# TP-LINK®

## **User Guide**

## **TD-W8960N**

## **300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router**



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## FCC STATEMENT

## FC

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or tv interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

## FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

"To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, this grant is applicable to only Mobile Configurations. The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter."

### **CE Mark Warning**

## €€1588

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed below, and having a maximum gain of 3 dBi. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 3 dBi are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.

#### **Canadian Compliance Statement**

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1)This device may not cause interference, and

(2)This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Cet appareil est conforme aux norms CNR exemptes de licence d'Industrie Canada. Le fonctionnement est soumis aux deux conditions suivantes:

(1)cet appareil ne doit pas provoquer d'interférences et

(2)cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, y compris celles susceptibles de provoquer un fonctionnement non souhaité de l'appareil.

#### **Industry Canada Statement**

Complies with the Canadian ICES-003 Class B specifications.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

This device complies with RSS 210 of Industry Canada. This Class B device meets all the requirements of the Canadian interference-causing equipment regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la Classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

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#### **Safety Information**

- When product has power button, the power button is one of the way to shut off the product; when there is no power button, the only way to completely shut off power is to disconnect the product or the power adapter from the power source.
- Don't disassemble the product, or make repairs yourself. You run the risk of electric shock and voiding the limited warranty. If you need service, please contact us.
- Avoid water and wet locations.

BG ΒY CA CZ AT DE DK EE ES FI FR ΗU IT GB GR IE LT LV MT NL NO PL PT RO RU SE SK TR UA

This product can be used in the following countries:

**TP-LINK**<sup>®</sup> TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

#### **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

For the following equipment:

Product Description: 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router

Model No.: TD-W8960N

Trademark: TP-LINK

We declare under our own responsibility that the above products satisfy all the technical regulations applicable to the product within the scope of Council Directives: Directives 1999/5/EC, Directives 2004/108/EC, Directives 2006/95/EC, Directives 1999/519/EC, Directives 2011/65/EU

The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.7.1: 2006 ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1:2008& ETSI EN 301 489-17 V2.1.1:2009 EN 55022:2010 EN 55024:2010 EN 61000-3-2:2006+A1:2009+A2:2009 EN 61000-3-3:2008 EN60950-1:2006+A11: 2009+A1:2010+A12:2011 EN62311:2008

The product carries the CE Mark:



Person is responsible for marking this declaration:

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Date of issue: 2012

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## **Package Contents**

The following contents should be found in your package:

- > One TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router
- > One power Adapter for TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router
- Quick Installation Guide
- > One RJ45 cable
- Two RJ11 cables
- > One ADSL splitter
- > One Resource CD for TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router, including:
  - This User Guide
  - Other Helpful Information

#### Note:

Make sure that the package contains the above items. If any of the listed items are damaged or missing, please contact your distributor.

## **Chapter 1. Product Overview**

Thank you for choosing the TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router.

#### **1.1 Overview of the Router**

The TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router integrates 4-port Switch, Firewall, NAT-Router and Wireless AP. Powered by 2x2 MIMO technology, the Wireless N Router delivers exceptional range and speed, which can fully meet the need of Small Office/Home Office (SOHO) networks and the users demanding higher networking performance.

The TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router utilizes integrated ADSL2+ transceiver and high speed MIPS CPU. The Router supports full-rate ADSL2+ connectivity conforming to the ITU and ANSI specifications.

In addition to the basic DMT physical layer functions, the ADSL2+ PHY supports dual latency ADSL2+ framing (fast and interleaved) and the I.432 ATM Physical Layer.

The router provides up to 300Mbps wireless connection with other 802.11n wireless clients. The incredible speed makes it ideal for handling multiple data streams at the same time, which ensures your network stable and smooth. The performance of this 802.11n wireless Router will give you the unexpected networking experience at speed 650% faster than 802.11g. It is also compatible with all IEEE 802.11g and IEEE 802.11b products.

With multiple protection measures, including SSID broadcast control and wireless LAN 64/128 WEP encryption, Wi-Fi protected Access (WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK), as well as advanced Firewall protections, the TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router provides complete data privacy.

The Router provides flexible access control, so that parents or network administrators can establish restricted access policies for children or staff. It also supports Virtual Server and DMZ host for Port Triggering, and then the network administrators can manage and monitor the network in real time with the remote management function.

Since the Router is compatible with virtually all the major operating systems, it is very easy to manage. Quick Setup Wizard is supported and detailed instructions are provided step by step in this user guide. Before installing the Router, please look through this guide to know all the Router's functions.

#### 1.2 Main Features

- Complies with IEEE 802.11n to provide a wireless data rate of up to 300Mbps
- One RJ11 LINE port, four 10/100M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 LAN ports, supporting Auto MDI/MDIX
- > Quick response semi-conductive surge protect circuit, reliable surge-protect function
- > AFE to support Annex A and L deployments
- Provides external splitter
- > Multi-user sharing a high-speed Internet connection
- > Connecting the internet on demand and disconnecting from the Internet when idle for PPPoE
- > Provides WPA/WPA2, WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK data security, TKIP/AES encryption security
- > Provides 64/128-bit WEP encryption security and wireless LAN ACL (Access Control List)
- Adopts Advanced DMT modulation and demodulation technology
- Adopts 300M wireless LAN transmission technology
- Supports access control, parents and network administrators can establish restricted access policies based on time of day for children or staff
- Supports Virtual Server, Port Triggering and DMZ host
- Supports UPnP, Dynamic DNS, Static Routing
- Supports bridge mode and Router function
- Supports Web management
- Supports firmware upgrade
- Supports Flow Statistics
- Supports WPS
- > Built-in firewall supporting IP address filtering, MAC address filtering and parental control
- Built-in DHCP server

#### **1.3 Panel Layout**

#### 1.3.1 The Front Panel

The Router's LEDs are located on the front panel.



Figure 1-1

The Router's LEDs are located on the front panel (View from left to right).

Name	Status	Indication
	On	The modem router is powered on.
<b>ப்</b> (Power)	Off	The modem router is off. Please ensure that the power adapter is connected correctly.
	On	ADSL line is synchronized and ready to use.
Ĥ(ADSL)	Flash	The ADSL negotiation is in progress.
	Off	ADSL synchronization fails. Please refer to Note 1 for troubleshooting.
	On	The network is available with a successful Internet connection.
Ø(Internet)	Flash	There is data being transmitted or received via the Internet.
	Off	There is no successful Internet connection or the modem router is operating in Bridge mode. Please refer to <u>Note 2</u> for troubleshooting.
	On	Wireless is enabled but no data is being transmitted.
<b>奈</b> (WLAN)	Flash	The modem router is sending or receiving data over the wireless network.
	Off	Wireless function is disabled.
	On	A wireless device has been successfully added to the network by WPS function.
<b>⊖</b> (WPS)	Flash	WPS handshaking is in process and will continue for about 2 minutes. Please press the WPS button on other wireless devices that you want to add to the network while the LED is flashing.
	Off	The WPS function is disabled or the wireless device fails to be added to the network in 2 minutes after WPS function is enabled. Please refer to $4.5.2.1$ WPS Setup for more information.
	On	There is a device connected to this LAN port.
<b>G</b> (LAN1-4)	Flash	The modem router is sending or receiving data over this LAN port.
	Off	There is no device connected to this LAN port.

#### LED Explanation:

#### Solution Note:

 If the ADSL LED is off, please check your Internet connection first. Refer to <u>2.3 Connecting</u> <u>the Router</u> for more information about how to make Internet connection correctly. If you have already made a right connection, please contact your ISP to make sure if your Internet service is available now. If the Internet LED is off, please check your ADSL LED first. If your ADSL LED is also off, please refer to Note 1. If your ADSL LED is GREEN ON, please check your Internet configuration. You may need to check this part of information with your ISP and make sure everything have been input correctly. Refer to <u>4.2 Device Info</u> for more information.

#### 1.3.2 The Back Panel

The Router's ports, where the cables are connected, and RESET button are located on the back panel.



Figure 1-2

- > **ADSL:** Connect to the Modem Port of Splitter or to the telephone line.
- LAN1, LAN2, LAN3, LAN4/WAN: Through these ports, you can connect the Router to your PC or the other Ethernet network devices. Enable EWAN function and you will be able to connect to Cable/FTTH/VDSL/ADSL device.
- > **WiFi:** The switch for the WiFi function.
- > **RESET:** There are two ways to reset the Router's factory defaults.
- 1) Use the **Restore Default** function on **Management** -> **settings** -> **Restore Default** page in the router's Web-based Utility.

- Use the Factory Default RESET button: With the Router powered on, use a pin to press and hold the RESET button for at least 5 seconds. And the Router will reboot to its factory default settings.
- > WPS: The switch for the WPS function. For details, please refer to 4.5.2.1 WPS Setup
- > **ON/OFF:** The switch for the power.
- > **POWER:** The Power plug is where you will connect the power adapter.
- > Wireless Antennas: To receive and transmit the wireless data.

## **Chapter 2. Connecting the Router**

#### 2.1 System Requirements

- > Broadband Internet Access Service (DSL/Cable/Ethernet).
- > PCs with a working Ethernet Adapter and an Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors.
- > TCP/IP protocol on each PC.
- > Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Apple Safari.

#### 2.2 Installation Environment Requirements

- > Place the Router in a well ventilated place far from any heater or heating vent
- > Avoid direct irradiation of any strong light (such as sunlight)
- ➤ Keep at least 2 inches (5 cm) of clear space around the Router
- ➢ Operating temperature: 0℃~40℃ (32°F~104°F)
- > Operating Humidity: 10% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)

#### 2.3 Connecting the Router

#### Back to LED Explanation

Before installing the Router, please make sure your broadband service provided by your ISP is available. If there is any problem, please contact your ISP. After that, please install the Router according to the following steps. Don't forget to pull out the power plug and keep your hands dry.

- 1. Locate an optimum location for the Router. The best place is usually at the center of your wireless network.
- 2. Adjust the direction of the antenna. Normally, upright is a good direction.
- 3. Connect your PC and Switch/Hub in your LAN to the LAN Ports of the Router. (If you have a wireless NIC and want to have wireless connection, please skip this step.)
- 4. Connect the telephone line to the Line port on the Router. Or you can access the Internet and make calls at the same time by using a separate splitter to divide the data and voice. The external splitter has three ports:
  - LINE: Connect to the wall jack
  - PHONE: Connect to the phone sets
  - MODEM: Connect to the ADSL LINE port of device

Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL LINE port on the rear panel of device. Connect the other end to the MODEM port of the external splitter.

- 5. Connect the power adapter to the power plug of the Router, and the other end into an electrical outlet. The electrical outlet shall be installed near the device and shall be easily accessible.
- 6. Turn on the ON/OFF switch to power the device. It will start to work automatically.

TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router User Guide



Figure 2-1

## **Chapter 3. Quick Installation Guide**

This chapter will show you how to configure the basic functions of your **TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router** using **Quick Setup Wizard** within minutes.

#### 3.1 Configuring the PC

After you directly connect your PC to the **TD-W8960N**TD-W8960N or connect your adapter to a Hub/Switch which has connected to the Router, you need to configure your PC's IP address. Follow the steps below to configure it. Here takes Windows XP for example. For more details, please refer to <u>Appendix B</u>.

Step 1: Click the Start menu on your desktop, right click My Network Places, and then select Properties (shown in Figure 3-1).



Figure 3-1

Step 2: Right click Local Area Connection (LAN), and then select Properties.



Figure 3-2

Step 3: Select General tab, highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click the Properties button.

🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 💽
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
Bealtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Etł
This connection uses the following items:
<ul> <li>Client for Microsoft Networks</li> <li>File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks</li> <li>QoS Packet Scheduler</li> <li>Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)</li> </ul>
Install Uninstall Properties Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
<ul> <li>Show icon in notification area when connected</li> <li>Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity</li> </ul>
OK Cancel

Figure 3-3

Step 4: Configure the IP address as Figure 3-4 shows. After that, click OK.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Proper	rties 🛛 🕐 🔀		
General			
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.			
Obtain an IP address automatically	,		
Use the following IP address			
<u>I</u> P address:	192.168.1.2		
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0		
<u>D</u> efault gateway:	192.168.1.1		
O <u>D</u> tain DNS server address autom	atically		
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:		
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.1.1		
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	· · ·		
	Ad <u>v</u> anced		
	OK Cancel		

Figure 3-4

#### Note:

You can configure the PC to get an IP address automatically, select "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" in the screen above.

Now, you can run the Ping command in the command prompt to verify the network connection. Please click the **Start** menu on your desktop, select **run** tab, type **cmd or command** in the field and press **Enter**. Type **ping 192.168.1.1** on the next screen, and then press **Enter**.

If the result displayed is similar to the screen below, the connection between your PC and the Router has been established.

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms

#### Figure 3-5

If the result displayed is similar to the screen shown below, it means that your PC has not connected to the Router.

```
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Figure 3-6

You can check it following the steps below:

1) Is the connection between your PC and the Router correct?

The LEDs of LAN port which you link to the device and the LEDs on your PC's adapter should be lit.

#### 2) Is the TCP/IP configuration for your PC correct?

If the Router's IP address is 192.168.1.1, your PC's IP address must be within the range of  $192.168.1.2 \sim 192.168.1.254$ .

#### 3.2 Quick Installation Guide

With a Web-based utility, it is easy to configure and manage the TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router. The Web-based utility can be used on any Windows, Macintosh or UNIX OS with a Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Apple Safari.

1. To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser and type the default address http://192.168.1.1 in the address field of the browser.

Address http://192.168.1.1

Figure 3-7

•

After a moment, a login window will appear, similar to the Figure 3-8. Enter **admin** for the User Name and Password, both in lower case letters. Then click the **OK** button or press the **Enter** key.

Connect to 192.	168.1.1 🛛 🖓 🔀
	GA
Wireless N ADSL2	2+ Modem Router TD-W8960N
User name:	🖸 admin 💌
Password:	•••••
	<u>R</u> emember my password
	OK Cancel

Figure 3-8

#### P Note:

- 1) Do not mix up the user name and password with your ADSL account user name and password which are needed for PPP connections.
- If the above screen does not pop up, it means that your Web-browser has been set to a proxy. Go to Tools menu→Internet Options→Connections→LAN Settings, in the screen that appears, cancel the Using Proxy checkbox, and click OK to finish it.
- 2. After your successful login, you will see the Login screen as shown in Figure 3-9. Click **Quick Setup** menu to access **Quick Setup Wizard**.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	Device Info		
Advanced Setup			
Wireless			
Diagnostics	Version Info		
Management	Firmware Version:	1.0.1 Build 120417 Rel.52091	
	Hardware Version:	TD-W8960N V4 0x00000001	
	System Running time:	0Day(s) 00:01:58	
	LAN Info		
	LAN IP Address: 192.168.1.1		
	LAN MAC Address: b0:48:7a:ce:48:bb		
	ADSL Info		
	Line State: Down		
	Line Rate - Upstream (Kbps): 0		
	Line Rate - Downstream (Kbps):	0	
	Internet Info		
	Status:	Down	
	WAN Type:	ATM WAN	
	Layer2 Interface:	atm4(8/35)	
	Connection Type:	PPPoE	
	WAN IP Address:	0.0.0	
	Shortcut:	Click here to view all WAN interface's status and troubleshooting information.	

Figure 3-9

3. Change the VPI or VCI values which are used to define a unique path for your connection. If you have been given specific settings for this to configuration, type in the correct values assigned by your ISP. Here we select PPPoE ADSL WAN Link Type for example, enter the

#### PPP Username and PPP Password given by your ISP, and then click Next.

Device Info Quick Setup	Quick Setup - WAN Configu	ırations
Advanced Setup Wireless		
Diagnostics	VPI/VCI:	8 / 35 ((0-255) / (32-85535))
-		
Management	Encapsulation Mode:	LLC/SNAP-BRIDGING 💌 (optional)
	WAN Link Type: PPP Username:	PPPoE(PPP over Ethernet) 💌
	PPP Password:	
	PPPoE Service Name:	(optional)
	MTU (bytes):	1480 (optional)
		Back Skip Wan Next

Figure 3-10

#### Solution Note:

The Quick Setup Wizard will guide you to configure the WAN Service over ATM interface.

4. On the **Wireless Configurations** screen, we use the default SSID, select Network Authentication (take **Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK Personal** for example), set a Pre-Shared Key, and then click **Save** to continue.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	Quick Setup - Wireless Configurations		
Advanced Setup			
Wireless			
Diagnostics	Enable Wireless:		
Management	Enable Wireless: 🗸		
	You can configure SSID and your WLAN Authentication type.		
	Wireless Network Name: TP-LINK_CE48BB (Also called SSID)		
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings.		
	Network Authentication: Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK Personal (adaptive) 🗸		
	Wireless Network Key: (Also called WPA Pre-Shared Key)		
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 characters or 8 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.)		
	Back Skip Wi-Fi Next		

Figure 3-11

#### P Note:

The default **ATM&WAN** service will be cleared after clicking the **Next** button on this Quick Setup page.

5. You will see the **Summary** screen below, click **Confirm** to configure these settings.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	Quick Setup - Summary	
Advanced Setup	,	
· · ·		
Wireless		
Diagnostics		
Management	WAN Configurations	
	WAN Type:	ADSL WAN
	Layer2 Information:	8/35 LLC/SNAP-BRIDGING
	WAN Link Type:	PPPoE
	PPP Username:	tplink
	PPP Password:	123456
	PPP MTU:	1480
	Note: Some WAN Connection(s) or Layer2 interface	(s) may be replaced by new one!
	Wi-Fi Configurations	
	Wireless Network Name:	TP-LINK_CE48BB
	Network Authentication:	Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK Personal
	Wireless NetWork Key:	1234567890
		Cancel Back Confirm

Figure 3-12

## **Chapter 4. Configuring the Router**

This chapter will show each Web page's key function and the configuration way.

#### 4.1 Login

After your successful login, you will see the six main menus on the left of the Web-based utility. On the right, there are the corresponding explanations and instructions.

Device Info
Quick Setup
Advanced Setup
Wireless
Diagnostics
Management

The detailed explanations for each Web page's key function are listed below.

#### 4.2 Device Info

Choose "Device Info" menu, there are six submenus under the main menu: Summary, WAN, Statistics, Route, ARP and DHCP. This Device Info section mainly introduces the elementary information about the Router and its current settings in use. Click any of them, and you will be able to view the corresponding information.

Choose "**Device Info**"  $\rightarrow$  "**Summary**", you will see the Summary screen (shown in Figure 4-1). The first table indicates the information about the version including Software and Hardware. The second table displays the current status of the TD-W8960N connection. This information will vary depending on the settings of the Router configured on the Advanced Setup screen.

imary De	vice Info	
N		
istics		
te Vers	sion Info	
	Firmware Version:	1.0.1 Build 120417 Rel.52091
Р	Hardware Version:	TD-W8960N V4 0x00000001
Setup	System Running time:	0Day(s) 00:19:52
d Setup LAN	Info	
5	LAN IP Address:	192.168.1.1
	LAN MAC Address:	b0:48:7a:ce:48:bb
ADS	L Info	
	Line State:	Down
	Line Rate - Upstream (Kbps):	0
	Line Rate - Downstream (Kbps):	0
Inte	rnet Info	
	Status:	Down
	WAN Type:	ATM WAN
	Layer2 Interface:	atm4(8/35)
	Connection Type:	PPPoE
	WAN IP Address:	0.0.0.0
	Shortcut:	Click here to view all WAN interface's status and troubleshooting informatio

Figure 4-1

#### P Note:

Click the other submenus under the main menu **Device Info**, and you will be able to view the corresponding information about **WAN**, **Statistics**, **Route**, **ARP** and **DHCP**.

#### 4.3 Quick Setup

Please refer to Section <u>3.2 Quick Installation Guide</u>.

#### 4.4 Advanced Setup

Choose "Advanced Setup", there are many submenus under the main menu. Among the submenus, Layer2 Interface, WAN Service, LAN etc. are default menus, while NAT, IP/MAC filtering of the Security, Quality of Service and DNS will appear only when you select some corresponding functions. Click any one of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

Advanced Setup
+Layer2 Interface
• WAN Service
• MAC Clone
• LAN
+NAT
+ Security
+Parental Control
+Quality of Service
+Bandwidth Control
+Routing
+DNS
• DSL
• UPnP
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>
• IPSec
• Multicast

This Advanced Setup section mainly introduces how to configure the Router for adequate use. The detailed explanations for each subsection are provided below.

#### P Note:

To completely configure the WAN Interface, you need to first select the Layer2 Interface (<u>4.4.1</u> <u>Layer2 Interface</u>) according to the connection ISP provides you, and then to select the type of the connection (<u>4.4.2 WAN Service</u>) for the further configuration.

#### 4.4.1 Layer2 Interface

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"Layer2 Interface", and you can select WAN Service Interface (layer2 interface) over ATM interface or ETH interface.

- ATM Interface: Configure the Router to access Internet as an ADSL user. ISP provides you VPI (Virtual Path Identifier), VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier) settings and the DSL Interface with RJ11 connector. (Figure 2-1)
- ETH Interface: Configure the Router to access Internet as an Ethernet user. ISP provides you Broadband Internet Service and the Ethernet Interface with RJ45 connector.

#### 4.4.1.1 ATM interface

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"Layer2 Interface→ATM interface", you can Configure ATM interfaces on the screen below.

#### TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router User Guide

Device Info															
Quick Setup	DSL A	TM	l Int	erface	Configurat	tion									
Advanced Setup															
-Layer2 Interface			sources.	9234032939		(2.0									
ATM Interface	Choose Ad	d, or F	temov	e to configure	DSL ATM interface	18.									
ETH Interface	Interface	Vei	Mei	Link Tune	Enconculation	Category	Peak Cell Pate	Sustainable Cell Rate	May Burst Size	Conn Mode	IP OoS	Schod Ala	Oueue Weight	Group Procedence	Permanen
WAN Service		-	-				Feak Cen Kale	Sustainable Cell Rate	max buist Size		1		Queue weight	Group Precedence	
MAC Clone	atm0	0	32	EoA	LLC	UBR				VlanMuiMode	Enabled	SP			
LAN	atm1	1	33	EoA	LLC	UBR				VlanMuxMode	Enabled	SP			
NAT	atm2	0	35	EoA	LLC	UBR				VlanMuxMode	Enabled	SP			
Security															
Parental Control	atm3	0	100	EOA	LLC	UBR				VlanMuxMode	Enabled	SP			
Quality of Service	atm5	8	81	EoA	LLC	UBR				VlanMuxMode	Enabled	SP			
Bandwidth Control	atm6	0	200	EoA	LLC	UBR				VlanMuxMode	Enabled	SP		1	
Routing															
DNS	atm4	8	35	EoA	LLC	UBR				VianMuxMode	Enabled	SP			
• DSL															
• UPnP								64 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1	1.2						
Interface Grouping								Add Remove	All Remove						

#### Figure 4-2

Remove: Select the check box in the table on the screen above and then click the Remove button, the corresponding interface will be deleted in the table.

#### P Note:

If the interface is used by the configuration of the <u>4.4.2 WAN Service</u>, you need to remove the corresponding WAN Service entry first before you can remove it here.

> Add: Click the button, and you can add a new interface in the next screen.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	ATM PVC Configuration
Advanced Setup	
-Layer2 Interface	This screen allows you to configure an ATM PVC identifier (VPI and VCI), select DSL latency, select a service category. Otherwise choose an existing interface by selecting the
ATM Interface	This screen allows you to compute an XTW PVC identifier (VPT and VC), select DSL latency, select a service category. Otherwise choose an existing interface by selecting the checkbox to enable it.
• ETH Interface	VPt [0-255] 8
•WAN Service	VCI: [32.65535] 35
• MAC Clone	
• LAN	Select DSL Link Type (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge.)
+NAT	
+Security	© РРРоА
+Parental Control	O IPoA
+Quality of Service	Encapsulation Mode: LLC/SNAP-BRIDGING 🐱
+Bandwidth Control	
+Routing	Service Category: UBR Without PCR 🗸
+DNS	Select IP QoS Scheduler Algorithm
• DSL	Strict Priority
• UPnP	Precedence of the default queue: 8 (lowest)
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	Weighted Fair Queuing Weight Value of the default queue: [1-63] 1
• IPSec	MPAAL Group Precedence: 8 V
Multicast	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	Back Save/Apply
Management	

Figure 4-3

- VPI/VCI: the VPI and VCI values provided by your ISP. Do not change them unless it was required by your ISP.
- DSL Link Type: Select a DSL Link Type which is provided by your ISP. The options include EoA (it is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge), PPPoA (PPP over ATM) and IPoA (IP over ATM).
- Encapsulation Mode: The mode of the data processing over the Link Type you have selected. Uses the default setting, if you are not sure.
- Service Category: Select the type of the service assigned by your ISP in the drop-down list. The default type is UBR Without PCR.

#### P Note:

Enabling packet level QoS for PVC improves performance for selected classes of applications. While QoS consumes system resources; therefore the number of PVC(s) will be reduced. Besides this, it cannot be set for the connection type of CBR and Real-time VBR. If you select the QoS service, the Quality of Service menu will be added to the Web-based Utility, the detailed configuration will be described in **4.4.8 Quality of Service**.

#### 4.4.1.2 ETH interface

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"Layer2 Interface→ETH Interface", you can configure ETH WAN interfaces on the screen below.

Device Info								
Quick Setup	ETH WAN Interface Configuration							
Advanced Setup								
-Layer2 Interface								
<ul> <li>ATM Interface</li> </ul>	Choose Add, or Remove to configure ETH WAN Interfaces. Allow one ETH as laver 2 wan Interface.							
• ETH Interface								
• WAN Service	Interface/(Name)	Interface/(Name) Connection Mode Remove						
• MAC Clone								
• LAN								
+NAT	Add Remove							

Figure 4-4

#### P Note:

To make sure the ETH port available, you should first choose "**Advanced Setup**"→"**LAN Ports**" to enable the Virtual LAN Ports feature.

> Add: Click the Add button, and you can add a new interface in the next screen.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	ETH WAN Configuration
Advanced Setup	
-Layer2 Interface	
<ul> <li>ATM Interface</li> </ul>	This screen allows you to configure a ETH port.
ETH Interface	
•WAN Service	Select a ETH port: eth3/(LAN4/WAN)
• MAC Clone	
• LAN	Back Save/Apply
+ NAT	Back Save/Apply

Figure 4-5

> ETH port: Select an ETH port to configure as the WAN port.

Click Save/Apply to save your settings and then you will see the screen similar to Figure 4-6.

Device Info							
Quick Setup	ETH WAN Interface Configuration						
Advanced Setup							
-Layer2 Interface							
<ul> <li>ATM Interface</li> </ul>	Choose Add, or Remove to configure ETH WAN Interfaces. Allow one ETH as laver 2 wan interface.						
• ETH Interface							
• WAN Service	Interface/(Name)	Connection Mode	Remove				
• MAC Clone	eth3/(LAN4/WAN)	eth3(LAN4/WAN) DefaultMode					
• LAN			I				
+NAT							
+Security	Remove						
+Parental Control							

Figure 4-6

Remove: Select the check box in the table on the screen above and then click the Remove button, the corresponding interface will be deleted in the table.

#### PNote:

One ETH is allowed to configure as the layer 2 WAN Interface.

#### 4.4.2 WAN Service

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"WAN Service", and you will see the WAN Port Information Table in the screen similar to Figure 4-7, which describes the WAN port settings and the relevant manipulation to each interface. After you add a new Lay2 Interface, please follow the instructions below to complete the further configuration of WAN Interface. There are five different configurations for the connection types, which are PPPoE, IPoE, Bridge, PPPoA, and IPoA. You can select the corresponding types according to your needs.

Device Info Quick Setup	Wide Are	a Network (V	VAN) S	ervice Setu	qu					
Advanced Setup										
+Layer2 Interface										
•WAN Service	Choose Add, Rei	move or Edit to configur	e a WAN servi	ce over a selected	interface.					
• MAC Clone	Interface	Description	Туре	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	lgmp	NAT	Firewall	Remove	Edit
• LAN	atm0.1	br_0_0_32	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edit
+ NAT + Security	atm1.1	br_0_1_33	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edit
Parental Control	atm2.1	br_0_0_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edit
Quality of Service Bandwidth Control	atm3.1	br_0_0_100	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edit
Routing	atm5.1	br_0_8_81	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edit
DNS	atm6.1	br_0_0_200	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edit
DSL VPnP	ppp0.1	pppoe_0_8_35	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled		Edit
Interface Grouping	·	·								
IPSec				Add	Remove All	Remove				
• Multicast				Indu						

Figure 4-7

#### Solution Note:

The following section adopts different VPI, VCI to introduce further configuration for the different connection types, if you need to change the configuration of ATM PVC (VPI/VCI), you should go to the previous section (<u>4.4.1 Layer2 Interface</u>) to configure them again.

#### 4.4.2.1 ATM-EoA-PPPoE

If your ISP provides a **PPPoE** connection and you need to use an ATM Interface, follow the steps below to add a WAN service over a selected ATM interface:

- 1. Add a new ATM interface and select EoA option for DSL Link Type (4.4.1.1 ATM interface).
- 2. Click the **Add** button on the screen Figure 4-7 and you will enter the next screen as shown in Figure 4-8. Click **Next**.

Device Info				
Quick Setup	WAN Service Interface Configuration			
Advanced Setup				
+Layer2 Interface				
• WAN Service	Select a layer 2 interface for this service			
• MAC Clone	Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)			
• LAN	Laver2 Interface: $atm4/(0.8_35)$			
+NAT				
+ Security				
+Parental Control	Back Next			
+Quality of Service				



3. Select the **WAN service type** in Figure 4-9. If your ISP provides a PPPoE connection, select **PPPoE** option. You can create a service name for the **Service Description** or leave it the default name. Click **Next**.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	WAN Service Configuration
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
•WAN Service	Select WAN service type:  PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)
• MAC Clone	IP over Ethernet
• LAN	O Bridging
+ NAT	
+ Security	Enter Service Description: pppoe_0_8_35
+Parental Control	For tagged service, enter valid 802.1P Priority and 802.1Q VLAN ID.
+Quality of Service	For untagged service, set -1 to both 802.1P Priority and 802.1Q VLAN ID.
+Bandwidth Control	Enter 802.1P Priority [0-7]: -1
+ Routing	Enter 802.10 VLAN ID [0.4094]: -1
+DNS	
• DSL	
• UPnP	Back
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	

Figure 4-9

4. Enter the following parameters and then click **Next**.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	PPP Username and Passw	ord
Advanced Setup		
+Layer2 Interface		
WAN Service	to you.	nd password to establish your connection. In the boxes below, enter the user name and password that your ISP has provided
• MAC Clone	PPP Username:	pppuser
• LAN	PPP Password:	•••••
+NAT	PPPoE Service Name:	
+Security	Authentication Method:	AUTO 💌
+Parental Control	MTU (bytes):	1480 (The default is 1480, do not change unless necessary.)
+Quality of Service		Enable Fullcone NAT
+Bandwidth Control		Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer)
+Routing		PPP IP extension
+DNS		
• DSL		Use Static IPv4 Address
• UPnP		Enable PPP Debug Mode
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>		Bridge PPPoE Frames Between WAN and Local Ports
• IPSec		
• Multicast		
Wireless	Multicast Proxy	
Diagnostics		Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy
Management		
		Back Next

Figure 4-10

- PPP Username/Password: Enter the User Name and Password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- PPPoE Service Name: Enter the Service Name if it was provided by your ISP. If you leave it blank, the default name will be the same as the Service Description on the previous screen.
- Authentication Method: Select the Authentication Method from the drop-down list, the default method is AUTO, and you can leave it as a default setting.

#### P Note:

If you are not sure about the **PPP IP extension** and **PPP Debug Mode** etc. below, please don't select these options.

MTU Size: Maximum Transmission Unit Size. Check this box then you can change the MTU size. The default MTU value is 1480 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default value unless required by your ISP.

- > Enable Fullcone NAT: It is a type of NAT, if not enabled, the default NAT will act.
- Dial on demand (with idle timeout timer): The Router will cut off the Internet connection after it has been inactive for a specific period of time (idle timeout), and it will automatically re-establish the connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. If your Internet is charged by time you may want to select this option in order to save money.
- PPP IP extension: Select this option to get the public IP address from the PPP server to your PC, and the NAT and SPI Firewall will be closed. Sometimes you can think it as bridge while PPP dialing in the router. It's a special feature deployed by some ISP. Unless your ISP specifically requires this setup, do not select it.
- Use Static IPv4 Address: If your ISP gives you a static WAN, Gateway and DNS IP address, select this option to enter them manually.
- Enable PPP Debug Mode: Select this option to debug the PPP function and you can see many PPP log information in the System Log. Only PPP has this debug Mode.
- Bridge PPPoE Frames Between WAN and Local Ports: Select this option to start PPP connection in your local PC.
- Enable IGMP Multicast Proxy: IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) is used to manage multicasting on TCP/IP networks. Some ISPs use IGMP to perform remote configuration for client devices, such as the Router. The default value is disabled, and if you are not sure, please contact your ISP or just leave it.
- 5. Select a preferred wan interface as the system default gateway in Figure 4-11 and click **Next**.

Device into	
Quick Setup	Routing Default Gateway
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	Default gateway interface list can have multiple VMAI interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the VMAI interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.
• MAC Clone	Selected Default Gateway Interfaces Available Routed WAN Interfaces
• LAN	ppp1.2
+NAT	ppp0.1
+Security	
+Parental Control	
+Quality of Service	<-
+Bandwidth Control	
+Routing	
+DNS	
• DSL	
• UPnP	Back Next

Figure 4-11

6. Configure the DNS Server Addresses on the screen below and click **Next**.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	DNS Server Configuration
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.
• MAC Clone	DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.
•LAN	Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:
+NAT	Selected DNS Server Interfaces     Selected DNS Server Interfaces     Available WAN Interfaces
+Security	ppp1.2
Parental Control	ppp0.1
+Quality of Service	
Bandwidth Control	
+Routing	
+DNS	
• DSL	
• UPnP	O Use the following Static DNS IP address:
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	Primary DNS server:
• IPSec	Secondary DNS server:
• Multicast	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	Back Next
Management	

Figure 4-12

- Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN Interfaces: You can select this option to automatically get DNS server information from the selected WAN interface.
- Use the following Static DNS IP Address: You can select this option to manually enter the primary and /or optional secondary DNS server IP addresses provided by your ISP.

#### P Note:

If only single PVC with IPoA is configured, you must enter static DNS server IP addresses.

7. On the next screen you will see the detailed settings you've made. Please click the **Save/Apply** button to save these settings.

Device Info				
Quick Setup	WAN Setup - Summary			
Advanced Setup				
+Layer2 Interface				
• WAN Service	Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP. Click "Save/Apply" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.			
• MAC Clone				
• LAN	Connection Type:	PPPoE		
+ NAT	NAT:	Enabled		
+Security	Full Cone NAT:	Disabled		
+Parental Control	Firewall:	Enabled		
+Quality of Service	IGMP Multicast:	Enabled		
+Bandwidth Control	Quality Of Service:	Disabled		
+Routing				
+DNS				
• DSL	Back Save/Apply			

Figure 4-13

8. On the next screen you will see the WAN Port Information Table with the new configuration.

Device Info
Quick Setup
Advanced Setup
+Layer2 Interface
• WAN Service
<ul> <li>MAC Clone</li> </ul>
• LAN
+NAT
+ Security
+Parental Control
+Quality of Service
+Bandwidth Control
+ Routing
+DNS
• DSL
• UPnP
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>
• IPSec
<ul> <li>Multicast</li> </ul>
Wireless
Diagnostics
Management

Interface	Description	Туре	Vlan8021p	VlanMuxId	lgmp	NAT	Firewall	Remove	Ed
atm0.1	br_0_0_32	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edi
atm1.1	br_0_1_33	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edi
atm2.1	br_0_0_35	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edi
atm3.1	br_0_0_100	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edi
atm5.1	br_0_8_81	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Edi
atm6.1	br_0_0_200	Bridge	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled		Ed:
ppp0.1	pppoe_0_8_35	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled		Ed:
ppp1.2	pppoe_0_8_35	PPPoE	N/A	N/A	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled		Edi

#### Figure 4-14

**Remove All:** Click **Remove All**, then all the interface will be deleted in the table.

Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup

Remove: Select the check box in the table above and then click Remove, the corresponding interface will be deleted in the table.

#### 4.4.2.2 ATM-EoA-IPoE

If your ISP provides an **IPoE** connection and you need to use an ATM Interface, follow the steps below to add a WAN service over a selected ATM interface:

- 1. Add a new ATM interface and select EoA option for DSL Link Type (4.4.1.1 ATM interface).
- 2. Click the **Add** button on the screen (as shown Figure 4-7). Select WAN Service Interface over ATM PVC on the next screen (as shown Figure 4-8).
- 3. If your ISP provides an IPoE connection, select **IPoE** option for the **WAN service type** on the screen (as shown Figure 4-9), and click **Next** button to continue.
- 4. Enter parameters in the following blanks to configure the WAN IP Address and click Next.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	WAN IP Settings		
Advanced Setup			
+Layer2 Interface			
• WAN Service	Enter information provided to you by your ISP to configure the WAN IP settings. Notice: If "Obtain an IP address automatically" is chosen, DHCP will be enabled for PVC in IPoE mode.		
• MAC Clone	If "Use the following Static IP address" is chosen, enter the WAN IP address, subnet mask and interface gateway.		
• LAN	Obtain an IP address automatically		
+ NAT	Ottom unit and ess transmittanty		
+ Security	Option 61 IAID: (8 hexadecimal digits)		
+Parental Control	Option 61 DUID: (hexadecimal digit)		
+Quality of Service	Option 125: Opisable Enable		
+Bandwidth Control	○ Use the following Static IP address:		
+Routing	WAN IP Address:		
+DNS	WAN Subnet Mask:		
• DSL	WAN gateway IP Address:		
• UPnP			
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>			
• IPSec	Back Next		
Multicast			

Figure 4-15

Obtain an IP address automatically: Select this option, the Router will be able to obtain IP network information dynamically from a DHCP server provided by your ISP.

#### P Note:

- The response message from a DHCP server typically contains a number of configuration parameters (DHCP options) for the Router. The DHCP options include IP network information, and also the vendor-specific options. In some cases, the Router is implemented to perform user-defined operations (as shown below). You can implement your own treatment of all such options.
- 2) If the Router is functioning as a DHCP client, it must identify itself in option 61 (client-identifier) in every DHCP message. DUID/IAID is portion of option 61.
  - **Option 60 Vendor ID:** The option code 60 used to identify Vendor class.
  - Option 61 IAID: IAID (Identity Association ID) assigns an Identity Association ID to individual interfaces. In cases where the device is functioning with a single DHCP client identity, it must use value 1 for IAID for all DHCP interactions. In cases where the device is functioning with multiple DHCP client identities, the values of IAID have to start at 1 for the first identity and be incremented for each subsequent identity. For example, the device may use IAID value 1 for the first physical interface and value 2 for the second. Alternatively, the device may use IAID value 1 for the virtual circuit corresponding to the first connection object in the data model and value 2 for the second connection object in the data model.
  - **Option 61 DUID:** Specifies the name of the interface whose link-layer address the server is to use as its DUID (DHCP Unique Identifier). You must enter a value for this parameter or the server will not start. When the server starts, the DUID is written to the system log.
  - **Option 125:** The option 125 allows DHCP server to be pre-configured with policy for handling classes of devices in a certain way without requiring DHCP server to be able to parse the unique format used in client-identifier option.
- Use the following IP Address: If you are provided with a static IP/gateway Address, please select this option, and then enter the WAN IP Address, WAN Subnet Mask and WAN gateway IP Address manually.
- 5. You will see the next screen as below. You can enable the **NAT**, **SPI Firewall**, and **IGMP Multicast**, if you are not sure about the settings, just leave the default settings. Click **Next**.

Device Info				
Quick Setup	Network Address Translation Settings			
Advanced Setup				
+Layer2 Interface				
• WAN Service	Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN).			
• MAC Clone	Enable NAT			
• LAN	Enable Fullcone NAT			
+NAT	Enable Firewall			
+Security				
+Parental Control				
+Quality of Service	IGMP Multicast			
+Bandwidth Control	Enable IGMP Multicast			
+Routing				
+DNS				
• DSL	Back Next			

Figure 4-16

Enable NAT: This technology translates the IP addresses of a local area network to a different IP address for the Internet. If this Router is hosting your network's connection to the Internet, please select the check box. If another Router exists in your network, you don't need to select the option.

- Enable Firewall: A SPI firewall enhances network's security. Select the option to use a firewall, or else without a firewall.
- Enable IGMP Multicast: This is disabled by default. This setting will not allow IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) packets to be forwarded to the LAN. IGMP is used to manage multicasting on TCP/IP networks. Most users will not need to enable this. Some ISPs use IGMP to perform remote configuration for client devices, such as the Router. If you are unsure, check with your ISP.

#### PNote:

If you select the **Enable NAT** checkbox, the **NAT** menu will be added to the Web-based Utility. We will describe the detailed configuration in <u>4.4.5 NAT</u>.

6. Select a preferred WAN interface as the system default gateway and click Next.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Routing Default Gateway
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.
• MAC Clone	Selected Default Gateway Interfaces Available Routed WAN Interfaces
• LAN	atm4.2
+NAT	
+Security	
+Parental Control	
+Quality of Service	<
+Bandwidth Control	
+Routing	
+DNS	
• DSL	
• UPnP	Back Next

Figure 4-17

7. Configure the DNS Server Addresses on the screen as follows.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	DNS Server Configuration	
Advanced Setup		
+Layer2 Interface		
• WAN Service	select DNS Server Interface from available WAN Interfaces OR enter static D protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.	NS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE
• MAC Clone	DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order ca	dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the
• LAN	<ul> <li>Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces;</li> </ul>	n be changed by removing an and adding mem back in again.
+NAT	Selected DNS Server Interfaces	Available WAN Interfaces
+Security	atm4.2	
+Parental Control		
+Quality of Service	->	
Bandwidth Control		
+Routing		
+DNS		
• DSL		
• UPnP	O Use the following Static DNS IP address:	
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	Primary DNS server:	
• IPSec	Secondary DNS server:	
Multicast		
Wireless		
Diagnostics		Back Next

Figure 4-18

#### P Note:

If only single PVC with IPoA is configured, you must enter static DNS server IP addresses.

8. On the next screen (as shown Figure 4-19) you will see the detailed settings you've made. Please click the **Apply/Save** button to save these settings.

Device Info				
Quick Setup	WAN Setup - Summary			
Advanced Setup				
+Layer2 Interface	Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP. Click "Save/Apply" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.			
• WAN Service				
<ul> <li>MAC Clone</li> </ul>				
• LAN	Connection Type:	IPoE		
+NAT	NAT:	Enabled		
+Security	Full Cone NAT:	Disabled		
+Parental Control	Firewall:	Disabled		
+Quality of Service	IGMP Multicast:	Enabled		
+Bandwidth Control	Quality Of Service:	Enabled		
+Routing				
+DNS		_		
• D.S.I	Back Save/Apply			



#### 4.4.2.3 ATM-EoA-Bridging

If you want to adopt the **Bridge** service and you need to use an ATM Interface, follow the steps below to add a WAN service over a selected ATM interface:

- 1. Add a new ATM interface and select **EoA** option for DSL Link Type (see <u>4.4.1.1 ATM</u> <u>interface</u>).
- 2. Click the **Add** button on the screen Figure 4-7. Select WAN Service Interface over ATM PVC on the next screen (as shown Figure 4-8).
- 3. Select **Bridging** option for the **WAN service type** on the screen (as shown Figure 4-9), and click **Next** button to continue.
- 4. On the screen (as shown Figure 4-13) you will see the detailed settings you've made. Please click the **Apply/Save** button to save these settings.

#### 4.4.2.4 ATM-PPPoA

If your ISP provides a **PPPoA** connection and you need to use an ATM Interface, follow the steps below to add a WAN service over a selected ATM interface:

- 1. Add a new ATM interface and select **PPPoA** option for DSL Link Type (see <u>4.4.1.1 ATM</u> <u>interface</u>).
- Click the Add button on the screen Figure 4-7 and the next configuration is similar to PPPoE, (see section <u>4.4.2.1 ATM-EoA-PPPoE</u>). The difference is that you don't need to set the PPPoE Service Name and Bridge PPPoE Frames Between WAN and Local Ports on the screen of Figure 4-10.

#### 4.4.2.5 ATM-IPoA

If your ISP provides an **IPoA** connection and you need to use an ATM Interface, follow the steps below to add a WAN service over a selected ATM interface.

- 1. Add a new ATM interface and select **IPoA** option for DSL Link Type (see <u>4.4.1.1 ATM</u> <u>interface</u>).
- Click the Add button on the screen Figure 4-7 and the next configuration is similar to IPoE (see section <u>4.4.2.2 ATM-EoA-IPoE</u>). The difference is that you have to manually set the Static IP Address on the screen of Figure 4-15, and the Static IP Address for DNS Server on the screen of Figure 4-18.
#### P Note:

ETH and ATM service can not coexist. If the ATM Interface had configured, you cannot configure any other WAN service over the ETH Interface until the ATM Interface is deleted.

#### 4.4.2.6 ETH-PPPoE

If your ISP provides a **PPPoE** connection and you need to use an **ETH** Interface, follow the steps below to add a WAN service over a selected ETH interface:

- 1. Add a new **ETH** interface on the screen of <u>4.4.1.2 ETH interface</u>.
- Click the Add button on the screen Figure 4-7 and the following configuration is similar to PPPoE over ATM interface (see section <u>4.4.2.1 ATM-EoA-PPPoE</u>).

### 4.4.2.7 ETH-IPoE

If your ISP provides an **IPoE** connection and you want to use an **ETH** Interface, follow the steps below to add a WAN service over a selected ETH interface:

- 1. Add a new **ETH** interface on the screen of <u>4.4.1.2 ETH interface</u>.
- Click the Add button on the screen Figure 4-7 and the next configuration is similar to IPoE over ATM interface (see section <u>4.4.2.2 ATM-EoA-IPoE</u>).

#### 4.4.2.8 ETH-Bridge

If you want to adopt the **Bridge** service and you need to use an **ETH** Interface, follow the steps below to add a WAN service over a selected ETH interface:

- 1. Add a new **ETH** interface on the screen of <u>4.4.1.2 ETH interface</u>.
- Click the Add button on the screen Figure 4-7 and the next configuration is similar to Bridge over ATM interface (see section <u>4.4.2.3 ATM-EoA-Bridg</u>).

## 4.4.3 MAC Clone

Choose menu "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "MAC Clone", you can configure the MAC address of the WAN Interface as shown below.

The WAN Interface List displays the Lay2 Interfaces you have configured on the section <u>4.4.1</u> <u>Layer2 Interface</u> and its default MAC Address. If you have not configured corresponding WAN Service for the interface on the section <u>4.4.2 WAN Service</u>, the blank for MAC Address will display "Need a corresponding WAN Service".

The last one of WAN Interface List displays your PC's current address.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	MAC Address Clone		
Advanced Setup			
+Layer2 Interface			
•WAN Service	Set the special MAC address to the selected WAN Se	INICE.	
• MAC Clone	Clone MAC address for ppp0.2;	Not configured	Restore Default
• LAN			
+NAT	Current PC MAC:	40:61:86:e5:b2:dc	Clone to ppp0.2 💌
+Security	Note: Only the WAN ports can using MAC address	clone. All the clone MAC address MUST NOT be the :	same with each other.
+Parental Control			
+ Quality of Service			

Figure 4-20

Type the new value for the WAN Interface who's MAC Address you want to change.

You can select corresponding WAN Interface from the drop-down list and click **Clone** button to clone your current PC MAC.

Click **Restore Default** button to restore the WAN Interface's default MAC Address.

P Note:

Only the WAN Ports can use MAC Address Clone function. All the clone MAC addresses must not be the same with each other.

## 4.4.4 LAN

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "LAN", and you will see the LAN screen (shown in Figure 4-21), the section allows you to configure the Router's LAN ports settings.

Device Info	Local Area Network (LAN)	Sotun				
Quick Setup	LOCALATEA NELWORK (LAN)	Setup				
Advanced Setup						
+Layer2 Interface	Configure the DSL Modem Router IP Address and	Subpot Mooki	for LAN interface	Croupblame Default v		
• WAN Service	Conligure the DSL modern Router IP Address and	Subret Mask	or LAN Interface.	Groupivarile Doradite V		
• MAC Clone	IP Address:	192.168.	1.1			
• LAN	Subnet Mask:	255.255.	255.0			
+NAT						
+ Security						
+Parental Control	Enable IGMP Snooping					
+Quality of Service	<ul> <li>Standard Mode</li> </ul>					
+Bandwidth Control	Blocking Mode					
+Routing						
+DNS						
• DSL	Disable DHCP Server					
• UPnP	Enable DHCP Server					
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	Start IP Address:	192.168.1				
• IP Sec	End IP Address:	192.168.1 24				
• Multicast	Leased Time (hour): Static IP Lease List: (A maximum 32 entries can l			(1~48)		
Wireless	MAC Address IP Add	-	Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remove
Diagnostics	<u>1                                    </u>	Add	Enable All	Select All Remove	<u>   </u>	
Management	<ul> <li>Enable DHCP Server Relay</li> <li>DHCP Server IP Address:</li> <li>Note: You have to disable NAT of the WAN connection</li> </ul>	ons. Or the DF	ICP Relay may n	ot take effect!		
	Configure the second IP Address and Subnet	Mask for LAN i	interface			
				Save/Apply		

Figure 4-21

- > **IP Address:** You can configure the Router's IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN Interface.
  - **IP Address:** Enter the Router's local IP Address, then you can access to the Web-based Utility via the IP Address, the default value is 192.168.1.1.
  - **Subnet Mask:** Enter the Router's Subnet Mask, the default value is 255.255.255.0.
- Enable IGMP Snooping: If you select the option, please choose the IGMP Mode: Standard Mode or Blocking Mode.
- DHCP Server: These settings allow you to configure the Router's Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server function. The DHCP server is enabled by default for the Router's Ethernet LAN interface. DHCP service will supply IP settings to computers which are configured to automatically obtain IP settings that are connected to the Router though the Ethernet port. When the Router is set for DHCP, it becomes the default gateway for DHCP

client connected to it. Keep in mind that if you change the IP address of the Router, you must change the range of IP addresses in the pool used for DHCP on the LAN.

- Start IP Address: Enter a value for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. Because the default IP address for the Router is 192.168.1.1, the default Start IP Address is **192.168.1.2**, and the Start IP Address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
- End IP Address: Enter a value for the DHCP server to end with when issuing IP addresses. The End IP Address must be smaller than 192.168.1.254. The default End IP Address is **192.168.1.254**.
- Leased Time (hour): The Leased Time is the amount of time in which a network user will be allowed connection to the Router with their current dynamic IP address. Enter the amount of time, in hours, then the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP address. After the dynamic IP address has expired, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The default is 24 hours.
- Static IP Lease List: The function allows you to specify a reserved IP address for a PC on the LAN, that PC will always obtain the assigned IP address each time when it accesses the DHCP server. Reserved IP addresses should be assigned to servers that require permanent IP settings. Click the Add Entries button, and then you will set the rule in the screen as below.

Device Info	DHCP Static IP Lease
Quick Setup	
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
•WAN Service	Enter the Mac address and Static IP address then click "Save/Apply".
• MAC Clone	MAC Address:
• LAN	
+NAT	IP Address:
+Security	
+Parental Control	Save/Apply
+Quality of Service	



- MAC Address: The MAC address of the computer on the LAN which you want to reserve an IP.
- IP Address: The IP address you want to reserved to the computer.
- Configure the second IP Address and Subnet Mask: You can configure the Router's second IP Address and Subnet Mask for LAN Interface through which you can also access to the Web-based Utility as the default IP Address and Subnet Mask.

# 4.4.5 NAT

NAT (Network Address Translation) allows you to share one WAN (Wide Area Network) IP address for multiple computers on your LAN (Local Area Network).

## P Note:

When you select **PPPoA** or **PPPoE** for the WAN Setup, or when you select **Enable NAT** for the type of **IPoA** and **IPoE** connection (<u>4.4.2 WAN Service</u>), you will see the **NAT** menu in the Web-based Utility (shown in Figure 4-23).

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "NAT", there are three submenus under the main menu: Virtual Servers, Port Triggering, DMZ Host and ALG. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.



Figure 4-23

## 4.4.5.1 Virtual Servers

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "NAT"  $\rightarrow$  "Virtual Servers", you can set up virtual servers on the screen below (shown in Figure 4-24).

Virtual servers can be used for setting up public services on your LAN, such as DNS, Email and FTP. A virtual server is defined as a service port, and all requests from the Internet to this service port will be redirected to the computer specified by the server IP. Any PC that was used for a virtual server must have a static or reserved IP Address because its IP Address may change when using the DHCP function.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	NAT Virtual Servers Setup
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	Virtual Server allows you to direct incoming traffic from WAN side (dientified by Protocol and External port) to the Internal server with private IP address on the LAN side. The Internal port is required only (the external port needs to be converted to a different port number used by the server on the LAN side. A maximum 32 entries can beconfigured.
<ul> <li>MAC Clone</li> </ul>	
+ LAN	Server Name External Port Start External Port End Protocol Internal Port Start Internal Port End Server IP Address WAN Interface Status Enable/Disable Edit Remove
-NAT	
<ul> <li>Virtual Servers</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Port Triggering</li> </ul>	Add Enable All Select All Remove
DMZ Host	

Figure 4-24

- > Virtual Server Table: The table indicates the information about the Virtual Server entries.
  - Server Name: This is the name of the Virtual Server. It is exclusive and must be filled in.
  - External Port Start: The base number of External Ports. You can type a service port or leave it blank.
  - External Port End: The end number of External Ports. You can type a service port or leave it blank.
  - Protocol: The protocol used for this application, TCP, UDP, or TCP/UDP.
  - Internal Port Start: The base number of Internal Ports. You can type a service port or leave it blank.
  - Internal Port End: The end number of Internal Ports. You can type a service port or leave it blank.
  - Server IP Address: The IP Address of the PC providing the service application.
  - WAN Interface: The WAN Service Interface providing the service application.
- > Add: Click the Add button to add a new entry.

Remove: Select the check box in the table (shown in Figure 4-24) and then click the Remove button, then the corresponding entry will be deleted in the table.

### To add a virtual server entry:

1. Click the **Add** button on the preceding screen Figure 4-24, and then you will see the new Virtual Server in the next screen as shown in Figure 4-25.

vanced Setup					
yer2 Interface	Select the service name, and enter the serv	er IP address and click "S	ave/Apply" to forward IP packets f	or this service to the specified server	
AN Service	NOTE: The "Internal Port End" cannot be n	nodified directly. Normally	, it is set to the same value as "		nodify "Internal Port Start",
C Clone	"Internal Port End" will be set to the same Remaining number of entries that can be		art".		
	Remaining number of entries that can be over the control of the co	-	(ana) 1 -		
	Service Name:	ce. pppbe_0_0_33	/pppu.r +		
tual Servers	<ul> <li>Select a Servic</li> </ul>	ce: Select One		-	
ort Triggering	Custom Servic				
Z Host	-				
G	Server IP Addre	.ss: 192.166.1.			
urity					
ental Control					
lity of Service	External Port Start	External Port End	Protocol	Internal Port Start	Internal Port End
dwidth Control			TCP -		
ting			TCP -		
			TCP -		
			TCP -		
			TCP -		
			TCP -		
ace Grouping			TCP -		
ace Grouping			TCP • TCP •		
ace Grouping c cast					
face Grouping ec icast ess			TCP -		
P rface Grouping ec ticast ess ess eostics gement			TCP  TCP TCP TCP		

Figure 4-25

- 2. Select the Interface which you want to use from the drop-down list.
- 3. Select the service which you want to use from the drop-down list. If the list does not have the service you need, type the name of the custom service in the text box.
- 4. Type the IP Address of the computer in the **Server IP Address** text box.
- 5. Enter the External Port Start, External Port End, Internal Port Start and Internal Port End in the table, and then select the protocol used for this Virtual Server, **TCP**, **UDP** or **AII**.
- 6. Click **Save/Apply** to enable virtual server and then you will see your setting as shown in Figure 4-24.

### PNote:

If you select the service from the drop-down list, the External Port Start, External Port End, Internal Port Start, Internal Port End and the Protocol will be added in the table automatically. You only need to enter the Server IP Address for the Virtual Server.

## 4.4.5.2 Port Triggering

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "NAT"  $\rightarrow$  "Port Triggering", you can set Port Triggering on the screen (shown in Figure 4-26).

Some applications require that specific ports in the Router's firewall should be opened for access by remote devices. Port Trigger dynamically opens up the 'Open Ports' in the firewall when an

application on the LAN initiates a TCP/UDP connection to a remote device using the triggering ports. The Router allows the remote party from the WAN side to establish new connections back to the application on the LAN side using the open ports. A maximum 32 entries can be configured.

Quick Setup	NAT Port Trig	ggering	Setup									
Advanced Setup												
+Layer2 Interface												
• WAN Service	Some applications require to firewall when an application								Frigger dynai	mically opens up the 'C	pen Ports	s' in the
• MAC Clone	The Router allows the remo								l side using	the 'Open Ports'. A ma	dmum 32	entries ca
	beconfigured.											
• LAN	-											
-NAT		Т	rigger		(	Open						
	Application Name	T		ange	(	Open Port R	tange	WAN Interface	Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remov
-NAT	Application Name	Ti Protocol	Port Ra		Protocol	Port R		WAN Interface	Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remov
-NAT • Virtual Servers	Application Name			ange End		<u> </u>	tange End	WAN Interface	Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remov
-NAT •Virtual Servers •Port Triggering	Application Name		Port Ra			Port R		WAN Interface	Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remov
- NAT • Virtual Servers • Port Triggering • DMZ Host	Application Name		Port Ra		Protocol	Port R Start	End	WAN Interface		Enable/Disable	Edit	Remov

Figure 4-26

- > **Port Triggering Table:** The table indicates the information about the Port Triggering entries.
  - Application (Name): This is the name of the Port Triggering. It is exclusive and must be filled.
  - Trigger: It includes the Protocol and the Start and End value of the Trigger Ports.
  - **Open:** It includes the Protocol and the Start and End value of the Open Ports.
  - WAN Interface: The WAN Service Interface setting the Port Triggering.
- > Add: Click the button to add a new entry.
- Remove: Select the check box in the table (shown in Figure 4-26) and then click the Remove button, then the corresponding entry will be deleted in the table.

### To add a new Port Triggering:

1. Click the **Add** button in Figure 4-26, and then you will see the new Port Triggering in the next screen as shown in Figure 4-27.

evice Info		_							
uick Setup	NAT Port Trigg	jering							
dvanced Setup									
Layer2 Interface									
WAN Service	applications such as gar applications. You can configure						cific ports in the Router's firewall your own (Custom application)ar		
MAC Clone	Remaining number of entries t	hat can be configu	red: 32						
LAN		Use Interface:	pppoe_	0_8_35/j	opp0.2 🔽				
TAI	Application Name:								
Virtual Servers	<ul> <li>Select a</li> </ul>	an application:	Select	One		*			
• Port Triggering	🔘 Custo	m application:							
DMZ Host									
ALG									
Security	Trigger Port Start	Trigger Po	rt End	-	igger Protocol	Open Port S	Start Open Port End		en Protoco
Parental Control				TCP	*			TCP	*
uality of Service				TCP	*			TCP	*
Bandwidth Control				TCP	*			TCP	*
Routing				TCP	~			TCP	*
INS				TCP	*			TCP	*
SL				TCP	*			TCP	~
PnP				TCP	*			TCP	*
nterface Grouping				TCP	~			TCP	~
PSec				<u> </u>					
Multicast									
ireless					Save/App.	lw l			
iagnostics					Jave/ App.	~			

Figure 4-27

- 2. Select the application from the drop-down list. If the list does not have the application that you want, select the **Custom application** radio button, and type the name of the custom application in the text box.
- 3. Enter the **Trigger Port Start**, **Trigger Port End**, **Open Port Start** and **Open Port End** in the table, and then select the **Trigger protocol** and **Open protocol**, **TCP**, **UDP** or **All**.
- 4. Click **Save/Apply** to enable the settings and then you will see your settings as shown in Figure 4-26.

#### P Note:

If you select the application from the drop-down list, the External Port Start, External Port End, Internal Port Start, Internal Port End and the Protocol will be added in the table automatically.

### 4.4.5.3 DMZ Host

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "NAT"  $\rightarrow$  "DMZ Host", you can set up DMZ Host on the screen (shown in Figure 4-28).

The DMZ host feature can make a local host be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service, such as online gaming or video conferencing.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	NAT DMZ Host
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
•WAN Service	The DSL Modem Router will forward IP packets from the WAN that do not belong to any of the applications configured in the Virtual Servers table to the DMZ host computer. Enter the computer's IP address and click 'Save/Apply' to activate the DMZ host.
• MAC Clone	Clear the IP address field and click 'Save/Apply' to deactivate the DMZ host.
• LAN	
-NAT	DMZ Host IP Address:
<ul> <li>Virtual Servers</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Port Triggering</li> </ul>	
DMZ Host	Save/Apply
• ALG	

Figure 4-28

### To add a new DMZ Host:

You can enter the computer's IP address and then click **Save/Apply** to activate the DMZ host you set on this page.

#### Note:

DMZ host forwards all the ports at the same time. Any PC whose port is being forwarded must have its DHCP client function disabled and should have a new static IP Address assigned to it because its IP Address may change while using the DHCP function.

#### 4.4.5.4 ALG

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "NAT"  $\rightarrow$  "ALG", and then you can configure the basic security in the screen as shown in Figure 4-29.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	ALG
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
•WAN Service	Select the ALG below.
• MAC Clone	▼ FTP Enabled
• LAN	V TFTP Enabled
-NAT	SIP Enabled
<ul> <li>Virtual Servers</li> </ul>	V H.323 Enabled
<ul> <li>Port Triggering</li> </ul>	▼ RTSP Enabled
<ul> <li>DMZ Host</li> </ul>	
• ALG	V IRC Enabled
+ Security	
+Parental Control	
+Quality of Service	Save/Apply

Figure 4-29

Click the Save/Apply button to save your settings.

## 4.4.6 Security

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Security", and you will see the security screen including IP Filtering and MAC Filtering (only effective in Bridging mode) submenus.

Device Info								
Quick Setup	Outgoing IP Filtering Setup							
Advanced Setup								
+Layer2 Interface								
• WAN Service	By default, all outgo	ing IP traffic from LA	w is allowed, but	some IP traffic can be <mark>BLOCKED</mark> b	/ setting up tilters			
• MAC Clone	Choose Add or Ren	move to configure or	utgoing IP filters.					
• LAN								
+ NAT	Filter Name	IP Version	Protocol	SrcIP/ PrefixLength	SrcPort	DstIP/ PrefixLength	DstPort	Remove
-Security								
• IP Filtering								
<ul> <li>MAC Filtering</li> </ul>				Add Re	nove			
• MAC Filtering								

Figure 4-30

### 4.4.6.1 IP Filtering

The IP address filtering feature makes it possible for administrators to control user's access to the Internet, which is based on user's IP. The IP address filtering includes **Outgoing** and **Incoming**, the detailed descriptions are provided below.

#### **IP Filtering - Outgoing**

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Security"  $\rightarrow$  "IP Filtering", you can configure Outgoing Filtering rules on the screen (shown in Figure 4-31).

The Outgoing IP Filtering feature allows you to control some IP traffic from LAN to access to some specifically addresses. By default, all outgoing IP traffic from LAN is allowed, but some IP traffic can be **BLOCKED** by setting up filters.

Device Info									
Quick Setup	Outgoing II	Outgoing IP Filtering Setup							
Advanced Setup									
+Layer2 Interface									
• WAN Service	By default, all outgoi	ng IP traffic from LAI	N is allowed, but som	e IP traffic can be <mark>BLOCKED</mark> by setti	ng up filters.				
• MAC Clone	Choose Add or Rem	iove to configure out	tgoing IP filters.						
• LAN									
+NAT	Filter Name	IP Version	Protocol	SrcIP/ PrefixLength	SrcPort	DstIP/ PrefixLength	DstPort	Remove	
-Security	sendmail-filter	4	TCP or UDP	192.168.1.222		210.17.188.204	25		
IP Filtering									
<ul> <li>MAC Filtering</li> </ul>									
+Parental Control				Add Remove					
+Quality of Service					_				

Figure 4-31

### Set up an Outgoing IP Filtering rule:

1. Click the **Add** button in Figure 4-31, and you will see the next screen as shown in Figure 4-32.

Device Info							
Quick Setup	Add IP Filter Outgoing	Add IP Filter Outgoing					
Advanced Setup							
+Layer2 Interface							
• WAN Service	The screen allows you to create a filter rule to identif rule must be satisfied for the rule to take effect.	y outgoing IP traffic by specifying a new filter name and at least one condition below. All of the specified conditions in this filter					
• MAC Clone	Click 'Save/Apply' to save and activate the filter.						
• LAN	Filter Name:	sendmail-filter					
+NAT	IP Version:	IPv4 V					
-Security	Protocol:						
• IP Filtering	Source IP address[/prefix length]:	192. 168. 1. 222					
<ul> <li>MAC Filtering</li> </ul>	Source Port (port or port:port):						
+Parental Control	Destination IP address[/prefix length]:	210. 17. 188. 204					
+Quality of Service	Destination Port (port or port:port):	25					
+Bandwidth Control							
+Routing							
+DNS		Save/Apply					
• DSL							

Figure 4-32

- 2. Enter the Filter name for the rule, it is exclusive and must be filled.
- 3. Select the **protocol: TCP/UDP**, **TCP**, **UDP** or **ICMP** in the drop-down list for the connection between the Source IP address and Destination IP address.
- 4. Enter a **Source IP Address** in dotted-decimal notation format and then type **Source Port** (port or port: port) in the text boxes separately.
- 5. Enter a **Destination IP Address** in dotted-decimal notation format and then type **Destination Port** (port or port: port) in the text boxes separately.
- 6. Click **Save/Apply** to save this entry.

## P Note:

When you add an Outgoing IP Filtering entry, you must configure at least one condition on the preceding screen except the Filter name. If you leave the Protocol blank, it means that the rule is effective to all protocols, if you leave the Source IP Address and/or Destination IP Address blank, it suggests that all Source IP Addresses and/or Destination IP Addresses are controlled by the rule, if you leave the Source Port and/or Destination Port blank, it suggests that all Source Ports and/or Destination Port blank, it suggests that all Source Ports and/or Destination Ports are controlled by the rule.

## 4.4.6.2 MAC Filtering

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Security"  $\rightarrow$  "MAC Filtering", you can configure MAC Filtering rules on the screen as shown in Figure 4-33. The section allows you to control access to the Internet by users on your local network based on their MAC Address.

## P Note:

MAC Filtering is only effective on ATM PVC(s) configured in Bridging mode.

Device Info								
Quick Setup	MAC Filte	ring Setup						
Advanced Setup								
+Layer2 Interface								
• WAN Service							be FORWARDED except those ma with any of the specified rules in th	
• MAC Clone	MAC Eiltoring Poli	cy For Each Interface						
• LAN	WARNING: Chang	ing from one policy		face will cause all d	efined rules for that interface	e to be REMO	VED AUTOMATICALLY! You will r	need to create new
+NAT	rules for the new	policy.						
-Security	Interface			Policy			Change	
IP Filtering     MAC Filtering	atm0.1			FORWARD				
+Parental Control	atm1.1			FORWARD				
+Quality of Service	atm2.1			FORWARD				
+Bandwidth Control	atm3.1			FORWARD				
+Routing	atm3.1			FORWARD				
+DNS	atm4.1			FORWARD				
• DSL • UPnP	atm5.1			FORWARD				
Interface Grouping	atm6.1			FORWARD				
• IPSec	1			1				
• Multicast					Change Policy			
Wireless								
Diagnostics		emove to configure N						
Management	Interface	Protocol	Destination M	IAC	Source MAC	Fra	ame Direction	Remove
	atm0.1	IGMP	00:11:22:33:44	:AA	00:11:22:33:44:BB	BO	TH	
					Add Remove			

Figure 4-33

- Change Policy: There are two policies for the MAC filters: FORWARDED and BLOCKED. Select the Change checkbox and click the Change Policy button to change from one policy to another. When you set FORWARDED, it means that all MAC layer frames will be forwarded except those matching with any of the specified rules in the table (shown in Figure 4-33). While BLOCKED means that all MAC layer frames will be blocked except those matching with any of the specified rules in the preceding table.
- Add: Click the Add button, and then you can add a new MAC Filter in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-33).
- Remove: Select the check box in the table (shown in Figure 4-33) and then click the Remove button, and then the corresponding entry will be deleted in the table.

## To add a MAC Filtering rule:

1. Click the Add button in Figure 4-33, and you will see the next screen similar to in Figure 4-34.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Add MAC Filter
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	Create a filter to identify the MAC layer frames by specifying at least one condition below. If multiple conditions are specified, all of them take effect. Click "Apply" to save and activate the filter.
• MAC Clone	
• LAN	Protocol Type: IGMP 🗸
+ NAT	Destination MAC Address: 00:11:22:33:44:AA
-Security	
<ul> <li>IP Filtering</li> </ul>	Source MAC Address: 00:11:22:33:44:BB
MAC Filtering	Frame Direction: LAN<=>WAN 😒
+Parental Control	WAN Interfaces (Configured in Bridge mode only): br_032/atm0.1
+Quality of Service	
+Bandwidth Control	
+Routing	Save/Apply

Figure 4-34

- 2. Select **Protocol Type** in the drop-down list for the rule.
- 3. Enter **Destination MAC Address** and **Source MAC Address** in the text box.
- 4. Select Frame Direction in the drop-down list for the rule.

- 5. Select the **WAN interfaces** from the drop-down list.
- 6. Click **Save/Apply** to save this entry and then you will see your settings as shown in Figure 4-33.

## 4.4.7 Parental Control

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Parental Control". You can configure the Parental Control on the screen as shown in Figure 4-35. Time Restriction allows you to control the Internet activities of the child by restricting the time of surfing. URL Filter limits every computer connected to the router to access certain websites. These two features work independently.

Device Info		_													
Quick Setup	Access Ti	me Re	estric	tion											
Advanced Setup															
+Layer2 Interface															
• WAN Service	A maximum 16 ent	ries can b	econfigure	ed.											
• MAC Clone						Daves				Tir					
• LAN	Username	MAC				Days		-	-			Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remove
+NAT			Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Start	Stop				
+Security															
-Parental Control					-										
<ul> <li>Time Restriction</li> </ul>					l	Add	Enab	le Åll		Select Al	1 R	emove			

Figure 4-35

## 4.4.7.1 Time Restriction

This feature allows you add time of day restriction to a special LAN device connected to the Router.

Device Info			_												
Quick Setup	Access	Fime Restricti	ion												
Advanced Setup															
+Layer2 Interface															
• WAN Service	A maximum 16 (	entries can beconfigured	1.												
• MAC Clone						Days				т	ne				
•LAN	Username	MAC								Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remove		
+NAT			Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Start	Stop				
+Security	child-1	00:11:22:33:44:CC	х	x	x	x	х			18:00	21:00	Enabled	Disable	Edit	
-Parental Control															
• Time Restriction															
• URL Filter				C	Add	Enab	le Al	1	Sele	ct All	Re	move			

Figure 4-36

## To add a Time Restriction entry:

1. Click the **Add** button in Figure 4-36, and then you will see the next screen as shown in Figure 4-37.

Device Info	A Thus Destainting								
Quick Setup	Access Time Restriction								
Advanced Setup									
+Layer2 Interface									
• WAN Service	This page adds time of day restriction to a special where the browser is running.	LAN device c	onnected to the I	Router. The "Brov	vser's MAC Addi	ress" automatic	ally displays th	e MAC address o	of the LAN d
• MAC Clone	To restrict other LAN device, click the "Other MAC A					vice.			
• LAN	To find out the MAC address of a Windows based I	PC, go to con	nmand window a	ind type "ipconfig	/all".				
+NAT	User Name:	child-1							
+Security	oser name.	child I							
-Parental Control	Browser's MAC Address:	40:61:8	6:e5:b2:dc						
• Time Restriction	Other MAC Address(xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx):	00:11:2	2:33:44:CC	1					
• URL Filter									
+Quality of Service	Days of the week:	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	
+Bandwidth Control	Click to select:	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>				
+Routing	<u> </u>		1				1		
+DNS	Start Blocking Time (hh:mm):	18:00							
•DSL	End Blocking Time (hh:mm):	21:00		]					
• UPnP									
Interface Grouping				Save/Apply					
• IPSec									

Figure 4-37

- 2. Enter the User Name of the LAN device connected to the Router.
- To restrict the device where the browser is running, select the Browser's MAC Address radio button. The MAC Address has been automatically displayed in the text box. To restrict other LAN devices, click Other MAC Address radio button and enter the MAC address of the other LAN device.
- 4. Select the day to allow the rule to take effect in the table.
- 5. Enter the **Start Blocking Time** and **End Blocking Time** in the text box separately, and then the device controlled will then be unable to connect to the internet during that time.
- 6. Click **Save/Apply** to save this entry and then you will see your settings as shown in Figure 4-36.

### P Note:

The Time Restriction will not work correctly before the time of the device is set in "Management → Internet Time".

### 4.4.7.2 URL Filter

This feature allows you to configure the filter rules based on URL to control all the computers in the LAN to access the specified port, and it is independent with Time Restriction feature.

Device Info											
Quick Setup	URL Filter										
Advanced Setup											
+Layer2 Interface											
• WAN Service	Please select the	e list type fir:	st then configure the list entries. A m	naximum 200 uris (	an beconfigured.						
• MAC Clone											
• LAN		URL List Type: O lisable Allow O Deny									
+ NAT	LAN IP	Port	Address	Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remove				
+ Security		80	www.google.com	Enabled	Disable	Edit					
-Parental Control	<u></u>	1					1				
<ul> <li>Time Restriction</li> </ul>											
• URL Filter	Add Enable All Select All Remove										
+Quality of Service						_					

Figure 4-38

There are two policies for the URL Filter.

- **Disable**: URL Filter function will not take effect.
- > Allow: Only allow the PCs to access the specified URL.

> **Deny**: Block the PCs to access the specified URL.

### To add a URL Filter entry:

- 1. Check the **Deny** or **Allow** radio button. Here we take **Deny** for example.
- 2. Click the **Add** button in Figure 4-38 and then you will see the next screen as shown in Figure 4-39. Enter the URL Address and Port Number.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Parental Control URL Filter Add
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	Enter the address then click "Save/Apply" to add the entry to the URL filter. LAN IP is optional if you want to configure for specific LAN PC.
• MAC Clone	LAN IP Range: (optional)
• LAN	
+NAT	Port Number: 80 (Default 80 will be applied if leave blank.)
+ Security	Address: www.google.com Add More
-Parental Control	
<ul> <li>Time Restriction</li> </ul>	
• URL Filter	Save/Apply

Figure 4-39

3. Click **Save/Apply** to save this entry and then you will see your settings as shown in Figure 4-38. Every computer connected to the router will not access this URL address on the port.

## 4.4.8 Quality of Service

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Quality of Service", you can enable QoS (Quality of Service) on the screen shown in Figure 4-40. QoS helps to prioritize data as it enters your router. By attaching special identification marks or headers to incoming packets, QoS determines which queue the packets enter, based priority. This is useful when there are certain types of data you want to give higher priority, such as voice data packets give higher priority than Web data packets. This option will provide better service of selected network traffic over various technologies.

Figure 4-40

Select the Enable QoS checkbox to enable all QoS for all interfaces.

Select a **Default DSCP make** from drop-down list to automatically mark incoming traffic without reference to a particular classifier.

Click Save/Apply to save the current configuration.

### PNote:

The default DSCP mark is used to mark all egress packets that do not match any classification rules.

### 4.4.8.1 Queue Config

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Quality of Service"  $\rightarrow$  "Queue Config", you can set up virtual servers on the screen below.

lick Setup	QoS Queue S	erah								
vanced Setup										
ayer2 Interface	In ATM mode, maximum	8 queues	can be configu	red						
AN Service	For each Ethernet interfa	ce, maxin	num 4 queues c							
AC Clone	To add a queue, click the To remove queues, chec	k their rer	nove-checkboxe							
N	The Enable button will so disabled	an throug	h every queues	in the table. Queues w	ith enable-checkbox	checked will	be enabled. Queues	with enable-checkbo	x un-checked	will be
Г	The enable-checkbox als									
curity	Note that if WMM function	is disabi	ed in wireless i	Page, queues related to	o wireless will not ta	ke eπects.				
rental Control	The QoS function has be	en disabl	ed. Queues wo	uld not take effects.						
ality of Service	Name	Key	Interface	Scheduler Alg	Precedence	Weight	DSL Latency	PTM Priority	Enable	Remov
Jeue Config		1	wi0	SP	1		DOL Latonoj		Enabled	
S Classification	WMM Voice Priority									
dwidth Control	WMM Voice Priority	2	wi0	SP	2				Enabled	
ting	WMM Video Priority	3	wl0	SP	3				Enabled	
	WMM Video Priority	4	wi0	SP	4				Enabled	
	WMM Best Effort	5	wI0	SP	5				Enabled	
P	WMM Background	6	wl0	SP	6			1	Enabled	
ace Grouping	WMM Background	7	wl0	SP	7				Enabled	
icast	WMM Best Effort	8	wi0	SP	8				Enabled	
ess	WWW Best Ellon	•	wiu							
nostics	Default Queue	34	atm0	SP	8		Path0			
gement	Default Queue	35	atm1	SP	8		Path0			
	Default Queue	36	atm2	SP	8		Path0			
	Default Queue	37	atm3	SP	8		Path0			
	Default Queue	39	atm5	SP	8		Path0			
	Default Queue	40	atm6	SP	8		Path0			
	Default Queue	41	atm4	SP	8		Path0			

Figure 4-41

Click the **Add** button in Figure 4-41, and you can configure the QoS queue entry on the next screen as shown in Figure 4-42.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	QoS Queue Configuration	
Advanced Setup		
+Layer2 Interface		
• WAN Service		and assign it to a specific layer2 interface. The scheduler algorithm is defined by the layer2 interface. same layer2 interface shall have unique precedence. Lower precedence value implies higher priority for this queue
• MAC Clone	relative to others Click 'Save/Apply' to save and activate the queue.	
• LAN	Click Save/Apply to save and activate the queue.	
+NAT	Name:	queue1
+Security		
+Parental Control	Enable:	Disable 🗸
-Quality of Service	Interface:	atm0 (0_0_32) SP 🛛 🗸
Queue Config		
<ul> <li>QoS Classification</li> </ul>	Precedence:	1 🗸
+Bandwidth Control	DSL Latency:	Path0 🗸
+Routing	Dat Eatency.	
+DNS		
• DSL		Save/Apply
• UPnP		and the second sec

Figure 4-42

- > **Name**: Set a name for the entry.
- **Enable**: Select Enable option to take this entry effect.
- > Interface: Assigned a specific Wan Service for this QoS queue entry.

- > **Precedence**: Specify precedence for this QoS queue entry.
- DSL Latency: Select latency path for the type of data transmission, only Path0 is available for this Router.

After you specify the condition, click **Save/Apply** to save the entry and then you will see you settings as shown in Figure 4-41.

P Note:

- 1) Lower integer values for precedence imply higher priority for this queue relative to others.
- 2) The queue entry configured here will be used by the classifier to place ingress packets appropriately.

### 4.4.8.2 QoS Classification

This section will guide you to create a traffic class rule to classify the upstream traffic, assign queue which defines the precedence and the interface and optionally overwrite the IP header DSCP byte.

A rule consists of a class name and at least one condition below. All of the specified conditions in this classification rule must be satisfied for the rule to take effect.



Figure 4-43

Click the Add button Figure 4-43, and you can configure the QoS on the next screen.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Add Network Traffic Class Rule
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	This screen creates a traffic class rule to classify the ingress traffic into a priority queue and optionally mark the DSCP or Ethernet priority of the packet. Click 'Save/Apply' to save and activate the rule.
• MAC Clone	Traffic Class Name: ftp-class
• LAN	Rule Order: Last
+NAT	Rule Status: Enable
+ Security	
+Parental Control	Specify Classification Criteria (A blank criterion indicates it is not used for classification.)
-Quality of Service	Class Interface: LAN 🗸
• Queue Config	Ether Type:
QoS Classification	Source MAC Address:
Bandwidth Control	
+ Routing	Source MAC Mask:
+DNS	Destination MAC Address: 00:11:22:33:44:AA
• DSL	Destination MAC Mask:
• UPnP	
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	Specify Classification Results (A blank value indicates no operation.)
• IPSec	Specify Class Queue (Required): w10&Key1&Pre1
• Multicast	<ul> <li>- Packets classified into a queue that exit through an interface for which the queue is not specified to exist, will instead egress to a queue on the interface, whose priority is equal to or lower than the class queue.</li> </ul>
Wireless	Mark Differentiated Service Code Point (DSCP): AF12 (001100) 🐱
Diagnostics	Mark 802.1p priority:
Management	- Class non-vian packets egress to an untagged vianmus interface will be tagged with VID 0 and the class rule p-bits.
	- Class vlan packets egress to an untagged vlanmux interface will have the packet p-bits re-marked by the class rule p-bits. No additional vlan tag is added.
	<ul> <li>Class non-vlan packets egress to a tagged vlanmux interface will be tagged with the interface VID and the class rule p-bits.</li> <li>Class vlan packets egress to a tagged vlanmux interface will be additionally tagged with the packet VID, and the class rule p-bits.</li> </ul>
	Save/Apply

Figure 4-44

After you specify the condition, click Save/Apply to save the entry.

## 4.4.9 Bandwidth Control

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"Bandwidth Control" and then you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-45. This page allows you to enable this function and to configure the value of Total Upstream/Downstream Bandwidth.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Bandwidth Control
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	This page allows you to enable or disable Bandwidth Control. Only when the box before "Enable Bandwidth Control" is checked can the following configurations take effect. Click" Save/Apply button to save it.
• MAC Clone	Note:
• LAN	If Enable checkbox is not selected, all Bandwidth Control rules will be disactived.
+NAT	If your line type is ADSL, make sure that Total Upstream Downstream Bandwidth is not greater than Line Upstream Downstream Rate, otherwise Bandwidth Control may not take effect.
+Security	
+Parental Control	Enable Bandwidth Control
+Quality of Service	Line Type:    ADSL Other
-Bandwidth Control	Total Upstream Bandwidth: Koos
• Rules List	Kdps
+Routing	Total Downstream Bandwidth: Kbps
+DNS	
• DSL	
• UPnP	Save/Apply

Figure 4-45

- > Enable Bandwidth Control: Check this box to enable the Bandwidth Control function.
- > Total Upstream Bandwidth (Kbps): Enter the upload speed through the WAN port.
- > Total Downstream Bandwidth (Kbps): Enter the download speed through the WAN port.
- Save/Apply: Click this button to make the configuration take effect.

#### PNote:

The Total Upstream Bandwidth and Total Downstream Bandwidth are required to be configured.

#### 4.4.9.1 Traffic Control Rule

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Traffic Control"  $\rightarrow$  "Traffic Control Rule" and then you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-46. This page allows you to view and configure TC rules.

Device Info									
Quick Setup	Bandwidth	Control Ru	ıles List						
Advanced Setup									
+Layer2 Interface									
• WAN Service				esponding buttons to config Iwidth, then it will take effe	gure these rules. A maximum ct with total bandwidth.	n 16 entries can beconfi	gured.		
• MAC Clone					dth Control may not take eff	ect.			
• LAN									
+NAT	Description	Priority	Upstream Ba	ndwidth (Kbps)	Downstream Bandwidth (Kbps)		Status	Edit	
+ Security	Description	Thomas	Min	Max	Min Max		otatao		
+Parental Control									
+Quality of Service									
-Bandwidth Control				Add Enable D:	isable Remove				
• Rules List									
	1								

Figure 4-46

To add a TC rule, click the **Add** button and you can configure it in the screen as shown in Figure 4-47.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	Bandwidth Control Rule Configuration	
Advanced Setup		
+Layer2 Interface		
• WAN Service	This page allows you to configure a Bandwidth Control rule entry. Each of the rules can be configured to the rates of upstream and downstream packets.	r a specific priority. The rule entry configured here will be used to control
• MAC Clone	Click "Save/Apply" to save the rule.	
• LAN		
+ NAT	Rule Status: <ul> <li>Enable</li> <li>Disable</li> </ul>	
+ Security	IP Range: 192.168.1.101 - 192.168.1.103	
+Parental Control	Port Range: 80 -	
+Quality of Service	Protocol: TCP 🗸	
-Bandwidth Control	Priority: Highest 🗸	
Rules List	Min Rate Max Rate	
+Routing	Upstream: 100 - 200 Kbps	
+DNS	Downstream: 400 - 800 Kbps	
• DSL		
• UPnP		
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	Save/Apply	
• IPSec		

Figure 4-47

- > Rule Status: Select the status of the rule from the drop-down list to enable or disable the rule.
- > **IP Range**: Enter a single IP address or a range of IP addresses.
- > **Port Range**: Enter a single port or a range of ports.
- Protocol: Select a protocol type from the drop-down list. TCP, UDP and ALL are available here.
- Priority: Select priority form the drop-down list. There are five options: Highest, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and Lowest. The default precedence of the rule is 4.
- > **Upstream**: Enter the min and max upload speed through the WAN port.
- > **Downstream**: Enter the min and max download speed through the WAN port.

After completing the above configuration, click the **Save/Apply** button to make it take effect and then you will see the following list as shown in Figure 4-48. If you want to modify the rule, click the **Edit** button. If you want to delete the rule, check the **Remove** box first and then click the **Remove** button.

Device Info Quick Setup Advanced Setup	Bandwidth Control Rule	s List							
+Layer2 Interface •WAN Service •MAC Clone	This page displays Bandwidth Control rules. If <i>max</i> bandwidth is not configured or greate Make sure the sum of <i>min</i> bandwidth is less	er than total bar	ndwidth, then it wil	I take effect with tota	al bandwidth.	-	ired.		
∙LAN +NAT			Upstream Ba	ndwidth (Kbps)	Downstream	3andwidth (Kbps)			
+ Security	Description	Priority	Min	Max	Min	Max	Status	Edit	
+Parental Control	192.168.1.101-192.168.1.103, 80, TCP	0	100	200	400	800	Enabled	Edit	
+Quality of Service -Bandwidth Control •Rules List +Routing			Add Enab	le Disable	Remove	1			

Figure 4-48

### P Note:

The priority, max upstream/downstream rate and min upstream/downstream rate work on allocation of surplus upload/download bandwidth. For rules with different priority, the surplus bandwidth is firstly allocated to the rule with the highest priority according to its max upstream/downstream rate. If there still has surplus bandwidth, it is allocated to the rule with hypo-high priority. For rules with the same priority, the surplus bandwidth is allocated to them according to their min upstream/downstream rate. The greater a rule's min upstream/downstream rate is, the more bandwidth it gets.

## 4.4.10 Routing

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"Routing", it includes three menus: Default Gateway, Static Route and RIP (shown in Figure 4-49). The detailed descriptions are provided below.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	Routing Default Gateway	
Advanced Setup		
+Layer2 Interface		
• WAN Service	Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as syst highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. P	em default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the riority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.
• MAC Clone		
• LAN	Selected Default Gateway Interfaces	Available Routed WAN Interfaces
+NAT		
+ Security	->	
+Parental Control		
+Quality of Service	<-	
+Bandwidth Control		
-Routing		
<ul> <li>Default Gateway</li> </ul>		
Static Route		
• RIP		Save/Apply
	•	

Figure 4-49

## 4.4.10.1 Default Gateway

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"Routing"→"Default Gateway", you can see the Default Gateway screen.

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Device Info			
Quick Setup	Routing Default Gatewa	av.	
Advanced Setup		.,	
+Layer2 Interface			
•WAN Service			ays but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.
• MAC Clone		What interface is connected. I nonly order can be	e changed by removing an and adding them back in again.
• LAN	Selected Default Gateway Interfaces		Available Routed WAN Interfaces
+NAT			
+Security		->	
+Parental Control			
+Quality of Service		<-	
+Bandwidth Control			
-Routing			
Default Gateway			
Static Route			
• RIP		Save/Apply	

Figure 4-50

### 4.4.10.2 Static Route

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Routing"  $\rightarrow$  "Static Route". You can see the Static Route screen, this screen allows you to configure the static routes (shown in Figure 4-51). A static route is a pre-determined path that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.

Device Info									
Quick Setup	Routing S	tatic Route							
Advanced Setup									
+Layer2 Interface									
• WAN Service	A maximum 32 entries	can beconfigured.							
• MAC Clone	IP Version	DstIP/PrefixLength	Gateway	Interface	Metric	Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remove
• LAN	IF Version	Dsur/Frenzcengu	Gateway	internace	Meurc	Status	Litable/Disable	Lau	Kemove
+NAT									
+ Security			Add Enabl		lect All	Remove			
+Parental Control			Add Ellabi	e MII Jei	ISCUMI	INENIOVE			
+Quality of Service									
+Bandwidth Control									
-Routing									
<ul> <li>Default Gateway</li> </ul>									
Static Route									
• RIP									

Figure 4-51

### To add static routing entries:

1. Click the Add button in Figure 4-51, and you will see the screen as shown in Figure 4-52.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Routing Static Route Add
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	Enter the destination network address, subnet mask, gateway AND/OR available WAN interface then click "Save/Apply" to add the entry to the routing table.
• MAC Clone	IP Version: IPv4
• LAN	Destination IP address brefix lendth: 210.17.155.203
+NAT	
+ Security	Interface: LAN/br0
+Parental Control	Gateway IP Address: 255, 255, 0
+Quality of Service	(optional: metric number should be greater than or equal to zero)
+Bandwidth Control	Metric:
-Routing	
• Default Gateway	
Static Route	Save/Apply
• RIP	

Figure 4-52

- 2. Enter the following data:
- > **IP Version:** Select the version of IP.

- Destination IP Address: The Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host that you want to assign to a static route.
- Interface: Select the Interface name in the text box, or else, the default Use Interface will be adopted for the Static Route.
- Gateway IP Address: If you select the IPoE or IPoA mode for Interface, the screen above will display this item, you should type the Gateway address correctly, and the other option for Interface will adopt the default Gateway address for the Static Route.
- 3. Click **Save/Apply** to and then you will see you settings as shown in Figure 4-51.

### To remove a static routing entry:

- 1. Select the **Remove** check box according to the entry in the Figure 4-51.
- 2. Click the **Remove** button, and the entry will be deleted.

### P Note:

Gateway IP address should be correctly configured if IP based Interface (IPoE, IPoA) is selected.

### 4.4.10.3 RIP

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "Routing"  $\rightarrow$  "RIP", you can see the RIP (Routing Information Protocol) screen which allows you to configure the RIP (shown in Figure 4-53).

uick Setup	Routing RIP Configu	Iration		
dvanced Setup				
Layer2 Interface				
WAN Service	NOTE: RIP CANNOT BE CONFIGURED on 1	the WAN interface which has NAT enabled (such	as PPPoE).	
MAC Clone		ect the desired RIP version and operation and pla button to star/stop RIP and save the configuration		on the WAN Interface, unche
LAN	Enabled checkbox, click the Save/Apply	button to stanstop Kir and save the conliguration		
NAT	Interface	Version	Operation	Enabled
Security	atm0.1	2 🗸	Passive 🗸	
Parental Control		2 🗸	Passive 🗸	
Quality of Service	atm1.1	2 💌	Fassive V	
Bandwidth Control	atm2.1	2 💌	Passive 🗸	
Routing	atm3.1	2 💌	Passive 🔽	
Default Gateway     Static Route	atm4.1	2 🗸	Passive 🗸	
• RIP	atm5.1	2 🗸	Passive 🗸	
DNS	atm6.1	2 🗸	Passive 🗸	
DSL				
JPnP				
nterface Grouping				



### P Note:

RIP cannot be configured on the WAN Interface which has NAT enabled (such as PPPoE).

To activate RIP for the device, configure an individual interface, select the desired RIP version and operation, and select **Enabled** checkbox for the interface.

Click **Save/Apply** to save the configuration.

## 4.4.11 DNS

When you select the connection type **PPPoE**, **PPPoA** or **IPoA** for WAN configuration, you will see the **DNS** menu in the Web-based Utility (shown in Figure 4-54). It includes **DNS Server** and **Dynamic DNS** submenus.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	DNS Server Configuration
Advanced Setup	-
+Layer2 Interface	
• WAN Service	Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.
• MAC Clone	DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.
• LAN	<ul> <li>Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces:</li> </ul>
+NAT	Seeted DNS server interfaces     Selected DNS server interfaces     Selected DNS server interfaces
+Security	ppp0.1
+Parental Control	
+Quality of Service	
+Bandwidth Control	
+Routing	-
-DNS	
DNS Server	
Dynamic DNS	◯ Use the following Static DNS IP address:
• DSL	Primary DNS server:
• UPnP	Secondary DNS server:
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	
•IPSec	
Multicast	Save/Apply
	Figure 4-54

### 4.4.11.1 DNS Server

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "DNS"  $\rightarrow$  "DNS Server", and you can see the DNS Server Configuration screen. Deselect the checkbox before Auto DNS Server, and then you will be able to manually configure the DNS Server Addresses as shown in Figure 4-55.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	DNS Server Configuration	
Advanced Setup		
+Layer2 Interface		
•WAN Service	protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be e	
• MAC Clone		as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the ity order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again.
• LAN	<ul> <li>Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces</li> </ul>	
+NAT	Selected DNS Server Interfaces	Available WAN Interfaces
+Security	ppp0.1	
+Parental Control		
+Quality of Service		
+Bandwidth Control		
+Routing		
-DNS		
DNS Server		
<ul> <li>Dynamic DNS</li> </ul>	OUse the following Static DNS IP address:	
• DSL	Primary DNS server:	
• UPnP	Secondary DNS server:	
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>		
• IPSec		
• Multicast		Save/Apply

Figure 4-55

For PPPoA, PPPoE enabled PVC(s), please select the **Obtain DNS info from a WAN interface** checkbox, this Router will accept automatically the first received DNS assignment from the selected configured WAN interface during the connection establishment.

For single PVC with IPoA, static IPoE protocol, please select the **Use the following Static DNS IP address** checkbox, and enter the primary and /or optional secondary DNS server IP addresses provided by your ISP.

Click the **Apply/Save** button to save the new configuration.

## 4.4.11.2 Dynamic DNS

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "DNS"  $\rightarrow$  "Dynamic DNS", you can see the Dynamic DNS screen, this screen allows you to configure the Dynamic DNS (shown in Figure 4-56).

The Router offers a Dynamic Domain Name System (**DDNS**) feature. DDNS lets you assign a fixed host and domain name to a dynamic Internet IP Address. The Dynamic DNS service allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname in any of the many domains, allowing your Router to be more easily accessed from various locations on the Internet.

Device Info					
Quick Setup	Dynamic DNS				
Advanced Setup					
+Layer2 Interface					
• WAN Service	The Dynamic DNS service allows you to al accessed from various locations on the Int		tname in any of the many d	omains, allowing your Broad	band Router to be more easily
• MAC Clone					
• LAN	Choose Add or Remove to configure Dyna	MIC DNS.			
+NAT	Hostname	Username	Service	Interface	Remove
+Security	Alsbot.homeunix.net	ailisa	dyndns	ppp0.1	
+Parental Control			-,		
+Quality of Service					
+Bandwidth Control		[A]	d Remove		
+Routing		Au	Tremove		
-DNS					
DNS Server					
Dynamic DNS					

Figure 4-56

## To add a DDNS entry:

1. Click the **Add** button (pop-up Figure 4-56), and then you will set the DDNS in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-57).

Figure 4-57

- 2. Select **D-DNS provider** in the drop-down list.
- 3. Enter the **Hostname** of the DNS Server, and select the corresponding **Interface** for the DDNS, you can leave it default.
- 4. Type the **User Name** and **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 5. Click **Save/Apply** to save the entry and then you will see your settings as shown in Figure 4-56.

## 4.4.12 DSL

Choose "Advanced Setup"  $\rightarrow$  "DSL", you can see the DSL Settings screen, this screen allows you to configure the DSL (shown in Figure 4-58).

Device Info	
Quick Setup	DSL Settings
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	Select the modulation below.
• WAN Service	
• MAC Clone	C.Dmt Enabled
• LAN	G.lite Enabled
+NAT	✓ T1.413 Enabled
+Security	V ADSL2 Enabled
+Parental Control	✓ AnnexL Enabled
+Quality of Service	
+Bandwidth Control	✓ ADSL2+ Enabled
+Routing	
+DNS	
• DSL	Select the phone line pair below.
• UPnP	
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	O Uter pair
• IPSec	
• Multicast	
Wireless	Capability
Diagnostics	V Bitswap Enable
Management	SRA Enable
	Save/Apply

Figure 4-58

You can select the modulation type, phone line pair and the capability of Bitswap or SRA. After you set them up, click **Save/Apply** to save the configurations.

# 4.4.13 UPnP

Choose "**Advanced Setup**"→"**UPnP**", you can Enable or Disable the UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) protocol on the screen.

UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) is a distributed, open networking standard that uses TCP/IP for simple peer-to-peer network connectivity between devices. An UPnP device can dynamically join a network, obtain an IP address, convey its capabilities and learn about other devices on the network. In turn, a device can leave a network smoothly and automatically when it is no longer in use. UPnP broadcasts are only allowed on the LAN.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	UPnP Configuration
Advanced Setup	
+Layer2 Interface	
•WAN Service	
• MAC Clone	Enable UPnP protocol.
• LAN	
+NAT	Save/Apply
+Security	Jave/ hpp17
+Parental Control	
+Quality of Service	
+Bandwidth Control	
+Routing	
+DNS	
• DSL	
• UPnP	
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	
• IPSec	
• Multicast	

Figure 4-59

Select the checkbox and click **Save/Apply** to enable the UPnP function.

## 4.4.14 Interface Grouping

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"Interface Grouping", you can configure multiple ports to PVC and bridging groups to perform as an independent network.

Device Info					
Quick Setup	Interface Grou	ıping			
Advanced Setup					
+Layer2 Interface					
•WAN Service					k. To support this feature, you must create mapping dd the ungrouped interfaces to the Default group. Only
• MAC Clone	the default group has IP in	nterface. A maximum 16 e	entries can be configured.		
• LAN					
+NAT	Group Name	Remove	WAN Interface	LAN Interfaces	DHCP Vendor IDs
+Security			atm0.1 atm1.1	LAN1	
+Parental Control			atm2.1	LAN2	
+Quality of Service	Default		atm3.1 atm5.1	LAN3 LAN4/WAN	
+Bandwidth Control			atm6.1	WLAN0	
+Routing			ppp0.1		
+DNS					
• DSL			[ bbA]	Remove	
• UPnP			Luu	Vewoore	
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>					
• IPSec					
<ul> <li>Multicast</li> </ul>					

Figure 4-60

To support this feature, you must create mapping groups with appropriate LAN and WAN interfaces using the **Add** button. The **Remove** button will remove the grouping and add the ungrouped interfaces to the Default group. Only the default group has IP interface.

#### To create a new interface group:

1. Click the **Add** button. You can add a new interface group in the next screen.

Device Info				
Quick Setup	Interface grouping Configura	ation		
Advanced Setup				
+Layer2 Interface •WAN Service •MAC Clone •LAN	To create a new interface group: 1. Enter the Group name and the group name must i 2. If you like to automatically add I AN clients to a WA		iic) or 3. (static) below: DHCP vendor ID string. By configuring a DHCP vendor ID string any DHCP clier	at
+NAT	request with the specified vendor ID (DHCP option 6			
+Security +Parental Control +Quality of Service +Bandwidth Control	Note that these clients may obtain public IP addres 4. Click Save/Apply button to make the changes effec	sses	using the arrow buttons to create the required mapping of the ports.	
+Routing	IMPORTANT If a vendor ID is configured for a speci Group Name:	fic client device, please REBOOT the c	eclient device attached to the modern to allow it to obtain an appropriate IP a	ddress.
+Parental Control +Quality of Service +Bandwidth Control	WAN Interface used in the grouping: Grouped LAN Interfaces	br_0_0_32/atm0.1	Available LAN Interfaces	
+Routing +DNS	Grouped LAN Interfaces		LAN1 LAN2	
• DSL     • UPnP     • Interface Grouping		->	LAN3 LAN4/WAN WLAN0	
+ IPSec + Multicast Wireless				
Diagnostics	Automatically Add Clients With the follow	ing DHCP Vendor IDs:		
Management				
		Save/Ap	pply	

Figure 4-61

- 2. Enter a unique name for Group.
- 3. Select the Interface which you want to use from the drop-down list.

#### Note:

If you like to automatically add LAN clients to a WAN Interface in the new group add the DHCP vendor ID string. By configuring a DHCP vendor ID string any DHCP client request with the specified vendor ID (DHCP option 60) will be denied an IP address from the local DHCP server.

4. Select interfaces from the available interface list and add it to the grouped interface list using the arrow buttons to create the required mapping of the ports.

#### Note:

These clients may obtain public IP addresses.

5. Click **Save/Apply** to make the entry effective immediately.

#### PNote:

If a vendor ID is configured for a specific client device, please REBOOT the client device attached to the modem to allow it to obtain an appropriate IP address.

### 4.4.15 IPSec

Choose "**Advanced Setup**"→"**IPSec**", you can Add/Remove or Enable/Disable the IPSec tunnel connections on the screen as shown in Figure 4-62.

Device Info								
Quick Setup	IPSec Tunnel I	Mode Connection	ns					
Advanced Setup								
+Layer2 Interface								
• WAN Service	Add, remove or enab	le/disable IPSec tunnel	connections from thi	s page.				
• MAC Clone	🔽 DPD - Dead Peer Deteo	ction (Caution! May Cause Tra	ansmission Unstable)					
• LAN								
+NAT	Connection Name	Remote Gateway	Local Addresses	Remote Addresses	Status	Enable/Disable	Edit	Remove
+ Security	·							
+Parental Control								
+Quality of Service		Add New	v Connection ] H	Enable All Select A	All Re	nove		
+Bandwidth Control								
+ Routing								
+DNS								
• DSL								
• UPnP								
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>								
• IPSec								
• Multicast								

Figure 4-62

This section will guide you to configure a VPN tunnel between two TD-W8960Ns. The topology is as follows.



### PNote:

You could also use other VPN Routers to set VPN tunnels with TD-W8960N. TD-W8960N supports up to 10 VPN tunnels simultaneously.

Click **Add New Connection** in Figure 4-62 and then you will enter the screen shown in Figure 4-63.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	IPSec Settings	
Advanced Setup		
+Layer2 Interface		
• WAN Service		
• MAC Clone	IPSec Connection Name:	new connection
•LAN	Remote IPSec Gateway Address(URL/IPv4):	0. 0. 0. 0
+NAT	Tunnel access from local IP addresses:	Subnet
+ Security	IP Address for VPN:	0. 0. 0
+Parental Control	IP Subnetmask:	255. 255. 255. 0
+Quality of Service		
+Bandwidth Control	Tunnel access from remote IP addresses:	Subnet
+Routing	IP Address for VPN:	0. 0. 0
+DNS	IP Subnetmask:	255. 255. 255. 0
• DSL	Key Exchange Method:	Auto(IKE) 🔽
• UPnP	Authentication Method:	Pre-Shared Key 🗸
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>	Pre-Shared Key:	key
•IPSec	Perfect Forward Secrecy:	Disable 🗸
<ul> <li>Multicast</li> </ul>	Advanced IKE Settings:	Show Advanced Settings
Wireless	Auvaliceu int Setungs.	Show intranced Sectings
Diagnostics		
Management		Save/Apply

Figure 4-63

- > **IPSec Connection Name:** Enter a name for your VPN.
- Remote IPSec Gateway Address (IP or Domain Name): Enter the destination gateway IP address in the box which is the public WAN IP or Domain Name of the remote VPN server endpoint. (For example: Input 219.134.112.247 in Device1, Input 219.134.112.246 in Device 2)

- Tunnel access from local IP addresses: Choose Subnet if you want the Whole LAN to join the VPN network, or else choose Single Address if you want single IP to join the VPN network.
- IP Address for VPN: Enter the IP address of your LAN. (For example: Input 192.168.1.1 in Device1, Input 192.168.2.1 in Device2)
- IP Subnetmask: Enter the Subnet mask of your LAN. (For example: Input 255.255.255.0 in both Device1 and Device2)
- Tunnel access from remote IP addresses: Choose Subnet if you want the Remote Whole LAN to join the VPN network, or else choose Single Address if you want single IP to join the VPN network.
- IP Address for VPN: Enter the IP address of the Remote LAN. (For example: Input 192.168.2.1 in Device1, Input 192.168.1.1 in Device2)
- IP Subnetmask: Enter the subnetmask of the remote LAN. (For example: Input 255.255.255.0 in both Device1 and Device2)
- **Key Exchange Method:** Select Auto (IKE) or Manual.
- > Authentication Method: Select Pre-Shared Key (recommended).
- > **Pre-Shared Key:** Input the Pre-Shared key for Authentication. (For example: Input 12345678)
- > Perfect Forward Secrecy: PFS is an additional security protocol.

#### We recommend you leave the Advanced Settings as default value.

After complete the basic settings and click Save/Apply in both **Device1** and **Device2**, PCs in LAN1 could communicate with PCs in remote LAN2. (For example: You can ping the IP address of PC2 which is 192.168.2.100 in PC1)

#### P Note:

The VPN Servers Endpoint from both ends must use the same pre-shared keys and Perfect Forward Secrecy settings.

Click **Show Advanced Settings** and then you can configure the Advanced Settings.

Advanced IKE Settings:	Hide Advanced Settings
Phase 1	
Mode:	Main 🗸
My Identifier Type:	Local Wan IP 🔽
My Identifier:	
Remote Identifier Type:	Remote Wan IP 🗸
Remote Identifier:	
Encryption Algorithm:	3DES 🗸
Integrity Algorithm:	MD5 🔽
Select Diffie-Hellman Group for Key Exchange:	1024bit 👻
Key Life Time:	3600 Seconds
Phase 2	
Encryption Algorithm:	3DES 🗸
Integrity Algorithm:	MD5 💌
Select Diffie-Hellman Group for Key Exchange:	1024bit 🗸
Key Life Time:	3600 Seconds
	Save/Apply

Main Mode: Select Main Mode to configure the standard negotiation parameters for IKE phase1.

Aggressive Mode: Select Aggressive Mode to configure IKE phase1 of the VPN Tunnel to carry out negotiation in a shorter amount of time. (Not Recommended-Less Secure)

## P Note:

The difference between the two is that aggressive mode will pass more information in fewer packets, with the benefit of slightly faster connection establishment, at the cost of transmitting the identities of the security firewall in the clear. When using aggressive mode, some configuration parameters such as Diffie-Hellman groups, and PFS can not be negotiated, resulting in a greater importance of having "compatible" configuration on both ends.

### > Key Life Time:

Enter the number of seconds for the IPSec lifetime. It is the period of time to pass before establishing a new IPSec security association (SA) with the remote endpoint. The default value is 3600.

### P Note:

If you want to change the default settings of **Advanced Settings**, please make sure that both VPN server endpoints use the same Encryption Algorithm, Integrity Algorithm, Diffie-Hellman Group and Key Life time in both **phase1** and **phase2**.

# 4.4.16 Multicast

Choose "Advanced Setup"→"Multicast", you can configure the IGMP protocol on the screen.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	IGMP Configuration		
Advanced Setup			
+Layer2 Interface			
•WAN Service	Enter IGMP protocol configuration fields if you want		i below.
• MAC Clone	Default Version:	3	
• LAN	Query Interval:	125	
+NAT	Query Response Interval:	10	
	Last Member Query Interval:	10	
+Security	Robustness Value:	2	
Parental Control	Maximum Multicast Groups:	25	
+Quality of Service			
+Bandwidth Control	Maximum Multicast Data Sources (for IGMPv3 : (1 - 24):	10	
+Routing	Maximum Multicast Group Members:	25	
<u> </u>	Fast Leave Enable:		
+DNS	LAN to LAN (Intra LAN) Multicast Enable:		
• DSL			
• UPnP			
<ul> <li>Interface Grouping</li> </ul>		<b>_</b>	Save/Apply
• IPSec			
Multicast			

Figure 4-64

Click Apply/Save to save your settings.

# 4.5 Wireless

Choose "**Wireless**", there are six submenus to configure Wireless LAN settings. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function. The detailed explanations for each submenu are provided below.

Wireless
• Basic
• Security
• MAC Filter
• Wireless Bridge
• Advanced
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>

## 4.5.1 Basic

Choose "Wireless"  $\rightarrow$  "Basic", you will see the screen of Wireless--Basic settings shown as below. The basic settings for wireless networking are set on this screen.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Wireless Basic
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
• Basic	This page allows you to configure basic features of the wireless LAN interface. You can enable or disable the wireless LAN interface, hide the network from active scans, set the wireless network new (also known as SSID) and restrict the channel set based on country requirements.
Security	Click "Apply/Save" to configure the basic wireless options.
• MAC Filter	
•Wireless Bridge	
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	Enable Wireless
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	Hide SSID Broadcast
Diagnostics	Clients Isolation
Management	Wireless Network Name: TP-LINK_CE48BB (Also called SSID)
	BSSID: B0.48:7A:CE:48:BB
	Country: UNITED STATES
	Apply/Save



This page allows you to configure basic features of the wireless LAN interface. You can enable or disable the wireless LAN interface, hide the network from active scans, set the wireless network name (also known as SSID) and restrict the channel set based on Region requirements.

- Enable Wireless: If you want to use wireless features, you must select "Enable Wireless". If you deselect "Enable Wireless" option, all the Wireless settings below will be disabled.
- Hide SSID Broadcast: When wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, you can select this option to avoided being surveyed.
- Clients Isolation: Select this option to enable AP isolation function so that stations associated to the AP will not be able to communicate with each other.
- SSID: Wireless network name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters (use any of the characters on the keyboard). Make sure this setting is the same for all stations in your wireless network. Type the desired SSID in the space provided.
- **BSSID:** Show the MAC address of the Router.

> **Country:** Restrict the channel set and transmit power.

Click **Apply/Save** to save your settings.

## 4.5.2 Security

Choose "Wireless"→"Security", you will see the screen of Wireless--Security settings shown as below. You can configure security features of the wireless LAN interface by manually setting the network authentication or through WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) method.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Wireless Security
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
• Basic	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through whi-FI Protected Setup(WPS)
Security	
MAC Filter	
•Wireless Bridge	WPS
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	Enable WPS: Enabled
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	
Diagnostics	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)
Management	○ Push-Button ④ PIN Add Enrollee
	Help
	Device PIN: 49518863 Cen new PIN Heip
	Manual Setup AP
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the
	encryption strength.
	Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP".
	Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode.
	Click "Apply/Save" when done.
	Network Authentication: Open (insecurity)
	WEP Encryption: Disabled v
	Apply/Save

Figure 4-66

### 4.5.2.1 WPS Setup

#### Back to LED Explanation

This section will guide you to add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly by **WPS** (or called QSS) method.

#### Solution Note:

- 1) This feature is available only when OPEN, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK mode is configured.
- 2) To build a successful connection by WPS, you should also do the corresponding configuration of the new device for WPS function meanwhile.

## I. By PBC

If the wireless adapter supports WPS and the Push Button Configuration (PBC) method, you can add it to the network by PBC with the following two methods. Click **Push-Button**, you will see the screen as shown below.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Wireless Security
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
• Basic	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)
Security	
• MAC Filter	
•Wireless Bridge	WPS
Advanced	Enabled V
• Station Info	
Diagnostics	
Management	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured) OPunh-Button OPIN Add Enrollee
	Device PIN: 49518863 Gen new PIN Help
	Manual Setup AP
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings.
	You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength.
	Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type.
	Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode.
	ngs, win zerospitoli de not allotte to serio i na militari device fansa i ni ni node. Click "ApplySave" when done.
	Network Authentication: Open (insecurity)
	WEPEncryption: Disabled
	App1y/Save

Figure 4-67

Method One: Hardware push button.

Step 1: Press the WPS button on the back panel of the Router.



Step 2: Press and hold the WPS button of the adapter directly for 2 or 3 seconds.



Step 3: Wait for a while until the next screen of adapter appears. Click **Finish** to complete the WPS configuration.



Figure 4-68

## Method Two:

Step 1: Press the WPS button on the back panel of the Router.



Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "**Push the button on my** access point" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click **Next**.

Ę	WPS for Wireless	×
_	Join a Wireless Network WPS is preparing to join your computer to a wireless network.	
	<ul> <li>Which setup method do you want to use?</li> <li>Push the button on my access point</li> <li>Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar</li> <li>Enter the PIN from my access point</li> </ul> Push the button on your access point and click Next to continue.	
_	A <u>u</u> tomatically select the network $\checkmark$	]
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel	

Figure 4-69

Step 3: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **Finish** to complete the WPS configuration.

🐨 WPS for Wireless	×		
WPS (			
Wireless Configuration Completed			
Your computer has successfully joined the TP-LINK network.			
< <u>B</u> ack Finish Cancel	]		

Figure 4-70

### II. By PIN

If the new device supports Quick Security Setup and the PIN method, you can add it to the network by PIN with the following two methods.

Method One: Enter the PIN of wireless adapter into my Router.

Step 1: Select the **PIN** checkbox and enter the PIN code of the wireless adapter in the field under as shown below. Then click **Add Enrollee**.

Device Info				
Quick Setup	Wireless Security			
Advanced Setup				
Wireless				
• Basic	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wyr-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)			
Security				
• MAC Filter				
• Wireless Bridge	WPS			
• Advanced	Enabled VPS: Enabled			
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>				
Diagnostics Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)				
Management	Push-Button     Pil     Add Enrollee			
	16952898 Help			
	Device PIN: 54037137 Gen new PIN Help			
	Manual Setup AP			
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the			
	encryption strength.			
	Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP".			
Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "Apply/Save" when done.				
	once Approved when done.			
	Network Authentication: Open (insecurity)			
	WEP Encryption: Disabled			
	VEP CICLIPHON. PASADAGU T			
Apply/Save				

Figure 4-71

#### P Note:

The PIN code of the adapter is always displayed on the WPS configuration screen.

Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click Next.

🐨 WPS for Wireless		×
<b>Join a Wireless N</b> WPS is preparing to join y	etwork our computer to a wireless network.	
WPS	<ul> <li>Which setup method do you want to use?</li> <li>Push the button on my access point</li> <li>Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrat</li> <li>Enter the PIN from my access point</li> </ul>	
	Automatically select the network	2
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel	

Figure 4-72

### P Note:

In this example, the default PIN code of this adapter is 16952898 as the preceding figure shown.

Method Two: Enter the PIN of my Router into the wireless adapter.

Step 1: Get the Current PIN code generated by the Router as shown below. You can click **Gen New PIN** to get a new PIN code for Router.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Wireless Security
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
• Basic	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wri-FI Protected Setup(WPS)
Security	
• MAC Filter	
•Wireless Bridge	WPS
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	Enabled VPS: Enabled
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	
Diagnostics	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)
Management	Add cheft (this feature is available only which that be that a be
	Device PIN: 12345670 Gen new PIN Help
	Manual Setup AP
	manual Setup Ar
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings.
	You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength.
	Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type.
	Tips: 11 n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP".
	Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "Applw/Save" when done.
	Network Authentication: Open (insecurity)
	WEP Encryption: Disabled
	WEP Entyphon. Preatree w
	Apply/Save

Figure 4-73

Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter a PIN from my access point" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and enter the PIN code of the Router into the field after "Access Point PIN". Then click Next.

😺 WPS for Wireless	
Join a Wireless N	etwork
WPS is preparing to join y	our computer to a wireless network.
	Which setup method do you want to use?
	$\bigcirc$ Push the button on my access point
MDS	<u>Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar</u>
	Enter the PIN from my access point
	Enter the PIN from your access point below and click Next to continue.
	Access Point PIN: 12345670
	A <u>u</u> tomatically select the network 🗹
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

Figure 4-74

## 4.5.2.2 Manual Setup AP

Follow the instructions below to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface manually. You can set the network authentication method, select data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength.
Device Info Quick Setup	Wireless Security
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
• Basic	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through whi-FI Protected Setup(WPS)
• Security	
• MAC Filter	
•Wireless Bridge	WPS
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	Enable WPS: Enabled
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	
Diagnostics	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)
Management	○ Push-Button ④ PIN Ådd Enrollee
	Device PIN: 49518863 Gen new PIN Help
	Manual Setup AP
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength.
	Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11 mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: 11 n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11 n mode. Click "Apply/Save" when done.
	Network Authentication: Open (insecurity)
	WEP Encryption: Disabled v
	Apply/Save

Figure 4-75

Network Authentication: Select an authentication type from the drop-down list. Options available are: Open, Shared, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, Mixed WPA2/WPA, and Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK.

## P Note:

For most users, it is recommended to use the default Wireless LAN Performance settings. Any changes made to these settings may adversely affect your wireless network. Under certain circumstances, changes may benefit performance. Carefully consider and evaluate any changes to these wireless settings.

#### 1. WEP

WEP is a basic encryption method offering two levels of encryption, 64-bit and 128-bit encryption. To configure the WEP encryption, there are two ways.

- Keep the Network Authentication of **Open (insecurity)** and select **Enabled** from the WEP Encryption drop-down list, as shown in Figure 4-76. **Open (insecurity)** with WEP encryption disable allows any wireless station to associate with the access point.
- Select Shared (good) from the Network Authentication drop-down list, as shown in Figure 4-77. Shared (good) must enable WEP encryption. Network using Open or Shared authentication with WEP encryption only allows stations using the same network key encryption to associate with it. Follow the instructions below to configure the Shared Keys.

## TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router User Guide

• Basic	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)
Security	Push-Button ⊙ PIN Add Enrollee
• MAC Filter	
•Wireless Bridge	Device PIN: 49518863 Gen new PIN Help
Advanced	
Station Info	
Diagnostics	Manual Setup AP
Management	······································
management	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings.
	You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the
	encryption strength.
	Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP".
	Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode.
	Click "Apply/Save" when done.
	Network Authentication: Open (insecurity)
	WEP Encryption: Enabled
	Encryption Strength: 128-bit 💌
	Current Network Key: 1 🔽
	Network Key 1:
	Network Key 2:
	Network Key 3:
	Network Key 4:
	Enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits for 128-bit encryption keys
	Enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits for 64-bit encryption keys
	App1y/Save
	Figure 4-76
Device lafe	
Device Info	
Device Info Quick Setup	- -
	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup	- -
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through WI-FI Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through WI-FI Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled w Manual Setup AP In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled W Manual Setup AP In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, if is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface. You may setup configuration manually or through WI-FI Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled Manual Setup AP In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface. You may setup configuration manually or through WI-FI Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled Configure Security Setup Configure Configure Setup Configure Security Setup Configure Se
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled W Manual Setup AP Norder to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, if is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Warning we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: "Un only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption method.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface. You may setup configuration manually or through WI-FI Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled Configure Security Setup Configure Configure Setup Configure Security Setup Configure Se
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface. You may setup configuration manually or through WI-FI Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled Manual Setup AP In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Wanning we suggestyou not to set WPP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11 n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "Apply/Save" when done.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disabled W Manual Setup AP Norder to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, if is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Warning we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: "Un only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption method.
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)         WPS         Enable WPS:       Disabled Image: Dimage: Disabled Image: Disabled Image: Dimag
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN Interface. You may setup configuration manually or through WI-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)         WPS         Enable WPS:       Disabled W         Disabled WPS:       Disabled W         Manual Setup AP         No can set the network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network and specify the anetwork authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the anetwork wireless intervention is "Thate" to another to a compliance the devices wireless intervention is 54Mbps in that encryption type.         The: "WPA Encryption" are not supported wireless to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11 n mode.         Citic "Apply/Save" when done.         Metwork Authentication:       Shared (good)         WEY Encryption:       Enabled v
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.   Yures
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.   Yures
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-FI Protected Setup(WPS) WPS Enable WPS: Disable Disable Manual Setup AP Monual Setup AP No can set the network from hackers and unadhroized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. And to protect your network from hackers and unadhroized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. No can set the network from hackers and unadhroized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. No can set the network from hackers and unadhroized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network and specify the neurophon strength. Sin 11 only mode are not supported when VEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tis '11 only mode are not supported when VEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tis '47 Apply/Saver when device unus in 11n mode. Network Authentication: Shared (god) WEP Encryption: Enabled ? WEP Encryption: Enab
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.   Yures
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	Init page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.   Yures
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.   Yures
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.   Yures
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	The page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless help wireless
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.   Yures
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	The page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless help wireless
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.   Yor B   The Dealer WP:   Dealer WP:<
Quick Setup Advanced Setup Wireless • Basic • Security • MAC Filter • Wireless Bridge • Advanced • Station Info Diagnostics	The page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configure security features of the wireless help wireless

Figure 4-77

- > Encryption strength: Select the appropriate level of encryption, 64-bit or 128-bit.
- > **Current Network Key:** To indicate which WEP key to use, select a transmission key number.
- Network Key 1-4: If you want to manually enter the WEP keys, then enter them in the network Key 1-4 fields.

## Configure WEP Settings

- 1. Select **Shared (good)** from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings.
- 2. Select 64-bit from the WEP Encryption drop-down list.

- 3. Select "1" from Current Network Key drop-down list.
- 4. Type in the password in the Network Key 1 field.
- 5. Click **Save/Apply** to save the new configuration.

Device Info			
Quick Setup			
Advanced Setup	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)		
Wireless			
• Basic			
• Security	WPS		
• MAC Filter	Enable WPS: Disabled		
• Wireless Bridge	EIRING WPS. DISADLED		
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>			
Diagnostics	Manual Setup AP		
Management	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings.		
	Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption:         Tips: 'WPA Encryption' are not allowed to set to "TKP" when the device runs in 11n mode.         Click "Apply/Save" when done.         WEP Encryption:         Encryption Strengtlic         128-bit         Current Network Key 1         Network Key 2:         Network Key 3:         Network Key 4:         Entropytion Key 3:         Enter 13 ASCII characters or 26 hexadecimal digits for 128-bit encryption keys Enter 5 ASCII characters or 10 hexadecimal digits for 64-bit encryption keys		

Figure 4-78

#### P Note:

We use **Network Authentication** Shared (good), **Encryption Strength** 64-bit, **Current Network Key** "1" and enter 10 hexadecimal digits "1234567890" in the **Network Key 1** for example, as shown in Figure 4-78 above.

#### 2. WPA

WPA security for wireless communication has been developed to overcome some of the shortcomings of WEP. WPA combines the key generation with the authentication services of a RADIUS server.

Device Info	Wireless Security			
Quick Setup	whereas Security			
Advanced Setup				
Wireless	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.			
• Basic	You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)			
Security				
• MAC Filter				
• Wireless Bridge	WPS			
Advanced	Enable WPS: Disabled v			
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>				
Diagnostics				
Management	Manual Setup AP			
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "Apply/Save" when done.			
	Network Authentication: WPA-Enterprise (good)			
	WPA Group Rekey Interval: 0 (optional)			
	RADIUS Server IP Address: 0.0.0.0			
	RADIUS Port:         1812         (1-65535)			
	RADIUS Key: (optional)			
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 0 and 63 characters or 0 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.)			
	WPP Encryption: Disabled v			
	Apply/Save			

Figure 4-79

- WPA Group ReKey Interval: Enter the Key Renewal period, which tells the Router how often it should change encryption keys.
- > RADIUS Server IP Address: The IP address of the RADIUS server.
- > **RADIUS Port:** The port of the RADIUS server. The default number is 1812.
- > **RADIUS key:** The password of the RADIUS Server.
- WPA Encryption: Select the encryption you want to use: TKIP or AES (AES is an encryption method stronger than TKIP).

#### **Configure WPA settings**

- Select WPA from the Network Authentication drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings.
- 2. Change the WPA Group Rekey Interval as desired.
- 3. Type in the IP address of the RADIUS server used in the RADIUS Server IP Address field.
- 4. Change the **RADIUS Port** if necessary.
- 5. Type in the password in the **RADIUS Key** field.
- 6. Use the default setting **AES** of WPA Encryption.
- 7. Click **Save/Apply** to save the new configuration.

Device Info	Wireless Security	
Quick Setup	Wileiss - Seculty	
Advanced Setup		
Wireless	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.	
• Basic	You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)	
Security		
• MAC Filter		
•Wireless Bridge	WPS	
Advanced	Enable WPS: Disabled v	
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>		
Diagnostics		
Management		
	Manual Setup AP	
	encryption strength. Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "Apply/Save" when done.	
	Network Authentication: WPA-Enterprise (good)	
	WPA Group Rekey Interval: 30 (optional)	
	RADIUS Server IP Address: 192.168.1.20	
	RADIUS Port: 1812 (1-65535)	
	RADIUS Key: (optional)	
	(You can enter ASCII characters between 0 and 63 characters or 0 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.)	
	WPA Encryption: AES V WFP Encryption: Disabled V	
	WEP Encryption: Disabled	
	Apply/Save	

Figure 4-80

#### 3. WPA-Personal

WPA-Personal requires a shared key and does not use a separate server for authentication. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)		
Advanced Setup			
Wireless			
• Basic	WPS		
Security	Enable WPS: Enabled		
MAC Filter			
• Wireless Bridge	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)		
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	○Push-Button ⊙ PIN Add Enrollee		
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	Help		
Diagnostics	Device PIN: 49518863 Gen new PIN Help		
Management			
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Warning: we suggestyou not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11 mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: "MPA Encryption" are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "ApplySave" when done.		
	Network Authentication: WFA-Personal (better/recommended)		
	Wireless Network Key: Click here to display (Also called WPA Pre-Shared Key) Click here to display (You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 characters or 8 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.)		
	WPA Group Rekey Interval: 30 (optional)		
	WPA Encryption: AES 🗸		
	WEP Encryption: Disabled ~		
	Apply/Save		

Figure 4-81

- Wireless Network Key: Enter the key shared by the Router and your other network devices. It must have 8-63 ASCII characters or 8-64 Hexadecimal digits.
- > Click here to display: Click it to show you the WPA Pre-Shared Key.

## **Configure WPA-Personal settings**

- 1. Select **WPA-Personal**. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings as the picture show above.
- 2. WPA-Personal requires a shared key. Type the key in the space provided. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type.
- 3. Change the Group Key Interval as desired or use the default setting.
- 4. Click **Save/Apply** to save the new configuration.

Device Info	This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.		
Quick Setup	This page allows you to comigure security relatives of the writeress LAN internate. You may setup configuration manually or through Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)		
Advanced Setup			
Wireless			
• Basic	WPS		
Security	Enable WPS: Enabled		
• MAC Filter			
• Wireless Bridge	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)		
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	○ Push-Button ③ PIN Add Enrollee		
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	Help		
Diagnostics	Device PIN: 49518863 Gen new PIN Help		
Management			
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unautilotized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Warning: we suggestyou not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: 'In only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: 'WPA Encryption' are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "Apply/Save" when done. Network Authentication: WPA-Personal (better/recommended)		
	Wireless Network Key: (Also called WPA Pre-Shared Key) Click here to display (You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 characters or 8 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.)		
	WPA Group Rekey Interval: 30 (optional)		
	WPA Encryption: AES V WEP Encryption: Disabled V		
	Apply/Save		

Figure 4-82

#### P Note:

If you click the option "Click here to display", the Figure 4-83 will pop-up, and it shows the password you have set. In addition, it won't show the blank characters in both ends of the password phrase.



Figure 4-83

## 4. WPA2-Enterprise

To configure WPA2-Enterprise settings, select the WPA2-Enterprise option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. The steps of these settings are similar to WPA settings.

Wireless		
Basic		
Security	WPS	
• MAC Filter	Enable WPS:	Disabled v
• Wireless Bridge		
• Advanced		
Station Info		
Diagnostics	Manual Setup AP	
Management	You can set the network authentication methor encryption strength. Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP enc	ers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. od, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the syption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. WPA2-Enterprise (better) Disabled Good (optional) Good (optional) Good (optional) Good (optional) Good (1-65535)
	RADIUS Key: WPA Encryption: WEP Encryption:	(optional) (You can enter ASCII characters between 0 and 63 characters or 0 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.) AES Disabled
		Apply/Save

Figure 4-84

- WPA2 Preauthentication: Select Enable from the drop-down list, Stations will authenticate with the AP during the scanning process, and once association is required, the station has been already authenticated.
- Network Re-auth Interval: Enter a value in seconds as the frequency interval to enable periodic Network Re-authentication function, while leave it blank or enter "0" to disable it.

#### 5. WPA2-Personal

To configure WPA2-Personal settings, select the WPA2- Personal option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WPA2- Personal requires a shared key and does not use a separate server for authentication. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type.

WIICICSS	
• Basic	WPS
Security	Enabled VPS: Enabled
MAC Filter	
• Wireless Bridge	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)
Advanced	○ Push-Button ④ PIN Add Enrollee
Station Info	Help
Diagnostics	Device PIN: 49513863 Gen new PIN Help
Management	
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: "WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "Apply/Save" when done. Network Authentication: WPA2-Personal (best/recommended) v Click here to display Wireless Network Key: Click here to display WPA Encryption: WPA Encryption: WPA Encryption: WPA Encryption: MPA Encryption:

Figure 4-85

#### 6. Mixed WPA2/WPA Enterprise

To configure Mixed WPA2/WPA Enterprise settings, select the Mixed WPA2/WPA Enterprise option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. The steps to these settings are similar to those for WPA-PSK.

Wireless		
• Basic		
Security	WPS	
• MAC Filter	Enable WPS:	Disabled V
• Wireless Bridge		
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>		
Diagnostics	Manual Setup AP	
Management	You can set the network authentication metho encryption strength. Warning: we suggest you not to set WEP enci	ers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. od, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the cryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Ito "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode.
	Network Authentication:	Mixed WFA2/WFA Enterprise (adaptive)
	WPA2 Preauthentication:	Disabled V
	Network Re-auth Interval:	36000 (optional)
	WPA Group Rekey Interval:	0 (optional)
	RADIUS Server IP Address:	0. 0. 0
	RADIUS Port:	1812 (1-65535)
	RADIUS Key:	(optional)
	WPA Encryption: WEP Encryption:	(You can enter ASCII characters between 0 and 63 characters or 0 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.)           AES         •           Disabled         •
		Apply/Save

Figure 4-86

#### 7. Mixed WPA2/WPA-Personal

To configure Mixed WPA2/WPA-Personal settings, select the Mixed WPA2/WPA-Personal option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. The steps of this setting are the same with WPA-PSK.

Wireless	
• Basic	WPS
<ul> <li>Security</li> </ul>	Enabled VPS: Enabled
• MAC Filter	
<ul> <li>Wireless Bridge</li> </ul>	Add Client (This feature is available only when WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK or OPEN mode is configured)
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	OPush-Button ⊙PIN Add Enrollee
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	Help
Diagnostics	Device PIN: 49518863 Gen new PIN Help
Management	
	In order to protect your network from hackers and unauthorized users, it is highly recommended you choose one of the following wireless network security settings. You can set the network authentication method, selecting data encryption, specify whether a network key is required to authenticate to this wireless network and specify the encryption strength. Warning, we suggest you not to set WEP encryption to "Enabled" when the device runs in 11n mode. The device's wireless highest speed is 54Mbps in that encryption type. Tips: 11n only mode are not supported when WEP encryption is "Enabled" or WPA Encryption type is "TKIP". Tips: WPA Encryption" are not allowed to set to "TKIP" when the device runs in 11n mode. Click "Apply/Save" when done.
	Network Authentication: Mixed WPA2/WPA-PSK Personal(adaptive)
	Wireless Network Key: Click here to display (You can enter ASCII characters between 8 and 63 characters or 8 to 64 Hexadecimal characters.)
	WPA Group Rekey Interval: 0 (optional)
	WPA Encryption: AES 🗸
	WEP Encryption: Disabled
	Apply/Save

Figure 4-87

## 4.5.3 MAC Filter

Choose "Wireless"→"MAC Filter", you will see the screen of Wireless--MAC Filter settings shown as below.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	Wireless MAC Filter		
Advanced Setup			
Wireless			
• Basic	A maximum 64 entries can beconfigured.		
• Security	MAC Restrict Mode:		
• MAC Filter	MAC Restrict Mode: <ul> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Allow</li> <li>Deny</li> </ul>		
• Wireless Bridge		_	
• Advanced	MAC Address	Remove	
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	00:13:0A:55:FF:09		
Diagnostics			
Management			
	Add Remove		



Wireless access can be filtered by using the MAC addresses of the wireless devices transmitting within your network's RADIUS. To filter wireless users by MAC Address, either permitting or blocking access. If you do not wish to filter users by MAC Address, select Disabled.

- **Disabled:** Select this option to disable MAC Filter function.
- Allow: Select this option to enable MAC Filter function that allow wireless access by the devices listed on this screen.
- Deny: Select this option to enable MAC Filter function that block wireless access from the devices listed on this screen.
- > Add: Click this button to add the MAC Address.
- > Remove: Select the item of the MAC Address and click this button to remove it.

When you click the **Add** button, the pop-up picture shown below, and then you can type the MAC Address in the **MAC** Address field.

#### Note:

The form of MAC Address must be "xx:xx:xx:xx:xx", like "00:13:0A:55:FF:09".

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Wireless MAC Filter
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
• Basic	Enter the MAC address with 00:11:22:33:44:55 format and click "Save/Apply" to add the MAC address to the wireless MAC address filters.
Security	MAC Address: 00:13:0A:55:FF:09
MAC Filter	
• Wireless Bridge	
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	Save/Apply
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	

Figure 4-89

When you finished making changes to the MAC Filter List screen, click **Save/Apply** to save the changes.

#### 4.5.4 Wireless Bridge

Choose "Wireless"  $\rightarrow$  "Wireless Bridge", you will see the screen of Wireless--Bridge settings shown as below. You can configure wireless bridge features of the wireless LAN interface and click **Apply/Save** button to save the current configuration.

Device Info				
Quick Setup	Wireless Bridge			
Advanced Setup				
Wireless				
• Basic	This page allows you to configure wireless bridge features of the wireless LAN interface. You can select Wireless Bridge (also known as Wireless Distribution System) to disable access point functionality. Selectina Access Point enables access point functionality. Wireless bridge functionality by allo be able			
Security	to associate to the AP. Select Disabled in Bridge Restrict which disables wireless bridge restriction. Any wireless bridge will be granted access. Selecting Enabled or Enabled			
MAC Filter	(Scan) enables wireless bridge restriction. Only those bridges selected in Remote Bridges will be granted access. Click "Refresh" to update the remote bridges. Wait for few seconds to update.			
• Wireless Bridge	Click "Save/Apply" to configure the wireless bridge options.			
• Advanced	AP Mode: Access Point			
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>				
Diagnostics	Bridge Restrict: Disabled 💌			
Management				
	Refresh Save/Apply			

Figure 4-90

- AP Mode: Select an AP Mode from the drop-down list. Options available are: Access Point and Wireless Bridge.
  - Access Point: Select this option to allow wireless stations including AP clients to access.
  - **Wireless Bridge**: Also known as WDS (Wireless Distribution System), it will bridges the wireless stations which also in bridge mode to connect two or more remote LANs.

## Bridge Restrict:

- **Disabled**: Select this option to disables wireless bridge restriction, that any wireless bridge will be granted access.
- **Enabled**: Select this option (as shown below) to enables wireless bridge restriction, please enter the MAC address of the Remote Bridges that you want to connect with, and only these Remote Bridges are granted access.

AP Mode: Bridge Restrict:	Access Point
Remote Bridges MAC Address:	
	Refresh Save/Apply

Figure 4-91

- Enabled (Scan): Select this option to enables wireless bridge restriction, and it will scan the environment for APs that exist around the device. Only those selected AP will be granted access.
- **Refresh:** Click this button to scan and display the APs.

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AP Mode:	Access Po	int 🔽		
Bridge Restrict:	Enabled(S	Enabled(Scan) 💌		
Remote Bridges MAC Address:		SSID	BSSID	
		TP-LINK_341108	00:11:22:34:11:08	
		TP-LINK_334434	00:11:22:33:44:34	
		TP-LINK_4BFA6A	90:F6:52:4B:FA:6A	
		TP-LINK_130969	00:0A:EB:13:09:69	
		TP-LINK_BF5101	40:16:9F:BF:51:01	
		TP-LINK_BF6005	D8:5D:4C:BF:60:05	
			·	
		Refresh Save/Apply		

Figure 4-92

#### P Note:

Only Open or Shared authentication method support wireless bridge, you should choose "**Wireless**"→"**Security**" to change authentication method to "open" or "shared" mode first.

## 4.5.5 Advanced

Choose "Wireless" → "Advanced", you will see the screen of Wireless--Advanced settings shown as below.

Device Info		
Quick Setup	Wireless Advanced	
Advanced Setup		
Wireless		
• Basic		eatures of the wireless LAN interface. You can select a particular channel on which to operate, set the fragmentation threshold, set clients in power-save mode, set the beacon interval for the access point.
Security	Tips: If you set Mode to "11n only", you couldn Click "Apply/Save" to configure the advanced w	t set Wireless encryption type to "WEP" or "TKIP".
• MAC Filter	Click Apply/Save to conligure the advanced v	vireiess ophons.
• Wireless Bridge		
Advanced	Channel:	Auto 🗸
<ul> <li>Station Info</li> </ul>	Mode:	11bgn 👻
Diagnostics	Bandwidth:	20/40MHz 🗸
Management	Control Sideband:	Lower 😪
	Fragmentation Threshold:	2346
	RTS Threshold:	2347
	DTIM Interval:	1
	Beacon Interval:	100
	Transmit Power:	100% 🗸
	WMM(Wi-Fi Multimedia):	Enabled 👻
		Apply/Save

Figure 4-93

- Channel: Select the channel you want to use from the drop-down List. This field determines which operating frequency will be used. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.
- Mode: In the drop-down list you can select "11b", "11bg", "11bgn" and "11n only". "11bgn" allows both 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n wireless stations to connect to the Router.
- Bandwidth: Select the Bandwidth you want to use from the drop-down List. If bigger bandwidth is selected, device could transmit and receive data with higher speed.
- Control Sideband: If bigger bandwidth is selected, this option will allow you select the Control Sideband you want.

- Fragmentation Threshold: This value specifies the maximum size for a packet before data is fragmented into multiple packets. If you experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase the Fragmentation Threshold. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance. Only minor reduction of the default value is recommended. In most cases, it should remain at its default value of 2346.
- RTS Threshold: Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor reduction of the default value 2347 is recommended. If a network packet is smaller than the preset RTS threshold size, the RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled. The Router sends Request to Send (RTS) frames to a particular receiving station and negotiates the sending of a data frame. After receiving an RTS, the wireless station responds with a Clear to Send (CTS) frame to acknowledge the right to begin transmission. This mechanism can provide you a quiet communication channel by notifying other stations not to send packet for a period of time. In most cases, keep its default value of 2347.
- DTIM Interval: This value, between 1 and 255, indicates the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. The countdown unit is measured by the amounts of beacon frames received. When the Router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. Its clients hear the beacons and awaken to receive the broadcast and multicast messages. The default value is 1.
- Beacon Interval: Enter a value between 20-1000 milliseconds. The Beacon Interval value indicates the frequency interval of the beacon. A beacon is a packet broadcast by the Router to synchronize the wireless network. The default value is 100.
- Transmit Power: This option will allow you to configure the wireless transmit power. High transmit power will extend the wireless signal range of the device and make the signal transmit more legible. Low transmit power with the smaller wireless signal range that will decrease the probability of interrupt by other Wi-Fi device.
- > WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia): This function can guarantee the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially. It is strongly recommended.

## 4.5.6 Station info

Choose "Wireless"  $\rightarrow$ " Station Info", you will see the screen of Wireless--Authenticated Stations setting shown as below.

Device Info					
Quick Setup	Wireless Authenticated Stations				
Advanced Setup					
Wireless					
• Basic	This page shows authentic	cated wireless stations and their status.			
•Security	MAC	Associated	Authorized	SSID	Interface
• MAC Filter					
• Wireless Bridge					
• Advanced					
Station Info	Refresh				
Diagnostics					
Management					

Figure 4-94

This page shows authenticated wireless stations and their status.

- > MAC: Displays the connected wireless station's MAC address.
- > **Associated**: Displays whether the wireless station has associated with the access point.

- > **Authorized**: Displays the information of Authentication.
- **SSID**: Displays the connected wireless station's SSID.
- > Interface: Displays the connected wireless station's Interface mode.

## 4.6 Diagnostics

Choose "**Diagnostics**", you will see the Diagnostics screen. This section describes the result of the test for the ENET (Ethernet) Connection, Wireless Connection and ADSL Synchronization. You can refer to the **Help** menu to get more information about the corresponding test.

Vireless					
agnostics		connection. The individual tests are listed below. If a test displays a fa nt. If the test continues to fail, click "Help" and follow the troubleshooti		n Diagnostic Tests" at the botto	
anagement					
	Test the connection to your local network				
	Test your LAN1 Connection:		FAIL	Help	
	Test your LAN2 Connection:				
	Test your LAN3 Connection: FAIL			Help	
	Test your LAN4/WAN Connection: FAIL			Help	
	Test your Wireless Connection:			<u>Help</u>	
	Test the connection to your DSL service pro	vider			
	Test xDSL Synchronization:	FAIL	Help		
	Test ATM OAM F5 segment ping: DISABLED Help				
	Test ATM OAM F5 end-to-end ping: DISABLED Help				

Figure 4-95

## 4.7 Management

Choose "Management", there are eight submenus under the main menu. They are Settings, System Log, SNMP Agent, TR-069 Client, Internet Time, Access Control, Update Firmware and Reboot. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.



## 4.7.1 Settings

This section provides three important functions for managing the Router; they are **Backup**, **Update** and **Restore Default** (shown in Figure 4-96). The detailed manipulations are described below.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	Settings - Export		
Advanced Setup			
Wireless			
Diagnostics	Backup DSL Modern Router configurations. You may save your router configurations to a file on your PC.		
Management			
- Settings	Backup Settings		
• Export			
• Import			
<ul> <li>Restore Default</li> </ul>			
	1		

Figure 4-96

## 4.7.1.1 Export

Choose "**Management**"  $\rightarrow$  "**Settings**"  $\rightarrow$  "**Export**", you can see the **Export** screen, this screen (shown in Figure 4-97) allows you to save the current configuration of the Router as a backup file.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	Settings - Export		
Advanced Setup			
Wireless			
Diagnostics	Backup DSL Modern Router configurations. You may save your router configurations to a file on your PC.		
Management			
-Settings	Backup Settings		
• Export			
• Import			
<ul> <li>Restore Default</li> </ul>			
Reatore Delaun	I		

Figure 4-97

To back up the Router's current settings:

1. Click the **Export Settings** button on the preceding screen (pop-up Figure 4-97), the following screen will then appear (shown in Figure 4-98).

File Dow	rnload - Security Warning 🛛 🛛 🔀
Do you	want to save this file?
	Name: backupsettings.conf Type: Unknown File Type, 16.0 KB From: 192.168.1.1 <u>S</u> ave Cancel
:	While files from the Internet can be useful, this file type can potentially harm your computer. If you do not trust the source, do not save this software. <u>What's the risk?</u>

Figure 4-98

2. Click the **Save** button, and save the file as the appointed file (shown in Figure 4-99).

Save As					? 🔀
Save jn:	🗁 TD-W8960N	1	<b>~</b> (	3 🤌 📂 🗉	] <b>-</b>
My Recent Documents					
Desktop					
My Documents					
My Computer					
<b></b>	File <u>n</u> ame:	backupsettings.conf		*	<u>S</u> ave
My Network	Save as <u>t</u> ype:	Document		*	Cancel

Figure 4-99

## 4.7.1.2 Import

Choose "**Management**"  $\rightarrow$  "**Settings**"  $\rightarrow$  "**Import**", you can see the **Import** screen, this screen (shown in Figure 4-100) allows you to update the Router's settings.

Device Info			
Quick Setup	Settings - Import		
Advanced Setup			
Wireless			
Diagnostics	Update DSL Modern Router settings. You may update your router settings using your saved files.		
Management	Settings File Name: Browse		
-Settings			
• Export			
• Import	Import Settings		
<ul> <li>Restore Default</li> </ul>			

Figure 4-100

## To update the Router's settings:

- 1. Click the **Browse** button to locate the update file for the device, and you can also enter the exact path to the Setting file in the text box.
- 2. After you have selected the file for updating the settings, click the **Import Settings** button.

#### P Note:

The Router will reboot upon completion. This process will take a while, don't turn off the Router or press the **Reset** button while processing.

## 4.7.1.3 Restore Default

Choose "Management"  $\rightarrow$  "Settings"  $\rightarrow$  "Restore Default", you can see the Restore Default screen, this screen (shown in Figure 4-101) allows you to restore the Router's configuration to the factory defaults on the screen.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Tools Restore Default Settings
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	Restore DSL Modern Router settings to the factory defaults.
Management	
- Settings	Restore Default Settings
• Export	
• Import	
Restore Default	



- Restore Default Settings: Click this button to restore the Router's configuration to the factory defaults, and then follow the on-screen instructions to complete it.
- > Account and Password: The default account name and its password are both admin.
- > The default **IP Address:** 192.168.1.1.
- > The default Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0.

## 4.7.2 System Log

Choose "**Management**"  $\rightarrow$  "**System Log**", you can see the **System Log** screen, this screen (shown in Figure 4-102) allows you to view the system log and configure the system log options.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	System Log
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	The System Log dialog allows you to view the System Log and configure the System Log options.
Management	Click "View System Log" to view the System Log.
+ Settings	Click "Configure System Log" to configure the System Log options.
• System Log	
<ul> <li>SNMP Agent</li> </ul>	
• TR-069 Client	View System Log Configure System Log
<ul> <li>Internet Time</li> </ul>	

Figure 4-102

#### To View the System Log:

Click the **View System Log** button, you will see the screen (shown in Figure 4-103) which displays the Router's recent logs.

Date/Time	Facility	Severity	Message
-----------	----------	----------	---------

Figure 4-103

- **Refresh:** Click the button, the information in the table will be updated.
- **Close:** Click the button, the screen will be closed.

## To Configure the System Log Settings:

Click the **Configure System Log** button (shown in Figure 4-102), you will see the screen below (shown in Figure 4-104).

Device Info	
Quick Setup	System Log Configuration
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	If the log mode is enabled, the system will begin to log all the selected events. For the Log Level, all events above or equal to the selected level will be logged. For the Display Level, all logged events above or equal to the selected level will be displaved. If the selected mode is Remote or Both, 'events will be sentited it evaluates and UDP
Management	port of the remote syslog server. If the selected mode is "Local" or "Both, events will be recorded in the local memory. Select the desired values and click "Save/Apply' to configure the system log options.
+ Settings	Select the desired values and thick satewayphy to compute the system tog upunts.
• System Log	Log Level Debugging
<ul> <li>SNMP Agent</li> </ul>	Display Level: Error V
• TR-069 Client	Mode: Local V
<ul> <li>Internet Time</li> </ul>	
+Access Control	
• Upgrade Firmware	Save/Apply
• Reboot	

Figure 4-104

- Disable/Enable: Select the Enable to log the events, if you don't want to log these events, please select Disable.
- Log Level: Select the Log level in the drop-down list, for the Log level, all events above or equal to the selected level will be logged.
- Display Level: Select the Display level in the drop-down list, for the Display Level, all logged events above or equal to the selected level will be displayed.
- Mode: Select the mode to record the events. If the selected mode is Local, events will be recorded in the local memory. If the selected mode is Remote, events will be sent to the specified IP address and UDP port of the remote system log server. If the selected mode is Both, events will be sent to the local memory and the remote system log server.
- Server IP Address: Type the address of the server you want to record the events.
- Server UDP Port: Type the UDP Port of the server.

## 4.7.3 SNMP Agent

Choose "**Management**" → "**SNMP Agent**", you can see the SNMP-Configuration screen as shown below.

**SNMP** (Simple Network Management Protocol) has been widely applied in the computer networks currently, which is used for ensuring the transmission of the management information between any two nodes. In this way, network administrators can easily search and modify the information on any node on the network. Meanwhile, they can locate faults promptly and implement the fault diagnosis, capacity planning and report generating.

An **SNMP Agent** is an application running on the Router that performs the operational role of receiving and processing SNMP messages, sending responses to the SNMP manager, and sending traps when an event occurs. So a Router contains SNMP "agent" software can be monitored and/or controlled by SNMP Manager using SNMP messages.

An **SNMP Manager** or SNMP Service is an application that performs the operational roles of generating SNMP messages/requests to modify and retrieve management information, and

receiving the requested information and trap-event reports that are generated by the SNMP agent. SNMP Manager is the third-party management system. Monitor one is an SNMP Manager.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	SNMP - Configuration
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) allows a management application to retrieve statistics and status from the SNMP agent in this device.
Management	Select the desired values and click "Apply" to configure the SNMP options. The change of SNMP Community will not take effect until the Router reboot.
+Settings	The change of style="Community-will not take ellect units in Router reduct"
• System Log	SNMP Agent:  O Disable  Disable
SNMP Agent	Read Community: public
<ul> <li>TR-069 Client</li> </ul>	Set Community: private
<ul> <li>Internet Time</li> </ul>	System Name: Broadcom
+Access Control	System Location: unknown
<ul> <li>Upgrade Firmware</li> </ul>	System Contact: unknown
• Reboot	Trap Manager IP: 0.0.0.0
	Save/Apply

Figure 4-105

> **SNMP Agent:** You can select the checkbox to disable or enable the function.

## Note:

**SNMP Community string** provides a simple method of authentication between the Router (SNMP Agent) and a remote network manager (SNMP Manager). You can specify the community string as the password to authenticate the management station to the Router.

- Read Community: This field allows you to specify the SNMP Community string which provides read-only access to the Router that the community is only permitted to read the device configuration. The default value is "public".
- Set Community: This field allows you to specify the SNMP Community string which provides read and write access to the Router that the community has the authority to read and change the device configuration. The default value is "public".
- System Name: Enter alphanumeric string to specify an SNMP community string name. Your Router (SNMP agents) will expose management data on the managed systems as this "system name".
- > System Location: The person to notify when problems occur.
- > System contact: The location of the person that is identified as the system contact.
- Trap Manager IP: Enter the IP address of the SNMP Manager, where the SNMP Agent forwards trap notifications.

Select the desired values and click **Save/Apply** to configure the SNMP options.

## 4.7.4 TR-069 client

Choose "**Management**"→"**TR-069 client**", you can see the TR-069 client - Configuration screen as shown below.

**TR-069** (WAN Management Protocol) allows a Auto-Configuration Server (ACS) to perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, and diagnostics to this device.

## TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router User Guide

Device Info   Quick Setup   Advanced Setup   Wireless   Diagnostics   Management   • Settings   • System Log   • SNMP Agent   • Inform   • Nefso Client   • Inform   • Cosse Control   • Upgrade Firmware   • Reboot
Advanced Setup         Wireless         Diagnostics         Management         • Settings         • System Log         • System Log         • SNMP Agent         • Inform time         • Access Control         • Upgrade Firmware         • Reboot
Wireless         Diagnostics         Management         *Settings         •System Log         •SNMP Agent         •TR-065 Client         •Internet Time         •Access Control         •Upgrade Firmware         •Reboot
Diagnostics         Management         • Settings         • System Log         • SNMP Agent         • Inform         • Inform         • Inform         • Inform         • Obsable         • Inform         • Disable         • Inform         • Obsable         • Inform         • Obsable         • Inform
Utagnostics     Select the desired values and click "Save/Apply" to configure the TR-069 client options.       Management     Inform:     O Disable       * Settings     Inform Inferval:     300       • System Log     ACS URL:     Inform       • SMMP Agent     ACS URL:     Inform       • Internet Time     ACS User Name:     admin       • Access Control     WAN Interface used by TR-069 client:     Any_WAN       • Upgrade Firmware     Display SOAP messages on serial console:     • Disable
Management     Inform:     © Disable       • Settings       • System Log       • System Log       • SNMP Agent       • STR-059 Client       • Inform:     @ Disable       • Inform:     @ Disable       • Inform:     @ Disable       • Stable     @ Disable       • Stable     @ Disable       • Informet     ACS USR1:       • Informet     admin       • Informet     ACS Password:       • Operate     @ Disable       • Upgrade Firmware     Display SOAP messages on serial console:       • Operate     @ Disable
• SNMP Agent     ACS URL:       • SNMP Agent     ACS URL:       • SNMP Agent     admin       • Internet Time     ACS Password:       • Access Control     WAN Interface used by TR-069 client:       • Upgrade Firmware     Display SOAP messages on serial console:       • Console     • Display SOAP messages on serial console:
• TR.059 Client     ACS User Name:     admin       • TR.059 Client     ACS Spassword:     eeee       • Internet Time     ACS Password:     eeee       • Access Control     WAN Interface used by TR-069 client:     Ary_WAN v       • Upgrade Firmware     Display SOAP messages on serial console:     © Disable © Enable
ACS Password:     ACS Password:     ACS Password:     ACS Password:     ACS Password:     Ary_WAN ✓     Display SOAP messages on serial console:     O Disable ○Enable
Mitcher Hine     WAN Interface used by TR-069 client:     Any_WAN       • Upgrade Firmware     Display SOAP messages on serial console:     Image: Console in the image: Consol in the image: Console in the image: Console in the image:
• Upgrade Firmware     • Reboot
Reboot
+Reboot
Connection Porquest Authentication
Connection Request Authentication
Connection Request User Name: admin
Connection Request Password:
Connection Request URL:
Save/Apply GetRPCMethods

Figure 4-106

- > Inform: You can select the checkbox to disable or enable the Inform Interval.
- > Inform Interval: Type the interval time of your Router contact with the ACS.
- ACS URL: Please accept this information from your ISP. And through ACS (Auto-Configuration Server) you can perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, and diagnostics to this router.
- > ACS User Name: Please accept this User Name information from your ISP.
- > ACS Password: Please accept the Password information from your ISP.

#### P Note:

If you want to log on the ACS, you must own the ACS User Name and ACS Password.

- WAN Interface used by TR-069 Client: Please select the WAN Interface from the drop-down list to perform this function.
- > Connection Request User Name: Type the Connection Request User Name, set it yourself.
- > Connection Request Password: Type the Connection Request Password, set it yourself.

#### Note:

The Connection Request User Name and Connection Request Password used for **ACS** log on the Router and manage it.

Select the desired values and click Save/Apply to configure the TR-069 client options.

#### 4.7.5 Internet Time

Choose "**Management**"  $\rightarrow$  "Internet Time", you can see the Time settings screen as shown below. Here you can configure the time of the Router.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Time settings
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	This page allows you to the modem's time configuration.
	Date/Time: Thu Jan 1 00:38:50 1970
Management	Date/Time on your PC: Wed May 9 16:53:27 2012
+Settings	Synchronize with PC
• System Log	Setup Adsi Modern Router's Date/Time
<ul> <li>SNMP Agent</li> </ul>	Date (YMD): 1970/01/01
TR-069 Client	
Internet Time	Time (HzMtS): 00:38:50
+Access Control	Automatically synchronize with Internet time servers
• Upgrade Firmware	
•Reboot	
	Save/Apply

Figure 4-107

## 4.7.6 Access Control

Choose "**Management**"  $\rightarrow$  "Access Control"  $\rightarrow$  "Password", you can see the screen (shown in Figure 4-108) which allows you to change the factory default password of the Router. The default password is the same as the user name, which is admin/admin, support/support, and user/user respectively.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Access Control Password
Advanced Setup	
Wireless Diagnostics	Access to your DSL Modern Router is controlled through three user accounts: admin, support and user.
Management	The user name "admin" has unrestricted access to change and view configuration of your DSL Router.
+ Settings	The user name "support" is used to allow an ISP technician to access your DSL Router for maintenance and to run diagnostics.
• System Log	The user name "user" can access the DSL Router, view configuration settings and statistics, as well as, update the router's software.
SNMP Agent	Use the fields below to enter up to 16 characters and click "Save/Apply" to change or create passwords. Note: Password cannot contain a space.
• TR-069 Client	
Internet Time	Username: admin 🛩
-Access Control	Old Password: addain
Passwords	New Password: user
<ul> <li>Remote Access</li> </ul>	Confirm Password:
<ul> <li>Upgrade Firmware</li> </ul>	
• Reboot	
	Save/Apply

Figure 4-108

## To change the password:

- 1. Select the **Username** whose password you want to change.
- 2. Enter the **Old Password** in the text box.
- 3. Enter the **New Password** and **Confirm Password**. The Confirm Password should be the same as the New Password.
- 4. Click Save/Apply to make your change take effect.

#### P Note:

- Access to your DSL Modem Router is controlled through three user accounts: admin, support, and user. The user name "admin" has unrestricted access to change and view configuration of your DSL Modem Router. The user name "support" is used to allow an ISP technician to access your DSL Modem Router for maintenance and to run diagnostics. The user name "user" can access the DSL Modem Router, view configuration settings and statistics, as well as, update the Router's software.
- 2) Both of admin and support accounts can do remote management. For security reasons, please change the default password for these two accounts when remote access function is enabled.

3) The password cannot contain a space, and its maximum length is 16 characters.

Device Info	Assess Control Dometer	
Quick Setup	Access Control Remote A	Access
Advanced Setup		
Wireless		
Diagnostics	Access your DSL Modern Router by WAN side throu	ugh user account ( <b>support</b> and <b>admin</b> ).
Management	Selected WAN Interface:	ppp0.1 🗸
+Settings		
• System Log	Web:	
• SNMP Agent	Telnet:	
• TR-069 Client	ICMP(ping):	
<ul> <li>Internet Time</li> </ul>		
-Access Control		
<ul> <li>Passwords</li> </ul>		Save/Apply
Remote Access		

## 4.7.7 Update Firmware

Choose "**Management**"  $\rightarrow$  "**Update Firmware**", you can see the screen (shown in Figure 4-109) which allows you to upgrade the latest version software to keep the Router up to date.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Tools Update Firmware
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	Step 1: Obtain an updated firmware image file from our website ( <u>www.tp-link.com</u> ).
Management	Step 2: Enter the path to the image file location in the box below or click the "Browse" button to locate the image file.
+Settings	Step 2: Enter the pain to the image he location in the box below of click the Browse button to locate the image he.
• System Log	Step 3: Click the "Update Firmware" button once to upload the new image file.
<ul> <li>SNMP Agent</li> </ul>	NOTE: The update process takes about 2 minutes to complete, and your DSL Router will reboot.
• TR-069 Client	
<ul> <li>Internet Time</li> </ul>	Firmware File Name: Browse
+Access Control	
• Upgrade Firmware	
• Reboot	Update Firmware

Figure 4-109

- **Browse:** Click the button to locate the latest software for the device.
- > Update Firmware: After you have selected the latest software, click the button.

#### To update the Router's software:

- 1. Download the latest software upgrade file from the TP-LINK website (http://www.tp-link.com.cn).
- 2. Click **Browse** to view the folders and select the image file or enter the exact path to the image file location in the text box.
- 3. Click the Update Firmware button.

## P Note:

- There is no need to upgrade the firmware unless the new firmware has a new feature you want to use. However, when experiencing problems caused by the Router itself, you can try to upgrade the firmware.
- 2) Before upgrading the Router's firmware, you should write down some of your customized settings to avoid losing important configuration settings of the Router.
- 3) Do not turn off the Router or press the **RESET** button while the software is being updated.
- 4) The Router will reboot after the Upgrading is finished.

## 4.7.8 Reboot

Choose "**Management**"  $\rightarrow$  "**Reboot**", you can see the screen (shown in Figure 4-110) which allows you to reboot the Router.

Device Info	
Quick Setup	Reboot router
Advanced Setup	
Wireless	
Diagnostics	Click the button below to reboot the router.
Management	
+Settings	
• System Log	Reboot
<ul> <li>SNMP Agent</li> </ul>	
• TR-069 Client	
<ul> <li>Internet Time</li> </ul>	
+Access Control	
<ul> <li>Upgrade Firmware</li> </ul>	
• Reboot	

Figure 4-110

## P Note:

- 1) After you clicked the **Reboot** button, please wait for a while before reopening your web browser.
- 2) Do not turn off the Router or press the **RESET** button while the Router is rebooting.
- 3) If necessary, reconfigure your PC's IP address to match your new configuration.

# **Appendix A: FAQ**

#### 1. How do I configure the Router to access Internet by ADSL users?

- 1) First, configure the ADSL Modem configured in RFC1483 bridge model.
- 2) Connect the Ethernet cable from your ADSL Modem to the WAN port on the Router. The telephone cord plugs into the Line port of the ADSL Modem.
- 3) Log in to the Router, and configure the WAN connection type as PPPoE connection mode. The detailed steps please refer to section 4.4.2.1 ATM-EoA-PPPoE.
- 4) If your ADSL lease is in "pay-according-time" mode, select "Dial on Demand" for Internet connection mode on the screen of Figure 4-10.

## P Note:

If you are a Cable user, please configure the Router following the above steps.

## 2. How do I configure the Router to access Internet by Ethernet users?

Log in to the Router, and configure the WAN connection type as IPoE connection mode. The detailed steps please refer to section 4.4.2.2 ATM-EoA-IPoE.

## 3. I want to use NetMeeting, what do I need to do?

- 1) If you start NetMeeting as a sponsor, you don't need to do anything with the Router.
- 2) If you start as a response, you need to configure Virtual Server or DMZ Host.
- 3) How to configure Virtual Server: Log in to the Router, click the "Advanced Setup-NAT" menu on the left of your browser, and click "Virtual Servers" submenu. On the "Virtual Servers" page, click Add, and enter "1720" for the service port, using 192.168.1.222 for Server IP Address, remember to click the Save/Apply button.

nced Setup										
er2 Interface	Select the service I	name, and	enter the	server IP add	fress and cli	ck "Appl	y/Save" to forward	d IP packe	ets for this servi	e to the
N Service	specified server.									
	NOTE: The "Intern However, if you m									
lone	Remaining numbe	-								
	ι	Use Interfa	ce:	pppoe_0_0	_38/ppp0	1				
rs	Service Name:									
ring	<ul> <li>Sele</li> </ul>	ct a Servic	e:	Mail (SMTF	")			~		
	O Cust	tom Servic	e:							
	Ŭ	er IP Addre		192.168.1		=				
ntrol	Serve	a ir Audre	33.	192.100.1.						
rvice										
ntrol										
	External Port St	tart E	xternal	Port End	Protocol		Internal Por	t Start	Internal Po	rt End
	External Port St 25		E <b>xternal</b> 25	Port End	Protocol TCP	*	Internal Por 25	t Start	Internal Po 25	ort End
				Port End				t Start		ort End
				Port End	TCP	~		t Start		ort End
				Port End	TCP TCP	*		t Start		ort End
				Port End	TCP TCP TCP	*		t Start		ort End
				Port End	TCP TCP TCP TCP	*		t Start		
ing				Port End	TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP	*		t Start		
ing				Port End	TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP	× × × × × × × × ×		t Start		
9				Port End	TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP	× × × × ×				
bing				Port End	TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP					
				Port End	TCP           TCP					
puping				Port End	TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP TCP			t Start		Image: Control

## P Note:

Your opposite side should call your WAN IP, which is displayed on the "Status" page.

4) How to enable DMZ Host: Log in to the Router, click the "Advanced Setup-NAT" menu on the left of your browser, and click "DMZ Host" submenu. On the "DMZ" page, type your IP address into the "DMZ Host IP Address" field, using 192.168.1.222 as an example, remember to click the Save/Apply button.

Device Info	NAT DMZ Host		
Quick Setup			
Advanced Setup			
+Layer2 Interface	The DSL Modem Router will forward IP packets from the WAN that do not belong to any of the applications configured in the Virtual Servers table to the DMZ host computer.		
• WAN Service			
• LAN	Enter the computer's IP address and click "Save/Apply" to activate the DMZ host.		
• MAC Clone			
-NAT	Clear the IP address field and click "Apply" to deactivate the DMZ host.		
Virtual Servers			
• Port Triggering	DMZ Host IP Address: 192.168.1.222		
DMZ Host			
+ Security	Save/Apply		
+Parental Control	Save/ Appry		
+Quality of Service			

4. I want to build a WEB Server on the LAN, what should I do?

Log in to the Router, click the "Advanced Setup-NAT" menu on the left of your browser, and click

the "Virtual Servers" submenu. On the "Virtual Servers" page, click Add New, then on the "Add or Modify a Virtual Server" page, enter use "80" as service port, and your IP address next to the "Server IP Address", assuming 192.168.1.188 for an example, and remember to click the Save/Apply button.

Device Info								
	NAT Virtual	l Serv	ers					
Quick Setup								
Advanced Setup								
+Layer2 Interface	Select the service name, the specified server.	and enter	the server IP a	ddress and clic	k "Ap	ply/Save" to forward IP p	ackets for this servi	ce to
• WAN Service	NOTE: The "Internal Port							
•LAN	End". However, if you me Port Start".	odify "Inter	rnal Port Star	", then "Interna	I Po	t End" will be set to the	same value as "Int	ternal
• MAC Clone	Remaining number of er	ntries that	can be config	ured: 32				
-NAT	Use Inter	rface:	pppoe_0_0_38/ppp0 🗸					
Virtual Servers	Service Name:							
Port Triggering	🔘 Select a Sen	vice:	Select One			*		
DMZ Host	Oustom Ser	vice:	WEB Serv	er on the LAN	1			
+ Security + Parental Control	Server IP Add	Iress:	192,168,1,1	88	1			
+Quality of Service								
+Quality of Service +Traffic Control								
+Routing +DNS	External Port Start	_	I Port End	Protocol		Internal Port Start	Internal Port E	nd
•DNS	80	80			~	80	80	
•UPnP					*			
Interface Grouping				TCP	*			
LAN Ports				ТСР	*			
• IP Sec				TCP	*			]
Wireless				TCP	~			1
Diagnostics				TCP	~			1
Management				TCP	~			1
Junagomon				TCP	~			1
				TCP	~			1
				TCP	*			
					~			1
				101				
				Apply/Sav	~			

#### PNote:

Because the WEB Server port 80 will interfere with the WEB management port 80 on the Router, you will be prompt to change the WEB management port number to avoid interference.



- 5. The wireless stations cannot connect to the Router.
- 1) Make sure the **"Enable Wireless Router Radio"** is checked.
- 2) Make sure that the wireless stations' SSID accord with the Router's SSID.
- 3) Make sure the wireless stations have right KEY for encryption when the Router is encrypted.
- If the wireless connection is ready, but you can't access the Router, check the IP Address of your wireless stations.

# **Appendix B: Configuring the PC**

## For Windows XP OS







📥 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🕐 🔀
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
This connection uses the following items:
Retwork Monitor Driver      Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Description
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
<ul> <li>Show icon in notification area when connected</li> <li>Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity</li> </ul>
OK Cancel

Click OK

## For Windows Vista OS



## TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router User Guide



## For Windows 7 OS



## TD-W8960N 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router User Guide

	📮 Local Area Connection Properties
	Networking
	Connect using:
	Realtek RTL8168C(P)/8111C(P) Family PCI-E Gigabit Eth
	Configure This connection uses the following items:
	Client for Microsoft Networks
Double click Internet	Generation Constants
Double-click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	
	<ul> <li>Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder</li> </ul>
	Install Uninstall Properties
	Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default
	wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
	OK Cancel
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
Select Obtain an IP	General Alternate Configuration You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.
Select Obtain an IP address automatically	General Alternate Configuration You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator
	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuration of the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuration of the appropriate IP settings.
	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Optimized program of the appropriate in the approprime in the appropriate in the appropriate in the ap
	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Optimized properties of the properties of t
address automatically Select Obtain DNS server	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.            • Qbtain an IP address automatically             • Uge the following IP address:             IP address:             Subnet mask:             Default gateway:             Obtain DNS server address automatically
address automatically	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuration of the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuratin the appropriate IP settings. <tr< th=""></tr<>
address automatically Select Obtain DNS server	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuration of the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuratin the appropriate IP settings. <tr< th=""></tr<>
address automatically Select Obtain DNS server	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuration of the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuratin the appropriate IP settings. <tr< th=""></tr<>
address automatically Select Obtain DNS server	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuration of the appropriate IP settings.         Image: Configuratin the appropriate IP settings. <tr< th=""></tr<>
address automatically Select Obtain DNS server	General       Alternate Configuration         You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.            • Qbtain an IP address automatically             • Uge the following IP address:             IP address:             Subnet mask:             Default gateway:             O Dbtain DNS server address automatically             Default gateway:             Qbtain DNS server:             Alternate DNS server:             Alternate DNS server:

# **Appendix C: Specifications**

General				
Standards	ANSI T1.413, ITU G.992.1, ITU G.992.2, ITU G.992.3, ITU G.992.5, IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.11b , IEEE 802.11g , 802.11n			
Protocols	TCP/IP, IPoA , PPPoA , PPPoE, SNTP, HTTP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT			
Ports	LAN Ports: Four 10/100M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 ports (Auto MDI/MDIX)			
	Line Port: One RJ11 port			
Cabling Type	10BASE-T: UTP category 3, 4, 5 cable (maximum 100m) EIA/TIA-568 100Ω STP (maximum 100m)			
Cabling Type	100BASE-TX: UTP category 5, 5e cable (maximum 100m) EIA/TIA-568 100Ω STP (maximum 100m)			
LED	1,2,3,4(LAN), WLAN, ADSL			
	Power, Internet, WPS			
Safety & Emissions	FCC, CE			

Wireless		
Frequency Band	2.4~2.4835GHz	
Radio Data Rate	<ul> <li>11n: up to 300Mbps (Automatic)</li> <li>11g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6Mbps (Automatic)</li> <li>11b: 11/5.5/2/1Mbps (Automatic)</li> </ul>	
Frequency Expansion	DSSS(Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum)	
Modulation	DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, OFDM, 16-QAM, 64-QAM	
Security	WEP/WPA/WPA2/WPA2-PSK/WPA-PSK	
Sensitivity @PER	270M: -62dBm@10% PER 130M: -64dBm@10% PER 54M: -68dBm@10% PER 11M: -85dBm@8% PER 6M: -88dBm@10% PER 1M: -90dBm@8% PER	

Environmental and Physical			
Temperature	Operating:	0℃~40℃ (32°F~104°F)	
	Storage:	-40℃~70℃(-40°F~158°F)	
Humidity	Operating:	10% ~ 90% RH, Non-condensing	
	Storage:	5% ~ 90% RH, Non-condensing	

# Appendix D: Glossary

- 802.11n 802.11n builds upon previous 802.11 standards by adding MIMO (multiple-input multiple-output). MIMO uses multiple transmitter and receiver antennas to allow for increased data throughput via spatial multiplexing and increased range by exploiting the spatial diversity, perhaps through coding schemes like Alamouti coding. The Enhanced Wireless Consortium (EWC) [3] was formed to help accelerate the IEEE 802.11n development process and promote a technology specification for interoperability of next-generation wireless local area networking (WLAN) products.
- 802.11b The 802.11b standard specifies a wireless networking at 11 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHz, and WEP encryption for security. 802.11b networks are also referred to as Wi-Fi networks.
- 802.11g specification for wireless networking at 54 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology, using OFDM modulation and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHz, and backward compatibility with IEEE 802.11b devices, and WEP encryption for security.
- 2x to 3x eXtended Range<sup>™</sup> WLAN Transmission Technology The WLAN device with 2x to 3x eXtended Range<sup>™</sup> WLAN transmission technology make its sensitivity up to 105 dB, which gives users the ability to have robust, longer-range wireless connections. With this range-enhancing technology, a 2x to 3x eXtended Range<sup>™</sup> based client and access point can maintain a connection at as much as three times the transmission distance of traditional 802.11b and 802.11g products, for a coverage area that is up to nine times greater. A traditional 802.11b and 802.11g product transmission distance is about 300m, a 2x to 3x eXtended Range<sup>™</sup> based client and access point can maintain a connection at as much as three transmission distance is about 300m, a 2x to 3x eXtended Range<sup>™</sup> based client and access point can maintain a connection transmission distance may be up to 830m.
- Access Point A device that allows wireless-equipped computers and other devices to communicate with a wired network. Also used to expand the range of a wireless network.
- Ad-hoc Network An ad-hoc network is a group of computers, each with a wireless adapter, connected as an independent IEEE 802.11 wireless LAN. Ad-hoc wireless computers operate on a peer-to-peer basis, communicating directly with each other without the use of an access point. Ad-hoc mode is also referred to as an Independent Basic Service Set (IBSS) or as peer-to-peer mode, and is useful at a departmental scale or SOHO operation.
- AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) A security method that uses symmetric 128-bit block data encryption.
- ACS (Auto-Configuration Server) Through ACS (Auto-Configuration Server) you can perform auto-configuration, provision, collection, and diagnostics to the device.
- ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) ATM is a cell based transfer mode that requires variable length user information to be segmented and reassembled to/from short, fixed length cells. It uses two different methods for carrying connectionless network interconnect traffic, routed and bridged Protocol Data Units (PDUs), over an ATM network.
- **Bridging -** A device that connects different networks.
- Browser An application program that provides a way to look at and interact with all the information on the World Wide Web.

- DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) Allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (e.g., www.xyz.com) and a dynamic IP address.
- > **Default Gateway -** A device that forwards Internet traffic from your local area network.
- DHCP A networking protocol that allows administrators to assign temporary IP addresses to network computers by "leasing" an IP address to a user for a limited amount of time, instead of assigning permanent IP addresses.
- DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) Removes the Router's firewall protection from one PC, allowing it to be "seen" from the Internet.
- DNS (Domain Name Server) The IP address of your ISP's server, which translates the names of websites into IP addresses.
- **Domain -** A specific name for a network of computers.
- DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) An always-on broadband connection over traditional phone lines.
- > **Dynamic IP Address -** A temporary IP address assigned by a DHCP server.
- EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol) A general authentication protocol used to control network access. Many specific authentication methods work within this framework.
- **Encryption -** Encoding data transmitted in a network.
- Ethernet IEEE standard network protocol that specifies how data is placed on and retrieved from a common transmission medium.
- Firewall A set of related programs located at a network gateway server that protects the resources of a network from users from other networks.
- Gateway A device that interconnects networks with different, incompatible communications protocols.
- IEEE 802.11b The IEEE 802.11b standard specifies a wireless networking at 11 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHz, and WEP encryption for security. IEEE 802.11b networks are also referred to as Wi-Fi networks.
- IEEE 802.11g Specification for wireless networking at 54 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology, using OFDM modulation and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHz, and backward compatibility with IEEE 8021b devices, and WEP encryption for security.
- Infrastructure Network An infrastructure network is a group of computers or other devices, each with a wireless adapter, connected as an IEEE 802.11 wireless LAN. In infrastructure mode, the wireless devices communicate with each other and to a wired network by first going through an access point. An infrastructure wireless network connected to a wired network is referred to as a Basic Service Set (BSS). A set of two or more BSS in a single network is referred to as an Extended Service Set (ESS). Infrastructure mode is useful at a corporation scale, or when it is necessary to connect the wired and wireless networks.
- > **IP Address** The address used to identify a computer or device on a network.
- IPoA (IP and ARP over ATM) A protocol that provides extensions to the IP Group for handling IP over ATM flows.
- > **ISP** (Internet Service Provider) A company that provides access to the Internet.

- > LAN The computers and networking products that make up your local network.
- MAC (Media Access Control) Address The unique address that a manufacturer assigns to each networking device.
- NAT (Network Address Translation) NAT technology translates IP addresses of a local area network to a different IP address for the Internet.
- MER (MAC Encapsulation Routing) MER allows IP packet to be carried as bridged frames. There are many applications, such as IPoA, DSL networks and other frame-based network. Depending on your equipment, they can be either bridged or routed within the network.
- Network A series of computers or devices connected for the purpose of data sharing, storage, and/or transmission between users.
- Ping (Packet Internet Groper) An Internet utility used to determine whether a particular IP address is online.
- Port The connection point on a computer or networking device used for plugging in cables or adapters.
- PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) PPPoE stands for Point to Point protocol over Ethernet, this protocol is used as a type of broadband connection that provides authentication (username and password) in addition to data transport.
- PPPoA (Point to Point Protocol over ATM) PPPoA stands for Point to Point protocol over ATM, this protocol is also used as a type of broadband connection that provides authentication (username and password) in addition to data transport.
- RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) A protocol that uses an authentication server to control network access.
- **RJ45** (Registered Jack-45) An Ethernet connector that holds up to eight wires.
- **Router -** A networking device that connects multiple networks together.
- RPC (Remote Procedure Calls) RPC is a powerful technique for constructing distributed, client-server based applications. It is based on extending the notion of convention, or local procedure calling, so that the called procedure need not exist in the same address space as the calling procedure. The two processes may be on the same system, or they may be on different systems with a network connecting them. By using RPC, programmers of distributed applications avoid the details of the interface with the network. The transport independence of RPC isolates the application from the physical and logical elements of the data communications mechanism and allows the application to use a variety of transports.
- Server Any computer whose function in a network is to provide user access to files, printing, communications, and other services.
- SOHO (Small Office/Home Office) Market segment of professionals who work at home or in small offices.
- SSID A Service Set Identification is a thirty-two character (maximum) alphanumeric key identifying a wireless local area network. For the wireless devices in a network to communicate with each other, all devices must be configured with the same SSID. This is typically the configuration parameter for a wireless PC card. It corresponds to the ESSID in the wireless Access Point and to the wireless network name.
- Static IP Address A fixed address assigned to a computer or device that is connected to a network.

- > Static Routing Forwarding data in a network via a fixed path.
- Subnet Mask An address code that determines the size of the network.
- TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) A network protocol for transmitting data that requires acknowledgement from the recipient of data sent.
- TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) A set of instructions PCs use to communicate over a network.
- TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) a wireless encryption protocol that provides dynamic encryption keys for each packet transmitted.
- UDP (User Datagram Protocol) A network protocol for transmitting data that does not require acknowledgement from the recipient of the data that is sent.
- **VCI** (Virtual Channel Identifier) The identifier of the VC contained in the ATM cell header.
- > **VPI** (Virtual Path Identifier) The identifier of the VP contained in the ATM cell header.
- > **Update -** To replace existing software or firmware with a newer version.
- VLAN (Virtual Local Air Network) Logical subgroups that constitute a Local Area Network (LAN). This is done in software rather than defining a hardware solution.
- VLAN ID (0-4095) Indicates the ID number of the VLAN being configured. Up to 256 VLANs can be created.
- > WAN (Wide Area Network) Networks that cover a large geographical area.
- > Web-based Utility The web page that allows you to manage the Router.
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) A data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit or 128-bit or 152- bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11g standard.
- Wi-Fi A trade name for the IEEE 802.11b wireless networking standard, given by the Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance (WECA, see <u>http://www.wi-fi.net</u>), an industry standards group promoting interoperability among IEEE 802.11b devices.
- WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network) A group of computers and associated devices communicate with each other wirelessly, which network serving users are limited in a local area.
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) A wireless security protocol use TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) encryption, which can be used in conjunction with a RADIUS server.

# **Appendix E: Technical Support**

## **Technical Support**

- For more troubleshooting help, go to: http://www.tp-link.com/en/support/faq
- To download the latest Firmware, Driver, Utility and User Guide, go to: http://www.tp-link.com/en/support/download
- For all other technical support, please contact us by using the following details:

#### Global

Tel: +86 755 26504400 E-mail: support@tp-link.com Service time: 24hrs, 7 days a week

#### UK

Tel: +44 (0) 845 147 0017 E-mail: support.uk@tp-link.com Service time: 24hrs, 7 days a week

#### <u>Turkey</u>

Tel: 444 19 25 (Turkish Service) E-mail: support.tr@tp-link.com Service time: 9:00 AM to 9:00 PM

7 days a week

## <u>Ukraine</u>

Tel: 0-800-505-508 E-mail: support.ua@tp-link.com Service time: Monday to Friday 14:00 PM to 22:00 PM

#### <u>Brazil</u>

Toll Free: 0800-770-4337 (Portuguese Service) E-mail: suporte.br@tp-link.com Service time: Monday to Saturday 08:00 AM to 08:00 PM

#### <u>France</u>

Tel: +33 (0) 820 800 860 (French service) Email: support.fr@tp-link.com Fee: 0.118 EUR/min from France Service time: Monday to Friday 9:00 AM to 6:00 PM (Except French Bank holidays)

#### Russian Federation

Tel: 8 (499) 754-55-60 8 (800) 250-55-60 (toll-free call from any RF region) E-mail: support.ru@tp-link.com Service time: From 10:00 to 18:00 (Moscow time) \*Except weekends and holidays in Russian Federation

#### Switzerland

Tel: +41 (0) 848 800998 (German Service) E-mail: support.ch@tp-link.com Fee: 4-8 Rp/min, depending on rate of different time Service time: Monday to Friday 9:00 AM to 6:00 PM. GMT+ 1 or GMT+ 2 (Daylight Saving Time)

#### Singapore

Tel: +65 62840493 E-mail: support.sg@tp-link.com Service time: 24hrs, 7 days a week

#### USA/Canada

Toll Free: +1 866 225 8139 E-mail: support.usa@tp-link.com Service time: 24hrs, 7 days a week

#### Australia / New Zealand

Tel: AU 1300 87 5465 NZ 0800 87 5465 E-mail: support@tp-link.com.au Service time: 24hrs, 7 days a week

## <u>Italy</u>

Tel: +39 0230519020

E-mail: support.it@tp-link.com

Service time: Monday to Friday

9:00 AM to1:00 PM, 2:00 PM to 6:00 PM

#### <u>Indonesia</u>

Tel: (+62) 021 6259 135 E-mail : support.id@tp-link.com Service time : Monday to Friday 9:00 -12:00; 13:00 -18:00 \*Except public holidays

#### <u>Malaysia</u>

Tel: 1300 88 875465 (1300 88TPLINK) Email: support.my@tp-link.com Service time: 24hrs, 7 days a week

#### Poland

Tel: +48 (0) 801 080 618 / +48 22 7217563 (if calls from mobile phone) E-mail: support.pl@tp-link.com Service time: Monday to Friday 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM. GMT+1 or GMT+2 (Daylight Saving Time)

#### <u>Germany / Austria</u>

Tel: +49 1805 875465 (German Service) +49 1805 TPLINK E-mail: support.de@tp-link.com Fee: 0.14 EUR/min from the German fixed phone network and up to 0.42 EUR/min from mobile phone Service time: Monday to Friday 9:00 AM to 6:00 PM. GMT+ 1 or GMT+ 2 (Daylight Saving Time in Germany) \*Except bank holidays in Hesse