry.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-850L web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various configuration sections: ADMIN, TIME, SYSLOG, EMAIL SETTINGS, SYSTEM, FIRMWARE, DYNAMIC DNS (selected), SYSTEM CHECK, and SCHEDULES. The main content area is titled 'DYNAMIC DNS' and contains the following sections:

- DYNAMIC DNS:** A descriptive paragraph about the feature, a link to sign up for D-Link's Free DDNS service, and 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings' buttons.
- DYNAMIC DNS SETTINGS:** A form with fields for:
 - Enable Dynamic DNS: ☐
 - Server Address:
 - Host Name:
 - Username or Key:
 - Password or Key:
 - Verify Password or Key:
 - Timeout: 567 (hours)
 - Status: Disconnected
- DYNAMIC DNS FOR IPV6 HOSTS:** A form with fields for:
 - Enable: ☐
 - IPv6 Address: << Computer Name (dropdown)
 - Host Name: (e.g.: ipv6.mydomain.net)
 - 'Save' and 'Clear' buttons
- IPV6 DYNAMIC DNS LIST:** A table with columns 'Enable', 'Host Name', and 'IPv6 Address'. Below the table are 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings' buttons.

The bottom of the interface features a 'WIRELESS' section header.

System Check

Ping Test: The Ping Test is used to send Ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet. Enter the IP address that you wish to Ping and click **Ping**.

IPv6 Ping Test: Enter the IPv6 address that you wish to Ping and click **Ping**.

Ping Results: The results of your ping attempts will be displayed here.

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PING TEST

Ping Test sends "ping" packets to test a computer on the Internet.

PING TEST

Host Name or IP Address :

IPv6 PING TEST

Host Name or IPv6 Address :

PING RESULT

Enter a host name or IP address above and click 'Ping'

Helpful Hints...

- "Ping" checks whether a computer on the Internet is running and responding. Enter either the IP address of the target computer or enter its fully qualified domain name.
- More...

WIRELESS

Schedules

Schedules can be created for use with enforcing rules. For example, if you want to restrict web access to Mon-Fri from 3pm to 8pm, you could create a schedule selecting Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, and Fri and enter a Start Time of 3pm and End Time of 8pm.

Name: Enter a name for your new schedule.

Days: Select a day, a range of days, or **All Week** to include every day of the week.

Time: Check **All Day - 24hrs** or enter a start and end time for your schedule.

Add: You must click **Add** to save your schedule rule.

Schedule Rules The list of schedules will be listed here. Click the **List:** **Edit** icon to make changes or click the **Delete** icon to remove the schedule.

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DIR-850L // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

SCHEDULES

The Schedule configuration option is used to manage schedule rules for "WAN", "Wireless", "Virtual Server", "Port Forwarding", "Applications" and "Network Filter".

10 -- ADD SCHEDULE RULE

Name :

Day(s) : ☐ All Week ☒ Select Day(s)

☐ Sun ☐ Mon ☐ Tue ☐ Wed ☐ Thu ☐ Fri ☐ Sat

All Day - 24 hrs : ☐

Time Format :

Start Time : : AM (hour:minute)

End Time : : PM (hour:minute)

SCHEDULE RULES LIST

Name	Day(s)	Time Frame

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- Schedules are used with a number of other features to define when those features are in effect.
- Give each schedule a name that is meaningful to you. For example, a schedule for Monday through Friday from 3:00pm to 9:00pm, might be called "After School".
- Click **Add** to add a completed schedule to the list below.
- Click **Edit** icon to change an existing schedule.
- Click **Delete** icon to permanently delete a schedule.
- [More...](#)

Status Device Info

This page displays the current information for the DIR-850L. It will display the LAN, WAN (Internet), and Wireless information. If your Internet connection is set up for a Dynamic IP address then a **Release** button and a **Renew** button will be displayed. Use **Release** to disconnect from your ISP and use **Renew** to connect to your ISP.

If your Internet connection is set up for PPPoE, a **Connect** button and a **Disconnect** button will be displayed. Use **Disconnect** to drop the PPPoE connection and use **Connect** to establish the PPPoE connection.

General: Displays the router's time and firmware version.

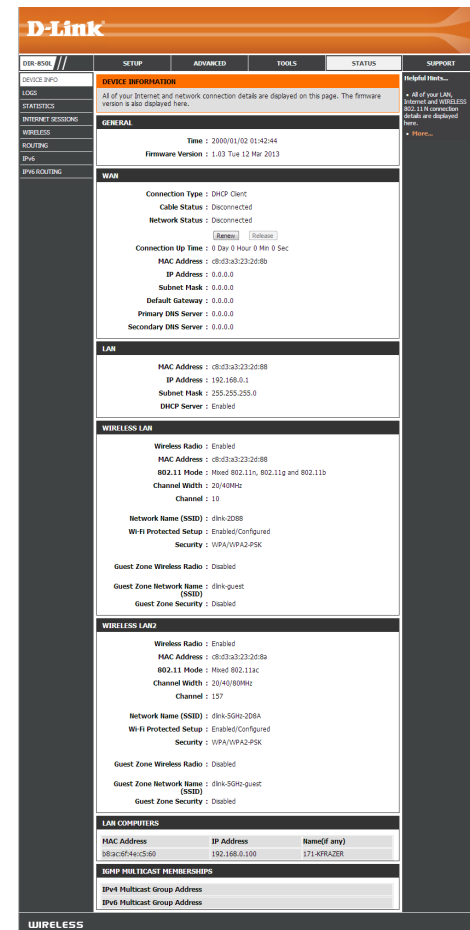
WAN: Displays the MAC address and the public IP settings.

LAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the router.

Wireless LAN1: Displays the 2.4GHz wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.

Wireless LAN2: Displays the 5GHz wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.

LAN Computers: Displays computers and devices that are connected to the router via Ethernet and that are receiving an IP address assigned by the router (DHCP).



Logs

The router automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in its internal memory. If there isn't enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted but logs of the latest events are retained. The Logs option allows you to view the router logs. You can define what types of events you want to view and the level of the events to view. This router also has external Syslog Server support so you can send the log files to a computer on your network that is running a Syslog utility.

Save Log File: Click **Save** to save log file to local hard drive.

Log Type & Level: You can select the type and level indicating what you would like to keep track of.

Refresh: Updates the log details on the screen so it displays any recent activity.

First Page: Click to go to the first page.

Last Page: Click to go to the last page.

Previous: Click to go back one page.

Next: Click to go to the next page.

Clear: Clears all of the log contents.

Link to Email Log Settings: Clicking on this will take you to the **Tools > Email Settings** page.

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SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

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LOGS

STATISTICS

INTERNET SESSIONS

WIRELESS

ROUTING

IPv6

IPv6 ROUTING

VIEW LOG

The View Log displays the activities occurring on the router.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

SAVE LOG FILE

Save Log File To Local Hard Drive. Save

LOG TYPE & LEVEL

Log Type: ☒ System ☐ Firewall & Security ☐ Router Status

Log Level: ☐ Critical ☐ Warning ☒ Information

LOG FILES

First Page Last Page Previous Next Clear Link To Email Log Settings

1/40

Time	Message
Sun Jan 2 01:42:51 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:42:19 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:42:03 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:41:55 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:41:51 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:39:47 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:39:15 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:38:59 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:38:51 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 01:38:47 2000	DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

- Click on the Save button to save log file to local hard drive which can later send to the network administrator for troubleshooting. You can also select what type of event you would like to be logged from Log Type & Level.
- Check the log frequently to detect unauthorized network usage.
- You can also have the log mailed to you periodically. Refer to **Tools -> EMail**.
- [More...](#)

Statistics

The screen below displays the **Traffic Statistics**. Here you can view the amount of packets that pass through the DIR-850L on both the WAN, LAN ports and the wireless segments. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.

D-Link

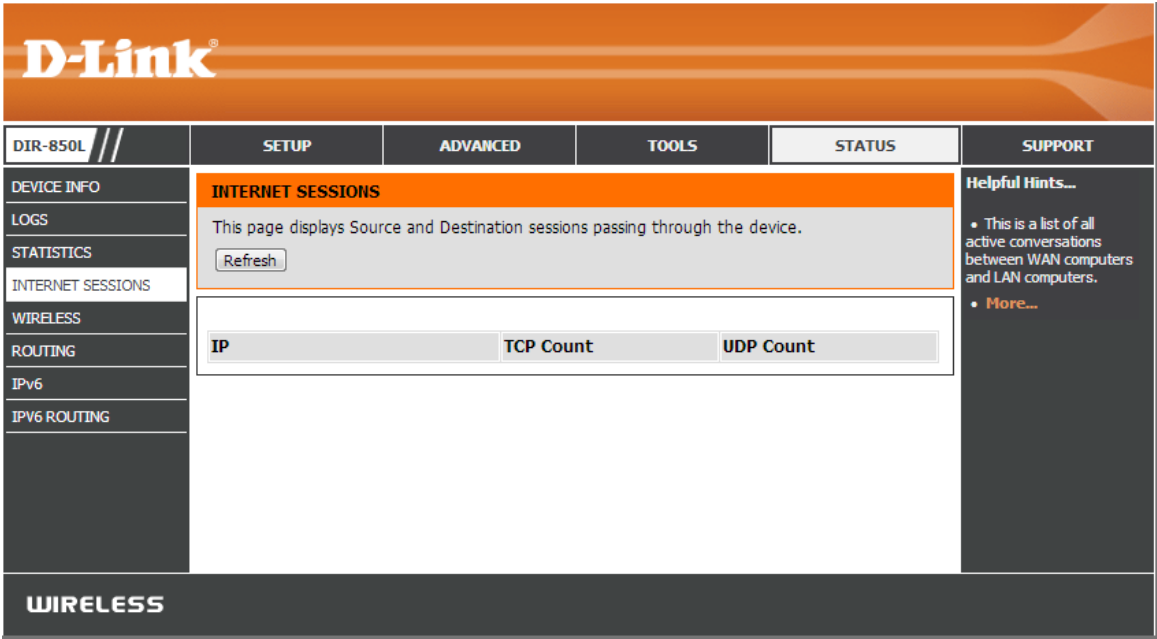
DIR-850L //

SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT											
DEVICE INFO LOGS STATISTICS INTERNET SESSIONS WIRELESS ROUTING IPV6 IPV6 ROUTING	TRAFFIC STATISTICS Traffic Statistics displays Receive and Transmit packets passing through the device. <input type="button" value="Refresh Statistics"/> <input type="button" value="Reset Statistics"/>			Helpful Hints... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This is a summary displaying the number of packets that have passed between the Internet and the LAN since the router was last initialized. More... 											
LAN STATISTICS <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Sent :</td> <td>10491</td> <td>Received :</td> <td>6999</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TX Packets Dropped :</td> <td>0</td> <td>RX Packets Dropped :</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Collisions :</td> <td>0</td> <td>Errors :</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>			Sent :		10491	Received :	6999	TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0	Collisions :	0	Errors :	0
Sent :	10491	Received :	6999												
TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0												
Collisions :	0	Errors :	0												
WAN STATISTICS <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Sent :</td> <td>0</td> <td>Received :</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TX Packets Dropped :</td> <td>0</td> <td>RX Packets Dropped :</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Collisions :</td> <td>0</td> <td>Errors :</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>			Sent :	0	Received :	0	TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0	Collisions :	0	Errors :	0	
Sent :	0	Received :	0												
TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0												
Collisions :	0	Errors :	0												
WIRELESS STATISTICS - 2.4GHZ BAND <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Sent :</td> <td>150366</td> <td>Received :</td> <td>5061971</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TX Packets Dropped :</td> <td>0</td> <td>RX Packets Dropped :</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Collisions :</td> <td>0</td> <td>Errors :</td> <td>220421</td> </tr> </table>			Sent :	150366	Received :	5061971	TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0	Collisions :	0	Errors :	220421	
Sent :	150366	Received :	5061971												
TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0												
Collisions :	0	Errors :	220421												
WIRELESS STATISTICS - 5GHZ BAND <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Sent :</td> <td>81557</td> <td>Received :</td> <td>7447459</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TX Packets Dropped :</td> <td>0</td> <td>RX Packets Dropped :</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Collisions :</td> <td>0</td> <td>Errors :</td> <td>697730</td> </tr> </table>			Sent :	81557	Received :	7447459	TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0	Collisions :	0	Errors :	697730	
Sent :	81557	Received :	7447459												
TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0												
Collisions :	0	Errors :	697730												

WIRELESS

Internet Sessions

The Internet Sessions page displays full details of active Internet sessions through your router. An Internet session is a conversation between a program or application on a LAN-side computer and a program or application on a WAN-side computer.



Wireless

The wireless client table displays a list of current connected wireless clients. This table also displays the connection rate and MAC address of the connected wireless clients.

DIR-850L

///

DEVICE INFO

LOGS

STATISTICS

INTERNET SESSIONS

WIRELESS

ROUTING

IPv6

IPv6 ROUTING

SETUP

ADVANCED

TOOLS

STATUS

SUPPORT

CONNECTED WIRELESS CLIENT LIST

View the wireless clients that are connected to the router. (A client might linger in the list for a few minutes after an unexpected disconnect.)

NUMBER OF WIRELESS CLIENTS - 2.4GHZ BAND : 0

MAC Address

IP Address

Mode

Rate (Mbps)

Signal (%)

NUMBER OF WIRELESS CLIENTS - 5GHZ BAND : 0

MAC Address

IP Address

Mode

Rate (Mbps)

Signal (%)

Helpful Hints...

- This is a list of all wireless clients that are currently connected to your wireless router.
- [More...](#)

WIRELESS

Routing

This page will display your current routing table.

DIR-850L

///

DEVICE INFO

LOGS

STATISTICS

INTERNET SESSIONS

WIRELESS

ROUTING

IPv6

IPv6 ROUTING

SETUP

ADVANCED

TOOLS

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SUPPORT

ROUTING

Routing Table

This page displays the routing details configured for your router.

ROUTING TABLE

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Metric	Iface	Creator
192.168.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0	LAN	SYSTEM
239.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0	LAN	SYSTEM

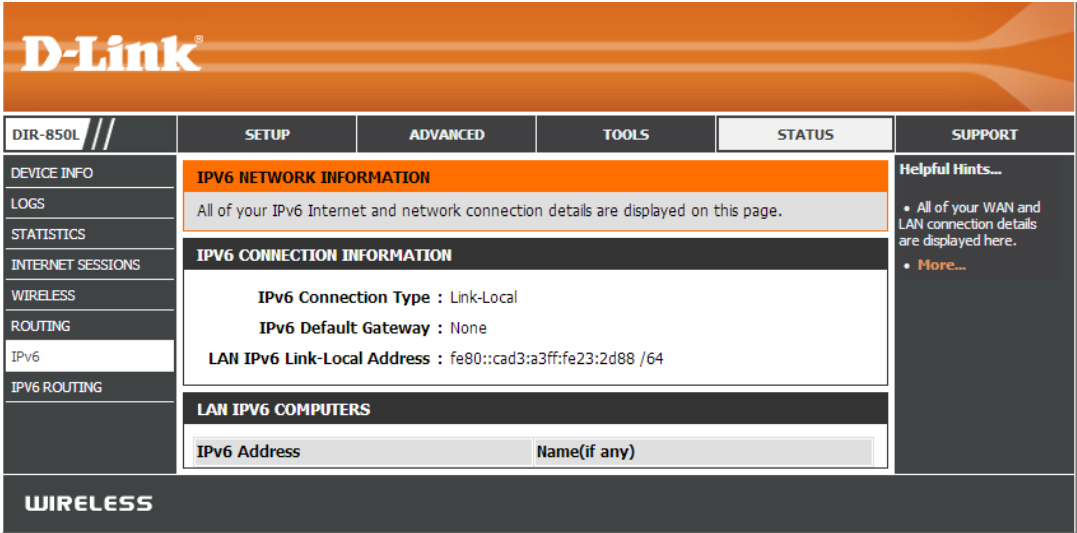
Helpful Hints...

- This is a list of all routing rules on router.
- More...

WIRELESS

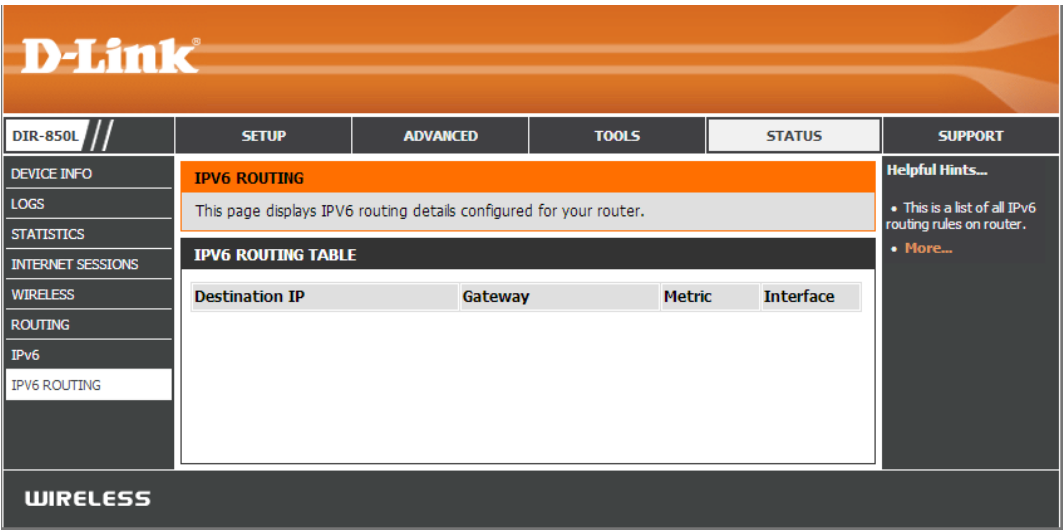
IPv6

The IPv6 page displays a summary of the Router’s IPv6 settings and lists the IPv6 address and host name of any IPv6 clients.



IPV6 Routing

This page displays the IPV6 routing details configured for your router.



Support

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-850L web interface. At the top is the D-Link logo. Below it is a navigation bar with tabs: DIR-850L, SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The SUPPORT tab is selected. On the left is a vertical menu with options: MENU, SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, and STATUS. The main content area is titled 'SUPPORT MENU' and contains four sections: SETUP HELP, ADVANCED HELP, TOOLS HELP, and STATUS HELP, each with a list of links.

DIR-850L	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
MENU	SUPPORT MENU				
SETUP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setup • Advanced • Tools • Status 				
ADVANCED	SETUP HELP				
TOOLS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internet • Wireless Settings • Network Settings • Storage • Media Server • IPv6 • MYDLINK SETTINGS 				
STATUS	ADVANCED HELP				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Virtual Server • Port Forwarding • Application Rules • QoS Engine • Network Filter • Access Control • Website Filter • Inbound Filter • Firewall Settings • Routing • Advanced Wireless • Wi-Fi Protected Setup • Advanced Network • Guest Zone • IPv6 Firewall • IPv6 Routing 				
	TOOLS HELP				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device Administration • Time • Syslog • Email Settings • System • Firmware • Dynamic DNS • System Check • Schedules 				
	STATUS HELP				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device Info • Logs • Statistics • Internet Sessions • Wireless • Routing • IPv6 • IPv6 Routing 				
WIRELESS					

Connect a Wireless Client to your Router

WPS Button

The easiest and most secure way to connect your wireless devices to the router is WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Most wireless devices such as wireless adapters, media players, Blu-ray DVD players, wireless printers and cameras will have a WPS button (or a software utility with WPS) that you can press to connect to the DIR-850L router. Please refer to your user manual for the wireless device you want to connect to make sure you understand how to enable WPS. Once you know, follow the steps below:

Step 1 - Press the WPS button on the DIR-850L for about one second. The Internet LED on the front will start to blink.

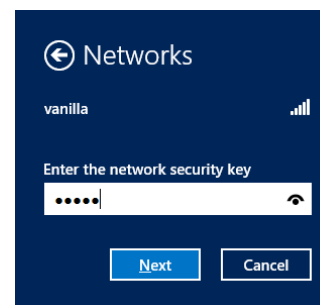
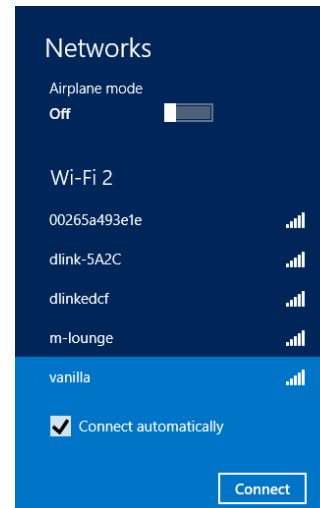
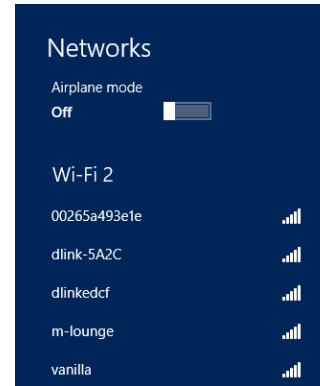


Step 2 - Within two minutes, press the WPS button on your wireless client (or launch the software utility and start the WPS process).

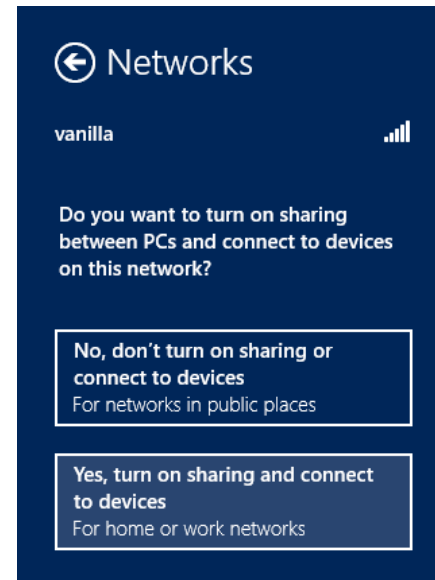
Step 3 - Allow up to one minute to configure. Once the Internet light stops blinking, you will be connected and your wireless connection will be secure with WPA2.

Windows® 8

1. Click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time).
2. A list of available wireless networks will appear.
3. Click the wireless network (SSID) you want to connect to and then click **Connect**.
4. If the network is secure/encrypted, enter the Wi-Fi password (security key) and click **Next**.



5. Click either to enable or disable file sharing.
6. You will now be connected to your wireless network.



If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, confirm the encryption by reviewing the profile or check the TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the *Networking Basics* section in this manual for more information.

Windows® 7

WPA/WPA2

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).



Wireless Icon

2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.

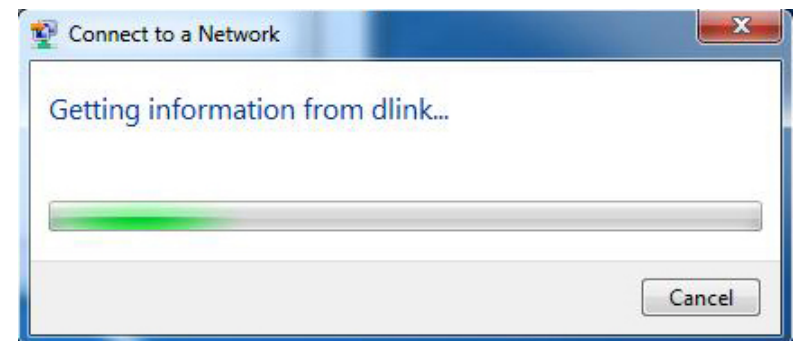


3. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual for more information.

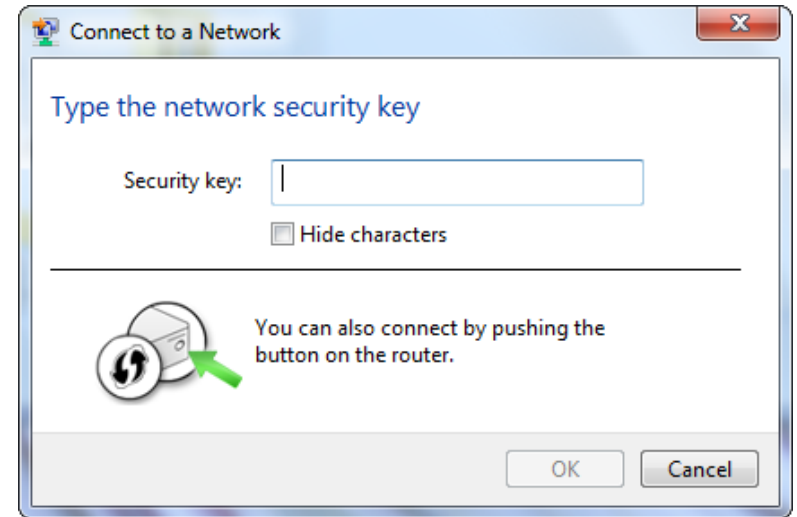


4. The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.



5. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**. You can also connect by pushing the WPS button on the router.

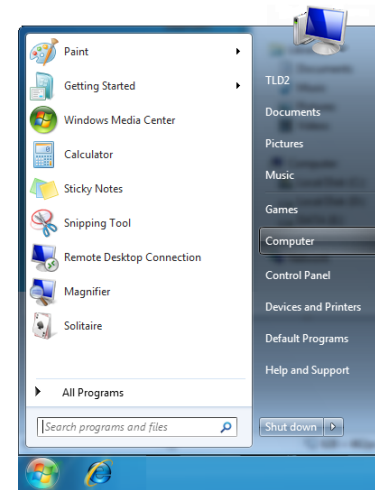
It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



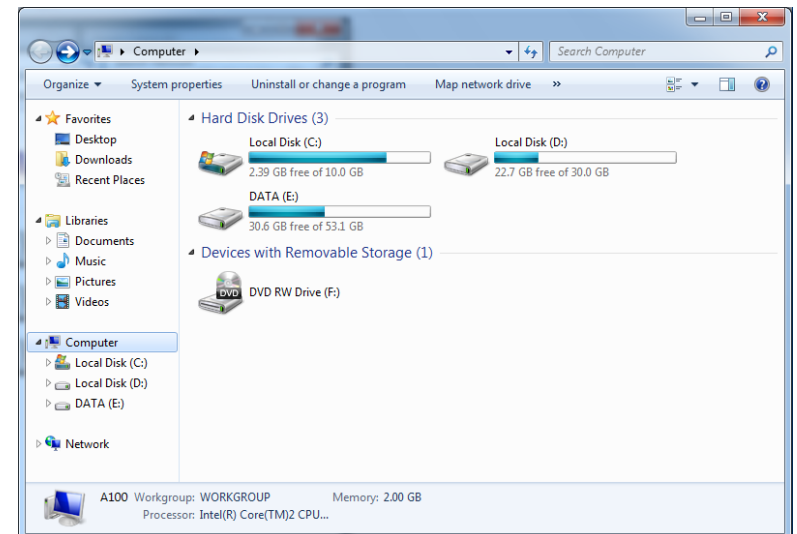
WPS

The WPS feature of the DIR-850L can be configured using Windows® 7. Carry out the following steps to use Windows® 7 to configure the WPS feature:

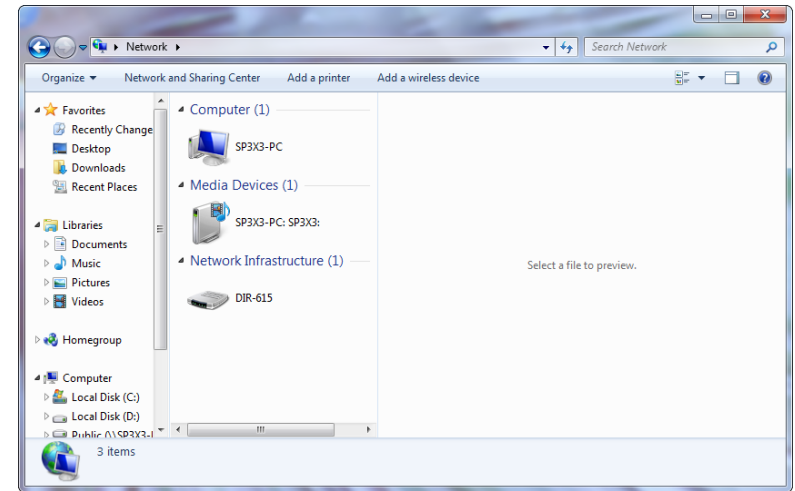
1. Click the **Start** button and select **Computer** from the Start menu.



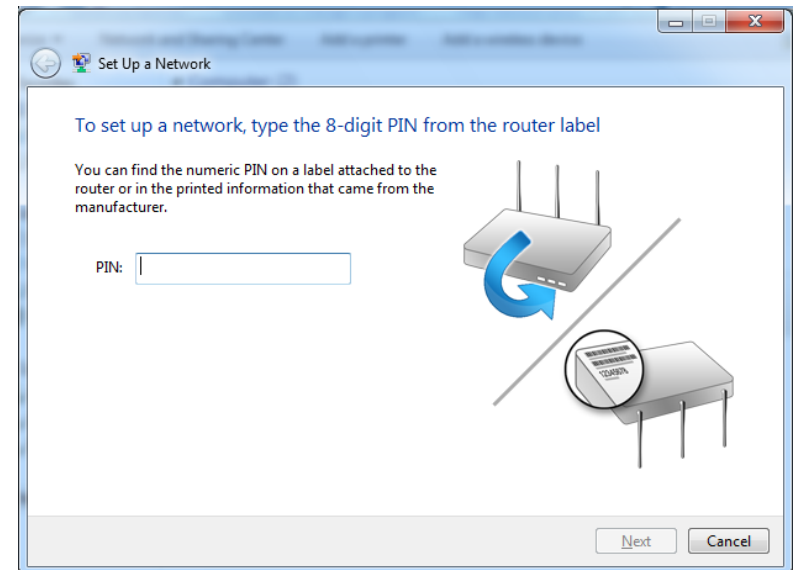
2. Click **Network** on the left side.



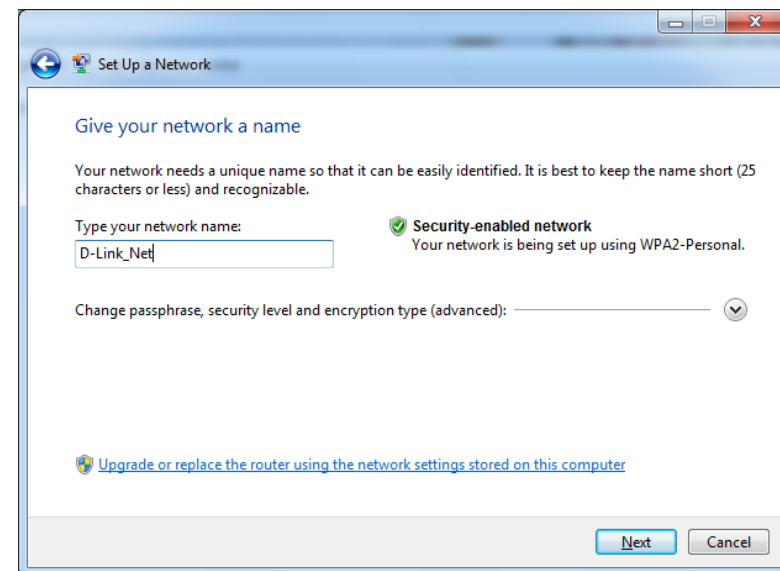
3. Double-click the DIR-850L.



4. Input the WPS PIN number (displayed in the WPS window on the Router's LCD screen or in the **Setup** > **Wireless Setup** menu in the Router's Web UI) and click **Next**.

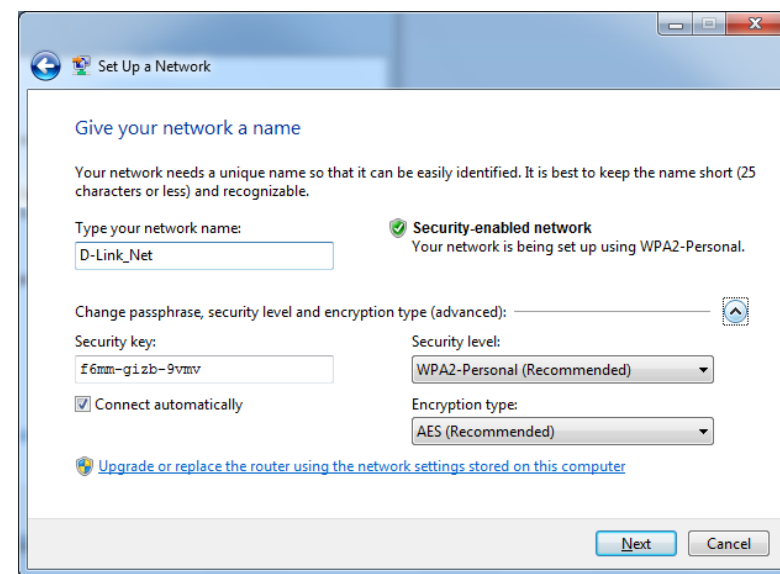


5. Type a name to identify the network.



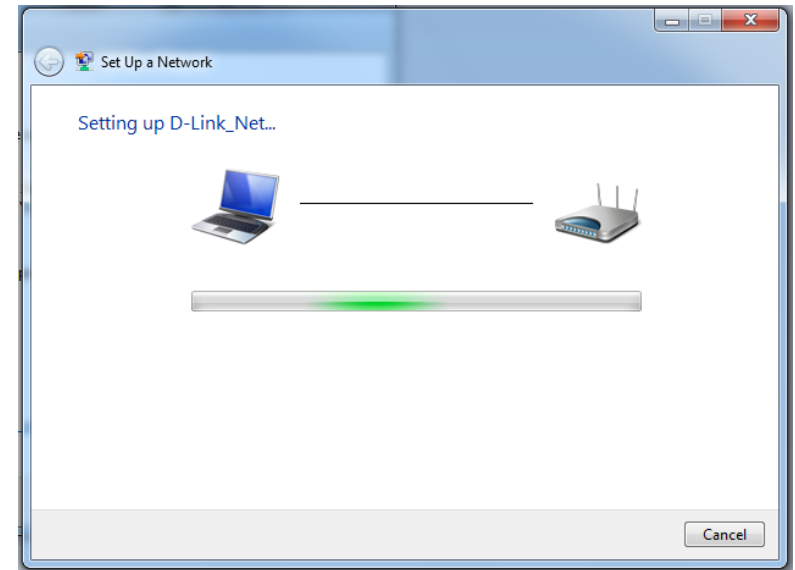
6. To configure advanced settings, click the  icon.

Click **Next** to continue.



7. The following window appears while the Router is being configured.

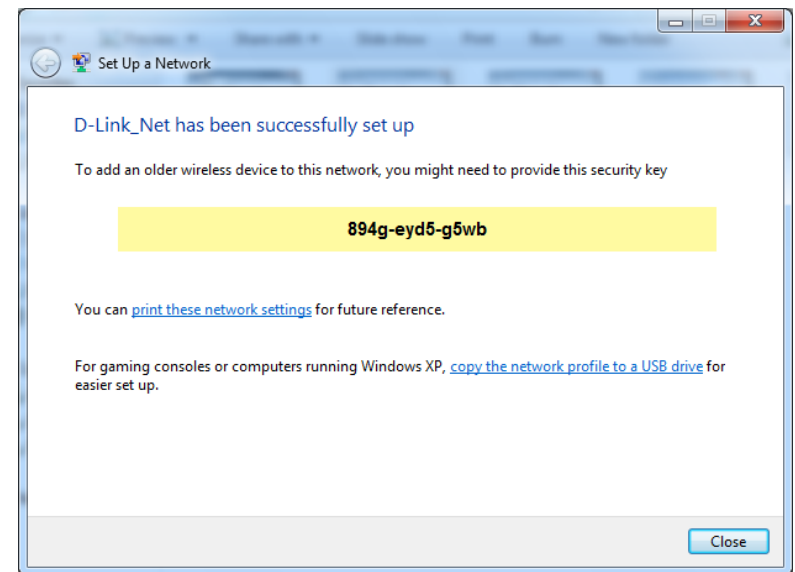
Wait for the configuration to complete.



8. The following window informs you that WPS on the router has been setup successfully.

Make a note of the security key as you may need to provide this security key if adding an older wireless device to the network in the future.

9. Click **Close** to complete WPS setup.



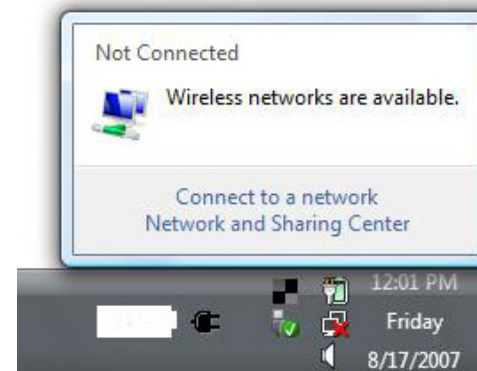
Windows Vista®

Windows Vista® users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's utility, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista® utility as seen below.

If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

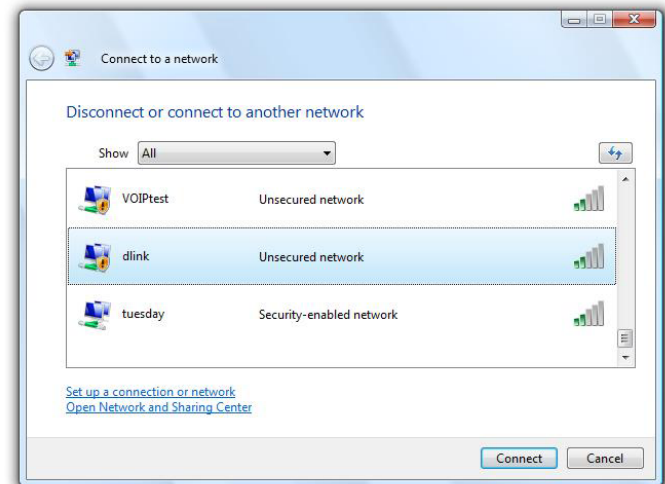
or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.



The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

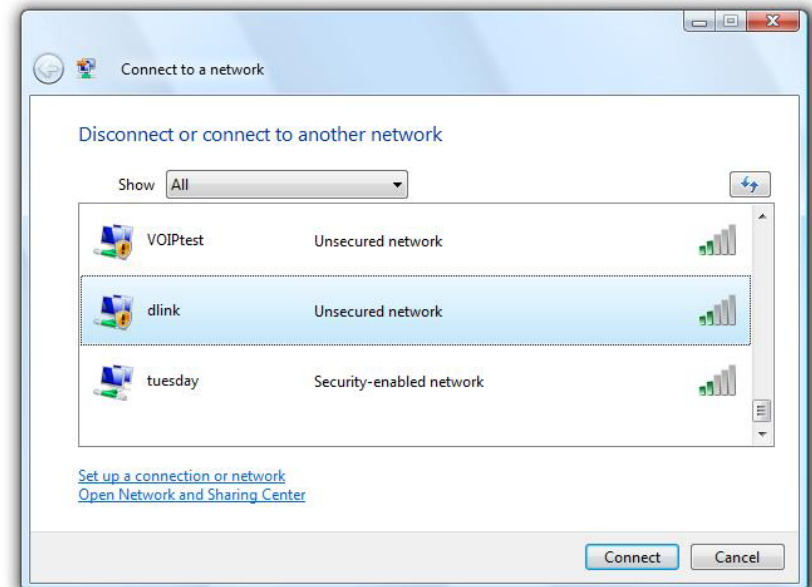
If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



WPA/WPA2

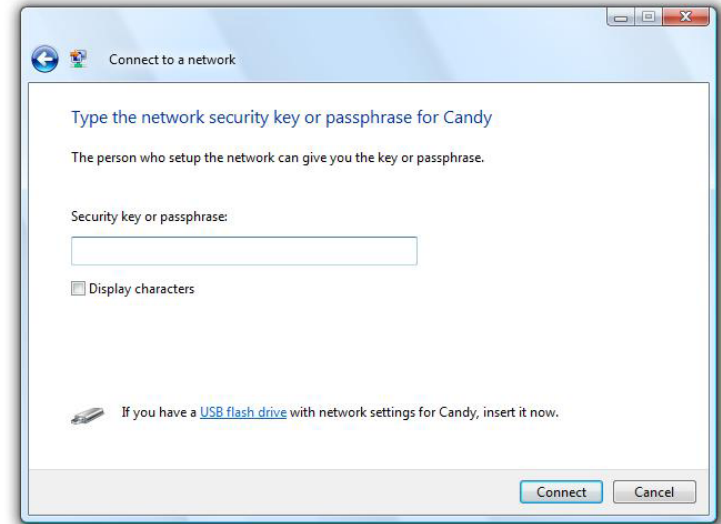
It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows Vista® Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select **Connect to a network**.
2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



WPS/WCN 2.0

The router supports Wi-Fi protection, referred to as WCN 2.0 in Windows Vista®. The following instructions for setting this up depends on whether you are using Windows Vista® to configure the router or third party software.

When you first set up the router, Wi-Fi protection is disabled and unconfigured. To enjoy the benefits of Wi-Fi protection, the router must be both enabled and configured. There are three basic methods to accomplish this: use Windows Vista's built-in support for WCN 2.0, use software provided by a third party, or manually configure.

If you are running Windows Vista®, log into the router and click the **Enable** checkbox in the **Basic > Wireless** section. Use the Current PIN that is displayed on the **Advanced > Wi-Fi Protected Setup** section or choose to click the **Generate New PIN** button or **Reset PIN to Default** button.



If you are using third party software to set up Wi-Fi Protection, carefully follow the directions. When you are finished, proceed to the next section to set up the newly-configured router.

Windows® XP

Windows® XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). If you are using another company's utility, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows® XP utility as seen below.

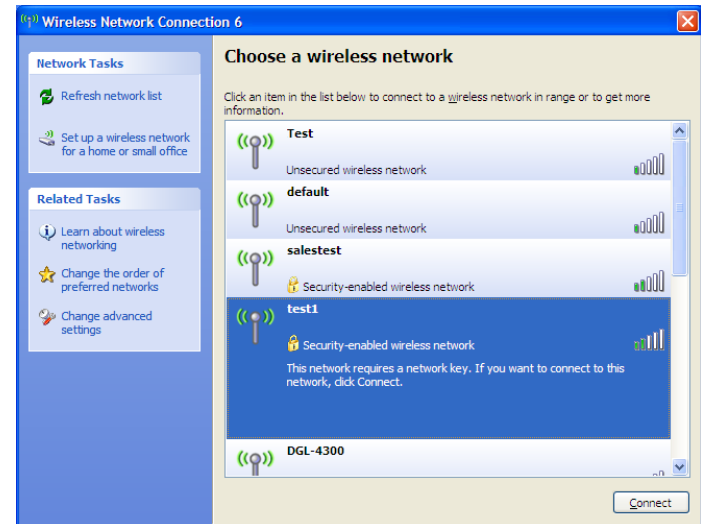
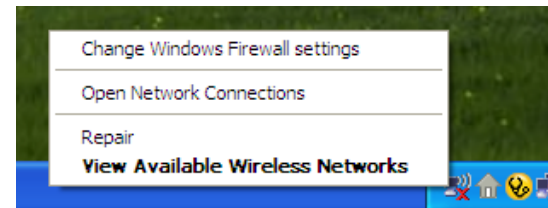
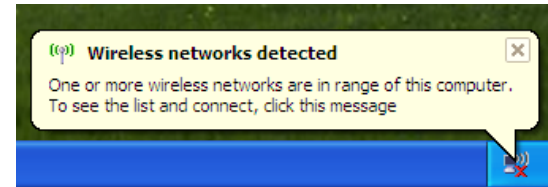
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

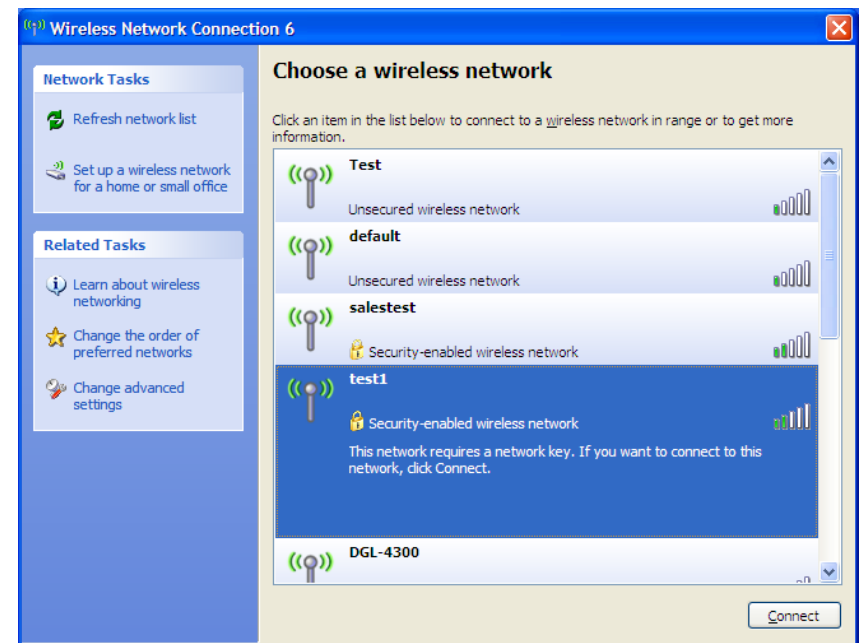
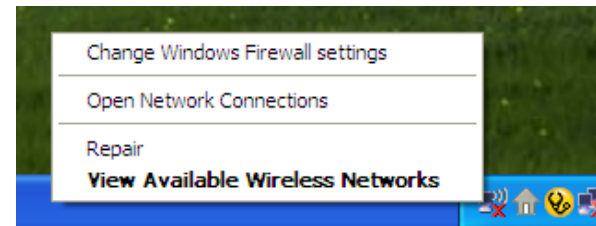
If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



WPA/WPA2

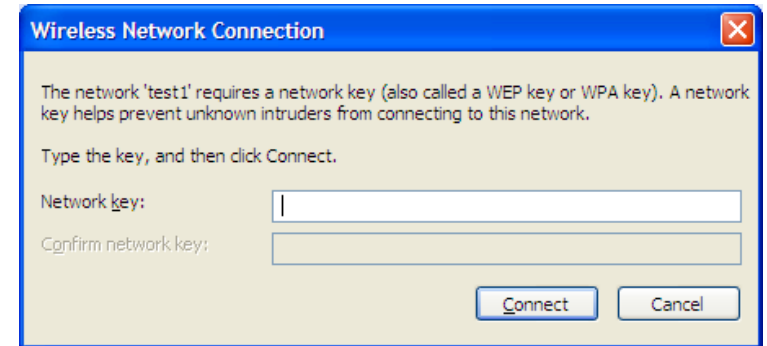
It is recommended to enable WPA on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WPA key being used.

1. Open the Windows® XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.
2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK passphrase and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The WPA-PSK passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DIR-850L. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. The examples below are illustrated in Windows® XP. If you have a different operating system, the screenshots on your computer will look similar to the following examples.

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (192.168.0.1 for example), you are not connecting to a website nor do you have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

- Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
 - Microsoft Internet Explorer® 7 and higher
 - Mozilla Firefox 3.5 and higher
 - Google™ Chrome 8 and higher
 - Apple Safari 4 and higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any Internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows® XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
 - Go to **Start > Settings > Control Panel**. Double-click the **Internet Options** icon. From the **Security** tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
 - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. Unfortunately this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the bottom of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. To re-configure the router, refer to page 13.



3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive e-mails when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving e-mail, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on **Start** and then click **Run**.
- Windows® 95, 98, and Me users type in **command** (Windows® NT, 2000, XP, Vista®, and 7 users type in **cmd**) and press **Enter** (or click **OK**).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax:

ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]

Example: **ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472**

```
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1482
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data:
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average = 132ms
C:\>
```

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, let's say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with ($1452+28=1480$).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your router (192.168.0.1) and click **OK**.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click **OK** to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on **Setup** and then click **Manual Configure**.
- To change the MTU enter the number in the MTU field and click **Save Settings** to save your settings.
- Test your email. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Router is a device used to provide this link.

What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly, so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

How does wireless work?

Wireless works similar to how cordless phones work, through radio signals to transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point, the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, college and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power which makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology has become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

Home

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check email, instant message, etc.
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

Small Office and Home Office

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link Cardbus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to Internet from remote locations like: Airports, Hotels, Coffee Shops, Libraries, Restaurants, and Convention Centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

Centralize your router or Access Point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

Eliminate Interference

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

Security

Don't let your next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the router. Refer to product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- **Infrastructure** – All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- **Ad-Hoc** – Directly connecting to another computer, for peer-to-peer communication, using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more DIR-850L wireless network Cardbus adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an Access Point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An Ad-Hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless cardbus adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-Hoc mode to communicate.

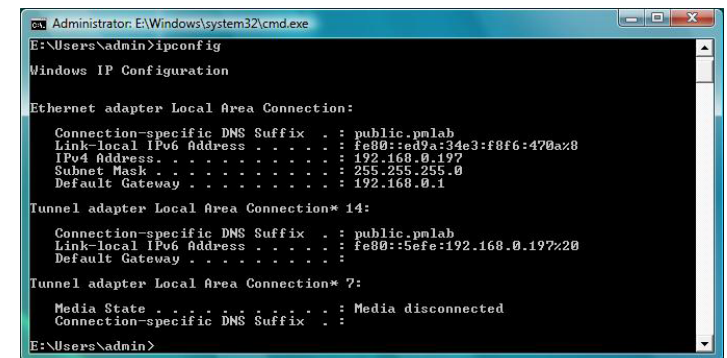
Networking Basics

Check your IP address

After you install your new D-Link wireless adapter and have established a wireless connection, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e., router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Windows® 8 Users

- Press the **Windows key** and **R** together. Type **cmd** in the box and click **OK**.
- At the prompt, type **ipconfig** and press **Enter**.
- This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway of your adapter.



```
Administrator: E:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
E:\Users\admin>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : public.pmlab
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::ed9a:34e3:f8f6:470a%8
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.0.197
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.0.1

Tunnel adapter Local Area Connection* 14:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : public.pmlab
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::5efe:192.168.0.197%20
    Default Gateway . . . . . :

Tunnel adapter Local Area Connection* 7:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :

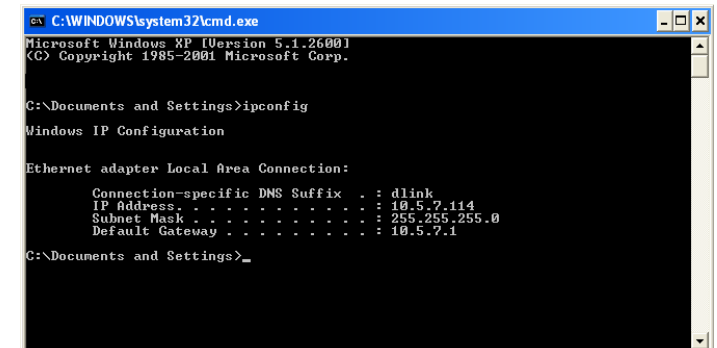
E:\Users\admin>
```

Windows® 7/Vista® Users

- Click **Start**, type **cmd** in the search box and then click **OK**.
- At the prompt, type **ipconfig** and press **Enter**.
- This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway of your adapter.

Windows® XP Users

- Click on **Start > Run**. In the run box type **cmd** and click **OK**.
- At the prompt, type **ipconfig** and press **Enter**.
- This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : dlink
    IP Address. . . . . : 10.5.7.114
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.5.7.1

C:\Documents and Settings>
```

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

Statically Assign an IP Address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

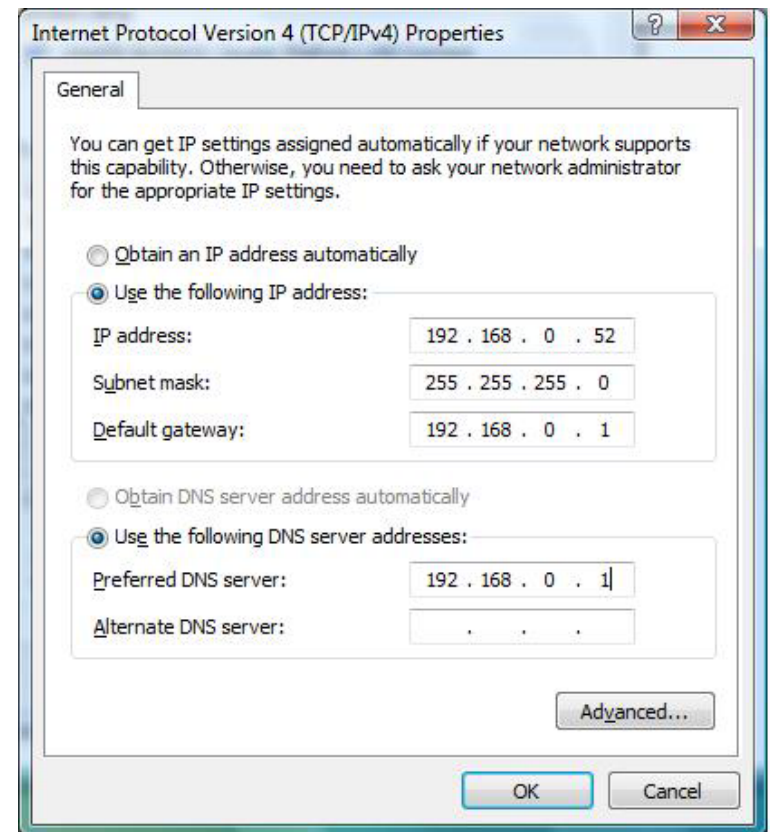
Windows® 8 Users

- Press the **Windows** key and then type **IP**. Click **Settings** on the right side and then click **View Network Connections**.
- Right-click on the adapter which represents your D-Link wireless network adapter.
- Highlight **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP /IPv4)** and click **Properties**.

- Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or LAN IP address on your router or network.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network.

- Set **Default Gateway** the same as the LAN IP address of your router or gateway.
- Set **Primary DNS** the same as the LAN IP address of your router or gateway.
- The **Secondary DNS** is optional (you may enter a DNS server from your ISP).
- Click **OK** to save your settings.



Windows® 7/ Vista® Users

- Click on **Start > Control Panel** (make sure you are in Classic View). Double-click on the **Network and Sharing Center** icon. If you are using Windows Vista, click on **Manage network connections** along the left panel in the window. For Windows® 7, click on **Change adapter settings**.

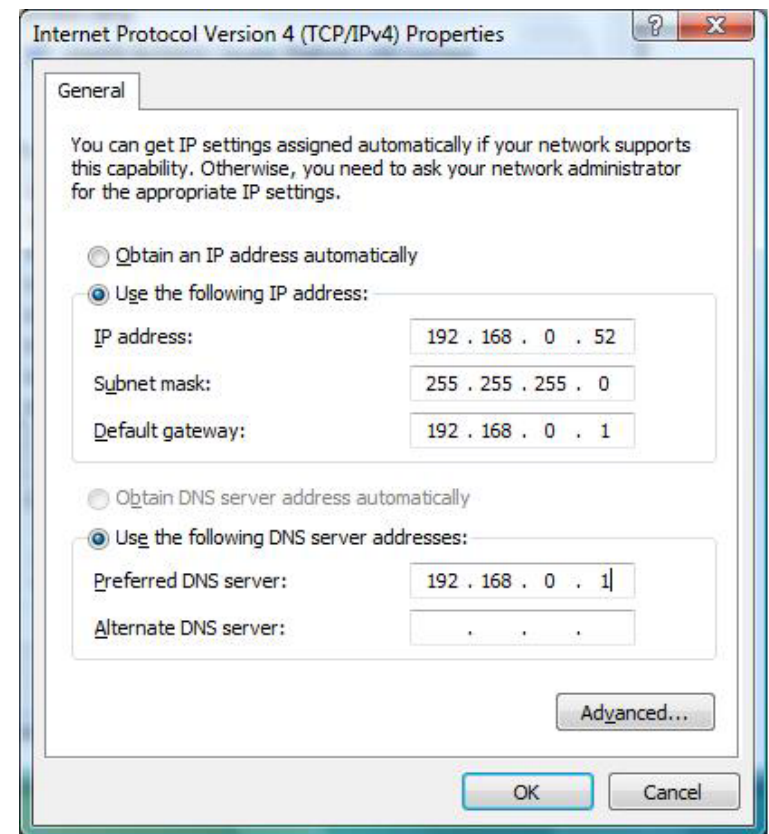
- Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** which represents your D-Link wireless network adapter which will be connected to your network.

- Highlight **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP /IPv4)** and click **Properties**.

- Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or LAN IP address on your router or network.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network.

- Set **Default Gateway** the same as the LAN IP address of your router or gateway.
- Set **Primary DNS** the same as the LAN IP address of your router or gateway.
- The **Secondary DNS** is optional (you may enter a DNS server from your ISP).
- Click **OK** to save your settings.

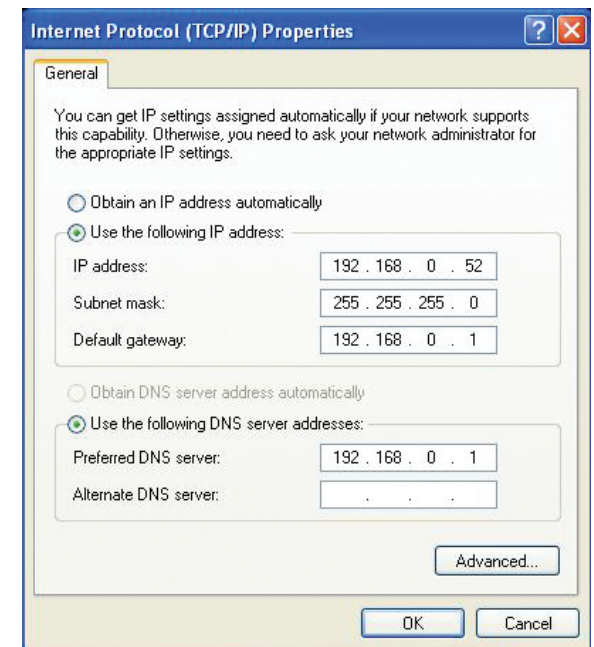


Windows® XP Users

- Click on **Start > Control Panel**. Make sure you are in Classic View. Double-click on the Network Connections icon.
- Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** which represents your D-Link wireless network adapter (or other adapter) which will be connected to your router.
- Highlight **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click **Properties**.
- Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network.

- Set **Default Gateway** the same as the LAN IP address of your router or gateway.
- Set **Primary DNS** as the LAN IP address of your router or gateway.
- The **Secondary DNS** is optional (you may enter a DNS server from your ISP).
- Click **OK** to save your settings.



Technical Specifications

Standards

- IEEE 802.11ac (draft)
- IEEE 802.11n
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.11a
- IEEE 802.11b
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.3ab

Physical Interface

- 4 Gigabit Ethernet LAN Ports
- 1 Gigabit Ethernet WAN Port
- USB 2.0
- 1 WPS Push Button
- Reset Button

Wireless Interface

802.11ac (5 GHz)

Radio/Modulation

- BPSK
- QPSK
- 16QAM
- 64QAM
- 256QAM with OFDM

Operating Frequency

5GHz Band:

- 5.15 ~ 5.25GHz
- 5.25 ~ 5.35GHz
- 5.470 ~ 5.725GHz

Media Access Protocol

- CSMA/CA with ACK

Max Transmitter Output Power

5GHz Band/VHT-20

- 18dBm at MCS0/1/2/3
- 17dBm at MCS4
- 16dBm at MCS5
- 15dBm at MCS6
- 14dBm at MCS7

5GHz Band/VHT-40

- 18dBm at MCS0/1/2/3
- 17dBm at MCS4
- 16dBm at MCS5
- 15dBm at MCS6
- 14dBm at MCS7

1 Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11ac (draft), 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.

2 Frequency Range varies depending on country's regulation

3 The DIR-850L does not include 5.25-5.35GHz & 5.47-5.725GHz in some regions.

5GHz Band/VHT-80

- 17dBm at MCS0
- 17dBm at MCS1
- 16dBm at MCS2
- 16dBm at MCS3
- 15dBm at MCS4
- 15 dBm at MCS5
- 14dBm at MCS6
- 14dBm at MCS7
- 13dBm at MCS8
- 12dBm at MCS9

Receiver Sensitivity

5GHz Band/HT-20 (TBC)

- -82dBm at MCS0
- -79dBm at MCS1
- -77dBm at MCS2
- -74dBm at MCS3
- -70dBm at MCS4
- -66dBm at MCS5
- -65dBm at MCS6
- -64dBm at MCS7
- -59dBm at MCS8
- -57dBm at MCS9

5GHz Band/HT-40 (TBC)

- -79dBm at MCS0
- -76dBm at MCS1
- -74dBm at MCS2
- -71dBm at MCS3
- -67dBm at MCS4
- -63dBm at MCS5
- -62dBm at MCS6
- -61dBm at MCS7
- -56dBm at MCS8
- -54dBm at MCS9

5GHz Band/HT-80 (TBC)

- -76dBm at MCS0
- -73dBm at MCS1
- -71dBm at MCS2
- -68dBm at MCS3
- -64dBm at MCS4
- -60dBm at MCS5
- -59dBm at MCS6
- -58dBm at MCS7
- -53dBm at MCS8
- -51dBm at MCS9

¹ Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11ac (draft), 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.

² Frequency Range varies depending on country's regulation

³ The DIR-850L does not include 5.25-5.35GHz & 5.47-5.725GHz in some regions.

802.11n**Radio/Modulation**

- BPSK
- QPSK
- 16QAM
- 64QAM with OFDM

Operating Frequency

5GHz Band:

- 5.15 ~ 5.25GHz
- 5.25 ~ 5.35GHz
- 5.470 ~ 5.725GHz

2.4GHz ISM Band:

- 2400 ~ 2483.5MHz

Channel Numbers

- 11 Channels

Data Rate

- MCS - 0 to MCS -15

Media Access Protocol

- CSMA/CA with ACK

Transmitter Output Power

5GHz Band/HT-20

- 18dBm at MCS0/1/2/3
- 17dBm at MCS4
- 16dBm at MCS5
- 15dBm at MCS6
- 14dBm at MCS7

2.4GHz Band/HT-20

- 19dBm at MCS0/1/2/3
- 18dBm at MCS4
- 17dBm at MCS5
- 16dBm at MCS6
- 15dBm at MCS7

5GHz Band/HT-40

- 18dBm at MCS0/1/2/3
- 17dBm at MCS4
- 16dBm at MCS5
- 15dBm at MCS6
- 14dBm at MCS7

2.4GHz Band/HT-40

- 19dBm at MCS0/1/2/3
- 18dBm at MCS4

¹ Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11ac (draft), 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.

² Frequency Range varies depending on country's regulation

³ The DIR-850L does not include 5.25-5.35GHz & 5.47-5.725GHz in some regions.

- 17dBm at MCS5
- 16dBm at MCS6
- 15dBm at MCS7

Receiver Sensitivity

5GHz and 2.4GHz Band/HT-20

- -82dBm at MCS 0/8
- -79dBm at MCS 1/9
- -77dBm at MCS 2/10
- -74dBm at MCS 3/11
- -70dBm at MCS 4/12
- -66dBm at MCS 5/13
- -65dBm at MCS 6/14
- -64dBm at MCS 7/15

5 GHz and 2.4GHz Band/HT-40

- -79dBm at MCS 0/8
- -76dBm at MCS 1/9
- -74dBm at MCS 2/10
- -71dBm at MCS 3/11
- -67dBm at MCS 4/12
- -63dBm at MCS 5/13
- -62dBm at MCS 6/14
- -61dBm at MCS 7/15

802.11g

Radio/Modulation

- BPSK
- QPSK
- 16QAM
- 64QAM with OFDM

Operating Frequency

2400 ~ 2483.5MHz ISM Band

Channel Numbers

- 11 Channels

Media Access Protocol

- CSMA/CA with ACK

Transmitter Output Power

- 19 +-2dBm at 18,12, 9, 6Mbps
- 18 +-2dBm at 24Mbps
- 17 +-2dBm at 36Mbps
- 16 +-2dBm at 48Mbps
- 15 +-2dBm at 54Mbps

Receiver Sensitivity

- -82dBm at 6Mbps
- -81dBm at 9Mbps
- -79dBm at 12Mbps
- -77dBm at 18Mbps

¹ Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11ac (draft), 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.

² Frequency Range varies depending on country's regulation

³ The DIR-850L does not include 5.25-5.35GHz & 5.47-5.725GHz in some regions.

802.11a

Radio/Modulation

- BPSK
- QPSK
- 16QAM
- 64QAM
- OFDM

Operating Frequency

- 5.15 ~ 5.35GHz
- 5.47 ~ 5.725GHz
- 5.725 ~ 5.850GHz

Channel Numbers

- 24 Non-Overlapping Channels

Media Access Protocol

- CSMA/CA with ACK

Transmitter Output Power

- 18 +-2dBm at 18,12, 9, 6Mbps
- 17 +-2dBm at 24Mbps
- 16 +-2dBm at 36Mbps
- 15 +-2dBm at 48Mbps
- 14 +-2dBm at 54Mbps

Receiver Sensitivity

- -82dBm at 6Mbps
- -81dBm at 9Mbps
- -79dBm at 12Mbps
- -77dBm at 18Mbps
- -74dBm at 24Mbps
- -70dBm at 36Mbps
- -66dBm at 48Mbps
- -65dBm at 54Mbps

Security

- Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA/WPA2)
- WPS™

LEDs

- Power/WPS
- Internet

Power

- DC 12V/2A

Operating Temperature

- 30° to 104° F (0° to 40° C)

Operating Humidity

- 10% to 90% non-condensing

1 Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11ac (draft), 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.

2 Frequency Range varies depending on country's regulation

3 The DIR-850L does not include 5.25-5.35GHz & 5.47-5.725GHz in some regions.

Certifications

- CE
- FCC
- IC
- C-Tick
- CSA International

Dimensions

- 5.75" x 3.40" x 4.40"

Weight

- 0.62 lb

Warranty

- 1-Year Limited Warranty

Contacting Technical Support

U.S. and Canadian customers can contact D-Link technical support through our web site or by phone.

Before you contact technical support, please have the following ready:

- Model number of the product (e.g. DIR-850L)
- Hardware Revision (located on the label on the bottom of the router (e.g. rev A1))
- Serial Number (s/n number located on the label on the bottom of the router).

You can find software updates and user documentation on the D-Link website as well as frequently asked questions and answers to technical issues.

For customers within the United States:

Phone Support:

(877) 453-5465

Internet Support:

<http://support.dlink.com>

For customers within Canada:

Phone Support:

(800) 361-5265

Internet Support:

<http://support.dlink.ca>

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<http://tsd.dlink.com.tw/GPL.asp>

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Where such specific license terms entitle you to the source code of such software, D-Link will provide upon written request via email and/or traditional paper mail the applicable GPL and LGPL source code files via CD-ROM for a nominal cost to cover shipping and media charges as allowed under the GPL and LGPL.

Please direct all inquiries to:
Email: GPLCODE@DLink.com
Snail Mail:
Attn: GPLSOURCE REQUEST
D-Link Systems, Inc.
17595 Mt. Herrmann Street
Fountain Valley, CA 92708

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Developers that use the GNU GPL protect your rights with two steps:

(1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

“This License” refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

“Copyright” also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

“The Program” refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as “you”. “Licensees” and “recipients” may be individuals or organizations.

To “modify” a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a “modified version” of the earlier work or a work “based on” the earlier work.

A “covered work” means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

To “propagate” a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To “convey” a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays “Appropriate Legal Notices” to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

1. Source Code.

The “source code” for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. “Object code” means any non-source form of a work.

A “Standard Interface” means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The “System Libraries” of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A “Major Component”, in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The “Corresponding Source” for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work’s System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

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5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
- b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".
- c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.
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A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an “aggregate” if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation’s users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

- a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.
- b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.
- c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.
- d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.
- e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

A “User Product” is either (1) a “consumer product”, which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, “normally used” refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

“Installation Information” for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in ROM).

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

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17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.

If the disclaimer of warranty and limitation of liability provided above cannot be given local legal effect according to their terms, reviewing courts shall apply local law that most closely approximates an absolute waiver of all civil liability in connection with the Program, unless a warranty or assumption of liability accompanies a copy of the Program in return for a fee.

Warranty

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, D-Link Systems, Inc. ("D-Link") provides this Limited Warranty:

- Only to the person or entity that originally purchased the product from D-Link or its authorized reseller or distributor, and
- Only for products purchased and delivered within the fifty states of the United States, the District of Columbia, U.S. Possessions or Protectorates, U.S. Military Installations, or addresses with an APO or FPO.

Limited Warranty:

D-Link warrants that the hardware portion of the D-Link product described below ("Hardware") will be free from material defects in workmanship and materials under normal use from the date of original retail purchase of the product, for the period set forth below ("Warranty Period"), except as otherwise stated herein.

- Hardware (excluding power supplies and fans): One (1) year
- Power supplies and fans: One (1) year
- Spare parts and spare kits: Ninety (90) days

The customer's sole and exclusive remedy and the entire liability of D-Link and its suppliers under this Limited Warranty will be, at D-Link's option, to repair or replace the defective Hardware during the Warranty Period at no charge to the original owner or to refund the actual purchase price paid. Any repair or replacement will be rendered by D-Link at an Authorized D-Link Service Office. The replacement hardware need not be new or have an identical make, model or part. D-Link may, at its option, replace the defective Hardware or any part thereof with any reconditioned product that D-Link reasonably determines is substantially equivalent (or superior) in all material respects to the defective Hardware. Repaired or replacement hardware will be warranted for the remainder of the original Warranty Period or ninety (90) days, whichever is longer, and is subject to the same limitations and exclusions. If a material defect is incapable of correction, or if D-Link determines that it is not practical to repair or replace the defective Hardware, the actual price paid by the original purchaser for the defective Hardware will be refunded by D-Link upon return to D-Link of the defective Hardware. All Hardware or part thereof that is replaced by D-Link, or for which the purchase price is refunded, shall become the property of D-Link upon replacement or refund.

Limited Software Warranty:

D-Link warrants that the software portion of the product ("Software") will substantially conform to D-Link's then current functional specifications for the Software, as set forth in the applicable documentation, from the date of original retail purchase of the Software for a period of ninety (90) days ("Software Warranty Period"), provided that the Software is properly installed on approved hardware and operated as contemplated in its documentation. D-Link further warrants that, during the Software Warranty Period, the magnetic media on which D-Link delivers the Software will be free of physical defects. The customer's sole and exclusive remedy and the entire liability of D-Link and its suppliers under this Limited Warranty will be, at D-Link's option, to replace the non-conforming Software (or defective media) with software that substantially conforms to D-Link's functional specifications for the Software or to refund the portion of the actual purchase price paid that is attributable to the Software. Except as otherwise agreed by D-Link in writing, the replacement Software is provided only to the original licensee, and is subject to the terms and conditions of the license granted by D-Link for the Software. Replacement Software will be warranted for the remainder of the original Warranty Period and is subject to the same limitations and exclusions. If a material non-conformance is incapable of correction, or if D-Link determines in its sole discretion that it is not practical to replace the non-conforming Software, the price paid by the original licensee for the non-conforming Software will be refunded by D-Link; provided that the non-conforming Software (and all copies thereof) is first returned to D-Link. The license granted respecting any Software for which a refund is given automatically terminates.

Non-Applicability of Warranty:

The Limited Warranty provided hereunder for Hardware and Software portions of D-Link's products will not be applied to and does not cover any refurbished product and any product purchased through the inventory clearance or liquidation sale or other sales in which D-Link, the sellers, or the liquidators expressly disclaim their warranty obligation pertaining to the product and in that case, the product is being sold "As-Is" without any warranty whatsoever including, without limitation, the Limited Warranty as described herein, notwithstanding anything stated herein to the contrary.

Submitting A Claim (USA):

The customer shall return the product to the original purchase point based on its return policy. In case the return policy period has expired and the product is within warranty, the customer shall submit a claim to D-Link as outlined below:

- The customer must submit with the product as part of the claim a written description of the Hardware defect or Software nonconformance in sufficient detail to allow DLink to confirm the same, along with proof of purchase of the product (such as a copy of the dated purchase invoice for the product) if the product is not registered.
- The customer must obtain a Case ID Number from D-Link Technical Support at 1-877-453-5465, who will attempt to assist the customer in resolving any suspected defects with the product. If the product is considered defective, the customer must obtain a Return Material Authorization ("RMA") number by completing the RMA form and entering the assigned Case ID Number at <https://rma.dlink.com/>.

- After an RMA number is issued, the defective product must be packaged securely in the original or other suitable shipping package to ensure that it will not be damaged in transit, and the RMA number must be prominently marked on the outside of the package. Do not include any manuals or accessories in the shipping package. D-Link will only replace the defective portion of the product and will not ship back any accessories.
- The customer is responsible for all in-bound shipping charges to D-Link. No Cash on Delivery ("COD") is allowed. Products sent COD will either be rejected by D-Link or become the property of D-Link. Products shall be fully insured by the customer and shipped to D-Link Systems, Inc., 17595 Mt. Herrmann, Fountain Valley, CA 92708. D-Link will not be held responsible for any packages that are lost in transit to D-Link. The repaired or replaced packages will be shipped to the customer via UPS Ground or any common carrier selected by D-Link. Return shipping charges shall be prepaid by D-Link if you use an address in the United States, otherwise we will ship the product to you freight collect. Expedited shipping is available upon request and provided shipping charges are prepaid by the customer. D-Link may reject or return any product that is not packaged and shipped in strict compliance with the foregoing requirements, or for which an RMA number is not visible from the outside of the package. The product owner agrees to pay D-Link's reasonable handling and return shipping charges for any product that is not packaged and shipped in accordance with the foregoing requirements, or that is determined by D-Link not to be defective or non-conforming.

Submitting A Claim (Canada):

The customer shall return the product to the original purchase point based on its return policy. In case the return policy period has expired and the product is within warranty, the customer shall submit a claim to D-Link as outlined below:

- Customers need to provide their receipt (proof of purchase) even if the product is registered. Without a receipt, no warranty service will be done. The registration is not considered a proof of purchase.
- The customer must submit with the product as part of the claim a written description of the Hardware defect or Software nonconformance in sufficient detail to allow D-Link to confirm the same, along with proof of purchase of the product (such as a copy of the dated purchase invoice for the product) if the product is not registered.
- The customer must obtain a Case ID Number from D-Link Technical Support at 1-800-361-5265, who will attempt to assist the customer in resolving any suspected defects with the product. If the product is considered defective, the customer must obtain a Return Material Authorization ("RMA") number by completing the RMA form and entering the assigned Case ID Number at <https://rma.dlink.ca/>.
- After an RMA number is issued, the defective product must be packaged securely in the original or other suitable shipping package to ensure that it will not be damaged in transit, and the RMA number must be prominently marked on the outside of the package. Do not include any manuals or accessories in the shipping package. D-Link will only replace the defective portion of the product and will not ship back any accessories.

- The customer is responsible for all in-bound shipping charges to D-Link. No Cash on Delivery (“COD”) is allowed. Products sent COD will be rejected by D-Link. Products shall be fully insured by the customer and shipped to D-Link Networks, Inc., 2525 Meadowvale Boulevard Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 5S2 Canada. D-Link will not be held responsible for any packages that are lost in transit to D-Link. The repaired or replaced packages will be shipped to the customer via Purolator Canada or any common carrier selected by D-Link. Return shipping charges shall be prepaid by D-Link if you use an address in Canada, otherwise we will ship the product to you freight collect. Expedited shipping is available upon request and provided shipping charges are prepaid by the customer. D-Link may reject or return any product that is not packaged and shipped in strict compliance with the foregoing requirements, or for which an RMA number is not visible from the outside of the package. The product owner agrees to pay D-Link’s reasonable handling and return shipping charges for any product that is not packaged and shipped in accordance with the foregoing requirements, or that is determined by D-Link not to be defective or non-conforming.
- RMA phone number: 1-800-361-5265 Hours of Operation: Monday-Friday, 9:00AM – 9:00PM EST

What Is Not Covered:

The Limited Warranty provided herein by D-Link does not cover:

Products that, in D-Link’s judgment, have been subjected to abuse, accident, alteration, modification, tampering, negligence, misuse, faulty installation, lack of reasonable care, repair or service in any way that is not contemplated in the documentation for the product, or if the model or serial number has been altered, tampered with, defaced or removed; Initial installation, installation and removal of the product for repair, and shipping costs; Operational adjustments covered in the operating manual for the product, and normal maintenance; Damage that occurs in shipment, due to act of God, failures due to power surge, and cosmetic damage; Any hardware, software, firmware or other products or services provided by anyone other than D-Link; and Products that have been purchased from inventory clearance or liquidation sales or other sales in which D-Link, the sellers, or the liquidators expressly disclaim their warranty obligation pertaining to the product.

While necessary maintenance or repairs on your Product can be performed by any company, we recommend that you use only an Authorized D-Link Service Office. Improper or incorrectly performed maintenance or repair voids this Limited Warranty.

Disclaimer of Other Warranties:

EXCEPT FOR THE LIMITED WARRANTY SPECIFIED HEREIN, THE PRODUCT IS PROVIDED “AS-IS” WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT.

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CE Mark Warning:

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

FCC Statement:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz / 5.470 ~ 5.725GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

IMPORTANT NOTICE:**FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:**

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body. To maintain compliance with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, please avoid direct contact to the transmitting antenna during transmitting.

If this device is going to be operated in 5.15 ~ 5.25GHz frequency range, then it is restricted in indoor environment only. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible by the end user.

ICC Notice:

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause interference and
- 2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

IC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. End users must follow the specific operating instructions for satisfying RF exposure compliance. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

- (i) The device for the band 5150-5250 MHz is only for indoor usage to reduce potential for harmful interference to co-channel mobile satellite systems;
- (ii) The maximum antenna gain (2dBi) permitted (for devices in the band 5725-5825 MHz) to comply with the e.i.r.p. limits specified for point-to-point and non point-to-point operation as appropriate, as stated in section A9.2(3).

In addition, users should also be cautioned to take note that high-power radars are allocated as primary users (meaning they have priority) of the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5650-5850 MHz and these radars could cause interference and/or damage to LE-LAN devices.

Règlement d'Industry Canada

Les conditions de fonctionnement sont sujettes à deux conditions:

- (1) Ce périphérique ne doit pas causer d'interférence et.
- (2) Ce périphérique doit accepter toute interférence, y compris les interférences pouvant perturber le bon fonctionnement de ce périphérique.

Registration

Register your product online at registration.dlink.com



Product registration is entirely voluntary and failure to complete or return this form will not diminish your warranty rights.

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